**1. Socio-economic indicators**

Metadata

***1.2. Economic patterns***

* *Gross domestic product*
* *Net national income*
* *Labour productivity based on GDP*
* *Turnover of foreign trade in goods and services to GDP (relative importance of trade)*
* *Consumer price index*

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| Name of indicator | **Gross domestic product** |
| Producer | National Statistical Committee |
| Data sources | state statistical observations (aggregated primary statistical data), administrative data of the Ministry of Finance, National Bank, MPZ, etc.  In more detail, the main sources of information for calculating the indicator are presented in the Methodology for the formation of the production account and the Methodology for calculating the gross domestic product in comparable prices. |
| Definition/ calculation procedure | Gross domestic product (GDP) is the total value of goods and services produced in the economy by all economic activities and intended for final consumption, accumulation and net exports.  GDP is calculated according to the methods for the formation and calculation of statistical indicators for the national accounts statistics:  <https://www.belstat.gov.by/metodologiya/metodiki-po-formirovaniyu-i-raschetu-statistichesk/>  Methodological provisions for the system of national accounts:  <https://www.belstat.gov.by/metodologiya/metodologicheskie-polozheniya-po-statistike/> |
| Units | BYR billion (2010 – 2015), BYN billion (since 2016), data from 2016 are shown in terms of the new denomination (1 BYN = 10 000 BYR) – at current prices;  Percent of previous year – at constant prices;  USD million;  USD billion – аt purchasing power parity |
| Disaggregation | Republic |
| Supplementary information | Detailed information is given:   * in the statistical book of Belstat «National Accounts of the Republic of Belarus» (periodicity of publication – annually):   <https://www.belstat.gov.by/en/ofitsialnaya-statistika/real-sector-of-the-economy/national-accounts/publications/>   * on the Belstat website in database «Interactive business intelligence system for distribution of official statistical information»:   http://dataportal.belstat.gov.by/Indicators/Search?code=1063065   * on the Belstat website:   <https://www.belstat.gov.by/en/ofitsialnaya-statistika/real-sector-of-the-economy/national-accounts/annual-data/>   * in the indicator 17.13.1 of the national list of SDG indicators:   <https://sdgplatform.belstat.gov.by/datasets/17.13.1> |

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| Name of indicator | **Net national income** |
| Producer | National Statistical Committee |
| Data sources | state statistical observations (aggregated primary statistical data), administrative data of the Ministry of Finance, National Bank, MPZ, etc.  In more detail, the main sources of information for calculating the indicator are presented in the Methodology for the formation of income accounts. |
| Definition/ calculation procedure | Net national income (NNI) is the amount of primary income received by residents, taking into account the balance of primary income received from the rest of the world, less consumption of fixed capital.  NNI is calculated according to the methods for the formation and calculation of statistical indicators for the national accounts statistics:  <https://www.belstat.gov.by/metodologiya/metodiki-po-formirovaniyu-i-raschetu-statistichesk/>  Methodological provisions for the system of national accounts:  <https://www.belstat.gov.by/metodologiya/metodologicheskie-polozheniya-po-statistike/> |
| Units | BYR billion (2010 – 2015), BYN billion (since 2016), data from 2016 are shown in terms of the new denomination (1 BYN = 10 000 BYR) – at current prices |
| Disaggregation | Republic |
| Supplementary information | Detailed information is given:   * in the statistical book of Belstat «National Accounts of the Republic of Belarus» (periodicity of publication – annually):   <https://www.belstat.gov.by/en/ofitsialnaya-statistika/real-sector-of-the-economy/national-accounts/publications/>   * on the Belstat website in database «Interactive business intelligence system for distribution of official statistical information»:   http://dataportal.belstat.gov.by/Indicators/Search?code=1063065   * on the Belstat website:   <https://www.belstat.gov.by/en/ofitsialnaya-statistika/real-sector-of-the-economy/national-accounts/annual-data/> |

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| Name of indicator | **[Labour productivity based on GDP](#_top)** |
| Producer | National Statistical Committee |
| Data sources | state statistical observations (aggregated primary statistical data), administrative data of the Ministry of Finance, National Bank, MPZ, etc.;  balance of labor resources. |
| Definition/ calculation procedure | Labour productivity is a measure of effectiveness of production which characterizes GDP per unit of labour.  calculated according to the Methodology for calculating labor productivity <https://www.belstat.gov.by/metodologiya/metodiki-po-formirovaniyu-i-raschetu-statistichesk/> |
| Units | BYR thousand (2010 – 2015), BYN thousand (since 2016), data from 2016 are shown in terms of the new denomination (1 BYN = 10 000 BYR) – at current prices |
| Disaggregation | Republic |
| Supplementary information | Detailed information is given:   * in the statistical book of Belstat «National Accounts of the Republic of Belarus» (periodicity of publication – annually):   <https://www.belstat.gov.by/en/ofitsialnaya-statistika/real-sector-of-the-economy/national-accounts/publications/>   * on the Belstat website in database «Interactive business intelligence system for distribution of official statistical information»:   http://dataportal.belstat.gov.by/Indicators/Search?code=1063065 |

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| Name of indicator | **Turnover of foreign trade in goods and services to GDP (relative importance of trade)** |
| Producer | National Statistical Committee |
| Data sources | balance of payments data compiled by the National Bank (at the time of GDP estimates);  state statistical observations (aggregated primary statistical data), administrative data of the Ministry of Finance, National Bank, MPZ, etc. |
| Calculation procedure | gross domestic product (GDP) – the total value of goods and services produced in the economy by all economic activities and intended for final consumption, accumulation and net exports;  turnover of foreign trade in goods and services – the sum of the value of exports and imports of goods and services;  is calculated as the ratio of turnover of foreign trade in goods and services to GDP |
| Units | Percent |
| Disaggregation | Republic |
| Supplementary information | Detailed information is given:   * in the statistical book of Belstat «National Accounts of the Republic of Belarus» (periodicity of publication – annually):   <https://www.belstat.gov.by/en/ofitsialnaya-statistika/real-sector-of-the-economy/national-accounts/publications/>   * on the Belstat website in database «Interactive business intelligence system for distribution of official statistical information»:   http://dataportal.belstat.gov.by/Indicators/Search?code=1063065   * on the Belstat website:   <https://www.belstat.gov.by/en/ofitsialnaya-statistika/real-sector-of-the-economy/national-accounts/annual-data/> |

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| Name of indicator | **Consumer price index** |
| Producer | National Statistical Committee |
| Data sources | Sample state statistical survey on prices and tariffs for consumer goods and paid services provided to the population;  Sample household living standards survey |
| Definition/ calculation procedure | Consumer price index is one of the inflation indicators characterizing changes in time in the cost of a fixed consumer set of goods and services purchased by the population for non-productive consumption.  Consumer price index is calculated according to the methodology for calculating the composite consumer price index for goods and paid services to the population:  <https://www.belstat.gov.by/metodologiya/metodiki-po-formirovaniyu-i-raschetu-statistichesk/> |
| Units | Percent of previous year |
| Disaggregation | Republic |
| Supplementary information | Detailed information on consumer price indices is given:   * in the statistical book of Belstat «Prices in the Republic of Belarus» (periodicity of publication – once every two years, starting from 2020):   <https://www.belstat.gov.by/en/ofitsialnaya-statistika/real-sector-of-the-economy/prices/consumer-prices/publications/>   * on the Belstat website in database «Interactive business intelligence system for distribution of official statistical information»:   <http://dataportal.belstat.gov.by/Indicators/Preview?key=173688> |