



NATIONAL STATISTICAL COMMITTEE OF THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS

REPUBLIC OF BELARUS

STATISTICAL YEARBOOK

2015

MINSK city
2015

EDITORIAL BOARD:

I.V. Medvedeva – Chairperson

I.S. Kangro, E.I. Kukharevich, Zh.N. Vasilevskaya, O.A. Dovnar, E.M. Palkovskaya, A.I. Borichevsky

Presented are statistical data on socio-economic situation in the Republic of Belarus in 2014 as compared with the previous years.

The publication is intended for use by high officials, government bodies, economic departments of enterprises; by scientific organizations, teaching staff, post-graduates and students of economic higher education establishments, and other interested users.

ISBN 978-985-7015-91-7

© National Statistical Committee of the
Republic of Belarus, 2015

E-mail: belstat@mail.belpak.by
<http://www.belstat.gov.by>

FOREWORD

This yearbook is the most comprehensive annual publication of the National Statistical Committee of the Republic of Belarus reflecting phenomena and processes taking place in the economic and social life of the country.

The yearbook is prepared on the basis of the data received by the state statistical bodies from enterprises, organizations, population by means of different state statistical observations, including censuses and sample surveys.

The data of the Ministry of the Internal Affairs of the Republic of Belarus, the Ministry of Forestry of the Republic of Belarus, the Ministry of Taxes and Duties of the Republic of Belarus, the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection of the Republic of Belarus, the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Belarus, the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Belarus, the State Property Committee of the Republic of Belarus, the State Committee on Science and Technology of the Republic of Belarus, the National Bank of the Republic of Belarus, as well as the Interstate Statistical Committee of the Commonwealth of Independent States and other international organizations were used during the preparation of this publication.

It contains wide statistical information on population, employment, and living standards. Published are data on living conditions, health status and health services, education and culture, tourism and recreation.

The yearbook also includes main macroeconomic indicators. One of the sections contains general characteristics of the organizations of the Republic of Belarus by economic activity, type of ownership and legal organizational form.

Substantial place in the yearbook is devoted to indicators characterizing the situation and development of industry, agriculture, trade, transport, communications etc. Published are data on research and innovation activity, on financial activity of organizations, investment, prices and tariffs.

"External economic activity" section contains data on the balance of payments, as well as on the volumes of foreign trade in goods and services, structure of exports and imports.

Main social and economic indicators in the yearbook are given by economic activity according to the All-State classification of the Republic of Belarus "Kinds of economic activity" (OKED), including the recalculation of data on indicators, which were previously published according to All-Union classification of the branches of the economy (OKONH).

Some data for 2013 are revised as compared with those published earlier. In some cases the 2014 data are preliminary and are subject to revision in further issues.

Brief methodological explanations are given for selected statistical indicators.

More detailed information on socio-economic development of the Republic of Belarus is presented in other official publications of Belstat.

Responsible for the sections of the data book

		Tel. number			Tel. number
State structure of the Republic of Belarus	T.P. Zhigarev	(10375-17) 368-53-49	Characteristics of organizations	S.N. Nichiporuk	367-13-49
	I.V. Bondarenko	367-02-65	Small business	A.S. Snetkov	368-71-94
	T.V. Babuk	368-84-19	Industry	A.S. Snetkov	368-71-94
Natural resources and environmental protection	Z.V. Yakubovskaya	367-81-32	Agriculture and forestry	Z.V. Yakubovskaya	367-81-32
			Construction	A.A. Sidorov	367-31-94
			Transport	S.E. Yermolovich	367-17-96
Population	T.V. Babuk	368-84-19	Communications	S.E. Yermolovich	367-17-96
Labour	I.V. Bondarenko	367-02-65	Information and communication technology	S.E. Yermolovich	367-17-96
				I.I. Konoshonok	367-12-79
Living standards	I.I. Konoshonok	367-12-79	Trade and services	I.G. Chigiryova	214-95-10
	T.V. Babuk	368-84-19			
	I.V. Bondarenko	367-02-65			
	A.A. Sidorov	367-31-94			
Education	I.G. Chigiryova	214-95-10	Research and innovation	A.S. Snetkov	368-71-94
Public health	T.V. Babuk	368-84-19	Finances and credit	E.P. Akhramionok	368-13-48
Culture, tourism and recreation	I.G. Chigiryova	214-95-10	Investment	A.A. Sidorov	367-31-94
				E.P. Akhramionok	368-13-48
Offence	I.G. Chigiryova	214-95-10	Prices and tariffs	A.I. Yarkovets	368-23-99
National wealth	I.V. Sergeichenko	368-21-97	External economic activity	V.A. Kuleshevich	367-72-03
System of national accounts	I.V. Sergeichenko	368-21-97			

Abbreviations

mm - millimetre	hp - horse-power
m - metre	ha - hectare
m ² - square metre	tkm - tonne-kilometre
m ³ - cubic metre	c. - copy
km - kilometre	kWh - kilowatt hour
km ² - square kilometre	BYR - Belarusian ruble
kg - kilogram	USD - United States dollar
t - tonne	thous. - thousand
pcs - pieces, units	mln - million
l - litre	bn - billion
dal - decalitre	trln - trillion

Explanation of symbols

-	not applicable
...	data not available
0,0	negligible magnitude

Value indicators for 1994-1999 are given in the standard of price effective since 20 August, 1994 (decrease in 10 times), the data since 2000 – in the standard of price effective since 1 January, 2000 (decrease in 1000 times), for other years – in the standards of price of corresponding years.

Relative ratios are calculated on the basis of absolute figures expressed in smaller units than those given in tables.

The discrepancy between the total and the sum in some cases can be explained by using rounded off data.

CONTENTS

	Page		Page
1. Main socio-economic characteristics of the Republic of Belarus		3.15. Main indicators characterizing air polluting emissions from stationary sources.....	45
1.1. Main socio-economic indicators for years 1970-2014.....	16	3.16. Air polluting emissions.....	46
1.2. Indices of main socio-economic indicators (percent of 2000).....	24	3.17. Air polluting emissions from stationary sources by selected ingredient.....	46
1.3. Indices of main socio-economic indicators (percent of 2005).....	25	3.18. Air polluting emissions from stationary sources by economic activity.....	47
1.4. Indices of main socio-economic indicators (percent of 2010).....	26	3.19. Air polluting emissions from stationary sources by selected city in 2014.....	47
1.5. Indices of main socio-economic indicators (percent of previous year). ..	27	3.20. Generation, utilization and disposal of industrial waste.....	48
1.6. Average annual increase / decrease (-) indices of main socio-economic indicators.....	31	3.21. Fixed capital investment intended for environmental protection and rational use of natural resources.....	48
1.7. Growth (decrease) rate of labour productivity by economic activity.....	32	3.22. Commissioning of facilities for water and air pollution control.....	49
2. State structure of the Republic of Belarus		4. Population	
2.1. Territory and administrative division of the Republic of Belarus as of January 1, 2015.....	34	4.1. Main demographic indicators.....	52
2.2. Composition of the National Assembly of the Republic of Belarus as of January 1, 2015.....	35	4.2. Population.....	53
2.3. Political parties, trade unions, other public associations and related unions, and national state and public associations.....	35	4.3. Number of men and women.....	55
3. Natural resources and environmental protection		4.4. Average age of the population.....	56
Natural resources		4.5. Population by age group.....	57
3.1. Coordinates of the extreme points of the State frontier.....	37	4.6. Number of women per 1 000 men of corresponding age group.....	60
3.2. Average monthly temperature and precipitation.....	37	4.7. Ethnic composition.....	61
3.3. Land area.....	38	4.8. Grouping of settlements by the number of population.....	62
3.4. Main characteristics of largest rivers..	38	4.9. Births, deaths and natural increase...	63
3.5. Main characteristics of largest lakes...	39	4.10. Live births by age of mother and birth order.....	66
3.6. Main characteristics of largest reservoirs.....	40	4.11. Live births to unmarried women.....	68
Environmental protection		4.12. Age-specific birth rates.....	69
3.7. Main characteristics of national parks and eserves.....	41	4.13. Deaths by age group and age-specific death rate.....	70
3.8. Main indicators characterizing environmental impact of economic activity and use of natural resources. ..	42	4.14. Cause-specific mortality.....	72
3.9. Water abstraction (withdrawal) from natural sources for use.....	43	4.15. Cause-specific mortality rates.....	73
3.10. Water use.....	43	4.16. Infant mortality.....	74
3.11. Renewable water use indices.....	43	4.17. Cause-specific infant mortality.....	75
3.12. Water use by economic activity.....	44	4.18. Life expectancy at birth.....	76
3.13. Wastewater disposal.....	44	4.19. Marriages and divorces.....	77
3.14. Ingress of wastewater contaminants into water bodies.....	45	4.20. Average age at marriage.....	78
		4.21. Marriages by age of groom and bride	79
		4.22. Total results of migration.....	81
		4.23. International migration by country....	84
		5. Labour	
		5.1. Employment	
		5.1. Labour resources.....	88
		5.2. Economically active population.....	89
		5.3. Employed population by ownership type.....	90

5.4. Employed population by economic activity.....	91
5.5. Men and women engaged in organizations by economic activity.....	93
5.6. Workers in organizations by staff category.....	94
5.7. Workers in organizations by age group.....	94
5.8. Workers in organizations by educational attainment.....	94
5.9. Workers in organizations by educational attainment and economic activity as of the end of 2014.....	95
5.10. Immigrant workers.....	96
5.11. Immigrant workers by sex.....	96
5.12. Immigrant workers by activity in 2014.....	96
5.13. Hires and terminations by economic activity.....	97
5.14. Occupational diseases.....	98
5.15. Occupational injuries.....	98
5.16. Occupational injuries by economic activity.....	99

Unemployment and job placement

5.17. Number of unemployed and workforce demand reported by organizations to labour, employment and social protection agencies.....	100
5.18. Unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies by sex and age group.....	101
5.19. Unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies by sex and educational attainment.....	102
5.20. Unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies by reason of employment termination or last occupation.....	103
5.21. Unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies by sex and duration of unemployment.....	104
5.22. Job placements by labour, employment and social protection agency.....	105
5.23. Workforce demand reported by organization to labour, employment and social protection agency by economic activity.....	106

6. Living standards

6.1. Income of population

6.1.1. Main indicators of money income of population.....	108
6.1.2. Money income of population.....	108
6.1.3. Purchasing power of average per capita disposable money income of population.....	109

6.1.4. Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries and minimum consumer budget.....	110
6.1.5. Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries by economic activity.....	111
6.1.6. Ratio of nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries by economic activity to the average national wage level.....	112
6.1.7. Main indicators of pension coverage..	113
6.1.8. Number of pensioners registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies and average pensions.....	114
6.1.9. Expenditure of the Social Protection Fund of the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of the Republic of Belarus.....	115
6.1.10. Consumption of basic foodstuffs.....	115

6.2. Income, expenditure and consumption of households

6.2.1. Minimum consumer and subsistence level budgets.....	117
6.2.2. Disposable resources of households...	118
6.2.3. Structure of disposable resources of households of different composition in 2014.....	118
6.2.4. Main indicators of disposable resources differentiation of households.....	119
6.2.5. Distribution of population by per capita disposable resources in 2014...	119
6.2.6. Distribution of population by ratio of per capita disposable resources to subsistence level budget.....	120
6.2.7. Low-income population rate.....	120
6.2.8. Composition of low-income households.....	121
6.2.9. Consumer expenditure of households	121
6.2.10. Pattern of consumer expenditure of households in 2014.....	122
6.2.11. Pattern of household consumer expenditure.....	123
6.2.12. Pattern of consumer expenditure of households with different average per capita disposable resources in 2014.....	126
6.2.13. Caloric value and nutrient composition of food consumed in households.....	127
6.2.14. Availability of durables in households	127
6.2.15. Availability of durables in households with different average per capita disposable resources in 2014.....	127

6.3. Housing conditions

6.3.1. Main indicators of housing conditions of population.....	128
6.3.2. Housing stock.....	129
6.3.3. Urban housing stock.....	130

6.3.4. Housing stock in the state of failure and dilapidated condition.....	130
6.3.5. Improvement of housing conditions...	130
6.3.6. Provision of housing stock with amenities.....	131
6.3.7. Distribution of households by type and level of availability of amenities of occupied dwelling.....	131
6.3.8. Distribution of households by total floor space of occupied dwelling.....	132
6.3.9. Distribution of households with different average per capita disposable resources by type of occupied dwelling in 2014.....	132

7. Education

7.1. Main indicators of education.....	134
7.2. Education expenditure from the consolidated budget of the Republic of Belarus.....	137

Pre-primary education

7.3. Pre-primary education programmes...	138
7.4. Pre-primary education institutions and children enrolled by type of institutions.....	139
7.5. Education staff in pre-primary education by educational attainment as of the beginning of academic year 2014/2015.....	139

General secondary education

7.6. General secondary education programmes.....	140
7.7. Day-time general secondary education institutions in urban areas	141
7.8. Day-time general secondary education institutions in rural areas..	141
7.9. Special education institutions teaching special education programmes at the level of general secondary education..	142
7.10. Graduation from general secondary education.....	143
7.11. Use of information and communication technologies in day-time general secondary education institutions.....	143
7.12. Teachers in general secondary education by educational attainment and position held as of the beginning of 2014/15 academic year.....	144
7.13. Teachers in general secondary education by specialty and educational attainment as of the beginning of 2014/15 academic year.	144

Vocational-technical education

7.14. Vocational-technical education programmes.....	145
7.15. Enrolment in vocational-technical education by age and sex.....	145
7.16. Graduation from vocational-technical education by field of education.....	146

7.17. Use of information and communication technologies in vocational-technical education.....	146
--	-----

Secondary specialized education

7.18. Secondary specialized education programmes.....	147
7.19. Enrolment, intake and graduation from secondary specialized education by source of payment.....	149
7.20. Intake in secondary specialized education by field of education.....	150
7.21. Enrolment in secondary specialized education by field of education.....	150
7.22. Graduates from secondary specialized education by field of education.....	151

7.23. Use of information and communication technology in secondary specialized education.....	151
---	-----

Higher education

First level of higher education

7.24. Higher education programmes.....	152
7.25. Higher education institutions by ownership type.....	153
7.26. Enrolment, intake and graduation from higher education by source of payment.....	154
7.27. Intake in higher education by field of education.....	155
7.28. Enrolment in higher education by field of education.....	155
7.29. Graduates from higher education by field of education.....	156
7.30. Teaching staff in higher education.....	156
7.31. Foreign enrolment in higher education and Master's programmes.	157
7.32. Use of information and communication technology in higher education.....	158

Second stage of higher education: Master's programmes

7.33. Enrolment, intake and graduation from Master's programmes.....	158
7.34. Master's degree enrolment by field of education.....	158
7.35. Graduation from Master's programmes by field of education.....	159

Postgraduate education

7.36. Key indicators of postgraduate (adjunct) programmes.....	160
7.37. Enrolment in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes by field of science.....	161
7.38. Intake in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes by field of science.....	162
7.39. Graduates from postgraduate (adjunct) programmes by field of science.....	163
7.40. Main indicators of doctoral programmes.....	164

7.41. Enrolment, intake and graduation from doctoral programmes by field of science.....	165
7.42. Awarding of academic degrees.....	165

Supplementary education for children and youth

7.43. Supplementary education programmes for children and youth...	166
--	-----

State support of children at social risk

7.44. Boarding institutions for children.....	167
7.45. Orphan children and children without parental care.....	168

8. Public health

8.1. Main indicators of public health.....	170
8.2. Availability of medical workers and hospital beds.....	171
8.3. Number of medical practitioners by medical specialty profile.....	171
8.4. Paramedical personnel by specialty...	172
8.5. Availability of hospital beds by specialty.....	173
8.6. Emergency medical (ambulance) service.....	174
8.7. Surgical care in public health organizations providing inpatient medical care.....	174
8.8. Mother and infant medical care.....	175
8.9. Health status of pregnant women, maternity patients and newborns.....	175
8.10. Induced termination of pregnancy (aborts).....	176
8.11. Use of female contraception.....	176
8.12. Preventive examination of children....	177
8.13. Immunization of children under 1 year of age.....	177
8.14. Immunization coverage of children in 2014.....	178
8.15. Morbidity by main disease group.....	178
8.16. Morbidity in children aged 0-17 years by main disease group.....	180
8.17. Morbidity of selected infectious diseases.....	182
8.18. Morbidity of malignant neoplasms.....	183
8.19. Morbidity of venereal diseases.....	183
8.20. Morbidity of active tuberculosis.....	184
8.21. Morbidity of mental and behavioral disorders.....	184
8.22. Morbidity of alcoholism and alcoholic psychosis.....	185
8.23. Morbidity of narcomania and toxicomania.....	185
8.24. Persons 18 years old and over newly acknowledged as disabled by severity level and disability cause.....	186
8.25. Disabled children under 18 years old registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies.....	187

8.26. Nursing homes for the elderly and disabled adults and children.....	187
---	-----

9. Culture, tourism and recreation

9.1. Culture

9.1.1. Main indicators of cultural organizations.....	188
9.1.2. Public libraries.....	189
9.1.3. National Library of Belarus.....	189
9.1.4. Club institutions.....	190
9.1.5. Museums.....	190
9.1.6. Immovable heritage properties included in the State List of Historic and Cultural Values of the Republic of Belarus.....	191
9.1.7. Theatres.....	191
9.1.8. Circuses.....	191
9.1.9. Zoological parks.....	192
9.1.10. Production of books and brochures, magazines and newspapers.....	192

9.2 Tourism and recreation

9.2.1. Main indicators of organizations engaged in tourist activities.....	193
9.2.2. Arrivals of foreign tourists to the Republic of Belarus and departures of Belarusian tourists abroad.....	194
9.2.3. Arrivals of foreign tourists to the Republic of Belarus.....	194
9.2.4. Departures of Belarusian tourists abroad.....	195
9.2.5. Collective accommodation facilities...	196
9.2.6. Sanatorium-health resort and health improving organizations.....	197
9.2.7. Number of persons accommodated in hotels and similar accommodation facilities, sanatorium-health resort and health improving organizations...	197
9.2.8. Summer health-improving camps.....	198
9.2.9. Physical culture and sports facilities...	198
9.2.10. Number of persons engaged in physical culture and sports.....	199
9.2.11. Specialized education and sports training institutions and secondary schools-colleges of Olympic reserve...	199

10. Offence

10.1. Number of recorded crimes.....	201
10.2. Recorded crimes according to the sections of the special part of the Criminal Code.....	201
10.3. Crimes committed by selected category of offenders.....	202
10.4. Composition of offenders.....	202
10.5. Victims of criminal assault.....	203
10.6. Juvenile victims of criminal assault	203
10.7. Court convictions that entered into legal force.....	203
10.8. Convicted offenders under 30 years of age by selected type of crime.....	204

10.9. Composition of convicted offenders...	204
10.10. Convicted offenders by main type of sentence imposed by court.....	204
10.11. Number of persons held in detention places.....	205
10.12. Road traffic accidents and victims thereof.....	205

11. National wealth

11.1. Selected components of national wealth.....	207
11.2. Fixed assets by economic activity.....	208
11.3. Volume indices of fixed assets by economic activity.....	209
11.4. Fixed assets by ownership type.....	209
11.5. Replacement and retirement rates of fixed assets.....	210
11.6. Replacement rates of fixed assets by economic activity.....	210
11.7. Retirement rates of fixed assets by economic activity.....	210
11.8. Depreciation (wear) rate of fixed assets by economic activity.....	211
11.9. Indicators of fixed assets balance in 2014.....	211
11.10. Fixed assets of organizations by economic activity.....	212
11.11. Commissioning of the fixed assets.....	213

12. System of national accounts

12.1. Volume and dynamics of gross domestic product.....	218
12.2. Goods and services account.....	218
12.3. Production account.....	219
12.4. Generation of income account.....	219
12.5. Allocation of primary income account	220
12.6. Secondary distribution of income account.....	220
12.7. Use of gross disposable income account.....	221
12.8. Capital account.....	221
12.9. Production account by economic activity in 2010.....	222
12.10. Production account by economic activity in 2011.....	223
12.11. Production account by economic activity in 2012.....	224
12.12. Production account by economic activity in 2013.....	225
12.13. Production account by economic activity in 2014.....	226
12.14. Output by economic activity and sector in 2010.....	227
12.15. Output by economic activity and sector in 2011.....	228
12.16. Output by economic activity and sector in 2012.....	229
12.17. Output by economic activity and sector in 2013.....	230

12.18. Gross value added by economic activity and sector in 2010.....	231
12.19. Gross value added by economic activity and sector in 2011.....	232
12.20. Gross value added by economic activity and sector in 2012.....	233
12.21. Gross value added by economic activity and sector in 2013.....	234
12.22. Structure of GDP production.....	235
12.23. Structure of GDP by economic activity.....	235
12.24. Indices of GDP production.....	236
12.25. Generation of income account by economic activity in 2010.....	237
12.26. Generation of income account by economic activity in 2011.....	238
12.27. Generation of income account by economic activity in 2012.....	239
12.28. Generation of income account by economic activity in 2013.....	240
12.29. Generation of income account by economic activity in 2014.....	241
12.30. Structure of GDP by primary income	242
12.31. Use of GDP.....	243
12.32. Structure of use of GDP.....	243
12.33. Indices of use of GDP.....	244
12.34. Actual final consumption.....	244

13. Characteristics of organizations

13.1. Organizations by economic activity....	245
13.2. Organizations by ownership type as of January 1, 2015.....	246
13.3. Organizations by legal organizational form.....	247

14. Small business

Small business

14.1. Main economic indicators of micro and small entities.....	250
14.2. Share of micro and small entities in main economic indicators of the Republic of Belarus.....	251
14.3. Micro and small entities by economic activity.....	253
14.4. Average number of employees by economic activity.....	254
14.5. Average annual payroll number of employees by economic activity.....	255
14.6. Average number of external multiple job holders by economic activity.....	256
14.7. Average number of civil law contractors by economic activity.....	257
14.8. Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries by economic activity.....	258
14.9. Volume of production by actual economic activity.....	259
14.10. Volume of industrial production by economic activity of manufacturing industry.....	260

14.11. Revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services by economic activity.....	261
14.12. Net profit, loss (-) by economic activity.....	262
14.13. Profitability of sales by economic activity.....	263
14.14. Share of loss-making entities by economic activity.....	264

Sole proprietorships

14.15. Sole proprietorships by economic activity.....	265
14.16. Payments received from sole proprietorships to the budget by economic activity.....	265
14.17. Main indicators of trade activities of sole proprietorships.....	266
14.18. External trade in goods of sole proprietorships.....	266

15. Industry

15.1. General economic indicators

15.1.1. Main indicators of industry.....	268
15.1.2. Volume of industrial production by economic activity.....	269
15.1.3. Structure of industrial production volume by economic activity.....	270
15.1.4. Indices of industrial production by economic activity.....	271
15.1.5. Number of industrial organizations and production volume by economic activity and ownership type.....	274
15.1.6. Structure of production costs of products (works, services) in industrial organizations by economic activity in 2014.....	277
15.1.7. Fixed assets of industrial organizations.....	278
15.1.8. Share of accumulated depreciation in the original cost of fixed assets of industrial organizations.....	279
15.1.9. Average annual production capacity utilization by selected industrial product.....	280
15.1.10. Hires and terminations in industry.....	281
15.1.11. Average payroll number of employees of industry.....	282

15.2. Mining and quarrying

15.2.1. Main indicators of "Mining and quarrying" economic activity.....	283
15.2.2. Extraction of selected fossil fuels.....	283
15.2.3. Mining (production) of selected mineral resources excluding fossil fuels.....	284

15.3. Manufacturing

15.3.1. Main indicators of "Manufacturing" economic activity.....	284
---	-----

Manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco

15.3.2. Main indicators of "Manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco" economic activity.....	285
15.3.3. Production of basic foodstuffs.....	286
15.3.4. Production of alcoholic beverages and tobacco products.....	287

Manufacture of textiles and textile articles

15.3.5. Main indicators of "Manufacture of textiles and textile articles" economic activity.....	287
15.3.6. Manufacture of selected textile and textile articles.....	288

Manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear

15.3.7. Main indicators of "Manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear" economic activity.....	289
15.3.8. Manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear.....	289

Manufacture of wood and products of wood

15.3.9. Main indicators of "Manufacture of wood and products of wood" economic activity.....	290
15.3.10. Manufacture of main kinds of woodworking products and wood products.....	290

Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing

15.3.11. Main indicators of "Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing" economic activity.....	291
15.3.12. Manufacture of main pulp and paper products.....	291

Manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials

15.3.13. Main indicators of "Manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials" economic activity..	292
15.3.14. Manufacture of selected petroleum products.....	292

Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products

15.3.15. Main indicators of "Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products" economic activity.....	293
15.3.16. Production of mineral fertilizers by type.....	293
15.3.17. Production of chemical fibres by type	293

Manufacture of rubber and plastics products

15.3.18. Main indicators of "Manufacture of rubber and plastics products" economic activity.....	294
15.3.19. Manufacture of plastic plates, sheets, tubes and profiles.....	294

15.3.20. Manufacture of tyres.....	294
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	
15.3.21. Main indicators of "Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products" economic activity.....	295
15.3.22. Manufacture of main building materials.....	295
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	
15.3.23. Main indicators of "Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products" economic activity.....	296
15.3.24. Manufacture of basic ferrous metal products.....	296
15.3.25. Manufacture of selected fabricated metal products.....	297
Manufacture of machinery and equipment	
15.3.26. Main indicators of "Manufacture of machinery and equipment" economic activity.....	297
15.3.27. Manufacture of selected machinery and equipment.....	298
Manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	
15.3.28. Main indicators of "Manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment" economic activity.....	299
15.3.29. Manufacture of selected electrotechnical and electronic equipment.....	299
Manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	
15.3.30. Main indicators of "Manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment" economic activity.....	300
15.3.31. Manufacture of selected motor vehicles and equipment.....	300
15.4. Electricity, gas and water supply	
15.4.1. Main indicators of "Electricity, gas and water supply" economic activity..	301
15.4.2. Electricity balance.....	301
15.4.3. Electricity generation.....	302
15.4.4. Electric energy consumption.....	302

16. Agriculture and forestry

16.1. Agriculture

Main indicators of agriculture

16.1.1. Distribution of agricultural land by land user.....	304
16.1.2. Agricultural production by type of farm.....	305
16.1.3. Structure of agricultural production by type of farm.....	306
16.1.4. Indices of agricultural production by type of farm (percent of previous year).....	306
16.1.5. Indices of agricultural production by type of farm.....	308

16.1.6. Production of basic agricultural products by type of farm.....	308
16.1.7. Structure of production of basic agricultural products by type of farm	310
16.1.8. Production of basic agricultural products per capita.....	311

Resource and technical basis of agriculture

16.1.9. Availability of basic agricultural machinery and equipment in agricultural organizations.....	312
16.1.10. Provision of agricultural organizations with tractors and combine harvesters	312
16.1.11. Application of mineral fertilizers in agricultural organizations.....	313
16.1.12. Application of organic fertilizers in agricultural organizations.....	313
16.1.13. Soil liming in agricultural organizations.....	314
16.1.14. Power capacity of machinery in agricultural organizations.....	314

Plant-growing

16.1.15. Sown area under agricultural crops...	315
16.1.16. Sown area under agricultural crops in 2014 by type of farm.....	316
16.1.17. Gross harvest of agricultural crops....	316
16.1.18. Yield capacity of agricultural crops....	317
16.1.19. Fruit and berry plantations.....	317

Animal husbandry

16.1.20. Number of basic livestock and poultry by type of farm.....	318
16.1.21. Structure of livestock and poultry population by type of farm.....	322
16.1.22. Production of basic animal husbandry products.....	323
16.1.23. Sales structure of livestock and poultry for slaughter by type.....	323

16.2. Forestry

16.2.1. Forest resources.....	324
16.2.2. Main activities in forestry.....	325
16.2.3. Conservation and protection of forest	325
16.2.4. Forest fires.....	326

17. Construction

17.1. Construction activity

17.1.1. Number of construction organizations by ownership type.....	327
17.1.2. Construction organizations by number of employees and ownership type as of January 1, 2015.....	328
17.1.3. Volume of contract works in "Construction" economic activity by ownership type.....	328
17.1.4. Investment in production facilities of construction organizations.....	329

17.2. Commissioning of selected production capacities, construction of dwelling, social and cultural construction

17.2.1. Commissioning of production capacities.....	329
17.2.2. Melioration construction.....	330

17.2.3.	Number of projects not completed by construction.....	330
17.2.4.	Commissioning of residential buildings.....	331
17.2.5.	Commissioning of residential buildings by ownership type.....	332
17.2.6.	Commissioning of residential buildings by source of financing.....	333
17.2.7.	Commissioning of residential buildings according to walling material.....	333
17.2.8.	Commissioning of residential buildings and hostels according to number of floors and provision of amenities.....	334
17.2.9.	Main characteristics of apartments built.....	335
17.2.10.	Commissioning of residential buildings and apartments built per 1 000 population.....	335
17.2.11.	Commissioning of social and cultural facilities.....	336

18. Transport

18.1.	Main indicators of transport.....	337
18.2.	Density of routes of communication...	339
18.3.	Availability of motor vehicles.....	339
18.4.	Freight transportation by mode of transport.....	340
18.5.	Freight turnover by mode of transport.....	341
18.6.	Intensity of cargo transportation.....	341
18.7.	Logistics centers.....	341
18.8.	Passenger transportation by mode of transport and transport service type.....	342
18.9.	Passenger turnover by mode of transport and transport service type.....	343
18.10.	Electricity consumption by transport organization.....	344
18.11.	Fuel consumption by motor vehicle...	344

19. Communications

19.1.	Main indicators of communications...	345
19.2.	Revenue from communication services.....	346
19.3.	Main indicators of mobile cellular telecommunications.....	346
19.4.	Indicators of data transmission network.....	347

20. Information and communication technology

20.1.	Main indicators of ICT use in organizations.....	348
20.2.	Organizations that used ICT by economic activity.....	349
20.3.	Expenditure on ICT by economic activity.....	350
20.4.	Expenditure of ICT sector on information and communication technology.....	350

20.5.	Expenditure of organizations of the ICT sector on research and development by economic activity...	351
20.6.	Access of households to Internet services.....	351
20.7.	Access to Internet by population.....	352
20.8.	Internet users by frequency and the main place of Internet access.....	352

21. Trade and services

Trade

21.1.	Main indicators of organizations with the main economic activity "Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods".....	354
21.2.	Number of organizations with the main economic activity "Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods".....	354
21.3.	Revenue from sales of products, goods, works, services of organizations with the main economic activity "Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods".....	354
21.4.	Structure of production costs of products, works, services of organizations with the main economic activity "Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods".....	355
21.5.	Main indicators of retail facilities of public catering.....	355

Retail trade

21.6.	Retail trade facilities.....	356
21.7.	Retail trade facilities by ownership type.....	356
21.8.	Retail turnover.....	356
21.9.	Retail turnover by sector of realization.....	357
21.10.	Indices of retail turnover.....	358
21.11.	Retail turnover per capita.....	358
21.12.	Retail turnover by ownership type.....	359
21.13.	Retail turnover by economic entity...	359
21.14.	Commodity structure of retail turnover.....	360
21.15.	Indices of retail trade of selected goods.....	363
21.16.	Sales of selected consumer goods	364
21.17.	Sales of alcoholic beverages and tobacco products.....	365
21.18.	Share of domestic and foreign production in retail turnover.....	365

Public catering

21.19.	Public catering facilities.....	366
21.20.	Public catering facilities by ownership type.....	366

21.21. Catering turnover.....	367
21.22. Catering turnover by ownership type	367
21.23. Catering turnover by type of economic entities.....	367

Wholesale trade

21.24. Wholesale turnover.....	368
21.25. Wholesale turnover by ownership type.....	368
21.26. Warehousing and trading network of wholesale organizations.....	369
21.27. Sales and stocks of selected products (goods) by wholesale organization...	369
21.28. Exchange activity.....	370

Services

21.29. Total amount of paid services for population.....	371
21.30. Structure of paid services for population by type.....	371
21.31. Indices of paid services for population by type.....	372
21.32. Total amount of paid services for population per capita.....	372
21.33. Total amount of personal services for population.....	373
21.34. Structure of personal services for population by type.....	373
21.35. Indices of personal services for population by type.....	374
21.36. Total amount of personal services for population per capita.....	375

22. Research and innovation

Organisations engaged in research and development

22.1. R&D organizations by sector of performance.....	378
22.2. R&D personnel by sector of performance.....	378
22.3. Number of R&D personnel.....	378
22.4. Number of researchers by field of science.....	379

Funding of science

22.5. Funding of science from the republican budget.....	380
22.6. Domestic R&D expenditure.....	380
22.7. Domestic R&D expenditure by sector of performance.....	380
22.8. Domestic R&D expenditure by type...	381
22.9. Domestic R&D expenditure by source of funding.....	381
22.10. Current domestic R&D expenditure by type of activity.....	381

R&D effectiveness

22.11. Patent applications filed and patents granted.....	382
---	-----

Technological innovations of industrial enterprises

22.12. Number of enterprises engaged in technological innovations by type of innovation activity.....	382
22.13. Innovation activity of enterprises by economic activity.....	383
22.14. Expenditure of industrial enterprises on technological innovation by type of innovation activity and economic activity in 2014.....	384
22.15. Expenditure of industrial enterprises on technological innovations by source of funding and economic activity in 2014.....	385
22.16. Innovative products shipped by industrial enterprises by economic activity.....	386
22.17. Share of exports in total volume of innovative products shipped by industrial enterprises by economic activity.....	388
22.18. Industrial enterprises that implemented innovations improving the environment or preventing negative environmental impacts in 2014.....	389

23. Finances and credit

Government finance

23.1. Consolidated budget.....	393
23.2. Revenue and expenditure of the consolidated budget by level of budgetary system.....	394
23.3. Structure of revenue and expenditure of the consolidated budget by level of budgetary system	397
23.4. Expenditure of the consolidated budget on social sector.....	398
23.5. Execution of the republican budget in 2014.....	399
23.6. Tax and duty liabilities.....	400

Money and credit

23.7. Currency circulation.....	400
23.8. Bank crediting of the economy and population.....	401
23.9. Main indicators of government securities (bonds for legal and natural persons).....	401
23.10. The official exchange rate of the Belarusian ruble against foreign currencies.....	401
23.11. Purchase and sale of foreign currency in cash.....	401
23.12. Main indicators of insurance organizations.....	402
23.13. Structure of insurance premiums and claims by type of insurance.....	402
23.14. Privatization of state-owned organizations (facilities).....	403

Corporate financial activities	
23.15. Revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services by economic activity.....	403
23.16. Revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services per payroll employee by economic activity.....	405
23.17. Net corporate profit, loss (-) by economic activity.....	406
23.18. Share of loss-making organizations by economic activity.....	407
23.19. Profitability of sales by economic activity.....	408
23.20. Profitability of products, goods, works and services sold by economic activity.....	409
23.21. Return of asserts of organizations by economic activity.....	410
23.22. Structure of production costs of products, works and services by economic activity.....	411
23.23. Selected indicators of financial solvency of organizations by economic activity.....	413
23.24. Corporate indebtedness by economic activity as of January 1, 2015.....	414
23.25. Structure of corporate effective debt by economic activity as of January 1, 2015.....	415
23.26. Accounts receivable of companies by economic activity as of January 1, 2015.....	416
23.27. Accounts payable of companies by economic activity as of January 1, 2015.....	417
23.28. External receivables of organizations by economic activity as of January 1, 2015.....	418
23.29. External accounts payable of organizations by economic activity as of January 1, 2015.....	419
23.30. Status of corporate accounts of the Republic of Belarus with other countries as of January 1, 2015.....	420
23.31. Organizations with accounts receivable by economic activity as of January 1, 2015.....	421
23.32. Organizations with accounts payable by economic activity as of January 1, 2015.....	422
23.33. Corporate financial investment by economic activity.....	423

24. Investment

Fixed capital investment

24.1. Fixed capital investment in production and services sector.....	425
24.2. Technological structure of fixed capital investment.....	425

24.3. Fixed capital investment by source of financing.....	426
24.4. Fixed capital investment by ownership type.....	427
24.5. Fixed capital investment by economic activity.....	427
24.6. Structure of fixed capital investment by economic activity.....	429
24.7. Indices of fixed capital investment by economic activity.....	430
24.8. Fixed capital investment from foreign sources by economic activity.....	431

Foreign investment

24.9. Foreign investment in the real sector of the economy by type.....	432
24.10. Foreign investment in real sector of the economy by economic activity...	433
24.11. Foreign investment in real sector of the economy by main investing country.....	434
24.12. Foreign direct investment in real sector of the economy by economic activity.....	435
24.13. Foreign direct investment in real sector of the economy by main investing country.....	436
24.14. Net foreign investment, disinvestment (-) by economic activity.....	437
24.15. Net foreign direct investment, disinvestment (-) by economic activity.....	438
24.16. Investment of organizations placed in the Republic of Belarus in the economy of foreign countries by type	439
24.17. Investment of organizations placed in the Republic of Belarus in the economy of foreign countries by economic activity.....	439
24.18. Investment of organizations placed in the Republic of Belarus in the economy of foreign countries by main investing country.....	440
24.19. Net investment, disinvestment (-) in the economy of foreign countries by economic activity.....	441
24.20. Main indicators of organizations with foreign investment.....	442
24.21. Number of organizations with foreign investment by economic activity.....	443
24.22. Number of organizations with foreign investment by selected country.....	443

25. Prices and tariffs

25.1. Consumer and producer price indices	447
25.2. Consumer and producer price indices in 2014.....	448

Consumer price indices and average consumer prices for goods and services		
25.3.	Consumer price indices for goods and services.....	448
25.4.	Consumer price indices for goods and services in 2014.....	449
25.5.	Consumer price indices for selected food goods.....	450
25.6.	Consumer price indices for selected non-food goods.....	451
25.7.	Consumer price / tariff indices for selected services.....	452
25.8.	Price indices for personal services provided to population.....	452
25.9.	Price / tariff indices for passenger transportation services.....	453
25.10.	Price / tariff indices for housing and utilities.....	453
25.11.	Average prices of selected food items in retail trade organizations.....	454
25.12.	Average retail prices for selected consumer durables.....	455
25.13.	Average prices / tariffs for selected services provided to population.....	455
Price indices and average prices in housing market		
25.14.	Price indices in housing market.....	457
25.15.	Average prices in primary and secondary housing markets.....	457
Price indices and average producer prices		
25.16.	Producer price indices by economic activity.....	458
25.17.	Producer price indices by selected industrial commodity.....	459
25.18.	Freight tariff indices.....	464
25.19.	Agricultural producer price indices.....	464
25.20.	Average agricultural producer prices.....	465
25.21.	Price indices in construction.....	465
25.22.	Tariff indices of communication services for legal and natural persons.....	466
26. External economic activity		
Balance of payments		
26.1.	Balance of payments of the Republic of Belarus.....	468
Foreign trade in goods		
26.2.	Main indicators of foreign trade in goods.....	469
26.3.	Exports and imports of investment, intermediate and consumer goods in the Republic of Belarus.....	470
26.4.	Share of investment, intermediate and consumer goods in total exports and imports of goods.....	471
26.5.	Foreign trade in goods of the Republic of Belarus with selected countries.....	472
26.6.	Commodity structure of exports.....	474
26.7.	Commodity structure of imports.....	474
26.8.	Exports of major products.....	475
26.9.	Imports of major products.....	484
26.10.	The unit value indices and volume indices of exports of goods of the Republic of Belarus.....	487
26.11.	Exports unit values of major products.....	487
26.12.	The unit value indices and volume indices of imports of goods of the Republic of Belarus.....	489
26.13.	Imports unit values of major products.....	489
Foreign trade in services		
26.14.	Exports of services by type.....	491
26.15.	Imports of services by type.....	493
27. International comparisons		
27.1.	Territory and population in selected countries.....	495
27.2.	Share of people 65 years old and over in total population.....	497
27.3.	Crude rates of births, deaths, and natural increase.....	498
27.4.	Infant mortality rates.....	500
27.5.	Life expectancy at birth in 2013.....	501
27.6.	Number of employed.....	502
27.7.	Unemployment rate.....	503
27.8.	Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries.....	504
27.9.	Consumer price indices.....	505
27.10.	Indices of Gross Domestic Product.....	507
27.11.	Indices of industrial production.....	508
27.12.	Volume indices of agricultural production.....	509
27.13.	Per capita production of selected agricultural products.....	210
27.14.	Passenger cars per 1 000 population.....	513
27.15.	Number of mobile cellular telecommunication subscribers per 100 population.....	514
27.16.	Number of apartments built per 10 000 population.....	515
27.17.	Deficit (-) / surplus of general government sector.....	516

1. MAIN SOCIO-ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

1.1. Main socio-economic indicators

	1970	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Population (end of year) ²⁾ , thous.	8 992	9 663	9 986	10 190	10 177	9 957	9 900	9 831	9 763	9 697
of which at the age:										
under working - total	2 782	2 357	2 434	2 495	2 350	1 989	1 914	1 829	1 754	1 680
men	1 421	1 201	1 240	1 273	1 198	1 020	982	939	901	863
women	1 361	1 156	1 194	1 222	1 152	969	932	890	853	817
working - total	4 747	5 660	5 709	5 665	5 672	5 843	5 873	5 903	5 928	5 937
men	2 293	2 861	2 949	2 922	2 933	2 968	2 978	2 996	3 017	3 034
women	2 454	2 799	2 760	2 743	2 739	2 875	2 895	2 907	2 911	2 903
over working - total	1 460	1 646	1 843	2 030	2 155	2 125	2 113	2 099	2 081	2 080
men	413	427	468	587	636	680	678	665	644	629
women	1 047	1 219	1 375	1 443	1 519	1 445	1 435	1 434	1 437	1 451
Natural increase / decline (-):										
thous. persons	77,7	58,9	59,3	32,6	-32,6	-41,2	-48,6	-57,9	-54,7	-51,1
per 1 000 population, persons	8,6	6,1	5,9	3,2	-3,2	-4,1	-4,9	-5,9	-5,6	-5,3
Migration gain / decline (-):										
thous. persons	...	...	...	-19,5	-0,2	12,1	9,1	5,5	5,1	2,1
per 1 000 population, persons	...	...	...	-1,9	-0,02	1,2	0,9	0,6	0,5	0,2
Average annual number of employed in the economy ³⁾ , thous.	4 321	4 959	5 113	5 151	4 410	4 444	4 422	4 387	4 347	4 326
Number of unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies (end of year), thous.					131,0	95,8	102,9	130,5	136,1	83,0
percent of economically active population					2,9	2,1	2,3	2,9	3,1	1,9
Number of pensioners (end of year), thous.	1 636	1 941	2 157	2 375	2 659	2 622	2 614	2 615	2 599	2 594
Money income of population, BYR bn	6	12	15	24	63 077	5 577	11 506	17 087	22 795	29 565
Per capita money income (per month), BYR thous.	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	515,7	46,6	96,6	144,3	193,9	253,2
Population with average per capita disposable resources below minimum subsistence budget, thous.					3 888,4	3 999,4	2 789,8	2 967,4	2 677,4	1 725,7
percent of total population					38,4	41,9	28,9	30,5	27,1	17,8

OF THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS

for years 1970-2014¹⁾

2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
9 630	9 579	9 542	9 514	9 500	9 481	9 465	9 464	9 468	9 481	Population (end of year) ²⁾ , thous.
										of which at the age:
1 615	1 570	1 541	1 520	1 514	1 513	1 522	1 549	1 580	1 610	under working - total
830	807	792	782	779	778	782	796	813	828	men
785	763	749	738	735	735	740	753	767	782	women
5 944	5 934	5 908	5 884	5 847	5 804	5 749	5 687	5 623	5 560	working - total
3 048	3 050	3 041	3 032	3 016	3 000	2 978	2 955	2 933	2 910	men
2 896	2 884	2 867	2 852	2 831	2 804	2 771	2 732	2 690	2 650	women
2 071	2 075	2 093	2 110	2 139	2 164	2 194	2 228	2 265	2 311	over working - total
611	604	607	612	623	630	638	647	655	671	men
1 460	1 471	1 486	1 498	1 516	1 534	1 556	1 581	1 610	1 640	women
										Natural increase / decline (-):
-51,4	-41,7	-29,4	-26,0	-25,8	-29,1	-25,9	-10,6	-7,3	-3,0	thous. persons
-5,3	-4,3	-3,1	-2,8	-2,7	-3,0	-2,8	-1,2	-0,7	-0,3	per 1 000 population, persons
										Migration gain / decline (-):
1,9	5,6	4,7	8,1	12,3	10,3	9,9	9,3	11,6	15,7	thous. persons
0,2	0,6	0,5	0,8	1,3	1,1	1,0	1,0	1,2	1,7	per 1 000 population, persons
4 414	4 470	4 518	4 611	4 644	4 703	4 691	4 612	4 578	4 551	Average annual number of employed in the economy ³⁾ , thous.
67,9	52,0	44,1	37,3	40,3	33,1	28,2	24,9	20,9	24,2	Number of unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies (end of year), thous.
1,5	1,1	1,0	0,8	0,9	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,5	percent of economically active population
2 588	2 586	2 591	2 593	2 601	2 615	2 631	2 649	2 672	2 694	Number of pensioners (end of year), thous.
38 622	48 685	58 670	75 305	87 401	108 468	165 714	321 571	442 286	526 276	Money income of population, BYR bn
333,0	422,4	511,4	658,6	766,1	952,4	1 457,7	2 831,4	3 893,6	4 628,9	Per capita money income (per month), BYR thous.
1 216,8	1 055,3	732,8	574,8	507,8	468,2	655,5	562,6	488,5	431,9	Population with average per capita disposable resources below minimum subsistence budget, thous.
12,7	11,1	7,7	6,1	5,4	5,2	7,3	6,3	5,5	4,8	percent of total population

	1970	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR	94	142	171	269	755 129	58 916	123 021	189 232	250 686	347 519	463 741
Average pension size (end of year), BYR	36	58	73	107	387 165	36 423	64 987	89 637	113 943	172 592	211 013
Gross Domestic Product:											
total, BYR bn				43	121 403	9 134	17 173	26 138	36 565	49 992	65 067
per capita, BYR thous.				4	11 909	915	1 730	2 649	3 732	5 138	6 733
Final consumption expenditure, BYR bn				31	96 683	6 977	13 597	21 047	28 707	37 159	47 351
Gross accumulation, BYR bn				11	30 047	2 320	4 081	5 797	9 124	14 331	18 518
Actual final consumption of households, BYR bn				23	85 408	6 388	12 263	19 098	25 789	32 955	41 824
Fixed assets of the economy at original cost (end of year), BYR bn	21	55	77	106	436 342	86 570	116 129	152 547	192 456	235 329	243 395
Commissioning of fixed assets, BYR bn	3	4	6	8 ⁴⁾	15 194 ⁴⁾	1 770	2 840	3 987	6 294	9 566	12 601 ⁴⁾
Industrial production ⁵⁾ , BYR bn	12	24	32	42	131 373	11 016	19 566	26 101	34 706	50 278	64 502
Agricultural production ⁶⁾ , BYR bn	...	...	...	17	46 525	2 748	4 553	6 525	7 832	10 575	12 880
of which:											
plant-growing	...	...	...	6	26 539	1 491	2 379	3 581	4 558	5 759	6 775
animal husbandry	...	...	...	11	19 986	1 257	2 174	2 944	3 274	4 816	6 105
Fixed capital investment, BYR bn	3	4	6	9	22 382	1 809	3 049	4 485	7 131	10 783	15 096
Commissioning of residential buildings, thous. m ²	4 328	4 291	5 106	5 282	1 948,8	3 528,5	3 008,9	2 810,5	3 019,2	3 501,5	3 785,5
Freight turnover of transport ⁷⁾ , mln tkm	59 480	85 024	93 266	99 634	35 242	89 154	91 410	97 963	109 510	118 738	127 320
Passenger turnover of transport ⁸⁾ , mln passenger-km	17 036	28 354	33 855	42 618	25 989	32 449	30 345	29 281	28 165	28 171	24 354

Continued

2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
582 166	694 045	868 169	981 584	1 217 313	1 899 782	3 676 083	5 061 418	6 052 367	Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR
277 626	328 163	389 427	429 514	584 675	940 442	1 885 508	2 206 843	2 643 456	Average pension size (end of year), BYR
									Gross Domestic Product:
79 267	97 165	129 791	137 442	164 476	297 158	530 356	649 111	778 456	total, BYR bn
8 253	10 163	13 622	14 457	17 330	31 368	56 036	68 573	82 163	per capita, BYR thous.
56 028	68 341	88 884	98 928	117 215	183 034	322 715	413 285	507 199	Final consumption expenditure, BYR bn
25 511	33 126	48 855	51 231	67 817	111 791	187 644	255 102	260 553	Gross accumulation, BYR bn
49 819	60 730	80 427	90 081	106 856	168 549	298 729	383 683	469 738	Actual final consumption of households, BYR bn
297 433	341 880	383 048	433 198	521 725	1 044 704	1 435 525	1 790 541	2 110 972	Fixed assets of the economy at original cost (end of year), BYR bn
18 332	23 623	31 946	39 549	46 856	75 811	136 613	159 807	206 420	Commissioning of fixed assets, BYR bn
78 673	97 335	132 732	129 374	166 953	347 655	615 862	605 635	673 850	Industrial production ⁵⁾ , BYR bn
15 632	18 207	25 219	26 799	36 131	55 642	96 696	105 770	131 204	Agricultural production ⁶⁾ , BYR bn
									of which:
8 466	9 887	14 010	14 341	20 248	29 270	44 461	49 039	63 563	plant-growing
7 166	8 320	11 209	12 458	15 883	26 372	52 235	56 731	67 641	animal husbandry
20 374	26 053	37 202	43 378	55 381	98 665	154 442	209 575	225 659	Fixed capital investment, BYR bn
4 087,5	4 660,7	5 082,9	5 710,5	6 629,9	5 480,1	4 482,8	5 220,4	5 523,1	Commissioning of residential buildings, thous. m ²
128 494	130 868	130 796	121 172	128 144	134 269	131 684	130 752	131 402	Freight turnover of transport ⁷⁾ , mln tkm
24 108	23 906	21 699	19 932	23 498	23 671	25 295	26 618	25 092	Passenger turnover of transport ⁸⁾ , mln passenger-km

	1970	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Retail turnover, BYR bn	5	9	11	17	43 689	3 936	7 697	11 273	14 400	18 432
Catering turnover, BYR bn	0,5	0,8	1,0	2	3 164	261	474	636	770	1 020
Revenue of the consolidated budget ⁹⁾ , BYR bn	3,5	6,0	8,1	15,3	35 468	3 181	5 747	8 636	12 211	22 057
percent of Gross Domestic Product				35,3	29,2	34,8	33,5	33,0	33,4	44,1
Expenditure of the consolidated budget ⁹⁾ , BYR bn	3,3	5,8	7,8	14,3	38 756	3 236	6 023	8 681	12 795	22 036
percent of Gross Domestic Product				33,0	31,9	35,4	35,1	33,2	35,0	44,1
Surplus / deficit (-) of the consolidated budget, BYR bn	0,2	0,2	0,3	1	-3 288	-55	-276	-45	-584	21
percent of Gross Domestic Product				2,3	-2,7	-0,6	-1,6	-0,2	-1,6	0,04
Net profit in the economy ¹⁰⁾ , BYR bn	3	5	7	15	23 091	1 913	2 287	3 215	4 673	4 279
Bank credits to branches of the economy and population (balance of debt under credits provided, end of year) ¹¹⁾ , BYR bn	4	11	15	11	8 772	1 398	2 345	3 586	5 580	9 107
of which:										
short-term credits	3	7	10	8	7 663	848	1 321	2 056	2 921	4 737
long-term credits	1	4	5	3	1 109	550	1 024	1 530	2 659	4 370
Gross external debt (end of year) ¹²⁾ , USD bn						2,1	3,0	3,9	4,2	4,9
percent of Gross Domestic Product						18,3	24,6	26,9	23,7	21,4
Consumer price index ¹³⁾ , percent					344,0	207,5	146,1	134,8	125,4	114,4
Industrial producer price index ¹⁴⁾ , percent					221,8	262,6	139,1	139,9	127,1	117,6
Price index of building and assembly works ¹³⁾ , percent					275,2	337,2	130,9	132,3	127,6	124,6

Continued

2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
23 951	29 488	36 272	48 202	52 033	64 865	112 899	202 309	268 019	318 100	Retail turnover, BYR bn
1 279	1 574	1 897	2 449	2 703	3 271	5 573	10 320	13 551	15 910	Catering turnover, BYR bn
30 825	38 391	48 049	65 663	62 808	48 754	85 608	157 956	189 232	219 281	Revenue of the consolidated budget ⁹⁾ , BYR bn
47,4	48,4	49,4	50,6	45,7	29,6	28,8	29,8	29,2	28,2	percent of Gross Domestic Product
31 257	37 256	47 627	63 811	63 766	52 980	79 428	155 169	187 751	211 154	Expenditure of the consolidated budget ⁹⁾ , BYR bn
48,1	47,0	49,0	49,2	46,4	32,2	26,7	29,3	28,9	27,1	percent of Gross Domestic Product
-432	1 135	422	1 852	-958	-4 226	6 180	2 787	1 481	8 127	Surplus / deficit (-) of the consolidated budget, BYR bn
-0,7	1,4	0,4	1,4	-0,7	-2,6	2,1	0,5	0,2	1,0	percent of Gross Domestic Product
7 128	8 931	10 488	18 002	13 076	17 749	50 868	92 567	60 871	57 600	Net profit in the economy ¹⁰⁾ , BYR bn
12 497	19 699	29 030	44 831	63 724	88 922	148 021	202 130	259 555	314 138	Bank credits to branches of the economy and population (balance of debt under credits provided, end of year) ¹¹⁾ , BYR bn
										of which:
6 064	9 050	7 042	12 172	17 838	22 209	36 140	55 127	66 786	84 844	short-term credits
6 433	10 649	21 988	32 659	45 886	66 713	111 881	147 003	192 769	229 294	long-term credits
5,1	6,8	12,5	15,2	22,1	28,4	34,0	33,8	39,6	40,1	Gross external debt (end of year) ¹²⁾ , USD bn
17,0	18,5	27,6	24,9	44,8	51,6	57,9	53,2	54,4	52,8	percent of Gross Domestic Product
108,0	106,6	112,1	113,3	110,1	109,9	208,7	121,8	116,5	116,2	Consumer price index ¹³⁾ , percent
111,0	109,0	122,2	115,4	111,3	118,9	249,6	120,6	110,7	113,5	Industrial producer price index ¹⁴⁾ , percent
113,8	109,9	113,0	121,6	104,1	119,2	197,6	142,8	122,2	108,1	Price index of building and assembly works ¹³⁾ , percent

	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Agricultural producer price index ^{13) 15)} , percent	649 ¹⁶⁾	210	150	120	124	122	111	109
Freight tariff index ¹³⁾ , percent	291,0	420,0	145,2	125,3	121,7	108,8	106,4	112,3
Turnover of foreign trade in goods and services ¹⁷⁾ , USD mln	11 021,5	15 728,0	17 458,5	19 092,5	23 814,5	32 873,5	34 730,9	44 630,7
exports	5 269,1	7 640,8	8 476,4	9 305,5	11 576,0	15 689,1	17 536,2	21 569,3
imports	5 752,4	8 087,2	8 982,1	9 787,0	12 238,5	17 184,4	17 194,7	23 061,4
balance	-483,3	-446,4	-505,7	-481,5	-662,5	-1 495,3	341,5	-1 492,1

¹⁾ Data in value terms are shown at current prices; data for year 1995 are given in terms of the 1994 denomination (decrease in 10 times), data for year 2000 are given in terms of the 2000 denomination (decrease in 1 000 times).

²⁾ Population data are given for 1970 according to the Census as of January 15; for other years – as of the end of the year.

³⁾ Hereinafter, from 2010 the data on the employed population are recalculated in accordance with the Methodology for the compilation and calculation of the balance of labor resources (according to Resolution of the National Statistical Committee of the Republic of Belarus of April 13, 2015, №18).

⁴⁾ Excluding revaluation.

⁵⁾ Starting from 2000, the data provided taking into account raw materials. For 1970-1995 the data provided according to OKONH classification, since 2000 - according to OKED classification.

⁶⁾ For 1990, 1995 the data provided according to OKONH classification, since 2000 - according to OKED classification.

⁷⁾ Starting from 2000, including data on freight turnover of motor transport engaged in commercial transportation only, and data on pipeline transportation. Since 2011 the data on sole proprietorships engaged in freight transportation are included.

⁸⁾ Starting from 1985, including data on taxi transport. Starting from 1995, including electric urban transport.

⁹⁾ Data are provided in compliance with the laws of the corresponding years. For the period 2004-2009, resources of the Social Protection Fund of the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of the Republic of Belarus are included in the republican budget.

Continued

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
130	121,8	100,6	125,4	274,4	130,2	114,9	117,8	Agricultural producer price index ^{13) 15)} , percent
108,8	130,9	118,2	130,0	250,3	143,0	115,2	105,3	Freight tariff index ¹³⁾ , percent
56 520,6	77 086,7	54 228,6	66 103,5	94 283,1	100 938,0	90 433,1	87 058,5	Turnover of foreign trade in goods and services ¹⁷⁾ , USD mln
26 851,4	36 217,2	24 310,3	29 301,7	46 537,1	51 886,0	44 046,1	43 299,9	exports
29 669,2	40 869,5	29 918,3	36 801,8	47 746,0	49 052,0	46 387,0	43 758,6	imports
-2 817,8	-4 652,3	-5 608,0	-7 500,1	-1 208,9	2 834,0	-2 340,9	-458,7	balance

¹⁰⁾ Data do not include banks, budgetary organizations, insurance enterprises. Starting from 2001 date include micro entities and small entities with no departmental affiliation. Prior to 2003, profit in the economy.

¹¹⁾ In 1970-2000 bank credits for branches of national economy and population (rests of credits as of the end of the year). Starting from 2000, data on balance of debt on credits include foreign currency converted into national currency.

¹²⁾ Data of the National Bank of the Republic of Belarus.

¹³⁾ December to December of previous year.

¹⁴⁾ December to December of previous year. For 1995 the data provided according to OKONH classification, since 2000 - according to OKED classification.

¹⁵⁾ Prior to 2011, producer price index of agricultural production sold.

¹⁶⁾ To previous year.

¹⁷⁾ According to the Balance of Payments methodology. Data for the years 1995-2004 are given according to the methodology of the 5th issue of the Balance of Payments Manual (IMF, 1993), and for the years 2005-2014 according to the methodology of the 6th issue of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (IMF, 2009).

1.2. Indices of main socio-economic indicators

(percent of 2000; value indicators at constant prices)

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Population (end of year)	99,4	98,7	98,1	97,4	96,7	96,2	95,8	95,5	95,4	95,2	95,1	95,1	95,1	95,2
Number of pensioners (end of year)	99,7	99,7	99,1	98,9	98,7	98,6	98,8	98,9	99,2	99,7	100,4	101,0	101,9	102,7
Real disposable money income of population	128,1	133,2	134,1	146,6	173,1	200,6	226,9	253,7	263,1	302,0	298,7	362,9	422,1	425,9
Real wages and salaries	129,6	139,8	144,2	169,4	204,8	240,3	264,2	287,8	288,1	331,5	337,7	410,4	477,6	483,5
Real pension size (end of year)	122,1	124,9	126,7	167,7	189,9	234,4	247,2	258,9	259,3	321,1	247,5	407,5	409,5	422,1
Gross Domestic Product	104,7	109,9	117,6	131,0	143,3	157,6	171,2	188,7	189,1	203,7	214,9	218,6	220,8	224,3
Labor productivity by GDP	105,2	111,3	120,2	134,6	144,4	156,8	168,4	181,9	181,0	194,0	205,1	212,3	215,9	220,6
Fixed assets of the economy	99,6	100,7	102,5	104,0	106,1	108,8	111,1	114,4	116,7	119,5	122,5	125,0	128,6	132,3
Commissioning of fixed assets	99,9	101,5	123,8	150,3	169,7	226,0	264,5	309,2	343,9	369,3	395,6	402,4	378,9	428,0
Industrial production	105,9	110,1	117,5	135,5	149,1	165,8	180,1	200,5	194,3	217,0	236,7	250,4	238,1	242,9
Agricultural production	101,7	102,1	109,0	122,7	124,8	132,2	137,6	149,8	151,3	155,1	165,3	176,2	168,8	173,7
Fixed capital investment	96,5	102,3	123,5	149,4	179,3	236,9	275,2	340,0	356,0	412,3	486,0	429,4	469,4	441,8
Total floor space of residential buildings commissioned	85,3	79,7	85,6	99,2	107,3	115,8	132,1	144,0	161,8	187,9	155,3	127,0	147,9	156,5
Freight turnover of transport	102,5	109,9	122,8	133,2	142,8	144,1	146,8	146,7	135,9	143,7	149,2	146,0	143,6	144,0
Passenger turnover of transport	93,5	85,9	79,8	80,1	78,6	71,8	71,1	65,5	60,3	63,5	65,8	70,9	75,6	71,3
Retail turnover	129,1	144,5	159,5	177,7	213,9	251,3	289,0	346,0	358,1	414,3	451,6	515,3	608,1	644,6
Catering turnover	113,7	118,8	128,9	145,0	162,0	187,1	206,6	229,3	224,9	249,4	251,6	277,8	308,9	313,8

1.3. Indices of main socio-economic indicators

(percent of 2005; value indicators at constant prices)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Population (end of year)	99,5	99,1	98,8	98,6	98,5	98,3	98,3	98,3	98,4
Number of pensioners (end of year)	99,9	100,1	100,2	100,5	101,0	101,7	102,3	103,2	104,1
Real disposable money income of population	115,9	131,1	146,6	152,0	174,5	172,6	209,7	243,9	246,1
Real wages and salaries	117,3	129,1	140,5	140,7	161,8	164,9	200,4	233,2	236,0
Real pension size (end of year)	123,4	130,1	136,3	136,5	169,1	130,3	214,5	215,6	222,2
Gross Domestic Product	110,0	119,5	131,7	132,0	142,2	150,0	152,6	154,1	156,6
Labor productivity by GDP	108,6	116,6	125,9	125,3	134,3	142,0	147,0	149,5	152,8
Fixed assets of the economy	102,5	104,7	107,8	110,0	112,6	115,4	117,7	121,1	124,6
Commissioning of fixed assets	133,1	155,9	182,2	202,6	217,6	233,1	237,1	223,2	252,2
Industrial production	111,2	120,8	134,5	130,3	145,5	158,7	167,9	159,7	162,9
Agricultural production	105,9	110,2	120,0	121,2	124,2	132,4	141,1	135,2	139,1
Fixed capital investment	132,2	153,6	189,7	198,6	230,0	271,1	239,5	261,8	246,4
Total floor space of residential buildings commissioned	108,0	123,1	134,3	150,9	175,1	144,8	118,4	137,9	145,9
Freight turnover of transport	100,9	102,8	102,7	95,2	100,6	104,5	102,2	100,5	100,9
Passenger turnover of transport	99,0	98,2	88,8	82,0	86,0	88,9	95,9	99,1	93,0
Retail turnover	117,5	135,1	161,7	167,4	193,7	211,1	240,9	284,3	301,4
Catering turnover	115,5	127,5	141,5	138,8	153,9	155,3	171,5	190,7	193,8
Turnover of foreign trade in goods and services ¹⁾	128,5	162,7	222,0	156,1	190,3	271,5	290,6	260,4	250,7
of which:									
exports	123,0	153,1	206,5	138,6	167,1	265,4	295,9	251,2	246,9
imports	134,1	172,5	237,7	174,0	214,0	277,7	285,3	269,8	254,5

¹⁾ According to the methodology of the 6th issue of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (IMF, 2009).

1.4. Indices of main socio-economic indicators

(percent of 2010; value indicators at constant prices)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Population (end of year)	99,8	99,8	99,9	100,0
Average annual number of employed in the economy	99,7	98,1	97,4	96,8
Number of pensioners (end of year)	100,6	101,3	102,2	103,0
Real disposable money income of population	98,9	120,2	139,8	141,1
Real wages and salaries	101,9	123,8	144,0	145,8
Real pension size (end of year)	77,1	126,9	127,5	131,4
Gross Domestic Product	105,5	107,3	108,4	110,1
Labor productivity by GDP	105,7	109,4	111,3	113,7
Fixed assets of the economy	102,5	104,6	107,6	110,7
Commissioning of fixed assets	107,1	108,9	102,6	115,9
Industrial production	109,1	115,4	109,7	111,9
Agricultural production	106,6	113,6	108,8	112,0
Fixed capital investment	117,9	104,1	113,8	107,2
Total floor space of residential buildings commissioned	82,7	67,6	78,7	83,3
Freight turnover of transport	103,9	101,9	101,1	101,6
Passenger turnover of transport	100,7	107,6	113,3	106,8
Retail turnover	109,0	124,4	146,8	155,6
Catering turnover	100,9	111,4	123,9	125,9
Turnover of foreign trade in goods and services ¹⁾	142,6	152,7	136,8	131,7
of which:				
exports	158,8	177,1	150,3	147,8
imports	129,7	133,3	126,0	118,9

¹⁾ According to the methodology of the 6th issue of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (IMF, 2009).

1.5. Indices of main socio-economic indicators

(percent of previous year; value indicators at constant prices)

Years	Population (end of year)	Average annual number of employed in the economy	Number of unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies (end of year)	Number of pensioners (end of year)	Real disposable money income of population	Real wages and salaries
1970	100,7	101,8		101,8		
1975	100,5	101,1		101,5		
1980	100,7	101,2		102,9		
1981	100,8	100,8		102,0		
1982	100,7	100,8		102,3		
1983	100,7	100,5		102,5		
1984	100,6	100,6		101,9		
1985	100,6	100,4		102,1		
1986	100,6	100,5		102,0		
1987	100,5	100,2		102,2		
1988	100,6	100,6		102,2		
1989	100,4	100,5		101,7		
1990	100,0	99,1		101,6	112,6	113,8
1991	100,1	97,5		103,7	103,2	103,6
1992	100,4	97,4		103,6	80,8	87,6
1993	100,1	98,7	276,2	102,1	112,3	93,5
1994	99,7	97,4	152,6	101,2	87,8	69,1
1995	99,7	93,8	129,5	100,9	65,1	95,0
1996	99,7	99,0	139,3	100,4	113,5	105,1
1997	99,5	100,1	69,2	100,0	117,5	114,3
1998	99,6	101,1	83,9	99,5	127,5	118,0
1999	99,5	100,6	90,1	99,4	97,6	107,3
2000	99,5	100,04	100,4	99,3	113,8	112,0
2001	99,4	99,5	107,4	99,7	128,1	129,6
2002	99,3	99,2	126,9	100,0	104,0	107,9
2003	99,3	99,1	104,3	99,4	100,7	103,2
2004	99,3	99,5	61,0	99,8	109,3	117,4
2005	99,3	102,0	81,8	99,8	118,1	120,9
2006	99,5	101,3	76,6	99,9	115,9	117,3
2007	99,6	101,1	84,7	100,2	113,1	110,0
2008	99,7	102,0	84,6	100,1	111,8	109,0
2009	99,9	100,7	108,1	100,3	103,7	100,1
2010	99,8	100,5	82,1	100,5	114,8	115,0
2011	99,8	99,8	85,2	100,6	98,9	101,9
2012	99,99	98,3	88,5	100,7	121,5	121,5
2013	100,05	99,3	84,0	100,9	116,3	116,4
2014	100,1	99,4	115,4	100,8	100,9	101,3

Continued

Years	Real pension size (end of year)	Gross Domestic Product	Labor productivity by GDP	Fixed assets of the economy	Commissioning of fixed assets	Industrial production ¹⁾
1970				110,6		111,9
1975				107,9		110,4
1980				106,6		106,0
1981				106,8		104,6
1982				106,9		104,8
1983				106,4		105,1
1984				108,0		105,9
1985				106,2	92,0	106,0
1986				105,7	103,9	106,7
1987				105,9	116,1	106,7
1988				105,6	96,5	106,3
1989				106,2	103,2	104,6
1990				105,3	108,0	102,1
1991	163,0	98,8		103,6	91,7	99,0
1992	37,9	90,4		102,9	46,0	90,8
1993	106,6	92,4		101,7	80,0	90,6
1994	69,4	88,3		99,9	70,0	85,4
1995	130,3	89,6	95,5	99,8	79,0	88,3
1996	104,9	102,8	103,8	100,3	131,4	103,5
1997	130,5	111,4	111,3	100,4	110,9	118,8
1998	76,0	108,4	107,2	100,6	111,7	112,4
1999	135,3	103,4	102,8	99,8	111,7	110,3
2000	143,2	105,8	105,8	100,2	96,1	107,5
2001	122,1	104,7	105,2	99,6	99,9	105,9
2002	102,3	105,0	105,8	101,1	101,6	104,0
2003	101,4	107,0	108,0	101,8	121,9	106,7
2004	132,4	111,4	112,0	101,5	121,5	115,3
2005	113,2	109,4	107,3	102,0	112,9	110,0
2006	123,4	110,0	108,6	102,5	133,1	111,2
2007	105,4	108,6	107,4	102,1	117,1	108,6
2008	104,7	110,2	108,0	103,0	116,9	111,3
2009	100,2	100,2	99,5	102,0	111,2	96,9
2010	123,9	107,7	107,2	102,4	107,4	111,7
2011	77,1	105,5	105,7	102,5	107,1	109,1
2012	164,6	101,7	103,5	102,0	101,7	105,8
2013	100,5	101,0	101,7	102,9	94,2	95,1
2014	103,1	101,6	102,2	102,9	113,0	102,0

Continued

Years	Agricultural production ¹⁾	Fixed capital investment	Total floor space of residential buildings commissioned	Freight turnover of transport ²⁾
1970	103,3	115,5	103,6	107,9
1975	100,7	103,8	97,9	105,6
1980	89,8	99,6	101,7	101,3
1981	112,9	105,0	105,9	102,2
1982	95,8	101,1	98,0	99,8
1983	111,0	105,5	104,4	102,4
1984	106,7	113,6	106,5	102,7
1985	99,0	96,5	103,2	102,1
1986	106,9	106,5	105,7	105,1
1987	100,1	117,2	108,9	103,1
1988	92,7	101,6	95,1	103,7
1989	108,9	109,5	101,1	100,3
1990	91,3	108,5	93,5	94,8
1991	95,1	104,1	102,1	89,8
1992	91,5	71,3	82,4	83,9
1993	103,7	85,5	86,0	77,6
1994	85,6	89,2	89,0	69,8
1995	95,3	69,3	57,3	86,8
1996	102,4	95,2	134,8	99,0
1997	95,1	119,7	127,9	104,4
1998	99,3	124,5	108,2	104,0
1999	91,7	92,0	80,2	103,7
2000	109,5	102,1	121,0	107,2
2001	101,7	96,5	85,3	102,5
2002	100,4	106,0	93,4	107,2
2003	106,8	120,8	107,4	111,8
2004	112,6	120,9	116,0	108,4
2005	101,7	120,0	108,1	107,2
2006	105,9	132,2	108,0	100,9
2007	104,1	116,2	114,0	101,8
2008	108,9	123,5	109,1	99,9
2009	101,0	104,7	112,3	92,6
2010	102,5	115,8	116,1	105,8
2011	106,6	117,9	82,7	103,9
2012	106,6	88,3	81,8	98,1
2013	95,8	109,3	116,5	97,7
2014	102,9	94,2	105,8	100,5

Continued

Years	Passenger turnover of transport ³⁾	Retail turnover	Catering turnover	Turnover of foreign trade in goods and services ⁴⁾	Of which	
					exports	imports
1970	107,6	107,6	110,3			
1975	106,7	107,4	106,8			
1980	102,4	105,4	102,1			
1981	102,5	104,2	102,4			
1982	101,7	98,5	103,1			
1983	105,9	104,2	104,1			
1984	103,8	105,3	105,8			
1985	103,2	103,6	103,4			
1986	104,8	102,1	104,3			
1987	105,5	104,6	106,7			
1988	105,8	106,4	105,3			
1989	104,1	109,0	106,9			
1990	103,6	114,7	107,5			
1991	95,7	91,9	99,2			
1992	92,3	78,0	66,0			
1993	94,9	85,3	79,3			
1994	82,9	90,7	73,0	124,4	128,1	121,4
1995	78,3	77,1	79,2	184,9	190,8	179,8
1996	88,8	132,2	107,1	126,8	127,1	126,5
1997	109,5	118,1	114,3	118,3	117,0	119,5
1998	107,2	128,3	123,6	92,0	90,6	93,4
1999	117,0	110,8	109,5	85,8	90,2	82,0
2000	102,4	111,9	109,0	120,5	119,4	121,5
2001	93,5	129,1	113,7	111,0	110,9	111,1
2002	91,9	111,9	104,5	109,4	109,8	109,0
2003	92,9	110,4	108,5	124,7	124,4	125,0
2004	100,0	111,4	112,5	138,0	135,5	140,4
2005	97,9	120,4	111,7	109,6	115,9	103,8
2006	99,0	117,5	115,5	128,5	123,0	134,1
2007	99,2	115,0	110,4	126,6	124,5	128,7
2008	90,4	119,7	111,0	136,4	134,9	137,8
2009	92,1	103,5	98,1	70,3	67,1	73,2
2010	104,9	115,7	110,9	121,9	120,5	123,0
2011	100,7	109,0	100,9	142,6	158,8	129,7
2012	106,7	114,1	110,4	107,1	111,5	102,7
2013	105,2	118,0	111,2	89,6	84,9	94,6
2014	94,3	106,0	101,6	96,3	98,3	94,3

¹⁾ Data for the years 1970-1999 are given according to OKONH, since 2000 - according to OKED classification.

²⁾ Starting from 1996, including data on freight turnover of motor transport engaged in commercial transportation only, and data on pipeline transportation. Since 2011 the data on sole proprietorships engaged in freight transportation are included.

³⁾ Starting from 1985, including data on taxi transport. Starting from 1995, including electric urban transport.

⁴⁾ According to the Balance of Payments methodology at current prices. Data for the years 1994-2005 are given according to the methodology of the 5th issue of the Balance of Payments Manual (IMF, 1993), and for the years 2006-2014 according to the methodology of the 6th issue of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (IMF, 2009).

**1.6. Average annual increase / decrease (-) indices
of main socio-economic indicators**
(percent)

	1971- 1975	1976- 1980	1981- 1985	1986- 1990	1991- 1995	1996- 2000	2001- 2005	2006- 2010	2011- 2014
Population (end of year)	0,7	0,6	0,7	0,4	-0,1	-0,4	-0,7	-0,3	-0,01
Average annual number of employed in the economy	1,5	1,3	0,6	0,1	-3,1	0,2	-0,2	1,1	-0,8
Number of pensioners (end of year)	1,6	1,9	2,1	1,9	2,3	-0,3	-0,3	0,2	0,8
Gross Domestic Product					-8,2	6,3	7,5	7,3	2,5
Labor productivity by GDP					...	6,1	7,6	6,1	3,3
Fixed assets of the economy	9,2	7,5	6,9	5,8	1,6	0,3	1,2	2,4	2,6
Commissioning of fixed assets	...	...	...	5,4	-28,5	11,8	11,2	16,8	3,8
Industrial production ¹⁾	10,4	7,2	5,3	5,3	-9,3	10,5	8,3	7,8	2,9
Agricultural production ¹⁾	2,7	1,5	1,6	2,1	-4,3	-3,5	2,5	5,3	4,2
Fixed capital investment	6,8	4,0	4,6	8,8	-12,8	7,0	12,4	18,1	1,8
Total floor space of residential buildings commissioned	0,4	-1,2	3,3	2,8	-10,8	17,2	1,4	11,9	-4,5
Freight turnover of transport ²⁾	5,5	2,1	1,7	1,4	-18,8	3,2	7,4	0,1	-0,6
Passenger turnover of transport ³⁾	6,4	4,4	3,4	4,7	-9,4	4,6	-4,7	-3,0	1,5
Retail turnover	7,5	5,2	3,1	7,3	-15,6	19,9	16,4	14,1	11,7
Catering turnover	5,9	4,6	3,8	6,1	-21,4	12,6	10,1	9,0	5,9
Turnover of foreign trade in goods and services ⁴⁾					...	7,4	18,0	13,8	7,1
of which:									
exports					...	7,7	18,9	10,8	10,3
imports					...	7,1	17,1	16,5	4,4

¹⁾ Data for the years 1971-2000 are given according to OKONH, since 2001 – according to OKED.

²⁾ Starting from 1996, including data on freight turnover of motor transport engaged in commercial transportation only, and data on pipeline transportation. Since 2011 the data on sole proprietorships engaged in freight transportation are included.

³⁾ Starting from 1986, including data on taxi transport. Starting from 1996, including electric urban transport.

⁴⁾ According to the Balance of Payments methodology at current prices. Data for the years 1996-2005 are given according to the methodology of the 5th issue of the Balance of Payments Manual (IMF, 1993), and for the years 2006-2014 according to the methodology of the 6th issue of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (IMF, 2009).

**1.7. Growth (decrease) rate of labour productivity
by economic activity**
(percent of previous year)

	2001	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Labour productivity based by GDP	105,2	107,3	99,5	107,2	105,7	103,5	101,7	102,2
Labour productivity based by GVA	106,0	107,5	99,8	108,2	107,6	103,3	101,4	102,6
Agriculture, hunting and forestry ¹⁾	106,4	109,1	103,1	103,2	112,4	107,5	101,6	109,7
Fishing and fish farming	107,2	111,1	106,2	101,5	105,3	79,4	89,8	133,3
Industry	107,8	108,4	99,3	112,8	107,4	107,1	97,9	106,4
Construction	93,4	116,5	105,7	110,4	107,5	102,3	103,9	93,0
Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	114,0	109,9	95,5	110,3	121,5	93,7	108,4	106,3
Hotels and restaurants	118,3	110,1	96,0	109,8	97,5	109,6	110,3	100,3
Transport and communications	102,8	103,5	98,0	110,4	112,4	107,4	100,9	102,8
Financial activities	100,4	101,9	128,6	105,9	118,9	121,4	92,7	96,9
Real estate, renting and business services	102,0	115,7	107,2	97,5	96,3	99,0	99,4	98,0
Public administration	102,3	99,0	99,8	101,4	99,9	100,1	100,5	99,2
Education	100,2	104,8	100,1	100,0	99,3	99,3	99,3	98,6
Health and social work	103,6	102,8	100,9	102,4	101,7	99,8	100,8	102,4
Community, social and personal services	103,9	100,1	94,3	109,2	99,6	109,7	103,7	102,3

¹⁾ Exclude data of the households.

2. STATE STRUCTURE OF THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS

State structure of the Republic of Belarus

According to the Constitution the Republic of Belarus, the Republic of Belarus is a unitary, democratic, social state based on the rule of law (Art. 1).

The Republic of Belarus exercises supreme control and absolute authority over its whole territory and implements an independent domestic and foreign policy.

The Republic of Belarus shall defend its independence and territorial integrity, its constitutional system, and safeguard lawfulness and law and order.

The President of the Republic of Belarus shall be the Head of the State, the guarantor of the Constitution of the Republic of Belarus, the rights and freedoms of man and of the citizen (Art. 79).

The President shall personify the unity of the nation, guarantee the implementation of the main guidelines of the domestic and foreign policy, represent the Republic of Belarus in relations with other states and international organizations. The President shall take measures on protection of the sovereignty of the Republic of Belarus, its national security and territorial integrity, ensure its political and economic stability, continuity and interaction of the bodies of state power, maintain the intermediation among the bodies of state power.

The President shall enjoy immunity, and his honour and dignity shall be protected by the law.

State power in the Republic of Belarus shall be exercised on the principle of its separation into legislative, executive and judicial powers. State bodies within the confines of their powers, shall be independent: they shall interact among themselves, check and balance one another (Art. 6).

The Parliament – the National Assembly of the Republic of Belarus is a representative and legislative body of the Republic of Belarus. The Parliament shall consist of two Houses - the House of Representatives and the Council of the Republic (Art. 90).

Executive power in the Republic of Belarus shall be exercised by the Government – the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Belarus (Art. 106). The Government shall be accountable in its activity to the President of the Republic of Belarus and responsible to the Parliament of the Republic of Belarus.

Judicial power in the Republic of Belarus shall reside in the courts (Art. 109). In administering justice judges shall be independent and obey only the law.

Administrative and territorial structure

Administrative and territorial structure of the Republic of Belarus as a unitary state is the division of the territory of the Republic of Belarus on administrative and territorial units according to certain criteria for effective organization of public administration and local self-government, safeguard lawfulness and law and order, provide implementation of rights, freedoms and legitimate interests of citizens of the Republic of Belarus permanently residing in the relevant territory.

Administrative and territorial unit is a part of the territory of the Republic of Belarus (region, district, rural council, city, urban-type settlement), within which boundaries, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation, the local council of deputies and the executive and administrative body are created and operate.

The territory of the Republic of Belarus is divided into the territory of the capital of the Republic of Belarus and regions as administrative and territorial units.

Settlements are presented by cities, urban areas and rural areas.

Settlements refer to certain categories due to the:

population;

development and specialization of industrial and social infrastructure;

public functions exercised within relevant.

The category of **cities** includes:

the City of Minsk – the capital of the Republic of Belarus. The status of the City of Minsk shall be determined by law.

cities of regional subordination, which are localities with at least 50 000 population, which are major administrative, economic and cultural centres with a developed industrial and social infrastructure;

cities of district subordination, which are localities with at least 6 000 population, with industrial organizations, network of socio-cultural and personal services organizations.

The category of **urban areas** includes:

urban settlements, which are localities with at least 2 000 population, with industrial and municipal organizations, socio-cultural organizations, trade, catering and personal services organizations;

resort settlements, which are localities with at least 2 000 population, in which there are sanatoria, rest houses, boarding houses and other health improving organizations, trade, catering, personal services, cultural and enlightening organizations;

industrial settlements, which are localities with at least 500 population, located close to industrial organizations, power plants, construction sites, railway stations and other facilities.

The category of **rural areas** includes:

agricultural settlements, which are developed localities with industrial and social infrastructure ensuring state minimum social standards of their population and inhabitants of surrounding areas;

townships, villages, which are localities with an appropriate industrial and social infrastructure and which are not referred to agricultural settlements;

khutors, which are localities not among agricultural settlements, townships and villages.

2.1. Territory and administrative division of the Republic of Belarus as of January 1, 2015¹⁾

	Land area, thous. km ²	Population, thous. persons	Inhabitants per 1 km ²	Districts	Rural Councils	Number of settlements		
						cities	urban areas	rural areas
Republic of Belarus	207,6	9 480,9	46	118	1 159	113	90	23 229
region:								
Brest	32,8	1 388,9	42	16	190	21	8	2 161
Vitebsk	40,1	1 198,5	30	21	191	19	24	6 259
Gomel	40,4	1 424,0	35	21	240	18	16	2 289
Grodno	25,1	1 052,6	42	17	163	15	16	4 311
Minsk city ²⁾	0,3	1 938,2	5 570	–	–	1	–	–
Minsk	39,8	1 407,9	35	22	219	24	18	5 202
Mogilev	29,1	1 070,8	37	21	156	15	8	3 007

¹⁾ Data of the research and production state republican unitary enterprise "National Cadastre Agency" of the State Committee for the Management of State Property of the Republic of Belarus.

²⁾ Minsk city has the status of a separate administrative-territorial unit.

2.2. Composition of the National Assembly of the Republic of Belarus as of January 1, 2015

	Council of the Republic	House of Representatives
Total members, persons	58	110
of which:		
by sex		
men	39	80
women	19	30
by age		
30-39	2	6
40-49	13	17
50-59	29	63
60 and over	14	24

2.3. Political parties, trade unions, other public associations and related unions, and national state and public associations

(data of the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Belarus, beginning of year)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Political parties	15	15	15	15	15	15
Trade unions	35	35	37	37	37	37
Unions (associations) of public associations	22	25	27	31	31	33
National state and public associations	7	7	7	7	7	7
Public associations	2 225	2 325	2 402	2 477	2 521	2 596
of which by sphere of activity:						
national minorities	105	109	112	112	112	113
youth	195	216	234	248	256	270
of which children's	28	32	33	29	29	27
women's	32	31	31	30	30	30
supporters of nature and historical and cultural monuments	64	67	66	68	71	73
physical training and sports	531	561	595	626	649	684
creativity	48	49	49	49	49	49
science and engineering	79	79	81	84	84	84
education, culture and leisure	189	204	211	220	223	232
charity	390	393	394	401	396	396
disabled soldiers and workers, veterans	80	83	84	85	86	87
other public associations	512	533	545	554	565	578

3. NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The section presents data on the environmental protection and rational use of natural resources.

Water abstraction (withdrawal) from natural sources for use is water withdrawn (extracted) from water bodies and groundwater resources to be further used for various purposes. This does not include water used for vessel lockage, fish passage, maintaining navigable depths, transit and mine (quarry) water, as well as water passage through hydro-systems for electricity generation, etc.

Water use is the water used for various purposes of organizations, which withdraw (extract) from natural sources or receive from water supply systems of other water users. Circulating and reused (successive) water supply, transit and mine (quarry) water as well as reuse of waste and drainage water are not included.

Surface water use index is ratio of the volume of surface water withdrawals for use to the volume of total annual river flow.

Groundwater use index is ratio of the volume of groundwater extraction for use to the volume of its total operating reserves.

Circulating and recycling (successive) water supply refers to the volume of water circulating (used) in circulating and recycling (successive) water supply systems including the use of waste and drainage water. Circulating water supply does not include water in heat supply systems.

Wastewater disposal includes the volumes of waste and other water discharged directly into water bodies, subsoil, groundwater (using agricultural sewage farms, filtration fields, underground filtration fields, filtration ditches, sand gravel filters, and ground storage tanks) and other waste water receivers which are natural environments, as well as into municipal sewerage system. The total volume of wastewater disposal includes waste water requiring no treatment, effluents treated to standard quality at treatment facilities, insufficiently treated water, and excludes the volume of transit and mine (quarry) water.

Air polluting emissions refer to the discharge of contaminants into the atmospheric air from sources of emission. Total air polluting emissions include polluting substances coming from both stationary and mobile sources.

Stationary sources of emission are sources of emission, the displacement of which is impossible without incommensurable detriment to their function. Stationary sources of emission are subdivided into organized and non-organized.

Mobile sources of emission are transport vehicles and self-propelled machines equipped with engines, the operation of which results in air polluting emissions.

Amount of captured and detoxified air pollutants includes all types of pollutants captured by and detoxified at gas-treatment installations out of the total volume of pollutants coming from stationary sources.

Amount of utilized air pollutants includes captured pollutants that are returned to production and utilized in industry or implemented to other organizations.

Industrial waste is waste generated in the process of economic activity of businesses and sole proprietorships (manufacture of goods, electricity generation, performing of work, provision of services), by- and associated products of extraction and processing of minerals.

Hazardous waste is waste containing substances with a hazardous property or properties, in such amounts and state, that this waste itself or when entering in contact with other substances, may pose a direct or potential danger to the environment, human health or property due to its detrimental effect.

Waste utilization is the use of waste for manufacturing products, electricity generation, performing works and provision of services.

Waste disposal comprises activities of temporary waste storage and transportation to waste storage, burial, detoxification and/or utilization facilities.

Detailed information on environmental statistics is given in the statistical book of Belstat "Environmental protection in the Republic of Belarus".

Natural resources

3.1. Coordinates of the extreme points of the State frontier

	Degrees		Locality	District	Region
	of the north latitude	of the east longitude			
In the North	56°10'	28°07'	To the north from lake Osveyskoe	Verhnedvinsky	Vitebsk
In the South	51°16'	30°35'	On the Dnepr river to the south of Komarin urban-type settlement	Braghinsky	Gomel
In the West	52°17'	23°11'	On the Bug river to the south-west of Vysokoe town	Kamenetsky	Brest
In the East	53°24'	32°47'	To the east from Khotimsk urban-type settlement	Khotimsky	Mogilev

Extension: from North to South - 560 km, from West to East - 650 km.

Average altitude above sea level - 160 m.

The highest point above sea level - 345 m (Dzerzhinskaya mountain, Dzerzhinsky district of Minsk region).

The lowest place above sea level - 80-90 m (valley of the Neman river, Grodno region).

3.2. Average monthly temperature and precipitation¹⁾

Years	Air temperature, °C				Precipitation			
	January		July		January		July	
	average monthly	divergence from the norm	average monthly	divergence from the norm	average precipitation, mm	percent of the norm	average precipitation, mm	percent of the norm
1900	-6,3	0,4	18,8	1,0	...	...	...	...
1910	-3,9	2,8	17,9	0,1	...	...	...	...
1920	-7,4	-0,7	18,1	0,3	...	...	...	...
1930	-2,5	4,2	16,3	-1,5	18	47	117	134
1940	-15,0	-8,3	18,0	0,2	32	84	87	100
1950	-13,8	-7,1	16,1	-1,7	26	68	60	69
1960	-6,4	0,3	18,8	1,0	36	95	98	113
1970	-8,9	-2,2	17,9	0,1	61	161	81	93
1980	-9,1	-2,4	16,9	-0,9	41	108	134	154
1990	-0,7	6,0	15,9	-1,9	42	111	145	167
2000	-4,2	2,5	16,9	-0,9	37	97	161	185
2010	-11,5	-4,8	22,6	4,8	28	74	80	92
2011	-3,7	3,0	20,2	2,4	43	113	129	148
2012	-4,8	1,9	20,6	2,8	60	158	55	63
2013	-7,1	-0,4	18,5	0,7	47	124	77	88
2014	-7,0	-0,3	20,6	2,7	48	126	64	74

¹⁾ Data of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection of the Republic of Belarus.

3.3. Land area¹⁾

(beginning of year)

	2001	2006	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total land, thous. hectares	20 760,0	20 760,0	20 760,0	20 760,0	20 760,0	20 760,0	20 760,0	20 760,0	20 760,0
of which:									
agricultural lands									
thous. hectares	9 257,7	9 011,5	8 944,7	8 926,9	8 897,5	8 874,0	8 817,3	8 726,4	8 632,3
as percent of total area	44,6	43,4	43,1	43,0	42,8	42,7	42,5	42,0	41,6
forest lands									
thous. hectares	8 436,8	8 393,0	8 511,8	8 538,7	8 566,7	8 584,7	8 588,5	8 630,7	8 652,6
as percent of total area	40,6	40,4	41,0	41,1	41,3	41,4	41,4	41,6	41,7
land under marshes and water bodies									
thous. hectares	1 439,5	1 376,8	1 363,9	1 359,8	1 342,8	1 338,0	1 329,7	1 328,4	1 309,4
as percent of total area	7,0	6,7	6,6	6,6	6,5	6,4	6,4	6,4	6,3
others lands									
thous. hectares	1 625,9	1 978,5	1 939,4	1 934,4	1 953,0	1 963,3	2 024,5	2 074,5	2 165,7
as percent of total area	7,8	9,5	9,3	9,3	9,4	9,5	9,7	10,0	10,4

¹⁾ Data of the State Committee on property of the Republic of Belarus.**3.4. Main characteristics of largest rivers¹⁾**

	Length, km		Catchment area, km ²	
	total	within the country	total	within the country
Dnepr	2 145	700	504 000	118 360
Western Dvina	1 020	338	87 900	33 150
Neman	914	436	98 200	34 610
Western Bug	772	169	73 470	9 990
Pripyat	761	495	121 000	50 900
Sozh	648	493	42 140	21 700
Berezina	561	561	24 500	24 500
Viliya	510	276	25 100	10 920
Ptich	421	421	9 470	9 470
Schara	300	300	6 730	6 730

¹⁾ Data of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection of the Republic of Belarus.

3.5. Main characteristics of largest lakes¹⁾

	Area, km ²	Depth, m		Location (region, district)
		maximum	average	
Naroch	79,6	24,8	8,9	Minsk, Myadel
Osveyskoye	52,8	7,5	2,0	Vitebsk, Verhnedvinsk
Chervonoye	40,8	2,9	0,7	Gomel, Zhitkovichy
Lukomskoye	37,7	11,5	6,6	Vitebsk, Chashniki
Drivyaty	36,1	12,0	6,1	Vitebsk, Braslav
Vygonoschanskoye	26,0	2,3	1,2	Brest, Ivatsevichy
Nescherdo	24,6	8,1	3,4	Vitebsk, Rossony
Svir	22,3	8,7	4,7	Minsk, Myadel
Snudy	22,0	16,5	4,9	Vitebsk, Braslav
Chernoye	17,3	3,0	1,3	Brest, Bereza
Ezerische	16,8	11,5	4,4	Vitebsk, Gorodok
Mjadel	16,2	24,6	6,3	Minsk, Myadel
Lisno	15,7	6,1	2,6	Vitebsk, Verhnedvinsk
Selyava	15,0	17,6	6,3	Minsk, Krupky
Myastro	13,1	11,3	5,4	Minsk, Myadel
Strusto	13,0	23,0	7,3	Vitebsk, Braslav
Richi	12,8	51,9	10,2	Vitebsk, Braslav
Losvido	11,4	20,2	7,2	Vitebsk, Gorodok
Lepelskoye	10,2	33,7	7,3	Vitebsk, Lepel

¹⁾ Data of the Research Laboratory for Lake Study of the Belarusian State University.

3.6. Main characteristics of largest reservoirs¹⁾

	Surface area, km ²	Type of reservoir	Main function	Year commissioned	Location (region, district)
Basin of the Western Dvina river					
Khorobrovka	31,97	lake-type	fish farming, recreation	1967	Vitebsk, Miory
Yezerishchenskoye	16,90	lake-type	drainage regulation	1959	Vitebsk, Gorodok
Basin of the Western Bug river					
Belovezhskaya Pushcha	3,32	in-channel	nesting of wild birds, fish raising	1964 ²⁾	Brest, Kamenets
Lukovskoye	5,40	lake-type off-channel	moistening, water supply of fish farm	1980	Brest, Malorita
Basin of the Neman river					
Vileyskoye	63,80	in-channel	water supply for Minsk City, power generation, recreation	1974	Minsk, Vileyka
Zelvenskoye	11,90	in-channel	power generation, drainage regulation	1983 ²⁾	Grodno, Zelva
Basin of the Dnepr river					
Zaslavskoye	26,86	in-channel	drainage regulation, recreation, water supply	1958	Minsk, Minsk
Osipovichskoye	11,87	in-channel	power generation, water supply of fish farm, irrigation	1953 ²⁾	Mogilev, Osipovichy
Svetlogorskoye	14,10	off-channel	drainage diversion, irrigation, recreation	1986	Gomel, Svetlogorsk
Chighirinskoye	21,19	in-channel	power generation, recreation	1960	Mogilev, Kirovsk
Basin of the Pripyat river					
Krasnoslobodskoye	23,65	in-channel	watering, water supply of fish farm	1973	Minsk, Soligorsk
Lyubanskoye	22,50	in-channel	moistening, water supply of fish farm	1966	Minsk, Lyuban and Staryie Dorogi
Pogost	16,16	lake-type off-channel	moistening, water supply of fish farm	1978	Brest, Pinsk
Selets	20,70	in-channel	moistening, water supply of fish farm	1986	Brest, Bereza
Soligorskoye	23,10	in-channel	water supply, watering	1967	Minsk, Soligorsk

¹⁾ Data of the Research Laboratory for Lake Study of the Belarusian State University.

²⁾ The year when the reservoir filling began.

Environmental protection

3.7. Main characteristics of national parks and reserves

Name and assignment	Area, thous. hectares	Year of foundation
National parks		
Belovezhskaya Pushcha – preservation in a natural state and comprehensive study of standard and unique objects of the Belovezha forest, biological and landscape diversity of the area, restoration of disturbed natural complexes and objects of special ecological, historical-cultural and esthetic value, as well as use it for environmental, scientific, educational, sanitary and recreational purposes.	150,1	1939
Pripyatsky – preservation of the natural complex of the valley of Pripjat river as a standard of natural landscapes, storage of genetical fund of flora and fauna of Belarusian Poozerie and use it for environmental, scientific, educational, tourist, recreational and health-improving activities.	88,6	1969
Braslav lakes – preservation of the natural complex of Braslav lakes as standard of natural landscapes, storage of genetical fund of flora and fauna of Belarusian Poozerie and use it in environmental, scientific, educational, tourist, recreational and health-improving activities.	64,5	1995
Narochansky – preservation of unique natural complexes, united by Naroch lake, as standard natural landscapes, storage of genetical fund of flora and fauna of Belarusian Poozerie and its more full and effective use in environmental, scientific, educational, tourist, recreational and health-improving activities.	87,1	1999
Reserves		
Berezinsky biosphere reserve – preservation of natural state of standard and other valuable natural complexes and objects, study of flora and fauna, typical and unique ecosystems and landscapes typical for mixed forests area of Eastern Europe, creation of conditions for conservation of natural processes. A distinctive feature of the reserve is an unique complex of forest and wetland ecosystems, almost completely preserved its natural outlook.	85,2	1925
Polesye State Radiation Ecological Reserve – restriction of access of citizens to the territory of zones of radioactive contamination as a result of the catastrophe at the Chernobyl Nuclear Power Plant, of which the population evacuated and resettled, providing radiation protection of population, containment of radionuclides, carrying-out of radiation monitoring, realization of radioecological investigations, study of flora and fauna, typical and unique ecosystems and landscapes, the natural flow of natural processes characteristic of the Pripjat Polesie. Distinctive features of the reserve are the high level of radionuclide contamination of the natural environment as a result of the catastrophe at the Chernobyl Nuclear Power Plant, including a transuranic isotopes contamination, restoration of natural state of geobiocoenosis in view of anthropogenic impact removing.	216,1	1988

3.8. Main indicators characterizing environmental impact of economic activity and use of natural resources

Years	Total water abstraction (withdrawal) from natural sources for use ¹⁾ , mln m ³	Total water use ¹⁾ , mln m ³	Circulating and recycling (successive) ¹⁾ , water supply ¹⁾ , mln m ³	Waste water disposal ¹⁾ , mln m ³	Total air polluting emissions, thous. tonnes	Waste products generated ¹⁾ , thous. tonnes
1995	1 980	1 878	7 135	1 464	2 221	19 360
1996	1 920	1 781	6 494	1 323	2 068	18 122
1997	1 859	1 726	6 749	1 296	2 081	22 336
1998	1 851	1 716	6 048	1 315	1 789	23 094
1999	1 851	1 709	6 022	1 315	1 420	24 395
2000	1 837	1 700	6 155	1 307	1 341	23 260
2001	1 833	1 705	6 100	1 323	1 319	24 549
2002	1 824	1 692	5 722	1 289	1 307	26 027
2003	1 797	1 667	5 842	1 261	1 327	27 962
2004	1 760	1 646	6 391	1 250	1 360	31 317
2005	1 706	1 600	6 369	1 234	1 418	34 782
2006	1 674	1 546	6 522	1 165	1 561	33 455
2007	1 618	1 485	6 349	1 118	1 531	37 955
2008	1 566	1 410	6 697	1 065	1 598	39 768
2009	1 507	1 337	6 134	1 060	1 594	27 277
2010	1 548	1 359	6 385	1 052	1 319	43 775
2011	1 592	1 406	5 973	1 066	1 315	44 307
2012	1 593	1 442	5 616	1 078	1 389	40 847
2013	1 514	1 373	5 690	1 034	1 374	40 305
2014	1 510	1 371	5 804	1 011	1 344	52 529

¹⁾ Hereinafter data of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection of the Republic of Belarus.

3.9. Water abstraction (withdrawal) from natural sources for use

(million cubic metres)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
From water bodies							
Total	755	694	694	722	718	663	667
Baltic Sea basin	326	263	253	267	254	247	274
of which river basin:							
Neman	199	162	146	152	139	136	159
Western Dvina	114	91	88	97	96	93	93
Western Bug	14	11	20	19	19	18	22
Black Sea basin	429	431	441	454	463	416	394
of which Dnepr river basin	429	431	441	454	463	416	394
From groundwater resources							
Total	1 082	1 012	854	870	875	851	843
Baltic Sea basin	395	371	318	316	322	315	314
of which river basin:							
Neman	214	201	181	182	188	181	181
Western Dvina	109	106	87	84	85	85	83
Western Bug	72	64	50	50	50	49	49
Black Sea basin	687	641	536	555	553	536	529
of which Dnepr river basin	687	641	536	555	553	536	529

3.10. Water use

(million cubic metres)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	1 700	1 600	1 359	1 406	1 442	1 373	1 371
of which for:							
industrial needs	530	441	393	423	429	407	405
pond fish farming	228	282	357	383	401	372	378
domestic and drinking purposes	782	750	495	486	492	477	473
irrigation and agricultural water supply	160	127	114	114	120	117	115

3.11. Renewable water use indices

(percent)

	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013
Surface water use indices					
Republic of Belarus	1,1	1,0	1,2	1,2	0,9
river basins:					
Neman	1,8	1,4	1,8	1,9	1,4
Western Dvina	0,5	0,5	0,7	0,5	0,6
Western Bug	1,0	1,1	1,0	2,7	1,0
Dnepr	1,1	1,1	1,3	1,4	0,9
Groundwater use indices					
Republic of Belarus	41,9	32,9	33,6	33,8	32,8
river basins:					
Neman	37,6	28,4	28,4	29,0	27,9
Western Dvina	38,3	30,4	29,3	30,4	30,4
Western Bug	50,1	39,1	38,8	38,7	38,4
Dnepr	43,4	34,8	36,1	36,0	34,8

3.12. Water use by economic activity

(million cubic metres)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	1 359	1 406	1 442	1 373	1 371
agriculture, hunting and forestry	159	162	168	158	150
fishing and fish farming	337	363	382	360	368
mining and quarrying	14	27	23	22	16
manufacturing	234	238	229	222	229
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	67	69	63	66	63
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	26	22	13	14	14
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	19	20	22	18	18
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	16	24	28	23	27
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	49	48	44	45	56
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	13	13	14	11	11
manufacture of machinery and equipment	11	11	12	13	11
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	7	7	8	8	8
electricity, gas and water supply	549	567	600	575	565
construction	3	2	4	3	3
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	2	2	1	1	2
transport and communications	9	5	5	7	6
community, social and personal services	23	26	18	16	22

3.13. Wastewater disposal

(million cubic metres)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Wastewater disposal – total	1 307	1 234	1 052	1 066	1 078	1 034	1 011
of which into water bodies	1 173	1 124	967	979	993	951	931
of which:							
not requiring treatment	265	268	290	311	323	294	293
treated to standard quality	883	846	671	662	666	654	635
insufficiently treated	25	10	6	6	3	3	3

3.14. Ingress of wastewater contaminants into water bodies

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Wastewater disposal into water bodies, mln m³	1 173	1 124	967	979	993	951	931
of which by contaminant							
sulphate ions, thous. tonnes	64	64	56	60	61	58	47
chloride ions, thous. tonnes	78	74	65	71	75	72	72
ammonium ions (in terms of nitrogen equivalent), thous. tonnes	7	6	5	6	6	5	5
fluoride ions, tonnes	12	3	8	14	8	10	11
synthetic surface-active substances, tonnes	200	172	135	137	125	101	105
copper, tonnes	18	9	5	6	7	6	5
chromium, tonnes	15	9	5	4	3	3	4
nickel, tonnes	10	8	4	4	5	6	3

3.15. Main indicators characterizing air polluting emissions from stationary sources

Years	Amount of air polluting emissions from stationary sources, thous. tonnes	Captured and detoxified air pollutants		Utilization of pollutants captured by gas treatment plants		Air polluting emissions, thous. tonnes
		thous. tonnes	as percent of total polluting emissions from stationary sources	thous. tonnes	as percent of total pollutants captured and detoxified	
2000	3 131,2	2 742,9	87,6	2 514,1	91,7	388,3
2005	3 305,7	2 902,0	87,8	2 632,3	90,7	403,7
2010	3 239,7	2 862,6	88,4	2 636,6	92,1	377,1
2011	3 170,8	2 799,7	88,3	2 573,9	91,9	371,1
2012	3 124,2	2 691,0	86,1	2 379,3	88,4	433,2
2013	3 332,0	2 886,7	86,6	2 639,8	91,4	445,3
2014	4 108,5	3 645,7	88,7	3 386,0	92,9	462,8

3.16. Air polluting emissions

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Air polluting emissions – total, thous. tonnes	1 341	1 418	1 319	1 315	1 389	1 374	1 344
of which:							
from stationary sources	388	404	377	371	433	445	463
per inhabitant, kg	39	42	40	39	46	47	49
per square kilometre, kg	1 870	1 944	1 817	1 788	2 087	2 145	2 229
from mobile sources ¹⁾	953	1 014	942	944	956	928	881
per inhabitant, kg	95	105	99	100	101	98	93
per square kilometre area, kg	4 590	4 884	4 539	4 549	4 604	4 472	4 243

¹⁾ Data of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection of the Republic of Belarus.

3.17. Air polluting emissions from stationary sources by selected ingredient

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Thousand tonnes							
Total	388,3	403,7	377,1	371,1	433,2	445,3	462,8
of which:							
solid	45,0	44,0	44,3	39,9	37,4	36,1	34,9
sulphur dioxide	108,9	73,9	51,7	44,4	63,7	48,5	50,3
carbon monoxide	92,3	104,4	75,1	73,9	78,6	81,9	80,9
nitrogen dioxide	52,3	59,1	57,1	52,8	52,8	55,7	54,3
non-methane volatile organic compounds	60,4	73,5	63,0	66,9	70,0	60,9	55,5
other	29,4	48,8	85,9	93,2	130,7	162,2	186,9
As percent of total							
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:							
solid	11,6	10,9	11,7	10,8	8,6	8,1	7,5
sulphur dioxide	28,1	18,3	13,7	12,0	14,7	10,9	10,9
carbon monoxide	23,8	25,9	19,9	19,9	18,1	18,4	17,5
nitrogen dioxide	13,5	14,6	15,1	14,2	12,2	12,5	11,7
non-methane volatile organic compounds	15,6	18,2	16,7	18,0	16,2	13,7	12,0
other	7,4	12,1	22,9	25,1	30,2	36,4	40,4

3.18. Air polluting emissions from stationary sources by economic activity

(thousand tonnes)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	377,1	371,1	433,2	445,3	462,8
agriculture, hunting and forestry	49,5	66,8	99,5	127,4	157,2
mining and quarrying	8,3	7,9	7,2	9,8	6,7
manufacturing	186,9	187,6	206,5	192,7	189,7
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	17,4	15,5	16,4	19,4	18,2
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	71,9	73,8	88,3	84,4	82,6
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	24,0	23,9	27,4	15,4	14,7
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	25,6	26,6	25,8	29,3	30,7
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	10,0	9,5	12,1	10,6	10,9
manufacture of machinery and equipment	11,6	12,6	13,9	12,8	11,7
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	5,7	6,1	5,0	4,6	4,4
electricity, gas and water supply	88,8	71,4	80,7	72,1	72,3
construction	11,9	9,3	8,6	6,9	7,0
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	2,9	4,2	3,4	3,4	1,9
transport and communications	21,0	15,8	17,1	25,8	22,0
community, social and personal services	3,2	3,2	3,2	3,5	3,0

3.19. Air polluting emissions from stationary sources by selected city in 2014

(thousand tonnes)

	Total	Of which				
		solid	sulphur dioxide	carbon monoxide	nitrogen dioxides	non-methane volatile organic compounds
Republic of Belarus	462,8	34,9	50,3	80,9	54,3	55,5
cities:						
Baranovichy	1,5	0,3	0,0	0,3	0,3	0,2
Bobruysk	5,3	0,5	0,3	1,0	1,2	1,4
Borisov	2,8	0,4	0,1	0,5	0,4	0,6
Brest	3,3	0,4	0,0	0,7	0,5	0,8
Gomel	8,6	1,1	0,9	2,2	2,1	0,9
Grodno	10,0	1,4	0,4	2,0	2,1	1,8
Lida	2,1	0,2	0,0	0,5	0,2	0,7
Minsk city	23,5	2,0	1,0	10,3	5,4	3,3
Mogilev	5,6	0,5	0,1	1,4	1,4	1,4
Molodechno	1,1	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,0	0,4
Novopolotsk	52,0	0,2	20,8	3,3	3,5	23,1
Orsha	2,0	0,3	0,3	0,5	0,5	0,1
Pinsk	1,1	0,2	0,0	0,3	0,3	0,2
Polotsk	2,3	0,5	0,1	0,5	0,5	0,5
Svetlogorsk	2,7	0,2	0,3	0,5	0,6	0,4
Vitebsk	3,6	1,1	0,0	1,0	0,7	0,5
Zhlobin	9,1	0,8	0,4	5,9	1,0	0,3

3.20. Generation, utilization and disposal of industrial waste

(thousand tonnes)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Waste generated	23 260	34 782	43 775	44 307	40 847	40 305	52 529
of which of hazardous waste	73	192	918	943	1 323	1 415	1 724
Waste utilized ¹⁾	3 569	7 325	13 647	12 670	13 066	20 059	16 654
of which of hazardous waste	39	227	775	828	1 323	1 092	1 242
Waste disposed ¹⁾	19 776	27 767	30 802	32 115	28 527	25 277	39 037
of which of hazardous waste	30	69	46	57	29	21	59

¹⁾ Partial utilization or neutralization of previously accumulated waste.

3.21. Fixed capital investment intended for environmental protection and rational use of natural resources

Years	Fixed capital investment intended for environmental protection	Of which		
		protection and rational use of water resources	air protection	protection and rational use of land

BYR billion
(actual prices)

2000	30,2	10,5	8,8	10,1
2005	188,5	86,3	16,9	62,7
2006	179,4	62,7	26,2	82,2
2007	282,3	96,5	93,3	75,1
2008	340,7	135,4	90,5	100,9
2009	448,1	176,9	176,5	81,0
2010	414,9	220,6	93,2	83,0
2011	747,6	241,1	188,4	104,3
2012	883,3	337,3	231,2	240,7
2013	963,5	422,0	329,5	148,1
2014	1 261,4	401,6	658,7	147,0

Continued

Years	Fixed capital investment intended for environmental protection	Of which		
		protection and rational use of water resources	air protection	protection and rational use of land
As percent of total				
2000	100	34,8	29,0	33,3
2005	100	45,8	8,9	33,3
2006	100	34,9	14,6	45,8
2007	100	34,2	33,0	26,6
2008	100	39,7	26,6	29,6
2009	100	39,5	39,4	18,1
2010	100	53,2	22,5	20,0
2011	100	32,3	25,2	14,0
2012	100	38,2	26,2	27,3
2013	100	43,8	34,2	15,4
2014	100	31,8	52,2	11,7
As percent of previous year (at constant prices)				
2000	80,9	63,5	71,7	131,0
2005	95,2	102,8	26,2	154,2
2006	87,1	66,4	142,3	120,0
2007	143,0	139,9	323,0	83,0
2008	104,3	121,3	83,9	116,1
2009	118,1	117,3	175,1	72,1
2010	84,0	113,1	47,9	92,9
2011	119,2	72,3	133,7	83,2
2012	66,7	78,9	69,2	130,1
2013	87,9	100,8	114,8	49,6
2014	114,6	83,3	175,0	86,9

3.22. Commissioning of facilities for water and air pollution control

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Wastewater treatment plants and installations, thous. m ³ of water per 24 hours	3,3	14,0	73,6	101,3	3,7	4,0	11,0	28,6	24,5
Circulating water supply systems, thous. m ³ of water per 24 hours	0,1	0,5	5,4	–	24,3	–	66,4	–	11,9
Plants for capturing and detoxifying of harmful substances from gas emissions, thous. m ³ of gas per hour	53,0	–	–	225	–	45	–	–	–

4. POPULATION

The population data are based on the results of the population censuses and current estimates. The data for all years are presented within present boundaries of the Republic of Belarus.

Current **population estimates** as of January, 1 were produced taking account of the Population Censuses results plus births and arrivals in a given area less deaths and departures from this area. The estimates take into account increase or reduction in the population numbers of certain areas resulting from changing of their boundaries, as well as the changes in the numbers of urban and rural populations resulting from resolving of issues related to administrative and territorial arrangements in the Republic of Belarus, i.e. as a result of changes in the settlement status (transformation of rural localities into urban or urban into rural on the basis of legislative acts).

Before 1970, data on population size are shown according to present population, after years – resident population.

Present population refers to persons present in a given area at the moment of enumeration, including temporary residents. **Resident population** covers persons permanently residing in a given area, as well as foreign nationals and stateless persons temporarily resident in the area for one year and more.

Population is classified into **urban** and **rural** according to the place of residence, urban settlements being considered localities that, according to the legislation, are referred to the urban category (towns and urban-type, industrial and resort settlements). All other localities are rural.

Working age population refers to men for the age group 16-59, women – 16-54.

During census taking, the **ethnicity** was recorded as reported by respondents, the ethnicity of children was specified by their parents.

Vital statistics is an accepted in demography specification of birth, death, marriage and divorce processes.

Data on **births, deaths and marriages** are produced on data from birth, death and marriage records filled in by vital registration offices. The number of births includes live births only.

The data source on causes of death are medical death (stillbirth) certificates filled in by doctors on a disease, accident, homicide, suicide or other external cause which resulted in death. Such records make the basis for the indication of death cause in death records.

Official statistical information on **divorces** are based on data from record cards (filled out by judicial bodies) containing information on persons dissolving the marriage, and also on divorce records filled out by vital registration offices.

Crude birth rate is calculated as a ratio of live births within a calendar year to average annual population. It is expressed per mille (‰) and indicates the number of births per 1 000 population.

Crude mortality rate is calculated as a ratio of deaths within a calendar year to average annual population. It is expressed per mille and indicates the number of deaths per 1 000 population.

Natural increase rate is calculated as the difference between the crude birth rate and crude death rate.

Crude marriage rate is computed as a ratio of marriages within a calendar year to average annual population. It is calculated per 1 000 population.

Average age at first marriage is an arithmetic mean calculated by dividing the total man-years (the sum of age values multiplied by the number of persons who married for the first time at this age) by the total number of persons who married for the first time. The average age at **re-marriage** is calculated in a similar way.

Crude divorce rate is computed as a ratio of marriages dissolved within a calendar year to the average annual population. It is calculated per 1 000 population.

Cause-specific crude mortality rates are computed as a ratio of the number of deaths from specified causes to the average annual population. Calculated per 100 000 population.

Beginning from 2002, mortality data by cause of death are compiled according to the Abbreviated List of Death Causes based on the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems (WHO, 10th Revision, 1989).

Age-specific mortality rate is the number of deaths at a certain age or within a certain age group for a certain period of time, divided by the average annual population at that age or of that age group. These rates reflect the average mortality level in each age group in a calendar year.

The measure of deaths under 1 year of age plays a special role among age-specific mortality rates.

Infant mortality is a number of deaths under 1 year of age.

Infant mortality rate is calculated as a sum of two components. The first one is a ratio of the number of deaths under 1 year of age out of live births in the year, for which the rate is computed, to the total number of live births in the same year; the second one is a ratio of the number of deaths under 1 year of age out of live births in the previous year to the total number of live births in the previous year. It is calculated per mille (per 1 000 live births).

Cause-specific infant mortality rate is a number of deaths from a given cause out of total deaths under 1 year of age multiplied by the infant mortality rate. It is calculated per 10 000 live births.

Age-specific fertility rates are calculated as the ratio of the annual number of live births to women of a given age group to the average annual number of women of this age. For the birth rate for the age group under 20, the denominator includes the number of women aged 15-19. For the birth rate for the age group 15-49, the numerator covers all births including births to women under age 15 as well as those to women aged 50 and over.

Total fertility rate shows the average number of children that might be born to a woman in the course of her reproductive life (15 to 49 years of age) assuming that the birth rate in each age is the same as in the year for which the rate is calculated.

Life expectancy at birth is the average number of years a person from a hypothetical cohort is expected to live if the mortality rate at every age throughout his/ her entire life remains the same as in the current period. The indicator of life expectancy is the most adequate generalising measure of the current mortality level at all ages. The indicator is produced from mortality (life) tables that consist of an ordered sequence of values reflecting how a certain cohort shows gradual decline while passing from younger ages to older ages subject to the existing mortality rates.

Data on **migration** are compiled through the processing of migration recording coupons attached to address forms of arrivals and departures filled out by the departments for citizenship and migration of the internal affairs bodies.

More detailed demographic statistics are also presented in the "Demographic Yearbook of the Republic of Belarus" published by Belstat.

4.1. Main demographic indicators

	1959	1970	1979	1989	1999	2009	2010	2013	2014
Total population ¹⁾ , thous. persons	8 055,7	8 992,2	9 532,5	10 151,8	10 045,2	9 500,0	9 481,2	9 468,2	9 480,9
of which:									
urban	2 480,5	3 890,6	5 234,3	6 641,4	6 961,5	7 077,1	7 122,4	7 274,8	7 325,0
rural	5 575,2	5 101,6	4 298,2	3 510,4	3 083,7	2 422,9	2 358,8	2 193,4	2 155,9
Out of total, population by age, thous. persons									
under working age	2 517,9	2 781,8	2 379,7	2 482,6	2 131,9	1 513,6	1 513,2	1 580,0	1 610,1
of working age	4 447,0	4 747,2	5 546,4	5 685,0	5 752,1	5 847,3	5 803,9	5 623,1	5 560,1
over working age	1 090,3	1 459,8	1 603,1	1 984,0	2 160,1	2 139,1	2 164,1	2 265,1	2 310,7
Births, persons	204 574	146 676	151 800	153 449	92 975	109 263	108 050	117 997	118 534
Deaths, persons	62 597	68 974	90 837	103 479	142 027	135 097	137 132	125 326	121 542
of which under 1 year	9 651	2 738	2 489	1 835	1 064	511	429	407	409
Natural increase, decrease (-), persons	141 977	77 702	60 963	49 970	-49 052	-25 834	-29 082	-7 329	-3 008
Marriages	90 734	83 658	104 034	97 929	72 994	78 800	76 978	87 127	83 942
Divorces	5 011	17 060	29 707	34 573	47 254	35 056	36 655	36 105	34 864
Life expectancy at birth, years									
all population	70,3	72,5	71,4	71,8	67,9	70,5	70,4	72,6	73,2
men	66,2	68,1	66,3	66,8	62,2	64,7	64,6	67,3	67,8
women	73,5	76,0	75,9	76,4	73,9	76,4	76,5	77,9	78,4
Per 1 000 population									
Total births	25,3	16,2	15,8	15,1	9,3	11,5	11,4	12,5	12,5
boys	13,1	8,3	8,1	7,8	4,8	5,9	5,9	6,4	6,5
girls	12,2	7,9	7,7	7,3	4,5	5,6	5,5	6,1	6,0
Total deaths	7,7	7,6	9,5	10,2	14,2	14,2	14,4	13,2	12,8
of which under 1 year ²⁾	46,9	18,8	16,4	11,8	11,5	4,7	4,0	3,5	3,5
Natural increase, decrease (-)	17,6	8,6	6,3	4,9	-4,9	-2,7	-3,0	-0,7	-0,3
Marriages	11,2	9,3	10,8	9,6	7,3	8,3	8,1	9,2	8,9
Divorces	0,6	1,9	3,1	3,4	4,7	3,7	3,9	3,8	3,7
Net migration	...	...	7,0	2,6	1,8	1,3	1,1	1,2	1,7

¹⁾ Population data are given: for 1959 and 1970 – according to the Census as of January 15; for 1979 – the Census as of January 17; for 1989 – the Census as of January 12; for 1999 – the Census as of February 16; for other years – as of end of the year based on current estimates.

²⁾ Per 1 000 live births.

4.2. Population¹⁾

(beginning of year)

Years	Total population, thous. persons	Of which		Percent of total population	
		urban	rural	urban	rural
1897	6 673,0	899,0	5 774,0	13,5	86,5
1914	6 899,1	990,1	5 909,0	14,3	85,7
1926	4 986,0	848,0	4 138,0	17,0	83,0
1939	8 912,2	1 854,8	7 057,4	20,8	79,2
1940	9 046,1	1 924,5	7 121,6	21,3	78,7
1941	9 092,0	1 968,7	7 123,3	21,7	78,3
1950	7 709,0	1 619,5	6 089,5	21,0	79,0
1951	7 781,1	1 726,0	6 055,1	22,2	77,8
1952	7 748,7	1 827,3	5 921,4	23,6	76,4
1953	7 693,4	1 902,8	5 790,6	24,7	75,3
1954	7 685,6	1 988,9	5 696,7	25,9	74,1
1955	7 757,2	2 064,4	5 692,8	26,6	73,4
1956	7 850,2	2 115,7	5 734,5	27,0	73,0
1957	7 910,0	2 195,7	5 714,3	27,8	72,2
1958	7 961,6	2 309,4	5 652,2	29,0	71,0
1959	8 055,7	2 480,5	5 575,2	30,8	69,2
1960	8 147,4	2 605,1	5 542,3	32,0	68,0
1961	8 233,3	2 745,4	5 487,9	33,3	66,7
1962	8 335,2	2 870,6	5 464,6	34,4	65,6
1963	8 435,4	2 988,2	5 447,2	35,4	64,6
1964	8 479,8	3 092,3	5 387,5	36,5	63,5
1965	8 557,9	3 208,6	5 349,3	37,5	62,5
1966	8 655,7	3 336,6	5 319,1	38,5	61,5
1967	8 761,8	3 472,5	5 289,3	39,6	60,4
1968	8 838,7	3 607,2	5 231,5	40,8	59,2
1969	8 915,0	3 752,7	5 162,3	42,1	57,9
1970	8 992,2	3 890,6	5 101,6	43,3	56,7
1971	9 048,7	4 018,3	5 030,4	44,4	55,6
1972	9 118,1	4 164,3	4 953,8	45,7	54,3
1973	9 182,4	4 326,7	4 855,7	47,1	52,9
1974	9 251,4	4 491,0	4 760,4	48,5	51,5
1975	9 317,2	4 649,1	4 668,1	49,9	50,1
1976	9 360,5	4 795,5	4 565,0	51,2	48,8
1977	9 406,2	4 932,2	4 474,0	52,4	47,6
1978	9 463,5	5 075,1	4 388,4	53,6	46,4
1979	9 532,5	5 234,3	4 298,2	54,9	45,1
1980	9 591,8	5 361,5	4 230,3	55,9	44,1

Continued

Years	Total population, thous. persons	Of which		Percent of total population	
		urban	rural	urban	rural
1981	9 662,9	5 505,6	4 157,3	57,0	43,0
1982	9 736,1	5 649,7	4 086,4	58,0	42,0
1983	9 800,6	5 788,7	4 011,9	59,1	40,9
1984	9 869,4	5 939,6	3 929,8	60,2	39,8
1985	9 929,0	6 077,4	3 851,6	61,2	38,8
1986	9 986,4	6 215,1	3 771,3	62,2	37,8
1987	10 042,8	6 346,6	3 696,2	63,2	36,8
1988	10 089,7	6 488,4	3 601,3	64,3	35,7
1989	10 151,8	6 641,4	3 510,4	65,4	34,6
1990	10 188,9	6 731,9	3 457,0	66,1	33,9
1991	10 189,8	6 805,1	3 384,7	66,8	33,2
1992	10 198,3	6 856,3	3 342,0	67,2	32,8
1993	10 234,6	6 899,3	3 335,3	67,4	32,6
1994	10 243,5	6 927,0	3 316,5	67,6	32,4
1995	10 210,4	6 932,2	3 278,2	67,9	32,1
1996	10 177,3	6 934,7	3 242,6	68,1	31,9
1997	10 141,9	6 938,0	3 203,9	68,4	31,6
1998	10 093,0	6 946,1	3 146,9	68,8	31,2
1999	10 045,2	6 961,5	3 083,7	69,3	30,7
2000	10 002,5	6 967,4	3 035,1	69,7	30,3
2001	9 956,7	6 979,6	2 977,1	70,1	29,9
2002	9 900,4	6 982,9	2 917,5	70,5	29,5
2003	9 830,7	6 973,5	2 857,2	70,9	29,1
2004	9 762,8	6 968,0	2 794,8	71,4	28,6
2005	9 697,5	6 965,4	2 732,1	71,8	28,2
2006	9 630,4	6 956,7	2 673,7	72,2	27,8
2007	9 579,5	6 963,9	2 615,6	72,7	27,3
2008	9 542,4	6 989,2	2 553,2	73,2	26,8
2009	9 513,6	7 027,1	2 486,5	73,9	26,1
2010	9 500,0	7 077,1	2 422,9	74,5	25,5
2011	9 481,2	7 122,4	2 358,8	75,1	24,9
2012	9 465,2	7 175,0	2 290,2	75,8	24,2
2013	9 463,8	7 220,9	2 242,9	76,3	23,7
2014	9 468,2	7 274,8	2 193,4	76,8	23,2
2015	9 480,9	7 325,0	2 155,9	77,3	22,7

¹⁾ Hereinafter population data for 1897 are shown according to the population census as of February 9; for 1926 – according to the census as of December 17; for 1959 and 1970 – according to the census as of January 15; for 1939 and 1979 – the Census as of January 17; for 1989 - the Census as of January 12; for 1999 - the Census as of February 16, for other years – as of beginning of the year based on current estimates. Before 1970 – present population, after years – resident population.

4.3. Number of men and women

(beginning of year; thousand persons)

Years	Total population		Urban		Rural	
	men	women	men	women	men	women
1959	3 581,5	4 474,2	1 105,1	1 375,4	2 476,4	3 098,8
1970	4 129,1	4 863,1	1 826,7	2 063,9	2 302,4	2 799,2
1975	4 304,1	5 013,1	2 181,3	2 467,8	2 122,8	2 545,3
1979	4 421,2	5 111,3	2 459,9	2 774,4	1 961,3	2 336,9
1980	4 452,5	5 139,3	2 522,7	2 838,8	1 929,8	2 300,5
1981	4 489,5	5 173,4	2 592,2	2 913,4	1 897,3	2 260,0
1982	4 527,8	5 208,3	2 661,4	2 988,3	1 866,4	2 220,0
1983	4 561,1	5 239,5	2 727,2	3 061,5	1 833,9	2 178,0
1984	4 596,8	5 272,6	2 798,8	3 140,8	1 798,0	2 131,8
1985	4 628,5	5 300,5	2 864,6	3 212,8	1 763,9	2 087,7
1986	4 658,1	5 328,3	2 929,8	3 285,3	1 728,3	2 043,0
1987	4 688,6	5 354,2	2 993,1	3 353,5	1 695,5	2 000,7
1988	4 714,4	5 375,3	3 060,6	3 427,8	1 653,8	1 947,5
1989	4 749,3	5 402,5	3 137,1	3 504,3	1 612,2	1 898,2
1990	4 777,5	5 411,4	3 187,3	3 544,6	1 590,2	1 866,8
1991	4 782,2	5 407,6	3 223,1	3 582,0	1 559,1	1 825,6
1992	4 789,4	5 408,9	3 247,1	3 609,2	1 542,3	1 799,7
1993	4 813,8	5 420,8	3 272,3	3 627,0	1 541,5	1 793,8
1994	4 821,0	5 422,5	3 285,3	3 641,7	1 535,7	1 780,8
1995	4 779,6	5 430,8	3 263,9	3 668,3	1 515,7	1 762,5
1996	4 767,3	5 410,0	3 264,9	3 669,8	1 502,4	1 740,2
1997	4 754,6	5 387,3	3 266,2	3 671,8	1 488,4	1 715,5
1998	4 735,9	5 357,1	3 271,1	3 675,0	1 464,8	1 682,1
1999	4 717,6	5 327,6	3 279,2	3 682,3	1 438,4	1 645,3
2000	4 693,6	5 308,9	3 277,3	3 690,1	1 416,3	1 618,8
2001	4 668,2	5 288,5	3 277,8	3 701,8	1 390,4	1 586,7
2002	4 638,3	5 262,1	3 274,5	3 708,4	1 363,8	1 553,7
2003	4 599,6	5 231,1	3 263,2	3 710,3	1 336,4	1 520,8
2004	4 562,1	5 200,7	3 253,9	3 714,1	1 308,2	1 486,6
2005	4 526,5	5 171,0	3 246,5	3 718,9	1 280,0	1 452,1
2006	4 489,2	5 141,2	3 236,1	3 720,6	1 253,1	1 420,6
2007	4 461,0	5 118,5	3 234,4	3 729,5	1 226,6	1 389,0
2008	4 440,8	5 101,6	3 242,2	3 747,0	1 198,6	1 354,6
2009	4 425,3	5 088,3	3 256,3	3 770,8	1 169,0	1 317,5
2010	4 418,3	5 081,7	3 276,2	3 800,9	1 142,1	1 280,8
2011	4 408,2	5 073,0	3 293,7	3 828,7	1 114,5	1 244,3
2012	4 398,3	5 066,9	3 314,3	3 860,7	1 084,0	1 206,2
2013	4 397,5	5 066,3	3 333,7	3 887,2	1 063,8	1 179,1
2014	4 401,3	5 066,9	3 358,0	3 916,8	1 043,3	1 150,1
2015	4 409,3	5 071,6	3 380,2	3 944,8	1 029,1	1 126,8

4.4. Average age of the population (beginning of year; years)

Years	Total population			Urban population			Rural population		
	men and women	men	women	men and women	men	women	men and women	men	women
1990	35,1	32,6	37,4	32,0	30,2	33,5	41,3	37,3	44,7
1991	35,2	32,7	37,5	32,2	30,5	33,8	41,2	37,3	44,6
1992	35,4	32,9	37,6	32,5	30,7	34,1	41,3	37,4	44,6
1993	35,5	33,0	37,8	32,8	31,0	34,4	41,2	37,4	44,5
1994	35,7	33,2	37,9	33,1	31,3	34,7	41,2	37,4	44,5
1995	36,0	33,5	38,2	33,4	31,6	35,1	41,3	37,5	44,6
1996	36,2	33,7	38,4	33,8	31,9	35,4	41,3	37,5	44,7
1997	36,4	33,9	38,7	34,2	32,3	35,8	41,4	37,6	44,7
1998	36,7	34,2	38,9	34,6	32,6	36,3	41,5	37,7	44,8
1999	37,0	34,5	39,2	34,8	32,9	36,5	42,0	38,2	45,3
2000	37,3	34,7	39,5	35,1	33,2	36,9	42,1	38,4	45,4
2001	37,5	35,0	39,7	35,5	33,5	37,2	42,3	38,6	45,6
2002	37,8	35,2	40,0	35,8	33,8	37,6	42,5	38,8	45,7
2003	38,0	35,5	40,3	36,1	34,1	38,0	42,6	38,9	45,8
2004	38,3	35,7	40,5	36,5	34,4	38,3	42,7	39,1	46,0
2005	38,5	35,9	40,8	36,8	34,7	38,7	42,9	39,2	46,1
2006	38,8	36,2	41,1	37,1	34,9	39,1	43,0	39,3	46,3
2007	39,0	36,3	41,3	37,4	35,2	39,4	43,1	39,5	46,4
2008	39,2	36,5	41,5	37,7	35,3	39,7	43,3	39,7	46,5
2009	39,3	36,6	41,7	37,9	35,5	39,9	43,5	39,9	46,7
2010	39,5	36,7	41,8	38,0	35,6	40,1	43,7	40,0	46,9
2011	39,6	36,8	42,0	38,2	35,7	40,3	43,8	40,1	47,1
2012	39,7	36,9	42,1	38,3	35,8	40,5	44,0	40,3	47,3
2013	39,8	37,0	42,2	38,5	35,9	40,6	44,1	40,4	47,5
2014	39,9	37,1	42,3	38,6	36,0	40,8	44,2	40,5	47,5
2015	40,0	37,2	42,4	38,7	36,1	40,9	44,3	40,7	47,7

4.5. Population by age group

(beginning of year; persons)

	1970	1979	1989	1999	2009	2010	2013	2014	2015
Total population	8 992 190	9 532 516	10 151 806	10 045 237	9 513 557	9 499 972	9 463 840	9 468 154	9 480 868
of which by age, years:									
0-4	743 899	721 572	819 151	476 149	478 431	500 431	549 462	562 055	573 012
5-9	911 962	724 190	786 893	656 129	446 000	441 928	459 747	479 639	502 262
10-14	952 804	762 157	731 003	828 325	479 967	462 868	451 056	447 088	443 395
15-19	773 387	884 862	706 886	790 418	668 091	627 279	506 371	482 256	465 604
20-24	592 878	827 732	705 937	710 033	782 776	776 514	711 362	671 668	631 754
25-29	505 746	720 706	857 191	688 788	732 530	748 832	784 095	781 505	775 281
30-34	730 645	538 967	837 043	704 537	675 484	681 304	706 058	727 041	744 290
35-39	689 749	562 060	725 556	839 004	661 126	663 663	662 350	667 409	673 776
40-44	686 996	701 979	525 904	810 383	675 904	658 056	650 438	649 993	653 139
45-49	491 007	684 909	539 890	680 080	792 268	769 889	680 982	659 294	642 694
50-54	301 843	639 406	654 218	489 718	738 733	756 413	776 710	763 327	743 451
55-59	422 149	429 765	628 238	473 179	612 542	615 671	666 209	696 903	715 939
60-64	378 675	301 709	580 324	562 968	404 585	457 341	553 366	562 068	567 427
65-69	319 357	363 746	359 249	493 598	377 730	339 783	317 172	359 109	408 295
70 and over	487 781	665 477	694 164	840 763	987 390	1 000 000	988 462	958 799	940 549
age was not indicated during census	3 312	3 279	159	1 165	—	—	—	—	—
Out of total, population:									
under working age	2 781 834	2 379 730	2 482 571	2 131 869	1 519 935	1 513 619	1 548 502	1 579 950	1 610 059
of working age	4 747 227	5 546 414	5 685 066	5 752 100	5 884 185	5 847 254	5 687 157	5 623 105	5 560 060
over working age	1 459 817	1 603 093	1 984 010	2 160 103	2 109 437	2 139 099	2 228 181	2 265 099	2 310 749

	1970	1979	1989	1999	2009	2010	2013	2014	2015
Urban population	3 890 580	5 234 295	6 641 377	6 961 516	7 027 072	7 077 017	7 220 933	7 274 775	7 324 980
of which by age, years:									
0-4	311 798	447 715	576 372	326 464	364 666	383 176	427 202	437 285	447 456
5-9	358 464	419 361	564 656	460 586	331 572	331 851	354 800	373 901	393 824
10-14	347 269	360 789	502 927	595 446	341 927	330 779	335 388	336 924	337 758
15-19	428 831	547 532	520 480	620 291	528 006	507 371	407 276	387 454	377 096
20-24	379 757	577 552	517 436	548 203	630 141	628 688	609 448	582 340	552 175
25-29	289 158	519 943	638 478	514 704	593 989	610 670	648 240	649 073	647 544
30-34	392 025	381 621	633 244	520 319	534 392	544 831	582 094	603 873	621 649
35-39	302 677	351 276	554 625	629 273	501 092	507 831	523 775	533 917	544 754
40-44	306 854	389 106	387 428	613 221	501 594	488 134	491 676	496 333	502 897
45-49	199 860	317 554	350 057	517 181	593 843	576 617	508 458	491 728	478 810
50-54	123 425	296 474	378 187	358 485	556 751	569 119	583 910	574 417	558 531
55-59	136 195	180 464	305 617	303 149	462 951	467 377	506 142	528 789	541 360
60-64	108 742	123 911	281 004	321 918	293 836	339 187	419 243	428 543	433 447
65-69	84 399	121 945	160 859	237 513	244 169	221 871	227 309	264 016	305 366
70 and over	119 717	197 770	269 959	393 605	548 143	569 515	595 972	586 182	582 313
age was not indicated during census	1 409	1 282	48	1 158	—	—	—	—	—
Out of total, population:									
under working age	1 091 759	1 315 703	1 746 149	1 509 440	1 122 211	1 125 369	1 181 842	1 216 270	1 248 802
of working age	2 401 745	3 361 987	4 013 233	4 330 772	4 555 257	4 554 356	4 507 144	4 477 834	4 446 229
over working age	395 667	555 323	881 947	1 120 146	1 349 604	1 397 292	1 531 947	1 580 671	1 629 949

	1970	1979	1989	1999	2009	2010	2013	2014	2015
Rural population	5 101 610	4 298 221	3 510 429	3 083 721	2 486 485	2 422 955	2 242 907	2 193 379	2 155 888
of which by age, years:									
0-4	432 101	273 857	242 779	149 685	113 765	117 255	122 260	124 770	125 556
5-9	553 498	304 829	222 237	195 543	114 428	110 077	104 947	105 738	108 438
10-14	605 535	401 368	228 076	232 879	138 040	132 089	115 668	110 164	105 637
15-19	344 556	337 330	186 406	170 127	140 085	119 908	99 095	94 802	88 508
20-24	213 121	250 180	188 501	161 830	152 635	147 826	101 914	89 328	79 579
25-29	216 588	200 763	218 713	174 084	138 541	138 162	135 855	132 432	127 737
30-34	338 620	157 346	203 799	184 218	141 092	136 473	123 964	123 168	122 641
35-39	387 072	210 784	170 931	209 731	160 034	155 832	138 575	133 492	129 022
40-44	380 142	312 873	138 476	197 162	174 310	169 922	158 762	153 660	150 242
45-49	291 147	367 355	189 833	162 899	198 425	193 272	172 524	167 566	163 884
50-54	178 418	342 932	276 031	131 233	181 982	187 294	192 800	188 910	184 920
55-59	285 954	249 301	322 621	170 030	149 591	148 294	160 067	168 114	174 579
60-64	269 933	177 798	299 320	241 050	110 749	118 154	134 123	133 525	133 980
65-69	234 958	241 801	198 390	256 085	133 561	117 912	89 863	95 093	102 929
70 and over	368 064	467 707	424 205	447 158	439 247	430 485	392 490	372 617	358 236
age was not indicated during census	1 903	1 997	111	7	—	—	—	—	—
Out of total, population:									
under working age	1 690 075	1 064 027	736 422	622 429	397 724	388 250	366 660	363 680	361 257
of working age	2 345 482	2 184 427	1 671 833	1 421 328	1 328 928	1 292 898	1 180 013	1 145 271	1 113 831
over working age	1 064 150	1 047 770	1 102 063	1 039 957	759 833	741 807	696 234	684 428	680 800

4.6. Number of women per 1 000 men of corresponding age group

(beginning of year)

	1970	1979	1989	1999	2000	2010	2013	2014	2015
Total population	1 176	1 156	1 138	1 129	1 131	1 150	1 152	1 151	1 150
of which by age, years:									
0-4	959	965	957	944	943	945	942	942	941
5-9	955	966	965	950	949	947	948	947	945
10-14	959	968	969	956	956	943	945	948	948
15-19	947	917	986	951	956	941	944	941	943
20-24	987	983	1 017	973	969	950	946	948	947
25-29	1 034	998	984	1 001	1 004	975	962	958	955
30-34	1 095	1 007	997	1 015	1 015	1 009	993	986	983
35-39	1 099	1 058	1 011	1 019	1 022	1 053	1 037	1 032	1 023
40-44	1 244	1 118	1 033	1 052	1 050	1 075	1 078	1 076	1 074
45-49	1 543	1 131	1 090	1 085	1 089	1 096	1 105	1 110	1 106
50-54	1 646	1 378	1 173	1 124	1 126	1 153	1 150	1 143	1 146
55-59	1 841	1 727	1 260	1 249	1 244	1 249	1 243	1 235	1 227
60-64	1 666	1 886	1 549	1 387	1 396	1 348	1 377	1 383	1 381
65-69	1 861	1 967	1 950	1 549	1 570	1 625	1 556	1 550	1 537
70 and over	2 046	2 182	2 544	2 412	2 374	2 343	2 409	2 440	2 461
Urban population	1 129	1 128	1 117	1 123	1 126	1 160	1 166	1 166	1 167
of which by age, years:									
0-4	951	960	954	940	942	943	943	943	943
5-9	945	960	962	947	945	945	945	945	943
10-14	959	963	966	957	955	942	943	947	947
15-19	1 026	1 057	1 080	964	974	968	978	973	977
20-24	1 081	1 109	1 092	996	987	983	994	1 000	1 001
25-29	1 005	1 072	1 056	1 042	1 040	999	995	996	995
30-34	1 054	1 031	1 066	1 079	1 074	1 029	1 015	1 009	1 010
35-39	1 078	1 037	1 073	1 099	1 101	1 092	1 061	1 054	1 044
40-44	1 146	1 090	1 056	1 135	1 134	1 144	1 129	1 119	1 113
45-49	1 471	1 126	1 074	1 160	1 166	1 184	1 182	1 184	1 175
50-54	1 379	1 278	1 150	1 155	1 168	1 247	1 246	1 236	1 236
55-59	1 556	1 624	1 256	1 228	1 226	1 329	1 335	1 331	1 328
60-64	1 725	1 627	1 456	1 369	1 377	1 388	1 448	1 460	1 465
65-69	2 022	1 845	1 874	1 574	1 599	1 596	1 553	1 565	1 574
70 and over	2 347	2 442	2 490	2 290	2 266	2 289	2 341	2 369	2 388
Rural population	1 213	1 192	1 177	1 144	1 143	1 121	1 109	1 102	1 095
of which by age, years:									
0-4	965	973	964	953	948	952	939	941	935
5-9	961	973	973	956	958	951	955	954	953
10-14	959	974	977	955	957	947	952	950	950
15-19	861	727	763	908	895	835	818	823	809
20-24	841	742	837	898	907	820	704	666	638
25-29	1 075	829	802	889	900	875	818	791	772
30-34	1 145	950	809	854	864	934	895	880	858
35-39	1 116	1 094	833	810	819	936	952	947	937
40-44	1 331	1 152	971	832	830	899	933	946	953
45-49	1 596	1 137	1 119	880	877	870	907	920	926
50-54	1 874	1 471	1 206	1 044	1 013	911	904	902	913
55-59	2 005	1 806	1 264	1 286	1 277	1 030	993	980	963
60-64	1 642	2 099	1 644	1 412	1 424	1 242	1 180	1 165	1 146
65-69	1 805	2 032	2 015	1 527	1 543	1 682	1 566	1 511	1 433
70 and over	1 960	2 084	2 580	2 528	2 478	2 418	2 517	2 558	2 586

4.7. Ethnic composition

(data of population censuses)

	1959 ¹⁾	1970 ¹⁾	1979	1989	1999	2009
Persons						
Total population	8 055 714	9 002 338	9 532 516	10 151 806	10 045 237	9 503 807
Belarusian	6 532 035	7 289 610	7 567 955	7 904 623	8 159 073	7 957 252
Russian	660 159	938 161	1 134 117	1 342 099	1 141 731	785 084
Polish	538 881	382 600	403 169	417 720	395 712	294 549
Ukrainian	133 061	190 839	230 985	291 008	237 014	158 723
Jewish	150 084	148 011	135 450	111 977	27 798	12 926
Armenian	1 751	2 362	2 751	4 933	10 191	8 512
Tatar	8 654	10 031	10 911	12 552	10 089	7 316
Roma	4 662	6 843	8 408	10 762	9 927	7 079
Azerbaijani	1 402	1 335	2 654	5 009	6 362	5 567
Lithuanian	8 363	8 092	6 993	7 606	6 387	5 087
Moldovan	727	1 800	2 923	4 964	4 267	3 465
Turkmen	...	197	170	777	921	2 685
German	1 220	1 994	2 451	3 517	4 805	2 474
Georgian	1 745	1 291	1 659	2 840	3 031	2 400
Chinese	...	87	78	78	75	1 642
Uzbek	886	1 606	2 333	3 537	1 571	1 593
Latvian	2 631	2 660	2 617	2 658	2 239	1 549
Kazakh	633	1 062	1 355	2 266	1 239	1 355
Arab	...	24	35	101	490	1 330
Chuvash	1 061	1 922	2 243	3 323	2 242	1 277
Other ethnicities	7 610	11 811	13 254	19 385	16 227	16 021
Per 1 000 population						
Belarusian	811	810	794	779	812	837
Russian	82	104	119	132	114	83
Polish	67	43	42	41	39	31
Ukrainian	17	21	24	29	24	17
Jewish	19	16	14	11	3	1
Armenian	0	0	0	0	1	1
Tatar	1	1	1	1	1	1
Roma	1	1	1	1	1	1
Azerbaijani	0	0	0	0	1	1
Lithuanian	1	1	1	1	1	1

¹⁾ Present population.

4.8. Grouping of settlements by the number of population

(data of population censuses)

	Number of settlements			Population, persons		
	1989	1999	2009	1989	1999	2009
Urban areas	211	212	206	6 641 377	6 961 516	7 064 529
of which with population, persons						
under 3 000	51	50	52	96 984	90 419	95 829
3 000 – 4 999	23	25	16	91 623	94 494	60 563
5 000 – 9 999	51	50	54	384 482	387 495	400 012
10 000 – 19 999	48	47	46	639 659	643 877	625 520
20 000 – 49 999	16	16	15	503 934	482 280	472 730
50 000 – 99 999	10	9	10	751 847	615 427	757 522
100 000 – 499 999	11	14	12	2 589 791	2 970 387	2 815 545
500 000 and over	1	1	1	1 583 057	1 677 137	1 836 808
Rural areas¹⁾	24 556	23 459	22 154	3 510 429	3 083 721	2 439 278
of which with population, persons						
10 and below	3 132	3 970	5 843	16 446	21 004	30 034
11 – 25	3 706	4 192	4 695	65 975	73 443	80 888
26 – 50	4 402	4 372	3 784	163 988	160 859	136 914
51 – 100	4 997	4 240	2 918	361 433	305 531	207 321
101 – 200	3 793	2 882	1 894	532 777	405 449	268 225
201 – 500	3 054	2 429	1 921	960 205	782 133	616 429
501 – 1 000	1 082	1 008	797	737 147	688 632	537 187
1 001 – 2 000	303	281	233	406 011	376 620	318 944
2 001 – 3 000	58	51	42	136 933	119 248	102 555
3 001 – 5 000	21	25	17	77 138	89 265	63 142
over 5 000	8	9	10	52 376	61 537	77 639

¹⁾ Rural areas without population are not included.

4.9. Births, deaths and natural increase

Years	Total, persons			Per 1 000 population		
	births	deaths	natural increase, decrease (-)	births	deaths	natural increase, decrease (-)
Total population						
1940	243 387	118 431	124 956	26,8	13,1	13,7
1950	197 164	61 944	135 220	25,5	8,0	17,5
1955	194 345	57 966	136 379	24,9	7,4	17,5
1960	200 218	54 037	146 181	24,4	6,6	17,8
1965	153 865	58 156	95 709	17,9	6,8	11,1
1970	146 676	68 974	77 702	16,2	7,6	8,6
1980	154 432	95 514	58 918	16,0	9,9	6,1
1985	165 034	105 690	59 344	16,5	10,6	5,9
1986	171 611	97 276	74 335	17,1	9,7	7,4
1987	162 937	99 921	63 016	16,1	9,9	6,2
1988	163 193	102 671	60 522	16,1	10,1	6,0
1989	153 449	103 479	49 970	15,1	10,2	4,9
1990	142 167	109 582	32 585	14,0	10,8	3,2
1991	132 045	114 650	17 395	13,0	11,2	1,8
1992	127 971	116 674	11 297	12,5	11,4	1,1
1993	117 384	128 544	-11 160	11,5	12,6	-1,1
1994	110 599	130 003	-19 404	10,8	12,7	-1,9
1995	101 144	133 775	-32 631	9,9	13,1	-3,2
1996	95 798	133 422	-37 624	9,4	13,1	-3,7
1997	89 586	136 653	-47 067	8,9	13,5	-4,6
1998	92 645	137 296	-44 651	9,2	13,6	-4,4
1999	92 975	142 027	-49 052	9,3	14,2	-4,9
2000	93 691	134 867	-41 176	9,4	13,5	-4,1
2001	91 720	140 299	-48 579	9,2	14,1	-4,9
2002	88 743	146 655	-57 912	9,0	14,9	-5,9
2003	88 512	143 200	-54 688	9,0	14,6	-5,6
2004	88 943	140 064	-51 121	9,1	14,4	-5,3
2005	90 508	141 857	-51 349	9,4	14,7	-5,3
2006	96 721	138 426	-41 705	10,1	14,4	-4,3
2007	103 626	132 993	-29 367	10,8	13,9	-3,1
2008	107 876	133 879	-26 003	11,3	14,1	-2,8
2009	109 263	135 097	-25 834	11,5	14,2	-2,7
2010	108 050	137 132	-29 082	11,4	14,4	-3,0
2011	109 147	135 090	-25 943	11,5	14,3	-2,8
2012	115 893	126 531	-10 638	12,2	13,4	-1,2
2013	117 997	125 326	-7 329	12,5	13,2	-0,7
2014	118 534	121 542	-3 008	12,5	12,8	-0,3

Years	Total, persons			Per 1 000 population		
	births	deaths	natural increase, decrease (-)	births	deaths	natural increase, decrease (-)
Urban population						
1940	60 541	31 293	29 248	31,1	16,1	15,0
1950	47 090	13 257	33 833	28,1	7,9	20,2
1955	55 574	12 658	42 916	26,6	6,1	20,5
1960	66 473	14 351	52 122	24,8	5,4	19,4
1965	62 434	17 419	45 015	19,1	5,3	13,8
1970	74 629	21 406	53 223	18,8	5,4	13,4
1980	102 698	35 420	67 278	18,8	6,5	12,3
1985	114 413	42 893	71 520	18,5	6,9	11,6
1990	102 144	50 502	51 642	15,1	7,5	7,6
1991	94 231	53 954	40 277	13,8	7,9	5,9
1992	90 272	56 841	33 431	13,1	8,3	4,8
1993	81 442	62 260	19 182	11,8	9,0	2,8
1994	76 291	64 022	12 269	11,0	9,2	1,8
1995	69 751	66 677	3 074	10,1	9,6	0,5
1996	65 967	65 906	61	9,5	9,5	0,0
1997	61 462	68 251	-6 789	8,9	9,8	-0,9
1998	64 856	69 796	-4 940	9,3	10,0	-0,7
1999	66 380	73 654	-7 274	9,5	10,6	-1,1
2000	68 262	69 903	-1 641	9,8	10,0	-0,2
2001	66 612	72 875	-6 263	9,5	10,4	-0,9
2002	65 091	77 020	-11 929	9,3	11,0	-1,7
2003	64 814	75 420	-10 606	9,3	10,8	-1,5
2004	65 038	74 486	-9 448	9,3	10,7	-1,4
2005	66 259	76 452	-10 193	9,5	11,0	-1,5
2006	71 186	75 437	-4 251	10,2	10,8	-0,6
2007	77 137	74 017	3 120	11,1	10,6	0,5
2008	81 643	75 536	6 107	11,6	10,8	0,8
2009	82 780	76 629	6 151	11,7	10,9	0,8
2010	82 306	78 840	3 466	11,6	11,1	0,5
2011	83 445	78 947	4 498	11,7	11,0	0,7
2012	89 129	75 234	13 895	12,4	10,5	1,9
2013	90 436	75 275	15 161	12,5	10,4	2,1
2014	91 704	74 236	17 468	12,6	10,2	2,4

POPULATION

Continued

Years	Total, persons			Per 1 000 population		
	births	deaths	natural increase, decrease(-)	births	deaths	natural increase, decrease (-)
Rural population						
1940	182 846	87 138	95 708	25,7	12,2	13,5
1950	150 074	48 687	101 387	24,7	8,0	16,7
1955	138 771	45 308	93 463	24,3	7,9	16,4
1960	133 745	39 686	94 059	24,3	7,2	17,1
1965	91 431	40 737	50 694	17,1	7,6	9,5
1970	72 047	47 568	24 479	14,2	9,4	4,8
1980	51 734	60 094	-8 360	12,3	14,3	-2,0
1985	50 621	62 797	-12 176	13,3	16,4	-3,1
1990	40 023	59 080	-19 057	11,7	17,3	-5,6
1991	37 814	60 696	-22 882	11,2	18,0	-6,8
1992	37 699	59 833	-22 134	11,3	17,9	-6,6
1993	35 942	66 284	-30 342	10,8	19,9	-9,1
1994	34 308	65 981	-31 673	10,4	20,0	-9,6
1995	31 393	67 098	-35 705	9,6	20,6	-11,0
1996	29 831	67 516	-37 685	9,3	20,9	-11,6
1997	28 124	68 402	-40 278	8,9	21,5	-12,6
1998	27 789	67 500	-39 711	8,9	21,6	-12,7
1999	26 595	68 373	-41 778	8,7	22,3	-13,6
2000	25 429	64 964	-39 535	8,5	21,6	-13,1
2001	25 108	67 424	-42 316	8,5	22,9	-14,4
2002	23 652	69 635	-45 983	8,2	24,1	-15,9
2003	23 698	67 780	-44 082	8,4	24,0	-15,6
2004	23 905	65 578	-41 673	8,7	23,7	-15,0
2005	24 249	65 405	-41 156	9,0	24,2	-15,2
2006	25 535	62 989	-37 454	9,7	23,8	-14,1
2007	26 489	58 976	-32 487	10,2	22,8	-12,6
2008	26 233	58 343	-32 110	10,4	23,2	-12,8
2009	26 483	58 468	-31 985	10,8	23,8	-13,0
2010	25 744	58 292	-32 548	10,8	24,4	-13,6
2011	25 702	56 143	-30 441	11,1	24,2	-13,1
2012	26 764	51 297	-24 533	11,8	22,6	-10,8
2013	27 561	50 051	-22 490	12,4	22,6	-10,2
2014	26 830	47 306	-20 476	12,3	21,8	-9,5

4.10. Live births by age of mother and birth order

(persons)

	Live births	Of which by birth order						
		first	second	third	fourth	fifth	sixth and further	not specified
1980								
Total	154 432	80 925	54 729	11 746	3 500	1 950	1 582	–
of which to mothers aged, years:								
under 20	13 629	12 886	716	27	–	–	–	–
20-24	73 042	51 880	18 908	1 931	266	49	8	–
25-29	42 527	12 482	23 773	4 581	1 152	405	134	–
30-34	18 165	2 837	9 394	3 581	1 173	678	502	–
35-39	5 011	582	1 530	1 218	619	531	531	–
40-44	1 935	238	393	389	269	275	371	–
45-49	123	20	15	19	21	12	36	–
1990								
Total	142 167	72 858	52 061	11 236	3 133	1 554	1 308	17
of which to mothers aged, years:								
under 20	15 705	14 727	949	28	1	–	–	–
20-24	60 381	40 735	17 558	1 778	251	43	5	11
25-29	39 732	12 096	21 678	4 362	999	413	182	2
30-34	19 292	3 947	9 427	3 615	1 177	648	477	1
35-39	5 926	1 152	2 174	1 236	554	352	458	–
40-44	1 083	190	267	214	145	94	173	–
45-49	30	4	1	3	6	4	12	–
2000								
Total	93 691	54 156	29 955	6 336	1 800	786	653	5
of which to mothers aged, years:								
under 20	10 751	10 054	662	34	1	–	–	–
20-24	38 867	29 885	7 878	921	153	27	3	–
25-29	26 179	10 586	12 740	2 096	524	163	70	–
30-34	12 279	2 632	6 630	1 925	581	299	212	–
35-39	4 663	818	1 829	1 139	408	219	250	–
40-44	869	155	198	211	121	73	111	–
45-49	30	4	7	3	6	4	6	–
2010								
Total	108 050	56 521	39 038	9 230	2 034	768	452	7
of which to mothers aged, years:								
under 20	6 080	5 672	393	15	–	–	–	–
20-24	33 616	25 783	6 882	830	105	15	1	–
25-29	37 815	18 733	15 719	2 689	477	140	57	–
30-34	21 292	4 913	11 801	3 416	736	286	140	–
35-39	7 876	1 238	3 790	1 898	562	230	158	–
40-44	1 260	154	424	358	145	91	88	–
45-49	50	4	15	17	4	2	8	–

	Live births	Of which by birth order						
		first	second	third	fourth	fifth	sixth and further	not specified
2011								
Total	109 147	55 577	40 281	9 995	2 096	761	437	–
of which to mothers aged, years:								
under 20	5 751	5 311	416	23	1	–	–	–
20-24	32 351	24 566	6 824	827	107	26	1	–
25-29	39 107	19 101	16 330	2 965	521	150	40	–
30-34	22 402	5 120	12 321	3 754	779	275	153	–
35-39	8 080	1 269	3 883	2 021	515	237	155	–
40-44	1 359	182	476	383	163	71	84	–
45-49	46	7	15	14	5	2	3	–
50-54	3	2	–	1	–	–	–	–
2012								
Total	115 893	58 661	42 979	10 644	2 366	755	488	–
of which to mothers aged, years:								
under 20	5 727	5 297	405	25	–	–	–	–
20-24	32 934	25 095	6 817	871	131	17	3	–
25-29	42 412	20 792	17 751	3 111	547	158	53	–
30-34	24 111	5 747	13 084	3 955	879	275	171	–
35-39	9 108	1 504	4 343	2 235	637	226	163	–
40-44	1 495	202	552	420	158	75	88	–
45-49	52	9	12	16	8	2	5	–
50-54	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
2013								
Total	117 997	55 954	45 817	12 331	2 593	799	503	–
of which to mothers aged, years:								
under 20	5 294	4 869	404	18	3	–	–	–
20-24	30 844	22 916	6 885	906	114	22	1	–
25-29	43 186	20 403	18 420	3 551	598	165	49	–
30-34	26 729	5 993	14 634	4 697	954	276	175	–
35-39	10 163	1 537	4 819	2 656	733	241	177	–
40-44	1 688	216	629	483	182	88	90	–
45-49	47	5	8	13	6	6	9	–
50-54	3	1	1	1	–	–	–	–
2014								
Total	118 534	54 366	46 877	12 931	2 970	841	549	–
of which to mothers aged, years:								
under 20	4 713	4 313	379	19	1	1	–	–
20-24	29 036	21 412	6 555	936	113	18	2	–
25-29	43 268	20 284	18 424	3 662	676	162	60	–
30-34	28 451	6 435	15 548	4 926	1 078	298	166	–
35-39	11 063	1 658	5 247	2 813	860	269	216	–
40-44	1 902	242	695	548	231	92	94	–
45-49	67	10	19	19	7	1	11	–
50-54	2	1	–	1	–	–	–	–

4.11. Live births to unmarried women

Years	Number of live births, persons			Percent of total live births		
	total	urban	rural	total	urban	rural
1970	10 663	4 775	5 888	7,3	6,4	8,2
1980	9 925	5 269	4 656	6,4	5,1	9,0
1985	11 751	7 339	4 412	7,1	6,4	8,7
1986	11 355	6 961	4 394	6,6	5,8	8,4
1987	12 185	7 754	4 431	7,5	6,8	9,0
1988	12 813	7 913	4 900	7,9	6,8	10,4
1989	12 186	7 701	4 485	7,9	7,0	10,4
1990	12 131	7 656	4 475	8,5	7,5	11,2
1991	12 420	8 060	4 360	9,4	8,6	11,5
1992	12 531	8 304	4 227	9,8	9,2	11,2
1993	12 752	8 296	4 456	10,9	10,2	12,4
1994	13 342	8 693	4 649	12,1	11,4	13,6
1995	13 631	8 962	4 669	13,5	12,8	14,9
1996	14 293	9 321	4 972	14,9	14,1	16,7
1997	14 503	9 306	5 197	16,2	15,1	18,5
1998	15 730	10 111	5 619	17,0	15,6	20,2
1999	16 539	10 586	5 953	17,8	15,9	22,4
2000	17 442	11 422	6 020	18,6	16,7	23,7
2001	18 780	12 166	6 614	20,5	18,3	26,3
2002	18 954	12 319	6 635	21,4	18,9	28,1
2003	20 342	12 972	7 370	23,0	20,0	31,1
2004	21 252	13 506	7 746	23,9	20,8	32,4
2005	21 868	13 824	8 044	24,2	20,9	33,2
2006	21 912	13 667	8 245	22,7	19,2	32,3
2007	21 925	13 755	8 170	21,2	17,8	30,8
2008	21 698	13 776	7 922	20,1	16,9	30,2
2009	21 766	13 922	7 844	19,9	16,8	29,6
2010	21 177	13 712	7 465	19,6	16,7	29,0
2011	20 734	13 724	7 010	19,0	16,4	27,3
2012	21 075	14 109	6 966	18,2	15,8	26,0
2013	19 006	12 735	6 271	16,1	14,1	22,8
2014	17 679	11 979	5 700	14,9	13,1	21,2

4.12. Age-specific birth rates

Years	Live births per 1 000 women by age, years								Total fertility rate
	under 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	15-49	
1958-1959	16,2	146,8	177,6	120,5	71,1	22,6	4,2	91,0	2,764
1969-1970	19,6	161,6	134,5	87,1	43,2	12,3	1,3	61,3	2,331
1980-1981	32,2	172,0	117,2	57,0	20,8	5,0	0,4	62,8	2,014
1990	43,6	175,6	97,7	45,0	16,0	3,5	0,1	57,8	1,913
1995	39,5	124,6	72,7	29,9	10,7	2,3	0,1	39,2	1,406
1996	36,3	118,3	70,0	28,7	10,2	2,2	0,1	36,8	1,335
1997	33,7	107,4	67,5	28,6	9,7	2,1	0,1	34,2	1,250
1998	31,2	110,5	72,4	31,8	10,6	2,0	0,1	35,3	1,300
1999	29,7	110,8	73,8	33,4	10,4	2,0	0,1	35,3	1,310
2000	27,4	109,8	75,5	35,5	11,5	2,0	0,1	35,5	1,317
2001	26,3	105,6	73,3	36,8	11,7	2,2	0,1	34,7	1,286
2002	24,0	99,0	73,5	37,2	11,7	2,1	0,1	33,6	1,240
2003	23,8	96,6	73,9	37,1	12,2	2,2	0,1	33,5	1,232
2004	22,6	93,4	75,8	39,1	13,0	2,3	0,1	33,8	1,233
2005	21,7	91,2	79,0	41,9	14,3	2,4	0,1	34,6	1,252
2006	22,5	94,4	85,5	46,7	16,1	2,4	0,1	37,3	1,335
2007	22,1	96,3	94,1	52,7	19,1	2,9	0,1	40,4	1,429
2008	22,3	98,1	98,2	57,0	20,8	3,2	0,1	42,6	1,488
2009	22,4	95,8	100,1	59,3	22,3	3,7	0,1	43,8	1,509
2010	20,7	89,8	101,6	62,1	23,2	3,7	0,1	44,0	1,494
2011	20,9	88,9	103,4	64,8	23,8	4,0	0,1	45,1	1,515
2012	22,4	93,7	110,8	69,0	27,0	4,4	0,1	48,7	1,620
2013	22,1	91,7	112,7	75,0	30,1	5,0	0,1	50,4	1,668
2014	20,5	91,6	113,8	78,0	32,6	5,6	0,2	51,3	1,696

4.13. Deaths by age group and age-specific death rate

	Total deaths in 2014, persons	Deaths per 1 000 population of corresponding sex and age										
		1970-1971	1980-1981	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Men and women	121 542	7,6	9,8	10,8	13,1	13,5	14,7	14,4	14,3	13,4	13,2	12,8
of which by age, years:												
0-4	515	4,7	4,2	2,8	2,9	2,5	1,9	1,1	1,0	0,9	1,0	0,9
5-9	88	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
10-14	80	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
15-19	221	0,8	0,8	0,8	1,0	0,8	0,7	0,7	0,6	0,6	0,5	0,5
20-24	548	1,4	1,3	1,4	1,6	1,7	1,5	1,2	1,1	0,9	0,9	0,8
25-29	938	1,8	1,8	1,6	2,1	2,2	2,3	1,7	1,8	1,4	1,3	1,2
30-34	1 453	2,1	2,4	2,1	2,8	3,0	3,3	2,8	2,9	2,3	2,1	2,0
35-39	1 924	2,8	3,7	2,9	4,0	4,0	4,4	3,9	4,0	3,2	3,2	2,9
40-44	2 696	3,5	4,8	4,2	5,9	5,5	6,1	5,5	5,6	4,5	4,3	4,1
45-49	3 773	4,6	6,8	7,0	8,8	8,2	8,8	7,7	7,6	6,6	6,0	5,8
50-54	6 511	6,7	8,9	9,6	13,7	11,7	12,6	11,1	11,3	9,4	8,8	8,6
55-59	8 831	9,6	11,6	13,6	17,7	18,1	18,0	16,2	16,5	13,6	13,5	12,5
60-64	10 727	15,0	16,8	18,9	24,3	24,3	27,2	23,6	24,1	20,7	19,9	19,0
65-69	9 996	23,2	25,7	26,5	32,7	33,9	34,4	31,7	30,1	28,1	26,4	26,1
70 and over	73 204	68,8	73,8	84,7	88,7	80,6	81,7	79,6	76,9	76,6	78,4	77,1
Men	61 274	8,1	10,5	11,2	14,4	15,0	16,8	16,3	16,2	14,8	14,3	13,9
of which by age, years:												
0-4	309	5,3	4,8	3,2	3,4	2,8	2,2	1,2	1,2	1,1	1,1	1,1
5-9	49	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,2
10-14	47	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2
15-19	166	1,1	1,1	1,2	1,4	1,1	1,0	1,0	0,8	0,8	0,7	0,7
20-24	442	2,1	2,2	2,3	2,6	2,7	2,3	1,9	1,7	1,4	1,4	1,3
25-29	748	2,8	2,8	2,6	3,5	3,6	3,6	2,8	2,8	2,2	2,0	1,9
30-34	1 118	3,3	3,8	3,2	4,5	4,9	5,3	4,4	4,5	3,6	3,2	3,0
35-39	1 456	4,2	5,9	4,6	6,3	6,4	7,1	6,1	6,4	5,0	5,0	4,4
40-44	1 976	5,3	7,5	6,4	9,3	8,7	9,8	8,9	9,0	7,0	6,7	6,3
45-49	2 828	7,0	10,6	10,4	13,7	12,8	14,1	12,4	12,2	10,5	9,4	9,2
50-54	4 823	10,3	13,5	14,8	21,5	18,2	20,4	18,0	18,3	15,2	14,0	13,7
55-59	6 331	15,1	18,1	20,7	27,7	28,7	27,9	25,7	26,2	21,7	21,4	20,0
60-64	7 585	22,3	26,2	28,9	37,9	39,0	44,3	39,4	39,8	34,4	33,3	32,0
65-69	6 417	33,2	38,6	39,6	50,3	52,0	55,9	52,2	50,2	45,9	42,6	42,5
70 and over	26 954	81,0	92,3	102,3	108,9	98,2	103,0	102,0	99,6	99,1	99,3	97,9

	Total deaths in 2014, persons	Deaths per 1 000 population of corresponding sex and age										
		1970- 1971	1980- 1981	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Women	60 268	7,2	9,2	10,4	12,0	12,2	12,9	12,9	12,6	12,2	12,3	11,9
of which by age, years:												
0-4	206	3,9	3,5	2,4	2,4	2,2	1,6	1,1	0,9	0,8	0,8	0,7
5-9	39	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,1	0,2
10-14	33	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,1	0,2
15-19	55	0,5	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2
20-24	106	0,6	0,5	0,6	0,7	0,7	0,6	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,3
25-29	190	0,9	0,7	0,6	0,8	0,9	0,9	0,7	0,7	0,6	0,6	0,5
30-34	335	1,0	1,0	0,9	1,1	1,2	1,4	1,2	1,3	1,0	0,9	0,9
35-39	468	1,5	1,6	1,3	1,7	1,6	1,7	1,7	1,6	1,6	1,5	1,4
40-44	720	1,9	2,3	2,1	2,5	2,5	2,6	2,4	2,5	2,2	2,0	2,1
45-49	945	3,1	3,6	3,8	4,2	4,0	3,9	3,4	3,4	3,0	3,0	2,8
50-54	1 688	4,5	5,1	5,1	6,9	5,9	6,0	5,1	5,2	4,3	4,2	4,2
55-59	2 500	6,6	7,8	7,9	9,7	9,6	9,8	8,5	8,7	7,1	7,1	6,4
60-64	3 142	10,9	11,7	11,9	14,5	13,8	14,8	12,0	12,6	10,8	10,1	9,6
65-69	3 579	17,7	19,4	19,7	21,9	22,3	21,1	19,0	17,6	16,8	16,0	15,4
70 and over	46 250	62,8	65,5	77,9	80,9	73,1	72,5	70,0	67,3	67,2	69,7	68,6

4.14. Cause-specific mortality

(persons)

	2002	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total							
Deaths from all causes	146 655	141 857	137 132	135 090	126 531	125 326	121 542
of which from:							
certain infectious and parasitic diseases	1 251	1 541	1 191	1 227	1 071	965	893
neoplasms	19 346	18 573	18 443	18 130	17 822	17 320	17 327
diseases of the circulatory system	79 171	79 272	73 900	70 206	66 543	66 208	67 473
of which from acute myocardial infarction	1 850	1 794	1 654	1 540	1 482	1 313	1 296
diseases of the respiratory system	6 352	5 286	3 540	3 117	2 271	2 138	1 865
diseases of the digestive system	3 933	4 273	5 251	5 542	4 362	4 176	3 881
external causes	17 096	16 866	14 281	13 498	11 523	10 456	9 684
of which:							
transport-related accidents	2 204	2 064	1 462	1 507	1 312	1 118	1 002
accidental poisoning with alcohol	2 658	3 270	2 458	2 415	1 918	1 670	1 509
accidental drowning	1 272	1 133	1 314	733	706	576	629
suicides	3 300	3 015	2 462	2 174	1 949	1 903	1 742
homicides	1 138	864	517	478	391	396	356
At working age							
Deaths from all causes	34 540	35 224	32 070	32 440	26 992	25 578	24 367
of which from:							
certain infectious and parasitic diseases	873	1 202	949	1 000	827	735	707
neoplasms	4 967	4 950	4 968	5 000	4 835	4 666	4 771
diseases of the circulatory system	10 438	10 679	10 216	10 525	8 780	8 440	8 209
of which from acute myocardial infarction	401	392	382	322	328	272	291
diseases of the respiratory system	1 329	1 256	1 187	1 175	700	781	682
diseases of the digestive system	1 842	2 024	2 416	2 676	1 902	1 804	1 662
external causes	12 280	12 535	10 187	9 551	8 111	7 321	6 749
of which:							
transport-related accidents	1 684	1 623	1 125	1 173	1 025	857	739
accidental poisoning with alcohol	2 103	2 644	1 835	1 791	1 477	1 273	1 140
accidental drowning	963	849	1 057	552	532	396	464
suicides	2 511	2 310	1 912	1 633	1 416	1 393	1 286
homicides	851	664	396	372	294	308	280

4.15. Cause-specific mortality rates

(persons)

	2002	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total (deaths per 100 000 population)							
Total deaths from all causes	1 486,5	1 467,9	1 444,9	1 426,0	1 336,9	1 324,0	1 282,8
of which from:							
certain infectious and parasitic diseases	12,7	15,9	12,5	13,0	11,3	10,2	9,4
neoplasms	196,1	192,2	194,3	191,4	188,3	183,0	182,9
diseases of the circulatory system	802,5	820,3	778,7	741,1	703,1	699,4	712,2
of which from acute myocardial infarction	18,8	18,6	17,4	16,3	15,7	13,9	13,7
diseases of the respiratory system	64,4	54,7	37,3	32,9	24,0	22,6	19,7
diseases of the digestive system	39,9	44,2	55,3	58,5	46,1	44,1	41,0
external causes	173,3	174,5	150,5	142,5	121,7	110,5	102,2
of which:							
transport-related accidents	22,3	21,4	15,4	15,9	13,9	11,8	10,6
accidental poisoning with alcohol	26,9	33,8	25,9	25,5	20,3	17,6	15,9
accidental drowning	12,9	11,7	13,8	7,7	7,5	6,1	6,6
suicides	33,4	31,2	25,9	22,9	20,6	20,1	18,4
homicides	11,5	8,9	5,4	5,0	4,1	4,2	3,8
At working age (deaths per 100 000 population at corresponding age)							
Total deaths from all causes	586,6	592,9	550,5	561,6	472,0	452,3	435,8
of which from:							
certain infectious and parasitic diseases	14,8	20,2	16,3	17,3	14,5	13,0	12,6
neoplasms	84,4	83,3	85,3	86,6	84,6	82,5	85,3
diseases of the circulatory system	177,3	179,8	175,4	182,2	153,5	149,2	146,8
of which from acute myocardial infarction	6,8	6,6	6,6	5,6	5,7	4,8	5,2
diseases of the respiratory system	22,6	21,1	20,4	20,3	12,2	13,8	12,2
diseases of the digestive system	31,3	34,1	41,5	46,3	33,3	31,9	29,7
external causes	208,6	211,0	174,9	165,3	141,8	129,5	120,7
of which:							
transport-related accidents	28,6	27,3	19,3	20,3	17,9	15,2	13,2
accidental poisoning with alcohol	35,7	44,5	31,5	31,0	25,8	22,5	20,4
accidental drowning	16,4	14,3	18,1	9,6	9,3	7,0	8,3
suicides	42,6	38,9	32,8	28,3	24,8	24,6	23,0
homicides	14,5	11,2	6,8	6,4	5,1	5,4	5,0

4.16. Infant mortality

Years	Infant deaths under 1 year, persons			Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		
	total	of which		total	boys	girls
		boys	girls			
1960	7 042	4 051	2 991	34,9	39,3	30,8
1970	2 738	1 632	1 106	18,8	21,7	15,5
1980	2 506	1 467	1 039	16,3	18,5	13,8
1985	2 402	1 390	1 012	14,5	16,4	12,6
1986	2 284	1 361	923	13,4	15,4	11,1
1987	2 201	1 296	905	13,4	15,5	11,4
1988	2 144	1 299	845	13,1	15,4	10,7
1989	1 835	1 070	765	11,8	13,6	10,3
1990	1 717	1 031	686	11,9	14,1	10,0
1991	1 616	963	653	12,1	14,1	10,3
1992	1 584	936	648	12,3	14,3	10,4
1993	1 487	882	605	12,5	14,6	10,6
1994	1 473	825	648	13,2	14,5	12,1
1995	1 362	824	538	13,3	15,6	10,9
1996	1 210	707	503	12,5	14,2	10,7
1997	1 127	669	458	12,4	14,4	10,4
1998	1 041	637	404	11,3	13,3	9,1
1999	1 064	645	419	11,5	13,5	9,3
2000	872	513	359	9,3	10,7	7,9
2001	839	483	356	9,1	10,2	8,0
2002	695	397	298	7,8	8,6	6,9
2003	685	409	276	7,7	9,0	6,4
2004	614	364	250	6,9	8,0	5,8
2005	640	389	251	7,1	8,4	5,7
2006	587	333	254	6,1	6,8	5,5
2007	534	309	225	5,2	5,9	4,5
2008	483	295	188	4,5	5,3	3,6
2009	511	301	210	4,7	5,4	4,0
2010	429	235	194	4,0	4,2	3,7
2011	420	240	180	3,9	4,3	3,4
2012	386	221	165	3,4	3,7	3,0
2013	407	238	169	3,5	3,9	3,0
2014	409	244	165	3,5	4,0	2,9

4.17. Cause-specific infant mortality

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Infants									
Infant deaths under 1 year	1 717	1 362	872	640	429	420	386	407	409
of which from:									
certain infectious and parasitic diseases	105	103	49	35	19	12	22	26	20
diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	36	22	27	21	15	17	14	18	20
diseases of the respiratory system	237	184	87	24	15	15	9	9	6
diseases of the digestive system	20	4	5	3	4	–	–	5	3
congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities	528	404	281	173	96	93	91	91	108
certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	654	512	280	273	175	182	184	183	179
external causes	58	74	74	46	44	46	25	36	23
Per 10 000 live births									
Infant deaths under 1 year	119,4	133,1	93,0	71,0	40,0	39,0	34,0	35,0	35,0
of which from:									
certain infectious and parasitic diseases	7,3	10,1	5,2	3,9	1,8	1,1	1,9	2,2	1,7
diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	2,5	2,2	2,9	2,3	1,4	1,6	1,2	1,5	1,7
diseases of the respiratory system	16,5	18,0	9,3	2,7	1,4	1,4	0,8	0,8	0,5
diseases of the digestive system	1,4	0,4	0,5	0,3	0,4	–	–	0,4	0,3
congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities	36,7	39,5	30,0	19,2	9,0	8,6	8,0	7,8	9,2
certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	45,5	50,0	29,9	30,3	16,3	16,9	16,2	15,7	15,3
external causes	4,0	7,2	7,9	5,1	4,1	4,3	2,2	3,1	2,0

4.18. Life expectancy at birth (years)

Period, for which the indicator is calculated	Total population	Men	Women
Before 1917	37,5	37,0	38,0
1958-1959	70,3	66,2	73,5
1961-1962	71,9	68,1	74,8
1963-1964	72,4	68,4	75,4
1964-1965	72,9	68,9	75,9
1966-1967	72,9	68,8	76,1
1968-1969	72,9	68,5	76,3
1970-1971	72,5	68,1	76,0
1972-1973	72,6	68,1	76,3
1974-1975	72,5	67,7	76,4
1976-1977	71,7	66,7	76,0
1978-1979	71,4	66,3	75,9
1980-1981	71,1	65,9	75,7
1982-1983	71,3	66,0	75,9
1984-1985	72,6	67,4	77,2
1986-1987	72,0	67,3	76,0
1988	71,7	67,0	75,9
1989	71,8	66,8	76,4
1990	71,1	66,3	75,6
1991	70,7	65,5	75,5
1992	70,3	64,9	75,4
1993	69,2	63,8	74,4
1994	68,9	63,5	74,3
1995	68,6	62,9	74,3
1996	68,6	63,0	74,3
1997	68,5	62,9	74,3
1998	68,4	62,7	74,4
1999	67,9	62,2	73,9
2000	69,0	63,4	74,7
2001	68,5	62,8	74,5
2002	68,0	62,3	74,1
2003	68,5	62,7	74,7
2004	69,0	63,2	75,0
2005	68,8	62,9	75,1
2006	69,4	63,6	75,5
2007	70,3	64,5	76,2
2008	70,5	64,7	76,5
2009	70,5	64,7	76,4
2010	70,4	64,6	76,5
2011	70,6	64,7	76,7
2012	72,2	66,6	77,6
2013	72,6	67,3	77,9
2014	73,2	67,8	78,4

4.19. Marriages and divorces

	Marriages	Divorces	Per 1 000 population	
			marriages	divorces
Total population				
1950	74 245	1 594	9,6	0,2
1960	90 252	5 757	11,0	0,7
1970	83 658	17 060	9,3	1,9
1980	97 461	31 214	10,1	3,2
1990	99 229	34 986	9,7	3,4
1995	77 027	42 119	7,6	4,1
2000	62 485	43 512	6,3	4,4
2001	68 697	40 850	6,9	4,1
2002	66 652	37 386	6,8	3,8
2003	69 905	31 679	7,1	3,2
2004	60 265	29 133	6,2	3,0
2005	73 333	30 531	7,6	3,2
2006	78 979	31 814	8,2	3,3
2007	90 444	36 146	9,5	3,8
2008	77 201	36 679	8,1	3,8
2009	78 800	35 056	8,3	3,7
2010	76 978	36 655	8,1	3,9
2011	86 785	38 584	9,2	4,1
2012	76 245	39 034	8,1	4,1
2013	87 127	36 105	9,2	3,8
2014	83 942	34 864	8,9	3,7
Urban population				
1950	29 584	1 308	17,7	0,8
1960	38 349	4 573	14,2	1,7
1970	44 215	13 034	11,1	3,3
1980	57 198	25 011	10,5	4,6
1990	71 501	29 123	10,6	4,3
1995	56 887	34 932	8,2	5,0
2000	49 589	35 662	7,1	5,1
2001	55 060	33 612	7,9	4,8
2002	53 838	31 066	7,7	4,5
2003	57 028	26 453	8,2	3,8
2004	49 001	24 597	7,0	3,5
2005	60 114	25 810	8,6	3,7
2006	64 965	26 928	9,3	3,9
2007	74 894	31 315	10,7	4,5
2008	64 281	31 739	9,2	4,5
2009	65 149	30 221	9,2	4,3
2010	63 813	31 603	9,0	4,5
2011	71 795	33 105	10,0	4,6
2012	62 828	33 197	8,7	4,6
2013	71 702	31 239	9,9	4,3
2014	69 649	30 436	9,5	4,2

Continued

	Marriages	Divorces	Per 1 000 population	
			marriages	divorces
Rural population				
1950	44 661	286	7,4	0,0
1960	51 903	1 184	9,5	0,2
1970	39 443	4 026	7,8	0,8
1980	40 263	6 203	9,6	1,5
1990	27 728	5 863	8,1	1,7
1995	20 140	7 187	6,2	2,2
2000	12 896	7 850	4,3	2,6
2001	13 637	7 238	4,6	2,5
2002	12 814	6 320	4,4	2,2
2003	12 877	5 226	4,6	1,8
2004	11 264	4 536	4,1	1,6
2005	13 219	4 721	4,9	1,7
2006	14 014	4 886	5,3	1,8
2007	15 550	4 831	6,0	1,9
2008	12 920	4 940	5,1	2,0
2009	13 651	4 835	5,6	2,0
2010	13 165	5 052	5,5	2,1
2011	14 990	5 479	6,4	2,4
2012	13 417	5 837	5,9	2,6
2013	15 425	4 866	7,0	2,2
2014	14 293	4 428	6,6	2,0

4.20. Average age at marriage (years)

Years	First marriage		Remarriage	
	men	women	men	women
1980	24,3	22,9	37,6	34,3
1985	23,8	22,4	37,5	34,6
1990	24,4	22,5	38,2	36,2
1995	24,2	22,1	37,5	35,5
1996	24,4	22,4	38,3	36,1
1997	24,6	22,5	37,9	35,6
1998	24,8	22,6	38,0	35,7
1999	24,9	22,7	38,3	36,0
2000	25,0	22,8	39,1	36,7
2001	25,1	22,9	39,1	36,7
2002	25,3	23,0	39,7	37,2
2003	25,4	23,2	39,8	37,4
2004	25,6	23,4	40,6	38,0
2005	25,7	23,5	40,4	37,8
2006	25,8	23,6	40,2	37,4
2007	25,9	23,8	39,9	37,3
2008	26,0	23,9	40,1	37,4
2009	26,4	24,2	40,2	37,3
2010	26,5	24,4	40,1	37,2
2011	26,6	24,5	40,0	37,1
2012	26,7	24,6	40,5	37,6
2013	27,1	25,0	40,3	37,5
2014	27,4	25,3	40,6	37,6

4.21. Marriages by age of groom and bride

	Total marriages	Of which by age of groom, years										
		under 18	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 and over
2000												
Total marriages	62 485	187	2 438	27 640	14 934	6 085	3 836	2 590	1 687	1 084	569	1 435
of which by age of bride, years:												
under 18	1 770	74	359	1 164	153	15	5	–	–	–	–	–
18-19	11 070	68	1 167	7 720	1 766	259	64	15	5	5	1	–
20-24	26 976	39	807	16 111	7 737	1 625	465	128	42	17	3	2
25-29	9 542	5	77	2 229	3 966	2 058	813	266	87	29	6	6
30-34	4 386	1	17	316	991	1 441	1 008	406	134	43	18	11
35-39	2 898	–	11	76	256	513	974	694	251	84	22	17
40-44	2 028	–	–	21	54	145	383	732	439	172	47	35
45-49	1 408	–	–	1	5	23	101	262	509	314	104	89
50-54	975	–	–	2	5	5	19	76	176	332	193	167
55-59	422	–	–	–	–	1	3	3	29	54	98	234
60 and over	1 010	–	–	–	1	–	1	8	15	34	77	874
2010												
Total marriages	76 978	55	1 376	25 683	24 516	10 067	5 433	3 225	2 616	1 799	1 058	1 150
of which by age of bride, years:												
under 18	811	27	179	494	85	21	4	1	–	–	–	–
18-19	5 821	19	588	3 808	1 209	147	28	12	6	1	3	–
20-24	32 950	7	506	17 273	12 194	2 282	501	126	42	12	5	2
25-29	18 311	2	78	3 474	8 737	3 997	1 327	449	165	56	13	13
30-34	7 703	–	18	504	1 784	2 538	1 716	683	300	120	29	11
35-39	4 146	–	5	89	407	796	1 257	854	476	187	52	23
40-44	2 431	–	1	29	76	218	400	681	603	284	87	52
45-49	2 011	–	1	8	17	62	151	311	718	470	191	82
50-54	1 322	–	–	1	5	3	37	84	247	490	315	140
55-59	776	–	–	1	2	1	11	20	54	152	284	251
60 and over	696	–	–	2	–	2	1	4	5	27	79	576
2011												
Total marriages	86 785	68	1 449	28 211	28 630	11 278	6 134	3 770	2 747	2 040	1 185	1 273
of which by age of bride, years:												
under 18	882	38	197	518	112	11	3	1	2	–	–	–
18-19	6 188	14	633	4 078	1 263	171	19	6	4	–	–	–
20-24	37 227	12	520	19 156	14 233	2 529	562	145	46	19	4	1
25-29	21 133	4	75	3 783	10 426	4 592	1 534	499	149	51	12	8
30-34	8 705	–	15	542	2 034	2 864	1 929	844	313	123	31	10
35-39	4 642	–	7	121	445	831	1 409	1 037	512	190	65	25
40-44	2 814	–	2	9	95	214	477	830	691	326	126	44
45-49	2 045	–	–	2	18	51	154	298	709	552	166	95
50-54	1 557	–	–	2	3	12	36	89	257	587	375	196
55-59	854	–	–	–	–	2	8	18	49	159	305	313
60 and over	738	–	–	–	1	1	3	3	15	33	101	581

Continued

	Total marriages	Of which by age of groom, years										
		under 18	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 and over
2012												
Total marriages	76 245	71	1 495	23 734	24 495	10 348	5 457	3 452	2 648	2 047	1 235	1 263
of which by age of bride, years:												
under 18	855	34	212	498	96	12	3	–	–	–	–	–
18-19	5 612	20	688	3 575	1 135	160	27	3	4	–	–	–
20-24	31 137	15	514	16 046	11 780	2 149	454	115	41	17	6	–
25-29	18 451	2	61	3 045	9 086	4 278	1 351	412	141	51	18	6
30-34	7 976	–	18	465	1 882	2 634	1 754	723	320	125	36	19
35-39	4 358	–	2	84	409	844	1 240	994	484	199	68	34
40-44	2 680	–	–	16	87	209	459	796	666	316	94	37
45-49	1 951	–	–	1	15	53	133	295	650	526	207	71
50-54	1 549	–	–	2	5	7	33	86	263	606	355	192
55-59	912	–	–	2	–	2	2	22	71	166	339	308
60 and over	764	–	–	–	–	–	1	6	8	41	112	596
2013												
Total marriages	87 127	89	1 659	24 508	28 498	12 840	6 927	4 253	2 979	2 434	1 507	1 433
of which by age of bride, years:												
under 18	961	45	283	495	118	13	5	2	–	–	–	–
18-19	5 554	31	692	3 446	1 177	155	37	10	2	3	1	–
20-24	33 436	11	565	16 490	13 191	2 487	516	115	38	17	6	–
25-29	22 354	2	102	3 418	11 072	5 353	1 627	531	157	57	26	9
30-34	10 147	–	13	534	2 336	3 417	2 304	960	390	146	33	14
35-39	5 405	–	3	106	490	1 068	1 644	1 175	576	239	68	36
40-44	3 346	–	1	12	95	264	587	1 003	803	369	155	57
45-49	2 146	–	–	5	13	63	151	315	650	618	224	107
50-54	1 825	–	–	2	5	18	47	116	278	696	469	194
55-59	1 057	–	–	–	1	1	8	20	72	238	385	332
60 and over	896	–	–	–	–	1	1	6	13	51	140	684
2014												
Total marriages	83 942	96	1 433	22 008	27 378	13 143	7 021	4 429	2 965	2 310	1 599	1 560
of which by age of bride, years:												
under 18	841	62	227	426	110	14	2	–	–	–	–	–
18-19	4 889	25	652	3 060	973	138	19	14	3	3	2	–
20-24	30 333	7	449	14 653	12 296	2 315	449	101	37	21	4	1
25-29	21 975	2	77	3 215	10 843	5 540	1 577	479	160	57	13	12
30-34	10 629	–	16	515	2 467	3 635	2 412	982	388	140	53	21
35-39	5 863	–	9	117	545	1 148	1 765	1 331	569	256	92	31
40-44	3 449	–	2	17	117	280	576	1 026	780	412	184	55
45-49	2 135	–	1	4	19	49	172	346	667	561	223	93
50-54	1 712	–	–	–	5	20	35	111	279	611	436	215
55-59	1 106	–	–	1	2	2	12	30	72	188	446	353
60 and over	1 010	–	–	–	1	2	2	9	10	61	146	779

4.22. Total results of migration¹⁾

(persons)

	Arrivals					
	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	238 317	228 429	213 386	212 304	225 446	247 816
International migration	13 031	17 169	17 510	18 040	19 435	24 941
CIS countries	11 426	14 303	14 690	13 455	14 689	19 855
non-CIS countries	1 605	2 866	2 820	4 585	4 746	5 086
Internal migration	225 286	211 260	195 876	194 264	206 011	222 875
interregional migration	97 221	94 507	86 620	88 692	97 057	102 498
intra regional migration	128 065	116 753	109 256	105 572	108 954	120 377
interdistrict	106 165	90 469	81 296	80 492	81 222	86 513
intradistrict	21 900	26 284	27 960	25 080	27 732	33 864
Urban areas	162 280	171 708	161 380	157 965	167 278	178 995
International migration	9 136	12 393	12 747	14 044	15 305	18 528
CIS countries	7 791	10 481	10 882	10 123	11 388	14 447
non-CIS countries	1 345	1 912	1 865	3 921	3 917	4 081
Internal migration	153 144	159 315	148 633	143 921	151 973	160 467
interregional migration	72 175	74 379	68 208	68 778	74 931	77 608
intra regional migration	80 969	84 936	80 425	75 143	77 042	82 859
interdistrict	67 164	65 674	59 289	57 138	56 952	59 586
intradistrict	13 805	19 262	21 136	18 005	20 090	23 273
Rural areas	76 037	56 721	52 006	54 339	58 168	68 821
International migration	3 895	4 776	4 763	3 996	4 130	6 413
CIS countries	3 635	3 822	3 808	3 332	3 301	5 408
non-CIS countries	260	954	955	664	829	1 005
Internal migration	72 142	51 945	47 243	50 343	54 038	62 408
interregional migration	25 046	20 128	18 412	19 914	22 126	24 890
intra regional migration	47 096	31 817	28 831	30 429	31 912	37 518
interdistrict	39 001	24 795	22 007	23 354	24 270	26 927
intradistrict	8 095	7 022	6 824	7 075	7 642	10 591

	Departures					
	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	236 368	218 126	203 486	202 976	213 803	232 094
International migration	11 082	6 866	7 610	8 712	7 792	9 219
CIS countries	7 520	5 040	5 799	6 509	5 374	5 912
non-CIS countries	3 562	1 826	1 811	2 203	2 418	3 307
Internal migration	225 286	211 260	195 876	194 264	206 011	222 875
interregional migration	97 221	94 507	86 620	88 692	97 057	102 498
intra regional migration	128 065	116 753	109 256	105 572	108 954	120 377
interdistrict	106 165	90 469	81 296	80 492	81 222	86 513
intradistrict	21 900	26 284	27 960	25 080	27 732	33 864
Urban areas	147 657	129 174	116 219	124 585	134 261	146 258
International migration	9 196	5 657	6 367	7 443	6 731	7 931
CIS countries	6 007	3 994	4 757	5 470	4 570	5 002
non-CIS countries	3 189	1 663	1 610	1 973	2 161	2 929
Internal migration	138 461	123 517	109 852	117 142	127 530	138 327
interregional migration	68 991	67 134	60 692	64 954	71 839	76 423
intra regional migration	69 470	56 383	49 160	52 188	55 691	61 904
interdistrict	60 125	47 700	40 749	43 602	46 193	49 218
intradistrict	9 345	8 683	8 411	8 586	9 498	12 686
Rural areas	88 711	88 952	87 267	78 391	79 542	85 836
International migration	1 886	1 209	1 243	1 269	1 061	1 288
CIS countries	1 513	1 046	1 042	1 039	804	910
non-CIS countries	373	163	201	230	257	378
Internal migration	86 825	87 743	86 024	77 122	78 481	84 548
interregional migration	28 230	27 373	25 928	23 738	25 218	26 075
intra regional migration	58 595	60 370	60 096	53 384	53 263	58 473
interdistrict	46 040	42 769	40 547	36 890	35 029	37 295
intradistrict	12 555	17 601	19 549	16 494	18 234	21 178

	Net migration					
	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	1 949	10 303	9 900	9 328	11 643	15 722
International migration	1 949	10 303	9 900	9 328	11 643	15 722
CIS countries	3 906	9 263	8 891	6 946	9 315	13 943
non-CIS countries	-1 957	1 040	1 009	2 382	2 328	1 779
Internal migration	–	–	–	–	–	–
interregional migration	–	–	–	–	–	–
intraregional migration	–	–	–	–	–	–
interdistrict	–	–	–	–	–	–
intradistrict	–	–	–	–	–	–
Urban areas	14 623	42 534	45 161	33 380	33 017	32 737
International migration	-60	6 736	6 380	6 601	8 574	10 597
CIS countries	1 784	6 487	6 125	4 653	6 818	9 445
non-CIS countries	-1 844	249	255	1 948	1 756	1 152
Internal migration	14 683	35 798	38 781	26 779	24 443	22 140
interregional migration	3 184	7 245	7 516	3 824	3 092	1 185
intraregional migration	11 499	28 553	31 265	22 955	21 351	20 955
interdistrict	7 039	17 974	18 540	13 536	10 759	10 386
intradistrict	4 460	10 579	12 725	9 419	10 592	10 586
Rural areas	-12 674	-32 231	-35 261	-24 052	-21 374	-17 015
International migration	2 009	3 567	3 520	2 727	3 069	5 125
CIS countries	2 122	2 776	2 766	2 293	2 497	4 498
non-CIS countries	-113	791	754	434	572	627
Internal migration	-14 683	-35 798	-38 781	-26 779	-24 443	-22 140
interregional migration	-3 184	-7 245	-7 516	-3 824	-3 092	-1 185
intraregional migration	-11 499	-28 553	-31 265	-22 955	-21 351	-20 955
interdistrict	-7 039	-17 974	-18 540	-13 536	-10 759	-10 368
intradistrict	-4 460	-10 579	-12 725	-9 419	-10 592	-10 587

¹⁾ Hereinafter data on CIS countries from 2010 are shown excluding Georgia, on non-CIS countries – including Georgia.

4.23. International migration by country

(persons)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Arrivals in the Republic of Belarus – total	25 943	13 031	17 169	17 510	18 040	19 435	24 941
of which from:							
CIS countries	23 492	11 426	14 303	14 690	13 455	14 689	19 855
Armenia	126	181	186	170	153	196	242
Azerbaijan	197	142	333	261	215	290	343
Kazakhstan	3 590	813	698	844	963	1 112	1 408
Kyrgyzstan	132	111	107	93	80	68	96
Moldova, Republic of	391	249	278	268	219	323	310
Russia	14 424	7 276	9 268	9 666	8 560	9 150	9 131
Tajikistan	136	64	42	62	47	57	85
Turkmenistan	295	97	554	631	800	1 106	1 710
Ukraine	3 546	1 979	2 640	2 539	2 258	2 203	6 311
Uzbekistan	447	385	197	156	160	184	219
non-CIS countries	2 451	1 605	2 866	2 820	4 585	4 746	5 086
Afghanistan	151	32	36	40	46	48	45
Austria	–	–	5	2	35	20	15
Belgium	–	–	7	3	49	29	38
Bulgaria	18	4	14	15	24	24	28
Canada	3	9	11	10	78	57	51
China	348	62	133	144	79	285	465
Czech Republic	7	5	10	7	75	56	52
Estonia	62	31	47	51	53	53	39
France	8	6	19	7	129	81	86
Georgia	208	129	227	213	188	295	272
Germany	57	68	153	145	427	263	282
India	18	6	18	21	44	53	51
Iran, Islamic Republic of	72	145	30	39	31	96	69
Iraq	2	16	19	14	8	46	40
Israel	198	227	179	209	246	267	220
Italy	11	11	36	25	245	175	142
Jordan	24	17	2	7	11	14	9
Latvia	291	189	363	250	209	243	256
Lebanon	203	84	20	15	49	73	49
Libya	3	7	5	1	4	22	22
Lithuania	384	297	799	887	478	753	1 001
Morocco	25	12	3	2	4	2	3
Netherlands	2	3	10	7	51	31	86
Nigeria	7	28	15	54	220	152	92
Norway	6	14	3	3	28	18	21
Pakistan	19	16	11	14	10	14	8
Poland	42	28	242	206	255	235	242
Spain	2	1	6	2	69	42	61
Sri Lanka	6	–	10	26	23	15	12
Sweden	2	3	3	2	48	40	39
Switzerland	–	–	7	4	36	21	23
Syrian Arab Republic	70	35	32	34	85	110	80
Turkey	18	13	68	80	139	198	195
United Kingdom	1	3	7	10	118	79	83
United States	62	60	130	95	408	320	343
Viet Nam	108	82	69	80	67	106	138
Yemen	20	11	10	9	16	15	9

Continued

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Departures from the Republic of Belarus – total	13 812	11 082	6 866	7 610	8 712	7 792	9 219
of which to:							
CIS countries	7 249	7 520	5 040	5 799	6 509	5 374	5 912
Armenia	15	11	14	32	23	47	55
Azerbaijan	23	12	24	35	49	53	104
Kazakhstan	110	125	93	89	69	81	167
Kyrgyzstan	6	1	–	4	3	7	5
Moldova, Republic of	37	36	24	27	30	30	32
Russia	5 854	6 452	4 237	4 953	5 493	4 378	4 669
Tajikistan	4	5	4	6	3	3	13
Turkmenistan	36	43	79	86	116	219	371
Ukraine	1 137	811	555	563	703	529	429
Uzbekistan	22	11	10	4	20	27	67
non-CIS countries	6 563	3 562	1 826	1 811	2 203	2 418	3 307
Afghanistan	55	13	5	25	23	18	19
Austria	6	26	21	18	41	49	44
Belgium	17	10	20	22	47	39	32
Bulgaria	6	4	6	7	16	8	18
Canada	122	113	34	59	72	55	55
China	242	221	52	4	4	50	206
Czech Republic	7	30	26	38	50	67	61
Estonia	10	16	7	6	14	13	24
France	17	3	52	51	37	30	45
Georgia	5	13	23	53	33	51	89
Germany	918	808	433	409	503	469	470
India	29	9	–	7	7	10	15
Iran, Islamic Republic of	99	103	12	10	1	18	54
Iraq	2	4	6	3	–	3	36
Israel	2 500	636	351	293	363	300	275
Italy	192	26	99	120	89	83	144
Jordan	14	13	1	1	4	3	6
Latvia	50	35	27	41	62	105	146
Lebanon	103	98	26	16	9	9	28
Libya	1	114	4	1	–	6	15
Lithuania	109	143	81	144	175	197	409
Morocco	31	7	–	1	–	2	–
Netherlands	16	7	23	5	11	63	50
Nigeria	11	5	7	12	50	53	27
Norway	4	12	4	18	13	9	8
Pakistan	30	17	4	4	5	6	5
Poland	81	89	113	92	162	184	231
Spain	3	9	15	2	12	15	16
Sri Lanka	7	3	4	13	8	8	17
Sweden	39	19	16	21	33	30	24
Switzerland	3	18	5	22	30	12	26
Syrian Arab Republic	30	29	12	8	24	25	31
Turkey	24	25	29	14	42	62	175
United Kingdom	12	11	7	16	15	33	36
United States	1 560	664	221	194	165	211	249
Viet Nam	31	63	15	20	15	17	44
Yemen	7	17	–	2	1	3	7

Continued

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Net migration	12 131	1 949	10 303	9 900	9 328	11 643	15 722
of which at the expense of:							
CIS countries	16 243	3 906	9 263	8 891	6 946	9 315	13 943
Armenia	111	170	172	138	130	149	187
Azerbaijan	174	130	309	226	166	237	239
Kazakhstan	3 480	688	605	755	894	1 031	1 241
Kyrgyzstan	126	110	107	89	77	61	91
Moldova, Republic of	354	213	254	241	189	293	278
Russia	8 570	824	5 031	4 713	3 067	4 772	4 462
Tajikistan	132	59	38	56	44	54	72
Turkmenistan	259	54	475	545	684	887	1 339
Ukraine	2 409	1 168	2 085	1 976	1 555	1 674	5 882
Uzbekistan	425	374	187	152	140	157	152
non-CIS countries	-4 112	-1 957	1 040	1 009	2 382	2 328	1 779
Afghanistan	96	19	31	15	23	30	26
Austria	-6	-26	-16	-16	-6	-29	-29
Belgium	-17	-10	-13	-19	2	-10	6
Bulgaria	12	–	8	8	8	16	10
Canada	-119	-104	-23	-49	6	2	-4
China	106	-159	81	140	75	235	259
Czech Republic	–	-25	-16	-31	25	-11	-9
Estonia	52	15	40	45	39	40	15
France	-9	3	-33	-44	92	51	41
Georgia	203	116	204	160	155	244	183
Germany	-861	-740	-280	-264	-76	-206	-188
India	-11	-3	18	14	37	43	36
Iran, Islamic Republic of	-27	42	18	29	30	78	15
Iraq	–	12	13	11	8	43	4
Israel	-2 302	-409	-172	-84	-117	-33	-55
Italy	-181	-15	-63	-95	156	92	-2
Jordan	10	4	1	6	7	11	3
Latvia	241	154	336	209	147	138	110
Lebanon	100	-14	-6	-1	40	64	21
Libya	2	-107	1	–	4	16	7
Lithuania	275	154	718	743	303	556	592
Morocco	-6	5	3	1	4	–	3
Netherlands	-14	-4	-13	2	40	-32	36
Nigeria	-4	23	8	42	170	99	65
Norway	2	2	-1	-15	15	9	13
Pakistan	-11	-1	7	10	5	8	3
Poland	-39	-61	129	114	93	51	11
Spain	-1	-8	-9	–	57	27	45
Sri Lanka	-1	-3	6	13	15	7	-5
Sweden	-37	-16	-13	-19	15	10	15
Switzerland	-3	-18	2	-18	6	9	-3
Syrian Arab Republic	40	6	20	26	61	85	49
Turkey	-6	-12	39	66	97	136	20
United Kingdom	-11	-8	–	-6	103	46	47
United States	-1 498	-604	-91	-99	243	109	94
Viet Nam	77	19	54	60	52	89	94
Yemen	13	-6	10	7	15	12	2

5. LABOUR

The section presents data on labour resources, economically active population, employed population and unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies, turnover, and occupational injuries.

Labour resources comprise population employed in the economy, or able to work but inactive for any reason. Labour resources cover able-bodied population at working age and working persons over and under working age.

Able-bodied population at working age comprises resident population at working age (men 16-59 years old, women 16-54 years old), except non-working persons who receive group I and II disability pensions (including disabled military pensioners), long service pensions, and age pensions.

Economically active population (labour force) is a part of the population that ensures labour supply for the production of goods, works and services. The economically active population comprises employed population and unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies.

Population employed in the economy (employed population) comprises persons in paid employment as well as self-employed who performed work for profit or gain, as well as temporarily absent from work. Unpaid family workers are also included in this category.

Starting from 2010 employed population comprises career military personnel (excluding conscripts).

Data on labour resources, economically active and employed population are **annual averages**.

Immigrant workers are foreign nationals without permanent residence permits who arrived in Belarus for employment and work under an employment agreement with an employer of the Republic of Belarus or engaged in such activities in Belarus.

Data on the number of arrivals of immigrant workers in Belarus are compiled by the Department of Citizenship and Migration of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Belarus on the basis of special work permits granted to foreigners.

Hires comprise persons enrolled in organizations in the reference period by employer's hiring order (directive).

Terminations comprise all workers who quitted jobs in organizations regardless of the grounds of termination of employment agreement, and the discharge or transfer of whom was documented by the order (directive).

Occupational injuries cover the cases when a worker incurs a personal injury due to an occupational accident while performing his/her regular duties in the premises of employer or commuting in a transport vehicle provided by employer, which results in one or more working days of incapacity or death.

An **occupational accident** is an occurrence resulting in injury or other damage to health of worker while performing his/her regular duties and in other cases specified by the Rules of Investigation and Recording of Occupational Accidents and Diseases, both in the premises of employer and in any other place where the worker was performing his/her work or undertaking actions in the interests of the employer, and which resulted in the necessity to transfer the employee to another job, temporary or permanent incapacity for work, or death.

Occupational disease is a disease contracted exclusively or predominantly as a result of an exposure to an occupational risk factor arising from work activity and resulting in temporary (for at least one day) or permanent occupational incapacity or death.

The information on the number and composition of unemployed is based on the data of the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of the Republic of Belarus and covers persons registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies.

Applications to labour, employment and social protection agencies for job placement assistance covers persons who applied to labour, employment and social protection agencies in order to find work, including those wishing to change job or find a secondary job, pensioners, and students wishing to work in their free time.

Persons assisted in job placement is the total number of persons accepted to vacant jobs (vacancies), including reservations for employment, due to the moving to another area for residence and employment, in compliance with the Regulation on the organization of temporary employment of unemployed young people "Youth Practice", as part of the adaptation of disabled to labour activity, etc. Persons in paid community service are not included.

Unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies are able-bodied residents of the Republic of Belarus who are without work or earnings, are registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies at the place of their residence for the purpose of finding adequate work, are seeking work and are currently available for work.

Registered unemployment rate is defined as the ratio of the number of unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies to the economically active population.

Employment

5.1. Labour resources

Years	Labour resources, thous. persons	Of which		Percentage share of labour resources in total population
		able-bodied population at working age	persons over and under working age employed in the economy	
1990	5 938,8	5 566,6	372,2	58,3
1991	6 005,2	5 562,4	442,8	58,9
1992	5 971,8	5 556,0	415,8	58,5
1993	5 880,6	5 532,9	347,7	57,4
1994	5 855,9	5 502,2	353,7	57,3
1995	5 848,7	5 503,3	345,4	57,4
1996	5 829,5	5 518,8	310,7	57,4
1997	5 837,3	5 539,6	297,7	57,7
1998	5 864,0	5 579,2	284,8	58,2
1999	5 933,6	5 647,4	286,2	59,2
2000	5 997,0	5 703,7	293,3	60,1
2001	6 042,3	5 753,1	289,2	60,9
2002	6 059,5	5 786,7	272,8	61,4
2003	6 075,7	5 811,9	263,8	62,0
2004	6 097,3	5 829,5	267,8	62,7
2005	6 106,1	5 838,2	267,9	63,2
2006	6 107,7	5 838,2	269,5	63,6
2007	6 109,9	5 825,0	284,9	63,9
2008	6 108,0	5 804,4	303,6	64,1
2009	6 081,4	5 777,8	303,6	64,0
2010	6 078,5	5 742,0	336,5	64,0
2011	6 031,4	5 694,9	336,5	63,7
2012	6 030,0	5 637,4	392,6	63,7
2013	5 989,1	5 587,1	402,0	63,3
2014	5 962,9	5 539,6	423,3	62,9

5.2. Economically active population

Years	Economically active population			Of which					
				employed population			unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies		
	total	men	women	total	men	women	total	men	women
Thousand persons									
1995	4 524,2	2 147,5	2 376,7	4 409,6	2 105,7	2 303,9	114,6	41,8	72,8
1996	4 537,0	2 193,1	2 343,9	4 364,8	2 128,0	2 236,8	172,2	65,1	107,1
1997	4 527,9	2 184,8	2 343,1	4 369,9	2 128,6	2 241,3	158,0	56,2	101,8
1998	4 527,8	2 183,9	2 343,9	4 416,6	2 146,5	2 270,1	111,2	37,4	73,8
1999	4 542,0	2 163,2	2 378,8	4 442,0	2 127,8	2 314,2	100,0	35,4	64,6
2000	4 539,6	2 152,7	2 386,9	4 443,6	2 115,1	2 328,5	96,0	37,6	58,4
2001	4 523,9	2 129,0	2 394,9	4 421,8	2 087,2	2 334,6	102,1	41,8	60,3
2002	4 506,4	2 106,9	2 399,5	4 386,9	2 060,0	2 326,9	119,5	46,9	72,6
2003	4 487,6	2 089,7	2 397,9	4 346,9	2 037,6	2 309,3	140,7	52,1	88,6
2004	4 437,6	2 071,5	2 366,1	4 325,7	2 033,6	2 292,1	111,9	37,9	74,0
2005	4 490,6	2 119,7	2 370,9	4 414,1	2 095,1	2 319,0	76,5	24,6	51,9
2006	4 534,4	2 148,1	2 386,3	4 470,2	2 126,5	2 343,7	64,2	21,6	42,6
2007	4 566,9	2 169,1	2 397,8	4 518,3	2 151,7	2 366,6	48,6	17,4	31,2
2008	4 654,2	2 197,9	2 456,3	4 610,5	2 181,9	2 428,6	43,7	16,0	27,7
2009	4 686,1	2 222,5	2 463,6	4 643,9	2 204,1	2 439,8	42,2	18,4	23,8
2010	4 742,2	2 289,4	2 452,8	4 703,0	2 271,0	2 432,0	39,2	18,4	20,8
2011	4 722,7	2 330,7	2 392,0	4 691,2	2 315,6	2 375,6	31,5	15,1	16,4
2012	4 640,6	2 274,3	2 366,3	4 612,1	2 260,0	2 352,1	28,5	14,3	14,2
2013	4 601,8	2 270,0	2 331,8	4 578,4	2 256,6	2 321,8	23,4	13,4	10,0
2014	4 572,8	2 305,7	2 267,1	4 550,5	2 292,0	2 258,5	22,3	13,7	8,6
Percent of total economically active population									
1995	100	47,5	52,5	97,5	46,6	50,9	2,5	0,9	1,6
1996	100	48,3	51,7	96,2	46,9	49,3	3,8	1,4	2,4
1997	100	48,3	51,7	96,5	47,0	49,5	3,5	1,3	2,2
1998	100	48,2	51,8	97,6	47,4	50,2	2,4	0,8	1,6
1999	100	47,6	52,4	97,8	46,8	51,0	2,2	0,8	1,4
2000	100	47,4	52,6	97,9	46,6	51,3	2,1	0,8	1,3
2001	100	47,1	52,9	97,8	46,2	51,6	2,2	0,9	1,3
2002	100	46,8	53,2	97,3	45,7	51,6	2,7	1,1	1,6
2003	100	46,6	53,4	96,9	45,4	51,5	3,1	1,2	1,9
2004	100	46,7	53,3	97,5	45,8	51,7	2,5	0,9	1,6
2005	100	47,2	52,8	98,3	46,7	51,6	1,7	0,5	1,2
2006	100	47,4	52,6	98,6	46,9	51,7	1,4	0,5	0,9
2007	100	47,5	52,5	98,9	47,1	51,8	1,1	0,4	0,7
2008	100	47,2	52,8	99,1	46,9	52,2	0,9	0,3	0,6
2009	100	47,4	52,6	99,1	47,0	52,1	0,9	0,4	0,5
2010	100	48,3	51,7	99,2	47,9	51,3	0,8	0,4	0,4
2011	100	49,3	50,7	99,3	49,0	50,3	0,7	0,3	0,4
2012	100	49,0	51,0	99,4	48,7	50,7	0,6	0,3	0,3
2013	100	49,3	50,7	99,5	49,0	50,5	0,5	0,3	0,2
2014	100	50,4	49,6	99,5	50,1	49,4	0,5	0,3	0,2

5.3. Employed population by ownership type

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Thousand persons									
Total	4 443,6	4 414,1	4 610,5	4 643,9	4 703,0	4 691,2	4 612,1	4 578,4	4 550,5
of which by ownership type:									
state	2 540,5	2 285,3	2 298,5	2 198,6	2 100,5	2 055,7	1 965,0	1 879,4	1 771,6
private	1 884,7	2 072,6	2 238,1	2 372,5	2 520,1	2 536,9	2 538,5	2 566,1	2 631,8
mixed without foreign share	495,2	651,7	667,3	780,6	903,7	899,3	880,9	858,7	857,6
mixed with foreign share	63,0	113,1	148,0	147,3	184,7	249,7	278,9	308,8	314,0
foreign	18,4	56,2	73,9	72,8	82,4	98,6	108,6	132,9	147,1
Percent of total									
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by ownership type:									
state	57,2	51,8	49,9	47,3	44,7	43,8	42,6	41,1	39,0
private	42,4	46,9	48,5	51,1	53,6	54,1	55,0	56,0	57,8
mixed without foreign share	11,1	14,8	14,5	16,8	19,2	19,2	19,1	18,7	18,8
mixed with foreign share	1,4	2,5	3,2	3,2	3,9	5,3	6,0	6,7	6,9
foreign	0,4	1,3	1,6	1,6	1,7	2,1	2,4	2,9	3,2

5.4. Employed population by economic activity

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Thousand persons									
Total employed in the economy	4 443,6	4 414,1	4 610,5	4 643,9	4 703,0	4 691,2	4 612,1	4 578,4	4 550,5
production sector	2 222,7	2 058,0	2 099,2	2 093,6	2 084,6	2 071,6	1 984,3	1 943,3	1 908,8
agriculture, hunting and forestry	674,0	523,2	498,5	499,5	492,2	480,2	458,5	433,4	430,7
fishing and fish farming	2,9	2,1	2,2	2,3	2,3	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,0
industry	1 249,3	1 213,5	1 228,1	1 201,8	1 182,9	1 188,2	1 170,2	1 143,8	1 102,4
mining and quarrying	25,7	23,6	21,8	22,0	16,3	16,8	16,5	16,8	15,8
manufacturing	1 091,8	1 057,7	1 085,2	1 058,5	1 045,5	1 052,9	1 036,5	1 010,9	970,9
electricity, gas and water supply	131,8	132,2	121,1	121,3	121,1	118,5	117,2	116,1	115,7
construction	296,5	319,2	370,4	390,0	407,2	400,8	353,2	363,7	373,7
services sector	2 220,9	2 356,1	2 511,3	2 550,3	2 618,4	2 619,6	2 627,8	2 635,1	2 641,7
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	458,0	546,8	612,5	627,0	638,4	628,8	637,2	648,4	656,9
hotels and restaurants	92,4	82,9	89,3	90,8	92,4	93,3	93,9	94,7	94,5
transport and communications	325,5	335,3	355,6	352,8	350,3	344,1	341,3	342,8	341,5
financial activities	58,8	61,1	69,7	70,8	71,6	73,2	73,3	74,2	75,7
real estate, renting and business services	201,4	217,7	268,6	282,7	300,2	315,0	320,1	338,0	346,6
public administration	158,1	165,0	163,6	168,1	205,6	202,6	198,2	190,5	185,6
education	475,0	472,0	464,1	460,6	458,3	460,6	456,7	445,8	438,9
health and social work	313,3	314,4	312,9	313,9	314,6	315,8	321,1	315,4	313,8
community, social and personal services	138,4	160,9	175,0	182,1	186,3	185,5	183,8	183,4	185,7

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Percent of total									
Total employed in the economy	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
production sector	50,0	46,6	45,5	45,1	44,3	44,2	43,0	42,4	41,9
agriculture, hunting and forestry	15,2	11,9	10,8	10,8	10,5	10,2	9,9	9,4	9,5
fishing and fish farming	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,0
industry	28,1	27,5	26,6	25,9	25,1	25,3	25,4	25,0	24,2
mining and quarrying	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4
manufacturing	24,6	24,0	23,5	22,8	22,2	22,4	22,5	22,1	21,3
electricity, gas and water supply	2,9	3,0	2,6	2,6	2,6	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,5
construction	6,7	7,2	8,0	8,4	8,7	8,6	7,6	7,9	8,2
services sector	50,0	53,4	54,5	54,9	55,7	55,8	57,0	57,6	58,1
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	10,3	12,4	13,3	13,5	13,6	13,4	13,8	14,2	14,4
hotels and restaurants	2,1	1,9	1,9	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,1	2,1	2,1
transport and communications	7,3	7,6	7,7	7,6	7,4	7,3	7,4	7,5	7,5
financial activities	1,3	1,4	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,7
real estate, renting and business services	4,5	4,9	5,8	6,1	6,4	6,7	6,9	7,4	7,6
public administration	3,6	3,8	3,6	3,6	4,4	4,3	4,3	4,2	4,1
education	10,7	10,7	10,1	9,9	9,7	9,8	9,9	9,7	9,6
health and social work	7,1	7,1	6,8	6,8	6,7	6,7	7,0	6,9	6,9
community, social and personal services	3,1	3,6	3,8	3,9	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,1

5.5. Men and women engaged in organizations by economic activity¹⁾

(end of year; percent of total)

	Total			Of which					
				men			women		
	2010	2012	2014	2010	2012	2014	2010	2012	2014
Total workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
agriculture, hunting and forestry	11,4	11,0	10,5	14,9	14,7	14,0	8,3	8,0	7,6
fishing and fish farming	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
industry	28,9	29,5	28,1	34,6	36,3	34,9	24,0	23,9	22,6
mining and quarrying	0,4	0,3	0,5	0,6	0,5	0,8	0,2	0,2	0,3
manufacturing	24,5	25,1	23,5	27,9	29,5	27,7	21,6	21,5	20,1
electricity, gas and water supply	4,0	4,1	4,1	6,1	6,3	6,4	2,2	2,2	2,2
construction	8,9	7,8	8,1	15,8	13,8	14,5	3,0	2,8	2,8
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	9,3	10,2	11,2	5,8	6,5	7,2	12,3	13,2	14,5
hotels and restaurants	1,1	1,1	1,2	0,5	0,6	0,7	1,6	1,5	1,6
transport and communications	7,0	7,0	6,8	9,3	9,5	9,2	5,0	5,0	4,8
financial activities	1,9	2,0	2,1	1,0	1,1	1,1	2,6	2,7	2,9
real estate, renting and business services	5,1	4,8	5,1	5,1	4,8	5,3	5,2	4,7	4,9
public administration	3,1	2,2	2,1	2,8	2,1	2,1	3,3	2,3	2,2
education	11,9	12,4	12,4	4,7	4,8	4,9	18,1	18,6	18,5
health and social work	8,0	8,3	8,5	2,6	2,7	2,8	12,7	13,0	13,3
community, social and personal services	3,4	3,7	3,8	2,8	3,0	3,2	3,9	4,3	4,3

¹⁾ Hereinafter, data in the tables 5.6-5.9 are presented excluding micro entities.

5.6. Workers in organizations by staff category

(end of year; percent of total)

	Total				Of which							
					men				women			
	2008	2010	2012	2014	2008	2010	2012	2014	2008	2010	2012	2014
Total workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:												
manual workers	60,2	59,2	57,9	56,8	72,7	71,8	70,8	70,0	49,2	48,2	47,1	45,9
non-manual workers	39,8	40,8	42,1	43,2	27,3	28,2	29,2	30,0	50,8	51,8	52,9	54,1
of which:												
managers	9,6	9,9	10,2	10,5	11,1	11,3	11,8	11,9	8,4	8,6	8,9	9,2
professionals	26,7	27,2	28,4	29,2	14,8	15,3	15,9	16,6	37,1	37,7	38,8	39,7
other non-manual workers	3,5	3,7	3,5	3,5	1,4	1,6	1,5	1,5	5,3	5,5	5,2	5,2

5.7. Workers in organizations by age group

(end of year; percent of total)

	Total				Of which							
					men				women			
	2008	2010	2012	2014	2008	2010	2012	2014	2008	2010	2012	2014
Total workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by age, years:												
under 25	11,6	10,8	9,9	8,7	12,6	11,8	10,5	9,0	10,6	9,9	9,4	8,5
25-29	12,4	13,0	13,1	12,8	12,3	13,1	13,1	12,9	12,5	13,0	13,2	12,7
30-39	23,4	23,5	23,6	24,5	22,0	22,4	22,5	23,6	24,6	24,4	24,5	25,1
40-49	26,6	24,9	23,8	23,2	24,9	23,2	22,1	21,6	28,0	26,4	25,1	24,5
50-54	13,6	14,2	14,3	13,8	13,2	13,6	13,9	13,3	14,1	14,7	14,7	14,2
55 and over	12,4	13,6	15,3	17,0	15,0	15,9	17,9	19,6	10,2	11,6	13,1	15,0
Mean age, years	40,1	40,4	40,8	41,3	40,3	40,5	41,1	41,6	39,9	40,2	40,6	41,0

5.8. Workers in organizations by educational attainment

(end of year; percent of total)

	Total				Of which							
					men				women			
	2008	2010	2012	2014	2008	2010	2012	2014	2008	2010	2012	2014
Total workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which with completed education:												
higher	23,8	25,4	27,4	29,4	20,2	21,5	23,0	24,6	26,9	28,9	31,1	33,3
secondary specialized	22,7	22,6	22,5	22,5	16,9	17,3	17,4	17,6	27,7	27,3	26,8	26,5
vocational-technical	20,3	20,6	20,6	20,4	24,3	24,8	24,9	24,9	16,8	17,0	16,9	16,7
general secondary	29,8	28,5	27,0	25,4	34,0	32,6	31,3	29,8	26,2	24,8	23,4	21,8
general basic (including general primary)	3,4	2,9	2,5	2,3	4,6	3,8	3,4	3,1	2,4	2,0	1,8	1,7

5.9. Workers in organizations by educational attainment and economic activity as of the end of 2014

(percent of total)

	Total workers	Of which with completed education				
		higher	secondary specialized	vocational-technical	general secondary	general basic (including general primary)
Total workers	100	29,4	22,5	20,4	25,4	2,3
agriculture, hunting and forestry	100	10,3	17,6	24,0	39,7	8,4
fishing and fish farming	100	15,1	16,0	32,1	34,4	2,4
industry	100	22,7	20,5	26,2	28,6	2,0
mining and quarrying	100	24,8	19,0	25,0	29,1	2,1
manufacturing	100	23,1	20,4	26,8	27,8	1,9
electricity, gas and water supply	100	20,0	21,0	23,4	33,2	2,4
construction	100	19,0	18,2	33,1	27,3	2,4
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	100	25,4	25,1	25,3	22,8	1,4
hotels and restaurants	100	20,0	22,3	28,0	28,3	1,4
transport and communications	100	23,5	22,2	21,9	31,0	1,4
financial activities	100	68,6	19,1	5,7	6,5	0,1
real estate, renting and business services	100	55,4	14,5	9,3	19,3	1,5
public administration	100	68,2	12,8	7,4	11,4	0,2
education	100	54,1	20,4	9,6	14,8	1,1
health and social work	100	22,6	44,8	8,8	22,3	1,5
community, social and personal services	100	35,8	26,8	12,6	23,3	1,5

5.10. Immigrant workers¹⁾

	Persons					Percent of total				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	6 816	8 434	8 781	18 180	32 288	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
CIS countries	3 729	4 944	4 568	9 688	21 183	54,7	58,6	52,0	53,3	65,6
Armenia	96	168	202	362	387	1,4	2,0	2,3	2,0	1,2
Azerbaijan	89	179	154	268	425	1,3	2,1	1,7	1,5	1,3
Kyrgyzstan	4	8	22	32	48	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2
Moldova,										
Republic of	167	412	491	511	459	2,4	4,9	5,6	2,8	1,4
Tajikistan	93	64	102	208	338	1,4	0,7	1,2	1,1	1,0
Turkmenistan	1	48	96	99	221	0,0	0,6	1,1	0,6	0,7
Ukraine	2 731	3 423	2 854	6 928	17 778	40,1	40,6	32,5	38,1	55,1
Uzbekistan	497	574	646	1 280	1 527	7,3	6,8	7,4	7,0	4,7
other countries	3 087	3 490	4 213	8 492	11 105	45,3	41,4	48,0	46,7	34,4
of which:										
China	512	749	1 257	3 020	4 765	7,5	8,9	14,3	16,6	14,8
Georgia	29	101	257	462	785	0,4	1,2	2,9	2,5	2,4
Latvia	416	434	329	292	322	6,1	5,1	3,7	1,6	1,0
Lithuania	1 013	848	904	1 218	1 071	14,9	10,1	10,3	6,7	3,3
Poland	52	83	119	172	190	0,8	1,0	1,4	0,9	0,6
Turkey	527	557	544	1 336	1 279	7,7	6,6	6,2	7,3	4,0
Viet Nam	188	178	153	599	867	2,8	2,1	1,7	3,3	2,7

Besides, 4 546 citizens of Russian Federation, 1 034 citizens of the Republic of Kazakhstan arrived to work in the Republic of Belarus in 2014.

5.11. Immigrant workers by sex¹⁾

Years	Total, persons	Of which		Percent of total	
		men	women	men	women
2010	6 816	6 337	479	93,0	7,0
2011	8 434	7 663	771	90,9	9,1
2012	8 781	7 973	808	90,8	9,2
2013	18 180	16 425	1 755	90,3	9,7
2014	32 288	27 503	4 785	85,2	14,8

5.12. Immigrant workers by activity in 2014¹⁾

	Persons	Percent of total
Total	32 288	100
of which:		
managers	1 240	3,8
skilled workers and professionals	4 260	13,2
service workers, trade personnel	1 577	4,9
agricultural workers	2 361	7,3
manual workers	22 850	70,8

¹⁾ Data of the Citizenship and Migration Department of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Belarus.

5.13. Hires and terminations by economic activity¹⁾

(thousand persons)

	Hires during a year			Terminations during a year			Ratio of hires to terminations, percent		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Total	875,8	865,6	808,8	919,8	930,9	864,1	95,2	93,0	93,6
agriculture, hunting and forestry	118,3	105,2	104,9	125,4	122,4	113,0	94,4	85,9	92,9
fishing and fish farming	0,8	0,7	0,5	0,8	0,8	0,7	94,4	93,2	77,4
industry	219,5	208,4	177,8	239,5	241,0	229,1	91,7	86,5	77,6
mining and quarrying	2,4	3,1	2,8	2,7	3,7	3,6	89,4	85,1	75,6
manufacturing	183,5	173,6	145,2	201,1	205,4	195,1	91,3	84,5	74,4
electricity, gas and water supply	33,6	31,7	29,8	35,7	31,9	30,4	94,1	99,3	98,2
construction	97,8	101,3	84,6	116,3	99,0	88,6	84,0	102,4	95,5
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	126,8	130,4	131,1	114,3	119,5	123,1	110,9	109,1	106,5
hotels and restaurants	17,8	18,6	19,5	17,4	18,6	18,6	102,2	99,8	104,9
transport and communications	52,8	47,9	41,3	58,0	53,4	47,6	91,1	89,7	86,7
financial activities	13,6	14,0	12,6	13,1	12,5	11,8	104,1	111,2	107,3
real estate, renting and business services	38,9	40,5	37,2	41,0	42,9	37,9	94,8	94,4	98,3
public administration	12,7	13,9	13,4	13,5	21,1	10,6	93,8	65,7	126,4
education	80,5	84,0	85,8	86,1	94,8	87,4	93,5	88,6	98,1
health and social work	58,9	61,3	63,7	56,4	64,9	58,3	104,5	94,4	109,2
community, social and personal services	37,4	39,4	36,4	38,0	40,0	37,4	98,4	98,5	97,2

¹⁾ Data cover organizations except micro entities and small business entities of non-state ownership.

5.14. Occupational diseases¹⁾

(persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Newly diagnosed cases of occupational diseases	249	216	150	169	105	123	97	105	91
men	169	158	99	127	80	89	69	73	68
women	80	58	51	42	25	34	28	32	23
Newly diagnosed cases of occupational diseases per 1 000 workers of corresponding sex	0,06	0,06	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,03
men	0,09	0,08	0,06	0,07	0,04	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04
women	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,02	0,01	0,02	0,01	0,02	0,01

¹⁾ From 2009, data are provided by the State institution "National Centre for Hygiene, Epidemiology, and Public Health".

5.15. Occupational injuries¹⁾

(persons)

Years	Occupational injuries resulting in one or more working days of incapacity or fatal		Of which fatalities	
	total	per 1 000 workers	total	per 1 000 workers
1975	38 000	8,5	565	0,126
1980	33 782	7,0	608	0,126
1985	22 706	4,6	509	0,103
1990	21 624	4,5	445	0,093
1995	13 027	3,3	345	0,089
2000	8 218	2,1	258	0,064
2005	4 530	1,2	235	0,061
2006	3 937	1,0	228	0,058
2007	3 543	0,9	214	0,054
2008	3 000	0,8	185	0,051
2009	2 793	0,7	186	0,049
2010	2 612	0,7	198	0,051
2011	2 349	0,6	169	0,044
2012	2 079	0,6	147	0,039
2013	2 001	0,5	141	0,038
2014	1 833	0,5	107	0,030

In 2014, the loss of working time due to occupational injuries was 79,5 thous. man-days (in 2013, 86,2 thous. man-days).

¹⁾ Data for 2008 do not include small business entities of non-state ownership, data from 2009 do not include micro entities.

5.16. Occupational injuries by economic activity

	Total	Of which			
		agriculture, hunting and forestry	industry	construction	transport and communications
Persons					
Occupational injuries resulting in one or more working days of incapacity or fatal					
2010	2 612	540	1 099	460	121
2011	2 349	478	949	413	124
2012	2 079	425	890	318	138
2013	2 001	392	818	347	119
2014	1 833	356	724	289	112
of which fatalities					
2010	198	56	65	59	9
2011	169	43	50	47	10
2012	147	44	37	40	11
2013	141	40	39	32	9
2014	107	38	23	25	8
Per 1 000 workers					
Occupational injuries resulting in one or more working days of incapacity or fatal					
2010	0,7	1,2	1,0	1,3	0,4
2011	0,6	1,1	0,8	1,2	0,5
2012	0,6	1,0	0,8	1,0	0,5
2013	0,5	1,0	0,8	1,2	0,5
2014	0,5	0,9	0,7	1,0	0,5
of which fatalities					
2010	0,051	0,124	0,058	0,164	0,033
2011	0,044	0,098	0,045	0,133	0,037
2012	0,039	0,105	0,034	0,131	0,042
2013	0,038	0,099	0,036	0,108	0,035
2014	0,030	0,098	0,022	0,084	0,033

Unemployment and job placement

5.17. Number of unemployed and workforce demand reported by organizations to labour, employment and social protection agencies

(end of year)

Years	Registered unemployed, persons	Of which		Registered unemployment rate (percent of economically active population)	Workforce demand reported by organizations to labour, employment and social protection agencies, persons	Registered unemployed per one reported vacancy, persons
		women	rural residents			
1995	131 043	84 291	21 126	2,9	11 297	11,6
1996	182 480	116 344	25 806	4,0	15 822	11,5
1997	126 192	84 048	17 247	2,8	29 387	4,3
1998	105 931	70 620	14 789	2,3	30 295	3,5
1999	95 421	61 256	12 782	2,1	37 845	2,5
2000	95 768	58 147	13 223	2,1	32 739	2,9
2001	102 859	62 043	14 662	2,3	32 290	3,2
2002	130 542	82 674	20 681	2,9	24 420	5,3
2003	136 130	90 033	23 179	3,1	31 709	4,3
2004	83 042	57 525	13 987	1,9	34 481	2,4
2005	67 918	46 784	12 000	1,5	35 807	1,9
2006	52 024	34 321	9 789	1,1	44 819	1,2
2007	44 078	28 937	9 143	1,0	50 770	0,9
2008	37 305	22 645	8 029	0,8	50 747	0,7
2009	40 316	22 998	8 145	0,9	34 463	1,2
2010	33 105	17 401	7 249	0,7	48 761	0,7
2011	28 192	15 247	5 864	0,6	51 692	0,5
2012	24 944	11 973	5 369	0,5	61 990	0,4
2013	20 959	8 503	4 499	0,5	50 485	0,4
2014	24 192	9 086	4 729	0,5	33 588	0,7

5.18. Unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies by sex and age group

(end of year; percent of total)

Years	Total unemployed	Of which by age, years								Mean age of unemployed, years
		16-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50 and over	
Total										
1995	100	14,3	20,4	15,3	14,6	12,9	9,3	7,2	6,0	31,1
2000	100	22,0	18,9	13,0	10,9	10,3	9,8	7,5	7,6	30,5
2005	100	18,5	18,3	12,0	10,1	9,3	9,6	9,9	12,3	32,5
2008	100	8,0	18,4	13,8	12,1	10,4	9,7	11,1	16,5	35,0
2009	100	8,5	18,7	13,9	11,3	10,3	10,0	10,9	16,4	34,9
2010	100	7,0	17,2	13,9	11,7	10,9	10,4	11,0	17,9	35,7
2011	100	7,0	17,1	14,4	11,9	10,4	10,2	10,6	18,4	35,7
2012	100	5,6	17,3	14,9	12,5	11,0	10,4	10,0	18,3	35,8
2013	100	4,8	14,5	12,8	11,7	11,7	11,7	11,5	21,3	37,3
2014	100	3,8	12,1	11,7	12,3	12,1	12,5	12,0	23,5	38,4
Men										
1995	100	11,9	23,7	14,7	13,0	11,5	8,9	6,8	9,5	31,9
2000	100	19,8	21,3	13,6	10,1	9,4	9,4	7,1	9,3	30,8
2005	100	22,5	18,4	10,2	8,7	8,7	9,1	7,9	14,5	32,3
2008	100	6,6	16,0	12,4	12,1	10,6	10,3	11,5	20,5	36,7
2009	100	6,9	15,7	12,3	10,8	10,7	10,8	11,9	20,9	36,9
2010	100	5,3	14,5	12,2	11,3	11,5	11,2	11,6	22,4	37,6
2011	100	5,2	14,5	12,4	11,6	10,7	10,6	11,6	23,4	37,8
2012	100	4,1	15,5	13,9	11,8	11,2	11,0	10,6	21,9	37,3
2013	100	4,2	15,1	12,2	11,4	11,4	11,5	10,9	23,3	37,8
2014	100	3,3	12,6	11,5	12,1	11,7	11,9	11,0	25,9	38,9
Women										
1995	100	15,6	18,6	15,6	15,5	13,7	9,5	7,4	4,1	30,7
2000	100	23,4	17,4	12,6	11,4	10,8	10,0	7,8	6,6	30,3
2005	100	16,7	18,3	12,7	10,7	9,6	9,9	10,8	11,3	32,6
2008	100	8,8	19,9	14,7	12,0	10,3	9,4	10,9	14,0	33,9
2009	100	9,9	20,9	15,0	11,6	10,0	9,4	10,2	13,0	33,3
2010	100	8,5	19,6	15,4	12,2	10,4	9,8	10,3	13,8	33,9
2011	100	8,3	19,4	16,1	12,1	10,2	9,9	9,8	14,2	33,9
2012	100	7,2	19,2	16,0	13,3	10,8	9,8	9,4	14,3	34,1
2013	100	5,7	13,6	13,7	12,2	12,2	12,0	12,2	18,4	36,6
2014	100	4,8	11,2	12,0	12,8	12,5	13,5	13,6	19,6	37,6

5.19. Unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies by sex and educational attainment

(end of year; percent of total)

Years	Total unemployed	Of which with completed education				
		higher	secondary specialized	vocational-technical ¹⁾	general secondary	general basic (including general primary)
Total						
1995	100	9,6	19,8	...	61,8	8,8
2000	100	7,6	14,6	...	63,5	14,3
2005	100	10,2	18,2	21,4	38,5	11,7
2008	100	10,3	15,6	23,0	39,6	11,5
2009	100	10,9	15,7	24,0	38,6	10,8
2010	100	11,1	14,4	24,6	38,0	11,9
2011	100	12,0	14,5	24,9	37,6	11,0
2012	100	11,5	14,0	25,8	36,6	12,1
2013	100	11,1	13,9	27,2	35,2	12,6
2014	100	11,1	13,1	30,4	33,3	12,1
Men						
1995	100	8,1	13,6	...	64,8	13,5
2000	100	6,2	10,6	...	64,5	18,7
2005	100	10,3	10,9	21,5	39,6	17,7
2008	100	9,3	10,2	24,2	42,0	14,3
2009	100	9,8	10,7	26,0	40,0	13,5
2010	100	9,3	9,8	26,6	40,4	13,9
2011	100	9,8	9,4	27,7	40,2	12,9
2012	100	8,8	10,1	28,4	39,0	13,7
2013	100	9,2	10,2	30,0	37,0	13,6
2014	100	9,2	10,2	33,2	34,5	12,9
Women						
1995	100	10,5	23,2	...	60,2	6,1
2000	100	8,5	17,1	...	62,9	11,5
2005	100	10,2	21,5	21,3	38,0	9,0
2008	100	10,9	19,1	22,3	38,1	9,6
2009	100	11,8	19,4	22,5	37,5	8,8
2010	100	12,7	18,6	22,8	35,8	10,1
2011	100	13,8	18,8	22,6	35,5	9,3
2012	100	14,4	18,2	22,9	34,1	10,4
2013	100	14,0	19,4	23,0	32,6	11,0
2014	100	14,2	17,8	26,0	31,3	10,7

¹⁾ Until 2005, persons with vocational-technical education diplomas are recorded either under general secondary or general basic education.

5.20. Unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies by reason of employment termination or last occupation

(end of year; percent of total)

Years	Total unemployed	Of which			
		voluntary quits and terminations by mutual agreement ¹⁾	layoffs due to organization closures, workforce or staff posts reduction	graduation from educational institutions	other categories ²⁾
Total					
1995	100	23,9	27,5	11,2	37,4
2000	100	31,5	6,8	15,3	46,4
2005	100	26,9	8,7	14,7	49,7
2008	100	32,3	3,5	5,4	58,8
2009	100	28,3	3,3	6,9	61,5
2010	100	34,1	2,5	4,8	58,6
2011	100	27,5	2,6	4,6	65,3
2012	100	39,4	2,1	3,7	54,8
2013	100	38,8	3,6	2,4	55,2
2014	100	34,9	3,4	2,3	59,4
Men					
1995	100	28,9	18,7	7,2	45,2
2000	100	35,9	2,9	12,1	49,1
2005	100	30,7	4,3	15,3	49,7
2008	100	38,1	1,6	3,4	56,9
2009	100	31,3	1,6	4,2	62,9
2010	100	38,6	1,1	3,1	57,2
2011	100	30,1	1,0	2,6	66,3
2012	100	40,6	0,8	1,8	56,8
2013	100	38,5	1,4	1,7	58,4
2014	100	33,9	1,8	1,6	62,7
Women					
1995	100	21,2	32,4	13,3	33,1
2000	100	28,6	9,3	17,5	44,6
2005	100	25,1	10,6	14,5	49,8
2008	100	28,5	4,7	6,8	60,0
2009	100	26,0	4,6	8,9	60,5
2010	100	30,1	3,8	6,4	59,7
2011	100	25,3	3,9	6,4	64,4
2012	100	38,1	3,4	5,7	52,8
2013	100	39,2	6,8	3,4	50,6
2014	100	36,5	6,3	3,5	53,7

¹⁾ Since 2012 including termination of fixed-term employment contract by mutual agreement.

²⁾ Other categories include dismissals for job-related misconduct, expirations of employment contract, persons continuously out of work (for more than one year), etc.

5.21. Unemployed registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies by sex and duration of unemployment

(end of year; percent of total)

Years	Total unemployed	Of which by duration of unemployment					Average duration of unemployment, months
		less than 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	more than a year	
Total							
1995	100	12,7	22,0	23,2	26,4	15,7	6,7
2000	100	11,4	21,7	27,6	26,7	12,6	6,4
2005	100	13,9	25,0	29,0	20,4	11,7	5,8
2008	100	26,5	31,4	19,0	14,9	8,2	4,4
2009	100	24,8	35,3	21,1	12,6	6,2	4,0
2010	100	28,0	34,6	19,2	11,8	6,4	3,9
2011	100	30,1	34,2	19,5	10,4	5,8	3,7
2012	100	30,0	37,5	17,4	10,4	4,7	3,5
2013	100	35,7	36,7	14,8	8,2	4,6	3,1
2014	100	35,9	39,5	14,2	7,1	3,3	2,9
Men							
1995	100	15,2	23,3	21,5	28,2	11,8	6,2
2000	100	13,6	23,0	26,8	30,5	6,1	5,6
2005	100	17,2	26,3	30,0	20,5	6,0	4,9
2008	100	34,6	33,6	14,9	11,9	5,0	3,5
2009	100	31,1	37,8	16,5	10,7	3,9	3,3
2010	100	34,5	36,4	14,9	9,6	4,6	3,3
2011	100	36,5	35,3	15,0	8,9	4,3	3,1
2012	100	36,2	39,1	12,7	8,5	3,5	2,9
2013	100	40,2	36,5	12,2	7,6	3,5	2,8
2014	100	39,4	39,4	12,1	6,4	2,7	2,6
Women							
1995	100	11,4	21,2	24,1	25,4	17,9	7,1
2000	100	9,9	20,9	28,2	24,3	16,7	6,9
2005	100	12,4	24,5	28,6	20,3	14,2	6,2
2008	100	21,3	29,9	21,7	16,8	10,3	5,0
2009	100	20,1	33,4	24,6	14,0	7,9	4,6
2010	100	22,0	33,1	23,0	13,8	8,1	4,5
2011	100	24,6	33,3	23,3	11,7	7,1	4,2
2012	100	23,3	35,8	22,6	12,4	5,9	4,0
2013	100	29,3	36,9	18,6	9,0	6,2	3,6
2014	100	30,0	39,6	17,7	8,3	4,4	3,3

5.22. Job placements by labour, employment and social protection agency

	Applied for job placement					Placed in jobs ¹⁾				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Persons										
Total	328 560	313 295	290 270	256 956	231 052	204 088	200 846	195 167	182 125	159 139
of which:										
qualified as unemployed	205 826	188 387	179 601	158 308	148 103	135 645	130 507	129 376	120 990	108 576
people in employment (wishing to change job or to work during hours off the principal job)	16 969	18 807	14 647	10 713	8 658	4 892	6 437	5 692	4 036	3 580
students wishing to work during off-study hours	41 410	38 393	36 899	36 978	31 664	36 071	32 617	31 669	32 483	27 272
pensioners and disabled	15 280	17 545	15 497	14 747	12 056	2 927	4 090	4 820	4 743	4 251
Percent of total										
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
qualified as unemployed	62,6	60,1	61,9	61,6	64,1	66,5	65,0	66,3	66,4	68,2
people in employment (wishing to change job or to work during hours off the principal job)	5,2	6,0	5,0	4,2	3,7	2,4	3,2	2,9	2,2	2,3
students wishing to work during off-study hours	12,6	12,3	12,7	14,4	13,7	17,7	16,2	16,2	17,8	17,1
pensioners and disabled	4,7	5,6	5,3	5,7	5,2	1,4	2,0	2,5	2,6	2,7

¹⁾ Job placements cover also persons registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies as of the beginning of the reference year and placed in jobs during the year.

5.23. Workforce demand reported by organization to labour, employment and social protection agency by economic activity

(persons)

	Number of vacant workplaces (vacancies), reported by organization				Of which for manual workers			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	51 692	61 990	50 485	33 588	40 112	48 147	38 108	22 594
agriculture, hunting and forestry	6 436	7 334	6 719	5 641	4 581	5 244	4 674	3 653
fishing and fish farming	11	41	20	11	6	29	13	7
industry	13 615	15 731	13 188	8 197	12 169	14 149	11 851	6 913
mining and quarrying	142	119	174	120	115	98	164	101
manufacturing	12 223	13 954	11 804	7 141	10 945	12 535	10 596	5 979
electricity, gas and water supply	1 250	1 658	1 210	936	1 109	1 516	1 091	833
construction	8 459	10 609	6 902	3 947	7 890	9 594	6 327	3 415
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	4 849	6 172	4 278	2 988	4 140	5 094	3 581	2 399
hotels and restaurants	494	912	859	397	429	829	779	346
transport and communications	5 208	6 048	5 100	1 957	4 756	5 414	4 455	1 661
financial activities	793	706	1 052	624	130	16	70	24
real estate, renting and business services	3 488	4 115	2 706	1 724	2 561	3 150	2 105	1 200
public administration	1 488	1 646	1 377	1 273	692	906	645	430
education	1 768	2 254	2 376	1 512	718	1 139	1 108	643
health and social work	3 292	4 388	4 380	4 277	684	1 122	1 441	1 249
community, social and personal services	1 763	2 028	1 528	1 036	1 331	1 455	1 059	651

6. LIVING STANDARDS

6.1. Income of population

The section covers data on the value of money income of the population, their composition and use, average monthly wages and salaries, number of pensioners and average pensions.

Money income of population includes compensation of labour, income from entrepreneurial activity and other income-generating activities, transfers to the population (pensions, benefits, grants and other transfers to the population), property income (interests on deposits, dividends, and other income from property), other income.

The methodology of assessment of selected types of money income of population (wage fund of employees, income from entrepreneurial and other income-producing activities) and groupings of main items of money income of population (income from entrepreneurial and other income-producing activities, property income and other income) were changed from 2014.

Disposable money income of population is the part of money income left at disposal of population for consumption and savings after payment of taxes, charges and contributions.

Real disposable money income of population is a relative statistical indicator calculated through dividing a nominal growth rate of disposable money income of population by consumer price index for goods and services for a corresponding time period.

Per capita money income is calculated by dividing the total money income of the population by the average annual population size.

Purchasing power of average per capita disposable money income of population reflects the potential capacity of purchasing goods and services by the population. It is expressed through the commodity equivalent of average monthly per capita disposable money income.

Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries of employees are calculated through dividing gross wage fund including income tax and employees' compulsory insurance premiums by the average payroll employment and by the number of months in the period.

Real wages and salaries characterize the purchasing power of wages and salaries in the reference period due to the changes in prices for consumer goods and services as compared with the base period. For this purpose, index of real wages and salaries is calculated by dividing the index of nominal gross wages and salaries by the consumer price index for the same time period.

Average pensions granted are calculated through dividing of the total amount of pensions granted by the number of pensioners.

Real pensions granted characterize the purchasing power of pensions granted in the reference period due to the changes in prices for consumer goods and services as compared with the base period. For this, index of real pensions granted is computed by dividing the index of average pensions granted by the consumer price index for the same time period.

The volume of **household consumption of main foodstuffs** covers respectively:

- meat of different animals and meat products in meat equivalent, including by-products of categories I and II, and edible animal fats in slaughter fat equivalent;
- milk and dairy products (animal butter, cheese, cream, sour cream, curds, powder milk, etc.) in milk of base fat content equivalent;
- eggs from all types of poultry, egg powder and melange in eggs equivalent;
- potatoes and potato products in fresh potato equivalent, vegetables and edible melons and gourds, fruits and berries (fresh, salted, canned, pickled, dried and other in fresh equivalent).

Household consumption of foodstuffs is estimated based on all supplies and use thereof through various outlets.

6.1.1. Main indicators of money income of population

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Per capita money income (per month), BYR thous.	515,7	46,6	333,0	658,6	766,1	952,4	1 457,7	2 831,4	3 893,6	4 628,9
Real disposable money income of population										
2000 = 100		100	173,1	253,7	263,1	302,0	298,7	362,9	422,1	425,9
2005 = 100			100	146,6	152,0	174,5	172,6	209,7	243,9	246,1
2010 = 100						100	98,9	120,2	139,8	141,1
previous year = 100	65,1	113,8	118,1	111,8	103,7	114,8	98,9	121,5	116,3	100,9
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	755,1	58,9	463,7	868,2	981,6	1 217,3	1 899,8	3 676,1	5 061,4	6 052,4
Real wages and salaries										
2000 = 100		100	204,8	287,8	288,1	331,5	337,7	410,4	477,6	483,5
2005 = 100			100	140,5	140,7	161,8	164,9	200,4	233,2	236,0
2010 = 100						100	101,9	123,8	144,0	145,8
previous year = 100	95,0	112,0	120,9	109,0	100,1	115,0	101,9	121,5	116,4	101,3
Average pensions (end of year), BYR thous.	387,2	36,4	211,0	389,4	429,5	584,7	940,4	1 885,5	2 206,8	2 643,5
Real pensions										
2000 = 100		100	189,9	258,9	259,3	321,1	247,5	407,5	409,5	422,1
2005 = 100			100	136,3	136,5	169,1	130,3	214,5	215,6	222,2
2010 = 100						100	77,1	126,9	127,5	131,4
previous year = 100	130,3	143,2	113,2	104,7	100,2	123,9	77,1	164,6	100,5	103,1

6.1.2. Money income of population

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BYR billion									
Total money income of population	5 577	38 622	75 305	87 401	108 468	165 714	321 571	442 286	526 276
of which:									
compensation of labour	3 339	25 158	48 091	56 159	68 373	108 371	205 679	283 412	329 049
income from entrepreneurial activity and other income-producing activities	856	3 440	8 780	9 959	13 790	17 626	33 632	45 415	44 783
transfers to population	1 085	8 554	15 525	17 667	22 111	33 202	66 583	92 889	110 939
property income	109	624	1 480	2 441	2 716	4 053	12 145	17 052	22 931
other income	188	846	1 429	1 175	1 478	2 462	3 532	3 518	18 574

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Percent of total									
Total money income of population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:									
compensation of labour	59,8	65,1	63,9	64,3	63,1	65,4	63,9	64,1	62,5
income from entrepreneurial activity and other income-producing activities	15,4	8,9	11,6	11,4	12,7	10,6	10,5	10,3	8,5
transfers to population	19,4	22,2	20,6	20,2	20,4	20,0	20,7	21,0	21,1
property income	2,0	1,6	2,0	2,8	2,5	2,5	3,8	3,8	4,4
other income	3,4	2,2	1,9	1,3	1,3	1,5	1,1	0,8	3,5

6.1.3. Purchasing power of average per capita disposable money income of population

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Foodstuffs (each separately) that could be purchased with average per capita disposable money income, kilogram per month									
Pork	27,0	45,6	70,6	71,6	81,4	67,6	65,4	92,9	70,7
Poultry meat	31,6	58,3	84,4	87,0	100,6	83,2	90,3	102,3	111,7
Frozen fish	26,2	66,7	98,2	107,1	126,5	89,5	108,3	150,0	152,0
Milk, litres	295,2	381,2	505,6	499,1	562,7	614,8	503,0	563,5	486,4
Dairy butter	25,4	40,8	54,6	55,7	56,1	49,2	51,4	56,2	48,0
Hard cheese	21,4	33,8	47,4	48,8	53,9	48,7	47,5	53,6	45,6
Eggs, pcs	876	1 497	2 438	2 445	2 726	2 465	2 686	2 994	2 972
Granulated sugar	107,4	211,1	322,4	337,2	323,7	272,1	343,4	441,8	442,8
Sunflower oil	45,1	89,0	102,7	151,7	176,7	102,5	148,0	203,4	247,6
Wheat bread	150,2	260,2	383,6	386,7	438,7	488,6	496,3	431,0	373,7
Wheat flour	139,8	283,9	435,8	419,8	523,3	623,7	715,8	657,7	547,5
Rice	86,7	164,2	182,2	154,5	199,7	154,0	225,5	309,5	323,3
Pasta	104,5	165,2	234,1	226,6	296,8	273,9	397,0	441,7	387,1
Potatoes	351,8	625,2	755,3	747,9	654,1	633,4	1 346,2	1 039,6	836,6
Cabbage, fresh	335,0	356,4	458,2	699,3	523,9	564,0	895,9	832,8	798,1
Carrots	226,9	353,8	410,7	597,2	553,2	487,9	797,3	676,1	803,2
Apples	104,5	150,9	147,3	238,7	288,8	165,3	277,2	389,5	452,2

6.1.4. Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries and minimum consumer budget

Years	Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR	Minimum consumer budget (monthly per member of a four-persons family) ¹⁾ , BYR thous.	Average monthly wages and salaries relative to minimum consumer budget, percent	Real wages and salaries, percent of previous year
1970	94			
1980	142			
1990	269			
1995	755 129	706,9	106,8	95,0
1996	1 212 157	1 098,7	110,3	105,1
1997	2 270 110	1 835,2	123,7	114,3
1998	4 635 191	3 599,5	128,8	118,0
1999	19 580 823	16 813,5	116,5	107,3
2000	58 916	46,7	126,0	112,0
2001	123 021	82,9	148,4	129,6
2002	189 232	129,3	146,4	107,9
2003	250 686	168,3	149,0	103,2
2004	347 519	201,5	172,5	117,4
2005	463 741	229,3	202,2	120,9
2006	582 166	256,6	226,9	117,3
2007	694 045	284,5	244,0	110,0
2008	868 169	340,1	255,3	109,0
2009	981 584	385,3	254,7	100,1
2010	1 217 313	446,2	272,8	115,0
2011	1 899 782	733,6	259,0	101,9
2012	3 676 083	1 300,3	282,7	121,5
2013	5 061 418	1 608,3	314,7	116,4
2014	6 052 367	2 017,2	300,0	101,3

¹⁾ Computed value.

**6.1.5. Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries
by economic activity**
(BYR thousand)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	58,9	463,7	868,2	981,6	1 217,3	1 899,8	3 676,1	5 061,4	6 052,4
agriculture, hunting and forestry	38,0	303,3	588,3	686,2	840,1	1 331,2	2 767,7	3 861,1	4 605,5
fishing and fish farming	46,6	351,4	680,9	737,1	840,7	1 420,2	2 745,9	3 671,3	4 059,0
industry	70,7	492,9	960,9	1 051,2	1 315,0	2 093,4	4 056,5	5 483,2	6 372,5
mining and quarrying	124,2	875,9	1 719,9	1 965,9	1 902,4	2 887,5	5 604,4	7 449,4	8 531,3
manufacturing	69,0	477,7	937,0	1 018,2	1 297,7	2 094,6	4 066,4	5 461,3	6 310,4
electricity, gas and water supply	74,2	537,4	1 023,6	1 153,6	1 375,6	1 971,5	3 755,9	5 376,5	6 558,5
construction	73,0	539,4	1 069,7	1 238,4	1 497,5	2 093,4	4 209,7	6 392,8	7 601,9
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	50,1	371,5	726,8	852,0	1 041,9	1 669,5	3 237,7	4 555,1	5 563,4
hotels and restaurants	42,1	294,5	561,0	640,4	784,5	1 245,7	2 487,8	3 542,2	4 315,5
transport and communications	64,2	518,3	918,4	1 058,0	1 327,9	1 968,0	3 924,4	5 404,0	6 277,2
financial activities	111,5	730,3	1 453,3	1 776,6	2 140,3	3 324,2	6 105,2	8 322,8	10 259,3
real estate, renting and business services	64,6	546,4	1 052,5	1 234,0	1 501,3	2 320,2	4 300,6	6 068,8	7 565,3
public administration	73,3	678,3	1 160,1	1 231,3	1 496,0	2 156,0	4 022,3	5 899,2	7 329,4
education	44,7	399,1	636,7	703,0	893,3	1 493,2	2 779,6	3 470,2	4 174,7
health and social work	44,5	412,9	691,3	754,5	962,0	1 573,8	3 008,7	3 765,2	4 596,5
community, social and personal services	45,7	415,9	731,4	852,2	1 041,5	1 664,0	3 084,7	4 114,5	4 907,4

**6.1.6. Ratio of nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries
by economic activity to the average national wage level**
(percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
agriculture, hunting and forestry	64,6	65,4	67,8	69,9	69,0	70,1	75,3	76,3	76,1
fishing and fish farming	79,1	75,8	78,4	75,1	69,1	74,8	74,7	72,5	67,1
industry	120,0	106,3	110,7	107,1	108,0	110,2	110,3	108,3	105,3
mining and quarrying	210,8	188,9	198,1	200,3	156,3	152,0	152,5	147,2	141,0
manufacturing	117,1	103,0	107,9	103,7	106,6	110,3	110,6	107,9	104,3
electricity, gas and water supply	125,9	115,9	117,9	117,5	113,0	103,8	102,2	106,2	108,4
construction	124,0	116,3	123,2	126,2	123,0	110,2	114,5	126,3	125,6
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	85,1	80,1	83,7	86,8	85,6	87,9	88,1	90,0	91,9
hotels and restaurants	71,4	63,5	64,6	65,2	64,4	65,6	67,7	70,0	71,3
transport and communications	109,0	111,8	105,8	107,8	109,1	103,6	106,8	106,8	103,7
financial activities	189,2	157,5	167,4	181,0	175,8	175,0	166,1	164,4	169,5
real estate, renting and business services	109,6	117,8	121,2	125,7	123,3	122,1	117,0	119,9	125,0
public administration	124,3	146,3	133,6	125,4	122,9	113,5	109,4	116,6	121,1
education	75,9	86,1	73,3	71,6	73,4	78,6	75,6	68,6	69,0
health and social work	75,5	89,0	79,6	76,9	79,0	82,8	81,8	74,4	75,9
community, social and personal services	77,5	89,7	84,3	86,8	85,6	87,6	83,9	81,3	81,1

6.1.7. Main indicators of pension coverage¹⁾

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of pensioners									
total, thous. persons	2 501	2 445	2 446	2 454	2 469	2 487	2 512	2 537	2 560
percent of previous year	99,4	99,6	100,1	100,3	100,6	100,7	101,0	101,0	100,9
Number of working pensioners									
total, thous. persons	469	510	559	569	608	548	587	605	635
percent of total number of pensioners	18,8	20,9	22,9	23,2	24,6	22,0	23,4	23,8	24,8
Percent of total number of pensioners by age:									
male under 60 years	2,0	2,4	2,3	2,2	2,1	2,1	2,0	2,1	2,0
female under 55 years	2,2	2,3	2,0	1,9	1,9	1,8	1,7	1,6	1,5
Pensioners ²⁾ per 1 000 population, persons	263,4	268,7	272,6	273,8	275,8	278,0	279,9	282,2	284,2
Number of employed in the economy per 1 pensioner ²⁾ , persons	1,69	1,71	1,78	1,79	1,80	1,78	1,74	1,71	1,69
Average pensions (end of year)									
BYR thous.	36,4	211,0	389,4	429,5	584,7	940,4	1 885,5	2 206,8	2 643,5
percent of previous year	297,1	122,3	118,7	110,3	136,1	160,8	200,5	117,0	119,8
Average pension, percent of									
subsistence level budget for pensioners	116,5	158,4	198,9	192,4	231,8	202,9	259,3	254,5	246,5
average gross wage	41,5	37,5	38,9	39,3	36,6	32,7	39,8	37,7	38,8
Real pension, percent of previous year	143,2	113,2	104,7	100,2	123,9	77,1	164,6	100,5	103,1
Subsistence level budget for pensioners, BYR thous.	31,3	133,2	195,8	223,3	252,2	463,6	727,3	867,1	1 072,2

¹⁾ Data on the number of pensioners and pensions granted are shown on the pensioners registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies.

²⁾ Including pensioners under pension coverage in other state bodies.

**6.1.8. Number of pensioners registered with labour, employment
and social protection agencies and average pensions**
(end of year)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of pensioners, thous. persons	2 279	2 532	2 501	2 445	2 446	2 454	2 469	2 487	2 512	2 537	2 560
of which receive pension:											
old-age	1 725	2 011	1 953	1 903	1 935	1 956	1 977	2 002	2 035	2 062	2 092
of which pensioners receiving minimum pensions	696	181	258	110	60	57	42	153	112	116	138
disability	277	318	322	308	288	281	274	270	270	270	267
survivor's	187	138	157	157	143	135	132	125	115	108	101
retirement	3	6	11	18	23	25	28	30	32	34	35
social	37	53	50	52	52	52	53	55	56	57	59
Average pension, BYR thous.	0,1	387,2	36,4	211,0	389,4	429,5	584,7	940,4	1 885,5	2 206,8	2 643,5
of which:											
old-age	0,1	406,9	38,0	221,4	408,3	449,4	612,1	973,7	1 962,5	2 290,4	2 734,4
of which minimum	0,1	248,5	27,0	134,1	226,5	250,3	319,9	683,7	1 343,5	1 569,9	1 912,0
disability	0,1	368,1	33,8	197,3	359,0	394,9	532,7	871,7	1 713,4	2 012,1	2 414,6
survivor's	0,1	216,6	23,7	135,8	242,2	266,9	356,4	633,9	1 224,4	1 450,1	1 764,5
retirement	0,1	491,1	48,6	288,9	539,1	589,2	804,2	1 262,9	2 513,8	2 971,8	3 555,8
social	0,1	126,9	17,5	99,6	169,3	187,2	244,3	530,8	816,0	965,7	1 271,4

6.1.9. Expenditure of the Social Protection Fund of the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of the Republic of Belarus

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BYR billion (at current prices)									
Total expenditure	962	7 024	13 000	14 694	18 377	27 520	56 276	78 500	94 202
of which:									
pensions	722	5 586	10 526	11 559	14 771	21 878	44 342	60 708	73 766
benefits	149	1 020	2 058	2 515	3 117	4 958	10 442	15 990	18 338
of which:									
temporary disability	67	439	872	1 103	1 288	2 048	3 860	5 106	4 568
maternity, childbirth and child care	41	357	911	1 100	1 463	2 255	5 004	9 348	11 904
children's allowances to low income families	33	149	126	112	120	144	613	220	287
other expenditure	91	418	416	620	489	684	1 492	1 802	2 098
Percent of total									
Total expenditure	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:									
pensions	75,1	79,5	81,0	78,7	80,4	79,5	78,8	77,3	78,3
benefits	15,5	14,5	15,8	17,1	17,0	18,0	18,6	20,4	19,5
of which:									
temporary disability	7,0	6,2	6,7	7,5	7,0	7,4	6,9	6,5	4,8
maternity, childbirth and child care	4,2	5,1	7,0	7,5	8,0	8,2	8,9	11,9	12,6
children's allowances to low income families	3,4	2,1	1,0	0,8	0,7	0,5	1,1	0,3	0,3
other expenditure	9,4	6,0	3,2	4,2	2,6	2,5	2,6	2,3	2,2

6.1.10. Consumption of basic foodstuffs (yearly per capita; kilogram)

	1990	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Meat and meat products	76	59	62	76	78	84	88	88	91	88
Milk and dairy products	428	296	262	237	228	247	294	281	259	253
Eggs and egg products, pieces	325	224	259	283	289	292	301	303	292	298
Fish and fish products	19,6	9,5	18,6	16,1	15,4	15,7	12,6	13,1	14,9	15,6
Sugar	49,0	34,9	39,1	39,7	40,6	41,1	47,0	41,6	42,0	42,3
Vegetable oil	8,6	8,7	14,7	15,7	13,6	15,9	18,4	17,4	17,7	18,1
Potatoes and potato products	171	174	183	192	184	183	183	186	179	177
Vegetables and gourds and derivatives	78	93	128	145	148	149	144	145	146	145
Fruits and berries and derivatives	38	25	47	60	61	65	58	64	69	76

6.2. Income, expenditure and consumption of households

The section covers the data based on the sample household living standards survey results. Presented is information on the rate of low-income population, socioeconomic differentiation of population by level of material well-being, pattern of consumer expenditure, caloric value of home food and availability of durables in households.

Sample household living standards survey is a partial state statistical observation of changes in level, quality and conditions of life of the population. Sample survey of households is conducted in Minsk city and in all regions of the Republic of Belarus, household participation in the survey is on a voluntary basis.

Household is a group of persons who live together in the same dwelling unit, provide themselves with essentials of living, keep house together, fully or partially share money; or a person living alone and provides oneself with essentials for living.

Disposable resources are money resources of households, the value of consumed home-grown produce less the expenses on its production, and also the value of in-kind benefits and payments.

The value of consumed home-grown produce is estimated on the basis of average purchase prices of food.

The value of in-kind benefits and payments covers value estimates of different payments and benefits granted (from the budget or by organizations) to household members in the form of full or partial payment of the actual cost of goods and services purchased. Benefits and payments are valued based on the interviewing household members.

Minimum consumer budget comprises expenses for purchasing a set of material goods and services required to meet basic physiological and socio-cultural needs of a person.

Minimum consumer budgets for different socio-demographic groups of population are approved on a quarterly basis by the Resolution of the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of the Republic of Belarus at prices of the last month of the quarter.

Subsistence level is defined as a minimum set of material goods and services that are essential for ensuring vital activity and health of a person.

Subsistence level budget is the value of the subsistence level plus compulsory payments and contributions.

Average per capita subsistence level budget for main socio-demographic groups is approved on a quarterly basis by the Government of the Republic of Belarus at prices of the last month of the quarter.

The subsistence level budget is used to determine the level and the scale of poverty in the Republic of Belarus.

Low-income population (households) – population (households) with average per capita disposable resources below the subsistence level budget.

Rate of low-income population (households) is the share of low-income population (households) in the total population (households).

Consumer expenditure is money expenditure of households on food (including food outdoors), alcoholic beverages, non-foods, as well as payment of services. Consumer expenditure is not include taxes and insurance, material aid and other expenses not related to the consumption, as well as all expenses on production of agricultural products in personal subsidiary plots, and accumulation (bank deposits, purchase of real estate, foreign currency and etc.)

Distribution of population (households) by the level of average per capita disposable resources is a series with specified intervals, ranked in an ascending order of average per capita disposable resources which enables to group population (households) into these intervals according to the level of average per capita disposable resources and to calculate the number and share of population (households) within every interval.

Quintiles are arranged by ranking the population (households) in ascending order according to the average per capita disposable resources, which is then divided into 5 equal groups, each group comprising 20% of all the total population (households). As a result, the first (lowest) quintile includes 20% of population (households) with the lowest average per capita disposable resources; the second quintile includes the next 20% of population (households), and so on, while the fifth (highest) quintile includes 20% of population (households) with the highest average per capita disposable resources.

10 percent groups (deciles) are arranged in a similar way by dividing the ranking into 10 equal groups.

Gini coefficient (index of income concentration) shows the bias of actual distribution of the total income (disposable resources) from the perfect equality line. The coefficient is a number between 0 and 1, and the higher the index value, the more unequally income (disposable resources) are distributed in the society.

Data on **caloric value and nutrient composition of food** are presented on food products, consumed directly in households (excluding food outdoors).

More detailed statistical information is also provided in the statistical book of Belstat "Social conditions and standard of living in the Republic of Belarus".

6.2.1. Minimum consumer and subsistence level budgets

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Minimum consumer budget (monthly per member of a four-persons family) ¹⁾ , BYR thous.	706,9	46,7	229,3	340,1	385,3	446,2	733,6	1 300,3	1 608,3	2 017,2
Subsistence level budget (monthly per capita) ¹⁾ , BYR thous.	424,1	30,1	145,7	220,0	248,5	275,2	474,4	825,2	1 023,5	1 311,8
Population with disposable resources below the minimum consumer budget, thous. persons	8 141,4	7 339,1	4 087,4	2 210,9	1 798,8	1 882,4	2 440,3	2 419,5	1 720,6	1 691,9
percent of total population	80,4	76,8	42,6	23,3	19,3	20,7	27,2	27,0	19,3	18,9
Population with disposable resources below the subsistence level budget, thous. persons	3 888,4	3 999,4	1 216,8	574,8	507,8	468,2	655,5	562,6	488,5	431,9
percent of total population	38,4	41,9	12,7	6,1	5,4	5,2	7,3	6,3	5,5	4,8
Ratio of money income of different types to subsistence level budget, percent										
average per capita money income	121,6	154,6	228,6	299,4	308,3	346,1	307,3	343,1	380,4	352,9
nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries ²⁾	178,0	184,4	292,2	359,1	368,4	413,1	368,7	408,1	447,6	416,8
average pensions ³⁾	91,9	97,5	156,5	195,8	184,8	211,3	225,4	232,8	248,9	233,5

¹⁾ Computed value.

²⁾ Calculations are based on the subsistence level budget of working age population.

³⁾ Calculations are based on the subsistence level budget of pensioners.

6.2.2. Disposable resources of households

(per household; BYR thousand per month)

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total households	1 523,1	100,9	713,6	1 409,8	1 606,9	1 821,8	2 747,0	4 948,0	6 649,9	8 222,6
Households residing in:										
urban areas	1 625,3	107,2	780,5	1 551,9	1 725,0	1 943,3	2 946,0	5 253,2	7 080,5	8 756,4
rural areas	1 357,2	87,1	582,9	1 130,8	1 294,6	1 494,8	2 225,8	4 148,3	5 524,5	6 823,2
Households consisting of:										
1 person	814,3	51,4	357,9	708,4	815,7	911,4	1 341,1	2 613,4	3 448,0	4 178,6
2 persons	1 375,2	88,6	649,8	1 330,9	1 495,8	1 769,8	2 664,0	4 845,0	6 400,8	8 132,9
3 persons	1 736,6	121,2	869,3	1 698,2	1 980,4	2 233,6	3 515,8	6 206,0	8 405,8	10 558,8
4 persons	1 916,5	133,9	968,9	1 902,5	2 213,6	2 573,3	3 925,8	6 786,4	9 395,2	11 263,1
5 and more persons	2 154,8	141,7	1 045,1	2 064,4	2 465,1	2 760,8	4 438,6	7 973,2	10 840,7	13 054,7
Households without children	1 520,9	103,6	778,9	1 570,7	1 778,9	2 024,6	3 105,7	5 609,5	7 520,4	9 314,1
Households with children under 18	1 837,0	124,0	879,6	1 718,1	2 029,6	2 299,8	3 580,2	6 211,6	8 467,6	10 495,3
of which:										
1 child	1 791,3	121,6	879,5	1 719,6	2 003,0	2 265,6	3 587,3	6 089,4	8 169,3	10 361,5
2 and more children	1 888,9	127,7	879,9	1 715,8	2 075,6	2 356,9	3 566,6	6 438,4	9 032,4	10 729,5

6.2.3. Structure of disposable resources of households of different composition in 2014

(percent of total)

	Disposable resources - total	Of which		
		money resources	value of consumed food produced in personal subsidiary plots	value of in-kind benefits and payments
Total households	100	95,4	3,9	0,7
Households residing in:				
urban areas	100	96,5	2,8	0,7
rural areas	100	91,8	7,5	0,7
Households consisting of:				
1 person	100	94,8	4,4	0,8
2 persons	100	95,5	3,9	0,6
3 persons	100	96,1	3,3	0,6
4 persons	100	95,2	3,9	0,9
5 and more persons	100	94,7	4,2	1,1
Households without children	100	95,8	3,7	0,5
Households with children under 18	100	95,3	3,8	0,9
of which:				
1 child	100	95,9	3,4	0,7
2 and more children	100	94,2	4,5	1,3

6.2.4. Main indicators of disposable resources differentiation of households

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Disposable resources, percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by 20 percent groups of population:										
first (with lowest resources)	9,6	9,3	9,6	9,2	9,6	9,4	9,2	9,1	9,2	9,4
second	13,9	13,7	14,3	13,9	13,9	13,9	13,8	13,9	14,0	13,7
third	17,6	17,5	17,7	17,6	17,1	17,5	17,4	17,6	17,7	17,1
fourth	22,5	22,5	22,4	22,6	22,1	22,5	22,6	22,8	22,6	22,0
fifth (with highest resources)	36,4	37,0	36,0	36,7	37,3	36,7	37,0	36,6	36,5	37,8
Gini coefficient (index of income concentration)	0,261	0,270	0,256	0,274	0,268	0,265	0,284	0,285	0,283	0,275
Ratio of average disposable resources, times:										
of highest 20 percent group to those of lowest 20 percent group	3,8	4,0	3,7	4,0	3,8	3,9	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0
of highest 10 percent group to those of lowest 10 percent group	5,5	5,8	5,4	5,9	5,6	5,6	6,0	5,9	5,9	6,0

6.2.5. Distribution of population by per capita disposable resources in 2014

(percent of total)

	Total	Of which	
		urban areas	rural areas
Total population	100	100	100
of which with average per capita disposable resources, BYR thous. per month:			
0-1 000,0	1,3	1,1	2,0
1 000,1-1 200,0	1,9	1,4	3,3
1 200,1-1 400,0	2,4	1,9	3,5
1 400,1-1 600,0	3,3	3,1	4,1
1 600,1-1 800,0	4,5	4,0	6,0
1 800,1-2 000,0	5,3	5,0	6,3
2 000,1-2 200,0	6,1	5,6	7,7
2 200,1-2 400,0	6,3	5,8	7,5
2 400,1-2 600,0	7,0	6,9	7,3
2 600,1-2 800,0	6,8	6,6	7,2
2 800,1-3 000,0	6,1	6,4	5,4
3 000,1-3 500,0	13,5	14,1	11,7
3 500,1-4 000,0	9,5	9,8	8,7
4 000,1-4 500,0	7,2	7,6	6,0
4 500,1-5 000,0	5,0	5,3	4,2
5 000,1-5 500,0	3,8	4,1	2,7
5 500,1-6 000,0	2,5	2,7	1,9
over 6 000,0	7,5	8,6	4,5

6.2.6. Distribution of population by ratio of per capita disposable resources to subsistence level budget

(percent of total)

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which with ratio of per capita disposable resources to subsistence level budget, percent:										
0 – 50	3,2	4,7	0,9	0,2	0,1	0,0	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1
50,1 – 60	3,8	4,7	0,7	0,3	0,1	0,1	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,2
60,1 – 80	14,2	14,3	4,0	1,7	1,4	1,0	2,2	1,6	1,3	1,3
80,1 – 100	17,2	18,2	7,1	3,9	3,8	4,1	4,4	4,0	3,7	3,2
below subsistence level budget- total	38,4	41,9	12,7	6,1	5,4	5,2	7,3	6,3	5,5	4,8
100,1 – 120	17,7	15,9	8,3	4,1	2,7	2,8	5,8	5,2	3,2	3,3
120,1 – 140	12,7	11,7	11,1	7,2	5,5	4,9	8,0	6,8	5,2	5,8
140,1 – 160	9,1	9,2	11,8	8,2	7,9	7,0	8,4	7,8	8,2	7,5
160,1 – 180	6,4	6,6	11,6	8,6	8,7	7,4	9,0	8,4	7,5	8,4
180,1 – 200	4,8	4,4	9,3	8,2	9,6	8,1	9,0	8,8	8,3	8,8
200,1 – 220	3,5	3,0	7,4	8,7	9,3	8,9	7,8	8,2	8,3	8,5
220,1 – 250	2,8	2,8	9,0	10,7	11,3	10,3	10,1	10,6	11,2	11,5
250,1 – 300	2,4	2,2	8,9	13,2	13,4	15,0	12,6	12,9	14,5	14,4
300,1 – 400	1,4	1,3	6,6	15,1	15,0	16,9	12,5	14,0	15,9	15,4
above 400	0,8	1,0	3,3	9,9	11,2	13,5	9,5	11,0	12,2	11,6
above subsistence level budget- total	61,6	58,1	87,3	93,9	94,6	94,8	92,7	93,7	94,5	95,2

6.2.7. Low-income population rate

(percent of total population of corresponding group)

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Population with per capita disposable resources below the subsistence level budget - total	38,4	41,9	12,7	6,1	5,4	5,2	7,3	6,3	5,5	4,8
of which residing in:										
urban areas	35,0	37,9	10,9	4,4	4,0	3,8	5,8	5,2	4,2	3,7
rural areas	44,1	50,8	16,7	9,7	9,5	8,9	11,5	9,4	9,0	7,9
Population by sex and age group:										
children aged under 16 years										
0-6	55,3	60,1	21,4	12,6	10,0	10,3	14,2	13,0	10,3	8,3
7-15	48,3	52,2	21,4	11,5	10,8	10,1	13,4	10,7	10,7	10,0
youth aged 16-30 years	41,2	44,6	14,4	6,5	5,9	5,6	7,4	7,3	6,3	5,9
women aged, years										
31-54	36,7	36,9	11,2	5,3	4,6	4,8	6,5	5,8	5,2	4,7
55 and over	25,1	34,6	7,0	2,5	2,3	1,8	4,1	2,9	2,4	1,9
men aged, years										
31-59	37,1	39,2	11,1	5,5	4,9	4,5	6,9	5,4	5,0	4,2
60 and over	22,4	33,9	6,3	1,0	2,1	1,1	2,9	2,8	2,1	1,2

6.2.8. Composition of low-income households

(percent)

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Households with per capita disposable resources below the subsistence level budget - total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which residing in:										
urban areas	58,6	63,3	58,5	52,0	57,7	57,2	60,0	59,9	59,1	57,6
rural areas	41,4	36,7	41,5	48,0	42,3	42,8	40,0	40,1	40,9	42,4
Households consisting of:										
1 person	9,4	13,3	10,1	5,5	6,1	5,1	16,8	12,8	12,8	13,6
2 persons	17,1	22,8	16,9	15,7	11,6	15,8	21,9	18,3	17,7	15,0
3 persons	24,0	23,8	19,8	21,9	23,6	27,4	23,8	23,0	24,9	21,8
4 persons	34,0	25,6	30,9	29,5	30,1	26,3	22,4	27,5	27,5	28,4
5 and more persons	15,5	14,5	22,3	27,4	28,6	25,4	15,1	18,4	17,1	21,2
Households without children	23,2	29,6	24,6	20,4	20,2	19,2	26,2	22,1	21,3	18,0
Households with children under 18	67,4	57,1	65,3	74,1	73,7	75,7	57,0	65,1	65,9	68,4
of which:										
1 child	28,7	28,8	29,2	26,1	28,4	28,8	23,2	29,0	28,4	27,3
2 and more children	38,7	28,3	36,1	48,0	45,3	46,9	33,8	36,1	37,5	41,1

6.2.9. Consumer expenditure of households

(per household; BYR thousand per month)

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total households	1 107,6	77,9	573,1	1 029,3	1 142,6	1 322,8	2 029,4	3 583,5	4 733,7	5 784,2
Households residing in:										
urban areas	1 326,5	89,2	655,7	1 175,2	1 267,8	1 448,8	2 238,2	3 899,4	5 162,3	6 314,4
rural areas	752,1	53,0	411,8	742,8	811,6	983,7	1 482,4	2 755,9	3 613,5	4 394,4
Households consisting of:										
1 person	574,9	39,9	283,1	500,5	586,0	660,8	994,9	1 895,2	2 465,0	2 972,4
2 persons	956,7	67,7	509,8	936,9	1 032,5	1 228,4	1 899,1	3 384,7	4 386,2	5 487,8
3 persons	1 328,6	96,4	715,6	1 284,0	1 427,3	1 685,3	2 631,6	4 609,1	6 056,8	7 566,4
4 persons	1 412,9	102,7	791,5	1 412,6	1 610,7	1 887,3	2 967,6	5 010,7	6 951,8	8 134,7
5 and more persons	1 523,3	103,5	807,7	1 502,9	1 685,0	1 979,9	3 319,1	5 743,6	7 624,7	9 247,0
Households without children	1 082,8	83,3	622,8	1 127,6	1 253,4	1 419,0	2 233,9	3 933,0	5 190,0	6 286,4
Households with children under 18	1 363,7	98,6	712,0	1 286,5	1 450,4	1 723,7	2 715,0	4 652,2	6 220,7	7 668,1
of which:										
1 child	1 378,1	96,5	726,1	1 316,2	1 450,9	1 725,4	2 727,6	4 593,3	6 027,3	7 575,9
2 and more children	1 347,5	93,2	687,1	1 238,2	1 449,6	1 720,9	2 690,9	4 761,3	6 587,0	7 829,5

6.2.10. Pattern of consumer expenditure of households in 2014

(percent of total)

	Consumer expenditure - total	Of which expenditure on			
		food ¹⁾	alcoholic beverages	non-food goods	services
Total households	100	41,6	2,5	35,7	20,2
Households residing in:					
urban areas	100	41,4	2,4	35,2	21,0
rural areas	100	42,4	2,9	37,5	17,2
Households consisting of:					
1 person	100	46,9	2,6	28,5	22,0
2 persons	100	43,6	2,9	34,0	19,5
3 persons	100	38,8	2,3	38,8	20,1
4 persons	100	39,2	2,2	37,8	20,8
5 and more persons	100	40,2	2,1	38,8	18,9
Households without children	100	42,5	2,9	35,2	19,4
Households with children under 18:	100	38,9	2,0	38,6	20,5
of which:					
1 child	100	38,5	2,0	38,6	20,9
2 and more children	100	39,7	1,9	38,7	19,7

¹⁾ Including eating out.

6.2.11. Pattern of household consumer expenditure

(percent of total)

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total										
Consumer expenditure – total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
expenditure on purchasing foodstuffs	60,1	58,0	42,4	38,9	37,9	36,8	38,9	40,8	37,7	39,2
of which:										
bread and bakery products	12,2	13,5	7,7	6,5	6,2	5,8	5,8	5,9	5,7	5,9
milk and dairy products	10,1	8,4	6,3	6,3	6,5	6,4	6,5	7,4	7,2	7,8
meat and meat products	16,8	17,6	13,9	12,6	12,5	11,6	12,6	13,7	11,7	12,2
fish and fish products	3,1	3,3	3,0	2,3	2,1	1,9	1,9	2,1	2,0	2,0
potatoes	0,7	0,5	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,5	0,4	0,2	0,3	0,4
vegetables and gourds	2,4	2,1	2,0	1,9	1,8	1,9	1,9	1,8	1,9	2,0
fruits and berries	2,8	2,4	2,4	2,7	2,4	2,4	2,5	2,6	2,6	2,5
other foodstuffs	12,0	10,2	6,8	6,3	6,1	6,3	7,3	7,1	6,3	6,4
eating out	1,5	1,6	2,2	2,3	2,3	2,2	2,4	2,2	2,2	2,4
expenditure on:										
alcoholic beverages	3,3	3,5	2,5	2,3	2,2	2,2	2,2	2,6	2,6	2,5
tobacco products	1,5	1,8	1,5	1,3	1,3	1,2	1,2	1,2	1,3	1,3
clothing, footwear, fabrics	9,9	11,7	9,3	9,1	10,0	10,6	10,8	11,6	11,0	9,3
furniture and household goods	4,1	3,5	5,0	6,5	6,5	7,0	7,8	7,8	8,0	6,8
health	2,0	2,2	2,7	3,2	3,0	3,0	3,1	3,4	3,8	3,6
housing and utilities	4,7	3,0	9,1	7,0	7,7	7,0	5,5	4,1	4,4	5,3
public transport services	1,5	1,9	3,1	2,9	2,5	2,3	2,1	1,8	1,9	2,2
communications	1,0	1,3	3,6	4,8	4,8	4,7	4,0	3,8	4,5	4,7
education	0,7	1,1	1,8	1,9	2,0	1,8	1,5	1,3	1,5	1,4
culture, recreation and sport	1,9	1,7	4,4	4,5	4,4	5,1	5,0	5,7	5,8	5,4
personal services, personal care items	2,3	2,0	2,1	2,1	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,7	2,8	2,8
other goods and services	5,5	6,7	10,3	13,2	12,5	13,2	12,6	11,0	12,5	13,1

Continued

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Urban areas										
Consumer expenditure – total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
expenditure on purchasing foodstuffs	60,4	57,8	41,5	37,8	37,0	36,1	38,3	40,3	37,1	38,6
of which:										
bread and bakery products	9,5	11,1	6,4	5,4	5,4	5,1	5,2	5,2	5,1	5,3
milk and dairy products	11,2	9,1	6,5	6,2	6,4	6,3	6,5	7,4	7,2	7,7
meat and meat products	19,0	19,2	14,4	12,8	12,6	11,8	12,8	13,8	11,8	12,3
fish and fish products	3,0	3,3	2,8	2,1	2,0	1,9	1,8	2,0	1,9	2,0
potatoes	0,8	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,4
vegetables and gourds	2,6	2,3	2,1	2,0	1,9	1,9	1,9	1,9	2,0	2,2
fruits and berries	3,2	2,7	2,7	2,9	2,6	2,6	2,7	2,8	2,7	2,6
other foodstuffs	11,1	9,6	6,2	6,0	5,7	6,0	7,0	6,9	6,1	6,1
eating out	1,8	1,9	2,6	2,8	2,7	2,5	2,7	2,5	2,5	2,8
expenditure on:										
alcoholic beverages	2,6	3,1	2,2	2,1	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,4	2,4	2,4
tobacco products	1,4	1,8	1,5	1,2	1,2	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,2	1,2
clothing, footwear, fabrics	9,7	11,3	9,3	9,3	10,0	10,5	10,6	11,5	11,0	9,2
furniture and household goods	3,8	3,4	4,8	6,4	6,4	6,8	7,8	7,6	7,7	6,6
health	1,8	2,2	2,6	3,1	3,0	3,0	3,2	3,5	3,9	3,7
housing and utilities	5,4	3,3	9,7	7,1	7,8	7,1	5,5	4,2	4,4	5,2
public transport services	1,8	2,1	3,4	3,2	2,6	2,4	2,2	1,9	2,1	2,4
communications	1,0	1,4	3,8	4,9	4,9	4,9	4,0	3,9	4,5	4,7
education	0,8	1,3	2,1	2,0	2,2	1,9	1,6	1,4	1,6	1,5
culture, recreation and sport	1,9	1,8	4,5	4,9	4,7	5,4	5,3	6,0	6,2	5,8
personal services, personal care items	2,5	2,1	2,3	2,3	3,1	3,1	3,1	2,9	3,0	2,9
other goods and services	5,1	6,5	9,7	12,9	12,4	13,2	12,6	10,8	12,4	13,0

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Rural areas										
Consumer expenditure – total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
expenditure on purchasing foodstuffs	59,0	58,4	45,0	42,3	41,6	39,4	41,3	42,8	40,0	41,4
of which:										
bread and bakery products	20,1	22,6	11,9	10,0	9,8	8,7	8,4	8,2	8,1	8,2
milk and dairy products	6,8	5,5	5,7	6,6	6,8	6,8	6,7	7,5	7,5	8,2
meat and meat products	10,5	11,8	12,1	11,8	12,0	10,9	11,7	13,1	11,2	11,5
fish and fish products	3,6	3,6	3,6	2,6	2,4	2,1	2,1	2,4	2,1	2,2
potatoes	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,1
vegetables and gourds	1,8	1,5	1,7	1,6	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,7
fruit and berries	1,6	1,3	1,7	2,0	1,7	1,7	1,9	2,1	2,1	2,2
other foodstuffs	14,4	12,0	8,2	7,6	7,2	7,5	8,8	7,9	7,3	7,3
eating out	0,8	0,7	0,9	0,9	1,0	1,1	1,0	0,9	1,0	1,0
expenditure on:										
alcoholic beverages	5,2	5,1	3,7	3,1	2,9	2,8	2,9	3,1	3,1	2,9
tobacco products	1,9	2,0	1,7	1,7	1,8	1,6	1,7	1,4	1,8	1,6
clothing, footwear, fabrics	10,6	13,0	9,1	8,7	9,9	10,8	11,4	11,9	10,7	9,4
furniture and household goods	5,0	3,8	5,6	6,8	6,8	7,1	7,9	8,3	9,1	7,7
health	2,6	2,1	3,0	3,3	2,9	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,4	3,4
housing and utilities	2,5	1,9	7,5	6,6	7,4	6,7	5,4	4,0	4,4	5,7
public transport services	0,8	1,2	2,3	2,3	1,9	1,8	1,6	1,4	1,4	1,4
communications	0,8	1,0	2,7	4,1	4,3	4,5	3,8	3,7	4,4	4,9
education	0,5	0,7	1,2	1,1	1,2	1,3	1,2	1,1	1,0	1,0
culture, recreation and sport	1,3	1,2	4,0	3,5	3,3	4,0	3,8	4,3	4,1	3,9
personal services, personal care items	1,8	1,5	1,5	1,6	2,2	2,3	2,3	2,1	2,2	2,3
other goods and services	7,2	7,4	11,8	14,0	12,8	13,6	12,7	12,0	13,4	13,4

**6.2.12. Pattern of consumer expenditure of households
with different average per capita disposable resources in 2014**
(percent of total)

	20 percent groups				
	first (lowest disposable resources)	second	third	fourth	fifth (highest disposable resources)
Consumer expenditure – total	100	100	100	100	100
of which:					
expenditure on purchasing foodstuffs	46,2	43,8	42,4	40,0	31,4
of which:					
bread and bakery products	8,2	7,0	6,4	5,7	4,1
milk and dairy products	9,4	9,1	8,6	7,8	6,0
meat and meat products	13,7	13,3	13,0	12,8	9,9
fish and fish products	2,1	2,2	2,2	2,1	1,8
potatoes	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,3
vegetables and gourds	2,2	2,1	2,2	2,1	1,8
fruits and berries	2,6	2,7	2,7	2,6	2,3
other foodstuffs	7,5	7,0	6,9	6,5	5,2
eating out	1,4	1,7	2,3	2,3	3,3
expenditure on:					
alcoholic beverages	2,1	2,3	2,5	2,6	2,5
tobacco products	2,0	1,6	1,2	1,3	0,8
clothing, footwear, fabrics	9,0	9,2	9,5	9,5	9,0
furniture and household goods	4,8	6,0	6,2	7,1	8,3
health	3,0	3,8	3,9	3,7	3,7
housing and utilities	7,6	6,4	5,6	5,0	3,8
public transport services	2,2	2,1	2,2	2,3	2,3
communication	6,0	5,3	5,0	4,6	3,8
education	1,6	1,6	1,7	1,4	1,1
culture, recreation and sport	3,8	4,1	4,7	5,5	7,1
personal services, personal care items	3,0	2,9	2,9	2,8	2,7
other goods and services	7,3	9,2	9,9	11,9	20,2

**6.2.13. Caloric value and nutrient composition
of food consumed in households**
(daily average per household member)

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Caloric value of food, kcal	2 803	2 774	2 713	2 547	2 390	2 429	2 506	2 564	2 567	2 650
of which ingredients of animal origin	961	900	941	939	906	915	971	984	978	993
Proteins, grams	66,9	81,8	84,0	81,9	77,8	78,3	80,6	82,5	84,5	88,1
of which in ingredients of animal origin	34,4	40,5	46,8	48,5	47,2	48,5	50,0	51,0	53,4	56,1
Fat, grams	107,1	108,8	115,3	111,4	106,0	111,6	117,4	119,2	120,0	123,6
of which in ingredients of animal origin	83,0	74,6	77,2	76,9	74,1	74,4	79,7	80,8	79,2	79,6
Carbohydrates, grams	390,1	364,7	333,9	305,0	282,0	278,8	282,8	291,3	288,3	297,3

6.2.14. Availability of durables in households
(per 100 households; units)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Color TV-sets	89	118	140	145	149	152	154	152	155
Personal computers	2	13	32	40	44	51	59	70	78
Video-, DVD-recorders, video cameras	20	38	60	68	67	64	62	57	54
Refrigerators, freezers	106	116	124	127	128	128	134	135	139
Automatic washing machines	...	25	50	58	63	68	73	78	80
Microwave ovens	...	17	39	47	50	54	60	62	67

**6.2.15. Availability of durables in households
with different average per capita disposable resources in 2014**
(per 100 households; units)

	20 percent groups				
	first (lowest disposable resources)	second	third	fourth	fifth (highest disposable resources)
Color TV-sets	145	148	155	163	164
Personal computers	75	68	74	81	91
Video-, DVD-recorders, video cameras	50	47	52	57	58
Refrigerators, freezers	132	135	141	144	141
Automatic washing machines	74	76	79	86	89
Microwave ovens	59	59	63	71	80

6.3. Housing conditions

The section contains data on housing stock, housing conditions, and provision of housing stock with modern services and utilities.

Housing stock refer to total dwellings in the Republic of Belarus irrespective of their ownership, located in a given territory. It includes general-type dwelling houses, premises of social use, corporate housing, accommodations in hostels, dwellings of special service housing fund, special accommodations, dwelling of commercial use, other dwellings.

The housing stock excludes: summer country and garden houses, rooms intended for the recreation in preventoria, rest homes, camping-sites, hotels; premises intended for dwelling but not completed by construction; mobile dwellings (railway coaches, tents, etc.); structures constructed without permission regardless of whether they are used for living or not; premises of correctional institutions, detention homes, detention facilities and other similar facilities.

Total floor space of living quarters (flats, detached houses) is defined as the sum of floor spaces of living rooms and auxiliary premises of flats (kitchens, anterooms, intra-flat corridors and stairs, bathrooms or shower rooms, toilet rooms, store-rooms or built-in closets, furnace rooms and other premises that are not living quarters), situated on above ground, attic, samibasement and basement floors, in heated annexes and verandas excluding the floor space of unheated (cold) premises, loggias, balconies, terraces.

The following areas are not included in the total floor space of living quarters: uninhabitable attics, guard space (penthouse), extra-apartment communications, ante-rooms, stair landings and flights, elevator and other shafts, porches, outdoor open stairways, balconies, loggias, terraces, non-heated mansards and mezzanines; detached cookhouses, bath-houses, barns, summerhouses as well as premises occupied by housing and operating establishments, shops, polyclinics, pharmacies, banks, post offices, children's institutions, organizations providing personal services to population, etc.

Provision of housing stock with amenities means the equipment of dwelling premises with selected conveniences, such as water supply, sewerage, central heating, gas, hot water, bathrooms.

Population provision with housing is defined as total floor space of dwelling per inhabitant. This indicator is calculated by dividing total floor space of housing at the end of the year by the number of population for the same period.

Individuals registered for improving their housing conditions are recognized as nationals with total floor space per family member less than 15 square metres (and less than 10 square metres per family member in Minsk city).

6.3.1. Main indicators of housing conditions of population

(end of year)

Years	Total housing stock, mln m ² of total floor space	Population provision with housing, m ² of total floor space per inhabitant	Number of individuals (families) registered for improving their housing conditions, thous.	Number of individuals (families) that were provided with dwelling and improved their housing conditions, thous.
1990	182,4	17,9	669,8	89,1
1991	187,2	18,4	685,4	79,9
1992	194,8	19,0	703,6	75,2
1993	198,8	19,4	687,1	66,7
1994	200,4	19,6	651,8	55,8
1995	200,5	19,7	623,8	32,0
1996	201,4	19,9	612,5	31,2
1997	203,6	20,2	610,0	36,8
1998	207,1	20,6	585,2	39,2

Continued

Years	Total housing stock, mln m ² of total floor space	Population provision with housing, m ² of total floor space per inhabitant	Number of individuals (families) registered for improving their housing conditions, thous.	Number of individuals (families) that were provided with dwelling and improved their housing conditions, thous.
1999	208,2	20,8	579,7	30,9
2000	212,1	21,3	568,8	24,2
2001	215,0	21,7	558,8	25,9
2002	216,6	22,0	555,9	20,0
2003	219,2	22,5	522,2	19,3
2004	221,4	22,8	525,0	25,6
2005	220,7	22,9	564,8	31,3
2006	220,5	23,0	623,1	34,0
2007	222,6	23,3	717,5	38,5
2008	224,8	23,6	701,0	30,8
2009	228,2	24,0	793,1	41,6
2010	232,9	24,6	855,6	48,9
2011	237,0	25,0	849,2	47,7
2012	240,3	25,4	813,6	39,2
2013	243,5	25,7	773,0	38,7
2014	247,7	26,1	742,2	36,6

6.3.2. Housing stock

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total housing stock, mln m ² of total floor space	212,1	220,7	224,8	228,2	232,9	237,0	240,3	243,5	247,7
of which state housing stock	44,0	37,6	34,6	34,0	33,1	31,5	29,0	25,5	20,1
Share of state housing stock in total housing stock, percent	20,8	17,0	15,4	14,9	14,2	13,3	12,1	10,5	8,1
Average per inhabitant, m ²	21,3	22,9	23,6	24,0	24,6	25,0	25,4	25,7	26,1
Urban housing stock									
Total housing stock, mln m ² of total floor space	135,0	144,4	149,8	153,1	157,3	161,5	164,9	168,4	172,3
of which state housing stock	37,2	30,0	26,8	26,2	25,4	23,9	21,8	19,0	14,3
Share of state housing stock in total urban housing stock, percent	27,5	20,8	18,0	17,1	16,1	14,8	13,2	11,3	8,3
Average per inhabitant, m ²	19,3	20,8	21,3	21,6	22,1	22,5	22,8	23,2	23,5
Rural housing stock									
Total housing stock, mln m ² of total floor space	77,1	76,3	75,0	75,1	75,6	75,5	75,4	75,1	75,5
of which state housing stock	6,8	7,6	7,8	7,8	7,7	7,6	7,2	6,5	5,8
Share of state housing stock in total rural housing stock, percent	8,9	9,9	10,4	10,4	10,2	10,1	9,6	8,7	7,7
Average per inhabitant, m ²	25,9	28,5	30,2	31,0	32,0	33,0	33,6	34,3	35,0

6.3.3. Urban housing stock

(end of year)

Years	Total floor space of living quarters, mln m ²	Years	Total floor space of living quarters, mln m ²	Years	Total floor space of living quarters, mln m ²
1940	12,9	1995	123,7	2007	147,3
1960	24,4	2000	135,0	2008	149,8
1965	32,5	2001	137,4	2009	153,1
1970	42,9	2002	138,8	2010	157,3
1975	56,7	2003	141,1	2011	161,5
1980	71,2	2004	143,4	2012	164,9
1985	86,5	2005	144,4	2013	168,4
1990	106,3	2006	144,7	2014	172,3

6.3.4. Housing stock in the state of failure and dilapidated condition

(end of year; thousand square metres of total floor space)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Housing stock in the state of failure and dilapidated condition	660,0	450,0	328,3	323,7	340,2	313,3	293,0	282,9	288,0
of which:									
in dilapidated condition	582,0	389,9	269,5	260,8	278,8	251,8	228,4	208,7	210,4
in the state of failure	78,0	60,1	58,8	62,9	61,4	61,5	64,6	74,2	77,6
Share of housing stock in the state of failure and dilapidated condition in total housing stock, percent	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1

6.3.5. Improvement of housing conditions

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of individuals (families) that were provided with dwelling and improved their housing conditions, thous.	24,2	31,3	30,8	41,6	48,9	47,7	39,2	38,7	36,6
of which in:									
urban areas	18,5	20,2	28,1	38,6	45,4	43,1	35,3	34,3	31,3
rural areas	5,7	11,1	2,7	3,0	3,5	4,6	3,9	4,3	5,3
Number of individuals (families) registered for improving their housing conditions (end of year), thous.	568,8	564,8	701,0	793,1	855,6	849,2	813,6	773,0	742,2
of which in:									
urban areas	543,3	528,8	648,1	723,5	775,1	768,3	734,8	696,2	668,7
rural areas	25,5	36,0	52,9	69,6	80,5	80,9	78,8	76,8	73,5

6.3.6. Provision of housing stock with amenities

(end of year; percent)

	Urban areas						Rural areas					
	2000	2005	2010	2012	2013	2014	2000	2005	2010	2012	2013	2014
Share of housing stock equipped with:												
water supply system	84,8	86,5	87,6	88,2	88,4	88,8	26,2	33,6	40,4	42,9	44,3	46,0
sewerage	83,9	85,7	86,8	87,5	87,7	88,2	21,6	29,2	36,3	39,0	40,5	42,3
central heating	86,5	88,0	89,0	89,6	89,8	90,1	18,9	26,5	33,8	37,1	38,3	40,3
gas	85,8	86,2	85,1	84,6	84,1	84,1	88,5	91,9	93,5	94,2	94,3	94,4
hot water	76,6	80,2	81,1	82,0	82,3	82,8	5,8	15,9	23,9	26,7	28,1	30,5
bathrooms (shower)	78,9	81,0	82,0	82,8	83,1	83,6	9,7	21,0	29,8	32,3	33,6	35,3

6.3.7. Distribution of households by type and level of availability of amenities of occupied dwelling

(data based on sample household living standards survey;
beginning of year; percent of total households)

	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total households	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Households residing in:									
apartment	54,9	60,3	62,2	65,9	66,5	63,9	64,1	64,1	62,7
one-dwelling house (part of one-dwelling house)	38,9	33,8	31,2	28,3	28,1	30,4	30,5	30,4	31,3
hostel	3,9	3,7	4,0	3,7	3,2	3,9	3,8	4,1	3,9
rented dwelling	2,3	2,2	2,6	2,1	2,2	1,8	1,6	1,4	2,1
Share of households residing in apartments (houses) equipped with ¹⁾ :									
central heating	67,3	75,8	77,2	84,4	84,0	84,6	85,7	86,5	86,4
water supply system	66,3	74,6	78,4	86,8	86,4	86,3	88,6	89,9	90,5
sewerage	60,8	70,4	75,6	84,7	84,4	83,7	86,6	87,8	88,5
hot water	54,2	62,2	66,0	76,6	78,3	77,8	80,8	82,7	83,6
gas	90,5	92,5	90,3	88,8	89,9	89,4	89,1	90,9	91,0
bathroom or shower	58,9	65,5	69,2	78,2	78,4	77,8	80,3	81,9	81,8

¹⁾ Excluding those who rent a dwelling from individuals.

6.3.8. Distribution of households by total floor space of occupied dwelling¹⁾

(data based on sample household living standards survey; beginning of year;
percent of total households)

	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total households	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which with total floor space of occupied dwelling per person, m ²									
up to 12,0	17,9	13,3	11,9	9,5	8,1	7,8	7,3	8,3	7,8
12,0 - 14,9	14,2	11,0	10,2	9,2	9,8	8,9	8,7	8,6	9,1
15,0 - 16,9	12,3	11,2	9,9	9,0	8,0	8,5	7,9	7,9	8,0
17,0 - 19,9	10,3	10,4	9,4	9,9	9,7	9,2	8,9	8,8	8,5
20,0 - 29,9	21,3	26,8	25,6	24,7	25,0	24,4	24,7	24,9	25,0
30,0 - 39,9	12,1	12,3	13,9	15,1	15,0	15,5	16,2	15,0	14,9
40 and over	11,9	15,0	19,1	22,6	24,4	25,7	26,3	26,5	26,7

¹⁾ Excluding those who rent a dwelling from individuals.

6.3.9. Distribution of households with different average per capita disposable resources by type of occupied dwelling in 2014¹⁾

(data based on sample household living standards survey;
percent of total households of corresponding group)

	20 percent groups				
	first (lowest disposable resources)	second	third	fourth	fifth (highest disposable resources)
Total households	100	100	100	100	100
of which with total floor space of occupied dwelling per person, m ²					
up to 12,0	14,6	8,4	5,9	5,8	5,4
12,0 - 14,9	13,2	9,4	8,7	6,8	5,5
15,0 - 16,9	10,9	7,1	7,4	7,4	6,8
17,0 - 19,9	11,1	10,0	9,4	8,3	6,1
20,0 - 29,9	25,0	24,3	24,6	27,0	23,3
30,0 - 39,9	9,4	14,1	15,6	17,1	18,6
40 and over	15,8	26,7	28,4	27,6	34,3

¹⁾ Excluding those who rent a dwelling from individuals.

7. EDUCATION

The section contains statistical data on pre-primary, general secondary, vocational-technical, secondary specialized, and higher education programmes, as well as data on postgraduate education programmes.

Pre-primary education institutions comprise day nurseries, day nurseries-kindergartens, kindergartens, sanatorium-type nurseries-kindergartens, sanatorium-type kindergartens, pre-primary centres for child development, as well as other educational institutions teaching pre-primary education programmes, special education programmes at the level of pre-primary education, and special education programmes at the level of pre-primary education for children with mental impairment, other organizations authorised by the law to carry out educational activity and teaching pre-primary education programmes.

Gross enrolment ratio in pre-primary education is the number of children enrolled in pre-primary education programmes, expressed as a percentage of the population 1 to 5 years old.

Children enrolled in pre-primary education per 100 places is the ratio of the number of children enrolled in pre-primary education programmes to the number of places, multiplied by 100.

Prior to 2011, data on pre-primary education programmes are provided as of the end of the year, starting from 2011 – as of the beginning of academic year.

General secondary education institutions comprise primary schools, basic schools, secondary schools, evening schools, gymnasias, boarding gymnasias, lyceums, specialized lyceums, Suvorov colleges, cadet colleges, boarding schools for orphan children and children without parental care, sanatorium-type boarding schools, educational complexes, as well as other educational institutions teaching general secondary education programmes, special education programmes at the level of general secondary education and special education programmes at the level of general secondary education for persons with mental impairment.

Vocational-technical education institutions comprise vocational-technical schools, vocational lyceums, vocational-technical colleges, as well as other educational institutions teaching vocational-technical education programmes.

Secondary specialized education institutions comprise colleges, as well as other educational institutions teaching secondary specialized education programmes.

Gross intake ratio in secondary specialized education is the number of new entrants in secondary specialized education, expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age.

Gross graduation ratio from secondary specialized education is the number of new graduates from secondary specialized education, expressed as a percentage of the population 18 years of age.

Higher education institutions can be of the following types: classic university; specialized university (academy, conservatory); institute; and higher college.

Gross intake ratio in higher education is the number of new entrants in higher education, expressed as a percentage of the population 17 years of age.

Gross graduation ratio from higher education is the number of new graduates from higher education, expressed as a percentage of the population 22 years of age.

Number of personal computers used in the process of education per 1 000 schoolchildren (students) is a ratio of the number of personal computers used in the process of education to the number of full-time pupils (students), multiplied by 1 000.

Data on the number of general secondary, vocational-technical, secondary specialized, and higher education institutions and enrolment are provided as of the beginning of academic year.

Postgraduate education comprises two stages:

postgraduate (adjunct) course is the 1st stage of postgraduate education aimed at training of specialists with skills in planning and original research and profound theoretical knowledge enabling them to prepare a qualification research paper (dissertation) to compete for an academic degree of the candidate of science. The 1st stage of postgraduate education pursues educational programmes of postgraduate (adjunct) course providing the scientific qualification "Researcher", with either full-time or correspondence studies, or in the form of degree candidacy;

doctoral course is the 2nd stage of postgraduate education aimed at training specialists with skills in the organization of research in new areas or in the development of existing currently important research areas, and analytical generalisation of scientific results enabling them to prepare a qualification research paper (dissertation) to compete for an academic degree of the doctor of science. The 2nd stage of postgraduate education pursues educational programmes of doctoral course with full-time studies or in the form of degree candidacy.

The number of students enrolled in postgraduate and doctoral programmes is given as of the end of the year, prior to 2013 including the nationals of the CIS countries, and from 2013 including the nationals of other foreign countries as well.

In compliance with the Education Code of the Republic of Belarus, starting from 2011 the indicators of postgraduate (adjunct) and doctoral programmes include data on the training of researchers of higher qualification in the form of degree candidacy.

Starting from 2013 data on postgraduate (adjunct) and doctoral programmes are provided by the State Committee on Science and Technology of the Republic of Belarus for relevant education institutions/ organizations that engaged in training of researchers of higher qualification on the basis of budgetary funding.

The data on enrolment, intake and graduates from postgraduate (adjunct) and doctoral programmes by fields of science for 2000-2014 are shown in compliance with the Nomenclature of Specialties of Scientific Staff of the Republic of Belarus approved by the resolution No 4 of the Higher Appraisal Commission of the Republic of Belarus of July 8, 2009.

Data on degree award are provided by the Higher Appraisal Commission of the Republic of Belarus.

More detailed information on education statistics is provided in the statistical book "Education in the Republic of Belarus".

7.1. Main indicators of education

	1980	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of pre-primary education institutions	3 717	5 350	4 576	4 423	4 150	4 087	4 097	4 099	4 081	4 064	4 027	3 972
Enrolment in pre-primary education institutions, thous. persons	488,6	608,0	458,0	390,8	366,7	367,7	372,8	384,0	387,4	398,0	407,0	410,6
Enrolment ratio in pre-primary education, percent of children 1 to 5 years of age	57,2	67,7	60,1	70,9	82,5	80,2	77,9	76,7	75,3	74,4	74,5	74,2
Children enrolled in pre-primary education per 100 places, persons	115	106	84	86	99	101	101	104	104	106	107	108
Number of general secondary education institutions	6 968	5429	5007	4 772	4 187	3 821	3 719	3 654	3 707	3 579	3 395	3 293
Enrolment in general secondary education institutions, thous. persons	1 525,2	1 507,7	1 582,2	1 547,6	1 240,9	1 083,2	1 006,7	962,3	938,1	928,2	931,3	946,1

Continued

	1980	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of vocational-technical education institutions	220	255	252	248	241	233	232	229	229	226	219	213
Enrolment in vocational-technical education institutions, thous. persons	143,5	141,1	130,1	137,7	114,6	99,0	105,7	106,0	98,6	79,9	74,6	72,8
students per 10 000 population	149	138	128	138	119	104	111	112	104	84	79	77
Intake in vocational-technical education institutions, thous. persons	97,8	72,7	55,2	60,8	53,7	47,7	60,2	44,0	39,5	35,5	34,6	34,5
Graduates from vocational-technical education institutions, thous. persons	83,9	79,1	59,2	54,7	54,0	49,5	48,9	40,9	43,8	50,2	36,9	33,8
graduates per 10 000 employed population, persons	169	153	134	123	122	107	105	87	93	109	81	74
Number of secondary specialized education institutions	135	147	149	156	204	206	211	214	220	225	231	231
Enrolment in secondary specialized education institutions, thous. persons	162,8	143,7	122,4	150,3	154,1	157,3	166,6	167,6	162,9	152,2	138,4	129,0
students per 10 000 population	168	141	120	151	160	165	175	177	172	161	146	136
Intake in secondary specialized education institutions, thous. persons	52,5	46,6	39,3	54,0	50,9	53,9	58,7	54,9	51,9	48,2	43,8	40,9
Intake ratio in secondary specialized education institutions, percent	...	32,0	25,8	32,5	34,7	44,8	52,5	52,7	53,9	53,2	48,9	44,8
Graduates from secondary specialized education institutions, thous. persons	47,4	42,2	37,0	43,8	49,3	44,0	42,5	45,3	46,2	48,7	47,7	41,4
graduates per 10 000 employed population	96	82	84	99	112	95	91	96	98	106	104	91
Graduation ratio from secondary specialized education institutions, percent	...	29,0	25,4	28,5	30,6	30,2	30,9	34,6	37,7	43,3	45,5	42,7

Continued

	1980	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of higher education institutions	32	33	59	57	55	53	53	55	55	54	54	54
Enrolment in higher education institutions, thous. persons	177,0	188,6	197,4	281,7	383,0	420,7	430,4	442,9	445,6	428,4	395,3	362,9
students per 10 000 population	183	185	194	283	398	442	453	467	471	453	417	383
Intake in higher education institutions, thous. persons	36,4	37,5	49,1	68,4	90,5	91,5	97,8	100,5	96,0	88,1	68,7	63,4
Intake ratio in higher education institutions, percent	...	25,4	33,4	42,0	57,0	66,9	74,7	82,3	85,6	84,3	71,0	69,8
Graduates from higher education institutions, thous. persons	30,7	28,6	32,5	38,7	53,6	68,8	74,0	73,3	75,8	84,6	82,7	81,1
graduates per 10 000 employed population	62	55	74	87	122	149	159	156	162	183	181	178
Graduation ratio from higher education institutions, percent	...	21,3	22,7	27,1	34,3	43,6	47,1	47,1	49,4	58,0	60,0	61,4
Enrolment in Master's course, persons	—	—	—	613	1 967	4 043	4 349	4 805	4 955	6 088	7 552	8 855
Graduates from Master's course, persons	—	—	—	426	1 026	1 970	2 607	2 545	2 852	3 062	3 319	3 761
Number of educational institutions and organization implementing postgraduate (adjunct) programmes	68 ¹⁾	73	94	110	119	116	117	119	120	121	118	119
Enrolment in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	3 136 ¹⁾	2 984	3 082	5 203	5 042	4 281	4 571	4 725	5 779	5 456	5 265	4 900
Intake in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	944 ¹⁾	911	1 140	1 824	1 508	1 317	1 516	1 469	1 756	1 361	1 431	1 342
Graduates from postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	768 ¹⁾	748	601	1 010	1 296	1 083	1 091	1 015	1 099	1 075	1 172	1 148
Number of educational institutions and organization implementing doctoral programmes	...	...	20	35	38	38	39	37	59	56	56	55
Enrolment in doctoral programmes, persons	...	...	150	111	131	124	110	98	220	218	242	282
Intake in doctoral programmes, persons	...	...	60	37	56	34	42	28	65	76	87	105
Graduates from doctoral programmes, persons	...	...	23	41	29	53	53	33	58	65	44	51

¹⁾ 1981 year.

7.2. Education expenditure from the consolidated budget of the Republic of Belarus

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Education expenditure from the consolidated budget, BYR bn	4 167	6 943	7 146	8 898	14 393	27 160	33 598	38 827
percent of total expenditure of the consolidated budget	13,3	10,9	11,2	16,8	18,1	17,5	17,9	18,4
percent of GDP	6,4	5,3	5,2	5,4	4,8	5,1	5,2	5,0
Out of total, expenditure on:								
pre-primary education	657	1 210	1 296	1 690	3 029	5 807	7 260	8 783
general secondary education	2 028	3 170	3 200	4 176	6 724	12 552	15 330	17 663
vocational-technical education	269	443	465	571	881	1 598	1 810	1 941
secondary specialized education	251	388	393	402	692	1 330	1 618	1 869
higher and postgraduate education	498	827	857	1 122	1 798	3 525	4 244	4 646
supplementary education for adults	46	79	80	93	153	292	374	424
supplementary education for children and young people	179	315	308	414	708	1 323	1 662	1 961
applied research in the field of education	28	14	10	11	16	45	45	45
other education issues	211	497	537	419	392	688	1 255	1 495
Percent of total								
Education expenditure from the consolidated budget	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which on:								
pre-primary education	15,8	17,4	18,1	19,0	21,1	21,4	21,6	22,6
general secondary education	48,7	45,7	44,8	46,9	46,7	46,2	45,6	45,5
vocational-technical education	6,5	6,4	6,5	6,4	6,1	5,9	5,4	5,0
secondary specialized education	6,0	5,6	5,5	4,5	4,8	4,9	4,8	4,8
higher and postgraduate education	11,9	11,9	12,0	12,6	12,5	13,0	12,6	12,0
supplementary education for adults	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1
supplementary education for children and young people	4,3	4,5	4,3	4,7	4,9	4,9	5,0	5,0
applied research in the field of education	0,7	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
other education issues	5,0	7,2	7,5	4,7	2,7	2,5	3,8	3,9

Pre-primary education

7.3. Pre-primary education programmes

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of institutions	4 423	4 150	4 087	4 097	4 099	4 081	4 064	4 027	3 972
of which in:									
urban areas	2 197	2 013	1 995	2 007	2 013	2 015	2 028	2 045	2 053
rural areas	2 226	2 137	2 092	2 090	2 086	2 066	2 036	1 982	1 919
Enrolment in pre-primary education institutions, thous. persons	390,8	366,7	367,7	372,8	384,0	387,4	398,0	407,0	410,6
of which in:									
urban areas	319,7	305,7	305,7	309,5	319,6	324,8	334,6	344,1	349,5
rural areas	71,1	61,0	62,0	63,3	64,4	62,6	63,4	63,0	61,1
Number of education staff, thous. persons	52,5	50,4	50,7	51,3	52,0	53,5	54,1	53,5	54,0
of which in:									
urban areas	42,2	40,8	41,1	41,6	42,2	42,7	42,8	42,6	43,4
rural areas	10,3	9,6	9,7	9,7	9,8	10,8	11,3	10,9	10,7
Children enrolled in pre-primary education per 100 places, persons	86	99	101	101	104	104	106	107	108
of which in:									
urban areas	93	102	103	103	105	106	107	109	110
rural areas	64	85	92	95	97	96	98	98	97
Enrolment ratio of pre-primary education, percent of children 1 to 5 years of age	70,9	82,5	80,2	77,9	76,7	75,3	74,4	74,5	74,2
of which in:									
urban areas	80,4	93,1	87,8	84,5	82,9	80,9	80,1	80,5	80,8
rural areas	46,3	52,7	56,0	56,3	56,0	55,8	54,3	52,7	50,4

7.4. Pre-primary education institutions and children enrolled by type of institutions

(beginning of academic year)

	Number of institutions				Enrolment, thous. persons			
	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Pre-primary education institutions by type	4 081	4 064	4 027	3 972	387,4	398,0	407,0	410,6
of which:								
pre-primary education institutions	3 012	3 012	3 007	2 996	362,4	371,2	382,4	386,5
of which:								
nurseries	5	5	4	4	0,3	0,3	0,1	0,1
nurseries-kindergartens	2 215	2 231	2 235	2 245	311,4	317,0	329,6	335,4
kindergartens	596	572	560	534	19,7	20,7	18,1	15,3
sanatorium-type nurseries-kindergartens	73	78	78	80	8,5	10,6	10,3	10,5
sanatorium-type kindergartens	10	9	9	9	1,3	0,9	0,9	0,9
pre-primary centres for child development	113	117	121	124	21,2	21,7	23,4	24,3
educational complexes: nurseries-kindergartens (kindergartens) – schools	1 021	1 003	971	929	21,0	22,7	20,4	20,0
special pre-primary institutions	48	49	49	47	4,0	4,1	4,2	4,1

7.5. Education staff in pre-primary education by educational attainment as of the beginning of academic year 2014/2015

	Number of education staff, thous. persons	Percentage with education			
		higher	of which teacher education	secondary specialized	of which teacher education
Education staff	54,0	56,9	55,4	39,4	35,5
of which:					
teachers (including methods teachers)	35,1	46,2	44,5	48,4	43,5
music instructors	4,4	41,4	39,1	58,1	51,4
physical education instructors	3,3	62,6	61,6	35,8	33,7
teachers pathologists	3,4	96,6	96,5	2,9	2,6
teachers psychologists	1,6	98,0	96,7	1,3	1,0

General secondary education

7.6. General secondary education programmes

(beginning of academic year)

	2000/01	2005/06	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Number of institutions	4 772	4 187	3 821	3 719	3 654	3 707	3 579	3 395	3 293 ¹⁾
day-time institutions – total	4 686	4 111	3 759	3 664	3 604	3 662	3 542	3 395	3 293
primary	664	348	225	217	212	199	174	159	150
basic	1 010	841	688	615	564	527	461	398	409
secondary – total	2 915	2 837	2 773	2 764	2 765	2 733	2 705	2 645	2 542
of which:									
gymnasia	95	160	198	213	213	217	219	216	216
lyceums	25	35	35	31	31	31	30	30	29
special education institutions	97	85	73	68	63	203	202	193	192
evening schools	86	76	62	55	50	45	37	–	–
Enrolment, thous. persons	1 547,6	1 240,9	1 083,2	1 006,7	962,3	938,1	928,2	931,3	946,1
of which in:									
day-time institutions – total	1 524,3	1 221,6	1 072,2	996,5	953,2	930,7	923,3	928,9	944,8
primary	20,7	12,9	11,6	11,3	11,0	11,0	10,7	10,6	10,8
basic	71,3	48,6	39,7	29,6	25,4	25,2	22,2	20,2	21,4
secondary – total	1 411,1	1 146,3	1 011,1	946,6	908,5	884,7	880,9	888,7	903,3
of which in:									
gymnasia	79,2	117,6	131,3	132,2	129,5	131,1	134,0	135,6	139,8
lyceums	11,0	12,0	9,0	8,3	8,4	7,9	7,6	8,0	7,8
special education institutions and special classes	21,2	13,8	9,8	8,9	8,4	9,8	9,5	9,4	9,3
evening schools and evening classes	23,3	19,3	11,0	10,2	9,1	7,4	4,9	2,4	1,3
Number of teachers²⁾, thous. persons	151,5	145,6	139,1	135,3	133,1	132,3	128,1	122,1	117,7

¹⁾ In Belarus there were 10 private general secondary education institutions with 730 pupils enrolled.

²⁾ In this table, as well as in tables 7.7 and 7.8 the number of teachers is given including multiple job holders.

7.7. Day-time general secondary education institutions in urban areas

(beginning of academic year)

	2000/01	2005/06	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Number of institutions	1 325	1 329	1 317	1 310	1 324	1 452	1 448	1 442	1 437
primary	39	41	38	38	41	39	39	39	39
basic	49	46	40	32	26	31	28	25	24
secondary – total	1 164	1 178	1 184	1 188	1 208	1 199	1 198	1 200	1 198
of which:									
gymnasias	91	156	185	199	201	207	209	209	210
lyceums	24	32	33	30	30	29	28	28	27
special education institutions	73	64	55	52	49	183	183	178	176
Enrolment, thous. persons	1 129,4	918,1	811,5	757,7	731,4	720,4	722,2	735,7	756,0
of which in:									
primary	9,7	7,9	8,4	8,3	8,2	8,5	8,3	8,4	8,7
basic	9,1	5,6	4,7	3,1	2,2	3,8	3,7	3,8	3,8
secondary – total	1 093,0	893,4	790,5	739,1	714,2	699,9	702,0	715,3	735,5
of which in:									
gymnasias	77,7	116,2	127,4	128,2	126,2	128,4	131,3	133,7	138,2
lyceums	10,9	11,8	8,9	8,2	8,3	7,5	7,3	7,6	7,5
special education institutions and special classes	17,6	11,2	7,9	7,2	6,8	8,2	8,2	8,2	8,1
Number of teachers, thous. persons	93,0	91,0	87,4	85,4	84,6	85,5	83,7	80,8	78,7

7.8. Day-time general secondary education institutions in rural areas

(beginning of academic year)

	2000/01	2005/06	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Number of institutions	3 361	2 782	2 442	2 354	2 280	2 210	2 094	1 953	1 856
primary	625	307	187	179	171	160	135	120	111
basic	961	795	648	583	538	496	433	373	385
secondary – total	1 751	1 659	1 589	1 576	1 557	1 534	1 507	1 445	1 344
of which:									
gymnasias	4	4	13	14	12	10	10	7	6
lyceums	1	3	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
special education institutions	24	21	18	16	14	20	19	15	16
Enrolment, thous. persons	394,9	303,5	260,7	238,8	221,8	210,2	201,2	193,2	188,7
of which in:									
primary	11,0	5,0	3,2	3,0	2,8	2,5	2,4	2,1	2,1
basic	62,2	43,0	35,0	26,6	23,2	21,4	18,5	16,5	17,6
secondary – total	318,0	252,9	220,6	207,6	194,2	184,8	178,9	173,4	167,8
of which in:									
gymnasias	1,4	1,3	3,9	4,0	3,3	2,7	2,6	1,9	1,6
lyceums	0,0	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3
special education institutions and special classes	3,7	2,6	1,9	1,7	1,6	1,6	1,4	1,2	1,2
Number of teachers, thous. persons	57,4	53,4	50,8	49,1	47,6	46,1	43,9	41,1	38,7

7.9. Special education institutions teaching special education programmes at the level of general secondary education

(beginning of academic year)

	2000/01	2005/06	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Number of institutions									
Special education institutions	97	85	73	68	63	203	202	193	192
of which:									
special general secondary education schools (boarding schools) for children with:									
visual impairment	7	6	7	7	7	7	7	6	6
hearing impairment	16	14	12	12	11	11	11	10	10
disorder of locomotor apparatus	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
heavy speech disorders	6	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
disturbance of mental development (learning disabilities)	14	12	7	5	4	3	3	3	3
auxiliary schools (boarding schools)	50	46	41	39	35	36	34	29	28
special education and rehabilitation centers	...	...	...	...	...	140	141	139	139
Enrolment, persons									
Special education institutions	15 765	11 327	8 105	7 349	6 787	8 092	7 996	7 984	7 848
of which:									
special general secondary education schools (boarding schools) for children with:									
visual impairment	1 091	752	711	673	656	640	634	574	582
hearing impairment	2 223	1 646	1 247	1 204	1 051	900	991	1 061	1 008
disorder of locomotor apparatus	260	165	143	59	65	68	71	67	68
heavy speech disorders	1 086	604	488	469	579	582	612	594	625
disturbance of mental development (learning disabilities)	3 128	1 935	799	579	493	590	460	427	422
auxiliary schools (boarding schools)	7 770	6 168	4 717	4 365	3 943	3 722	3 463	3 240	3 121
special education and rehabilitation centers	...	...	...	...	...	1 590	1 765	2 021	2 022

Besides, in Belarus during the academic year 2014/15, 1 446 pupils were enrolled in 185 special classes for children with special needs that were organised to general education institutions.

7.10. Graduation from general secondary education

(thousand persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Graduates from general basic education	154,6	148,4	98,0	229,1	100,4	95,1	89,2	87,3	89,7
Graduates from general secondary education	94,8	101,0	96,7	105,4	92,6	79,9	68,9	62,7	57,8

7.11. Use of information and communication technologies in day-time general secondary education institutions

(institutions of the system of the Ministry of Education of the Republic of Belarus excluding special education institutions; beginning of academic year)

	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Total					
Percent of institutions with:					
computer classes	98,8	98,7	97,5	98,9	95,3
Internet access	87,4	90,8	95,1	98,0	98,5
Pupils per personal computer	20	18	17	16	17
Percentage of teachers prepared to use computer technology	72,5	77,0	76,9	78,0	77,8
Urban areas					
Percent of institutions with:					
computer classes	97,7	97,9	97,8	99,0	98,7
Internet access	89,6	92,3	95,6	98,2	99,1
Pupils per personal computer	24	22	20	19	20
Percentage of teachers prepared to use computer technology	72,3	76,3	76,5	78,0	77,8
Rural areas					
Percent of institutions with:					
computer classes	99,4	99,1	97,3	98,8	92,9
Internet access	86,1	89,9	94,8	98,0	98,0
Pupils per personal computer	13	12	11	11	11
Percentage of teachers prepared to use computer technology	72,9	78,5	77,5	78,1	77,6

7.12. Teachers in general secondary education by educational attainment and position held as of the beginning of 2014/15 academic year

	Number of teachers (excluding multiple job holders)	Percentage with education			Percentage of males in total number of teachers, principals and deputy principals
		higher	secondary specialized	of which teacher education	
Total teachers (including principals and deputy principals)	99 883	92,8	6,7	6,3	13,4
of which:					
principals in primary education	150	98,0	2,0	1,3	9,3
principals in basic education	432	99,8	0,2	0,2	34,7
principals in general secondary education	2 564	100,0	0,0	0,0	38,4
deputy principals in basic education	492	99,0	1,0	0,8	5,7
deputy principals in general secondary education	6 465	99,6	0,4	0,3	4,9
teachers (excluding principals and deputy principals):					
of primary grades	22 029	87,8	12,0	11,9	0,5
of grades 1-11, teaching individual subjects	67 751	93,5	6,0	5,5	17,4
of which in primary grades	11 774	85,5	13,8	12,8	18,0

7.13 Teachers in general secondary education by specialty and educational attainment as of the beginning of 2014/15 academic year

	Number of teachers (excluding multiple job holders), persons	Of which percentage with education	
		higher	secondary specialized
Teachers by major specialty - total	73 168	93,8	5,7
of which:			
russian language and literature	7 387	99,6	0,3
belarusian language and literature	7 465	99,2	0,7
history and other social disciplines	4 810	99,3	0,3
physics	3 508	99,6	0,0
mathematics	7 561	99,5	0,2
basics of computer and information technology	2 663	98,6	0,6
chemistry	2 966	99,2	0,1
geography	2 628	98,8	0,9
biology	2 734	99,2	0,3
foreign languages	13 728	92,8	6,3
music	3 078	67,1	32,4
visual art and drawing	1 262	88,0	11,7
physical education	6 061	91,0	8,3
crafts	3 955	78,2	21,3
pre-conscription medical training	622	91,5	8,5
other subjects	2 740	76,7	21,9

Vocational-technical education

7.14. Vocational-technical education programmes

Year	Number of institutions	Enrolment, thous. persons	Intake, thous. persons	Graduates, thous. persons
1950	69	10,8	...	9,8
1960	103	32,8	26,8	26,2
1970	152	83,4	61,9	57,7
1980	220	143,5	97,8	83,9
1990	255	141,1	72,7	79,1
1995	252	130,1	55,2	59,2
2000	248	137,7	60,8	54,7
2001	248	138,6	60,9	56,5
2002	246	132,6	54,9	57,4
2003	242	125,4	52,6	56,9
2004	231	118,6	53,4	58,1
2005	241	114,6	53,7	54,0
2006	240	114,4	53,5	50,0
2007	235	105,1	44,5	48,7
2008	233	99,0	47,7	49,5
2009	232	105,7	60,2	48,9
2010	229	106,0	44,0	40,9
2011	229	98,6	39,5	43,8
2012	226	79,9	35,5	50,2
2013	219	74,6	34,6	36,9
2014	213	72,8	34,5	33,8

7.15. Enrolment in vocational-technical education by age and sex

(beginning of academic year; thousand persons)

	2005/06		2010/11		2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
Number of students	74,7	39,9	72,2	33,8	53,3	26,6	50,2	24,4	49,3	23,5
of which by age:										
15 or younger	6,2	3,0	8,1	3,4	7,8	3,6	8,2	3,7	8,2	3,5
16	18,5	7,5	13,5	5,7	12,0	5,3	11,8	5,2	12,1	5,8
17	26,4	14,3	21,9	10,4	18,0	8,7	17,3	8,6	16,7	8,1
18 and over	23,6	15,1	28,7	14,3	15,5	9,0	12,9	6,9	12,3	6,2

7.16. Graduation from vocational-technical education by field of education

	Total graduates, persons			Percent of total		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Graduates from full-time programmes	49 579	35 428	31 424	100	100	100
of which by field of education:						
Art and design	581	463	528	1,2	1,3	1,7
Communications. Law. Economics. Management. Business administration	3 505	2 978	2 642	7,1	8,4	8,4
Engineering and technology	24 548	17 630	15 559	49,5	49,8	49,5
Architecture and construction	10 297	7 117	6 111	20,8	20,1	19,4
Agriculture and forestry. Landscape architecture	6 543	3 599	3 296	13,2	10,2	10,5
Social protection	27	42	26	0,0	0,1	0,1
Physical training. Tourism and hospitality	–	34	23	–	0,1	0,1
Catering. Personal services	3 934	3 452	3 079	7,9	9,7	9,8
Security services	144	113	160	0,3	0,3	0,5

7.17. Use of information and communication technologies in vocational-technical education

(beginning of academic year)

	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/2015
Number of computer classes	518	512	504	434	403	403
per 100 institutions	223	224	220	192	184	189
Number of personal computers used in education, units	6 246	6 351	6 462	6 631	6 819	6 871
per institution	27	28	28	29	31	32
per 1 000 students	59	60	66	84	94	97
Students per personal computer	17	17	15	12	11	10

Secondary specialized education

7.18. Secondary specialized education programmes

(beginning of academic year)

Year	Number of institutions	Enrolment, thous. persons	Of which by mode of study			Students per 10 000 population
			full-time	evening	correspondence	
Total						
1940/41	128	35,0	29,2	0,1	5,7	39
1945/46	94	26,2	22,6	0,0	3,6	...
1950/51	107	41,8	34,7	0,5	6,6	54
1960/61	102	62,6	35,6	6,5	20,5	76
1970/71	128	146,1	90,7	14,7	40,7	161
1980/81	135	162,8	108,0	13,6	41,2	168
1990/91	147	143,7	107,2	5,4	31,1	141
1995/96	149	122,4	97,4	1,5	23,5	120
1996/97	150	125,2	99,8	1,3	24,1	123
1997/98	156	132,5	104,6	1,2	26,7	131
1998/99	157	138,4	107,2	1,2	30,0	138
1999/2000	157	144,3	110,1	1,4	32,8	144
2000/01	156	150,3	114,4	1,4	34,5	151
2001/02	156	155,4	117,5	1,5	36,4	157
2002/03	201	160,9	120,9	1,6	38,4	164
2003/04	204	162,3	121,3	1,7	39,3	166
2004/05	206	158,4	116,7	1,6	40,1	163
2005/06	204	154,1	112,3	1,2	40,6	160
2006/07	205	152,5	111,9	0,9	39,7	159
2007/08	204	155,0	111,0	0,9	43,1	162
2008/09	206	157,3	111,7	0,9	44,7	165
2009/10	211	166,6	116,6	0,8	49,2	175
2010/11	214	167,6	116,7	0,8	50,1	177
2011/12	220	162,9	116,0	0,6	46,3	172
2012/13	225	152,2	108,2	0,6	43,4	161
2013/14	231	138,4	100,0	0,5	37,9	146
2014/15	231	129,0	96,0	0,4	32,6	136

Continued

Year	Number of institutions	Enrolment, thous. persons	Of which by mode of study		
			full-time	evening	correspondence
Public institutions					
1995/96	146	121,6	96,8	1,5	23,3
1997/98	149	128,6	101,5	1,2	25,9
1998/99	151	133,4	103,3	1,2	28,9
1999/2000	150	139,6	106,5	1,4	31,7
2000/01	149	144,8	110,1	1,4	33,3
2001/02	148	148,6	112,2	1,5	34,9
2002/03	194	153,4	115,4	1,6	36,4
2003/04	191	145,5	111,8	1,7	32,0
2004/05	196	142,9	108,3	1,6	33,0
2005/06	194	138,7	103,9	1,2	33,6
2006/07	195	136,7	103,2	0,9	32,6
2007/08	194	138,7	101,8	0,9	36,0
2008/09	196	138,8	101,9	0,9	36,0
2009/10	199	145,4	105,6	0,8	39,0
2010/11	202	146,4	106,0	0,8	39,6
2011/12	208	144,5	106,2	0,6	37,6
2012/13	213	136,7	100,1	0,6	36,1
2013/14	219	124,1	92,1	0,5	31,5
2014/15	219	115,5	88,0	0,4	27,1
Private institutions					
1995/96	3	0,8	0,6	–	0,2
1997/98	7	3,9	3,1	–	0,8
1998/99	6	5,0	3,9	–	1,1
1999/2000	7	4,7	3,6	–	1,1
2000/01	7	5,5	4,3	–	1,2
2001/02	8	6,8	5,3	–	1,5
2002/03	7	7,5	5,5	–	2,0
2003/04	13	16,8	9,5	–	7,3
2004/05	10	15,5	8,4	–	7,1
2005/06	10	15,4	8,4	–	7,0
2006/07	10	15,8	8,7	–	7,1
2007/08	10	16,3	9,2	–	7,1
2008/09	10	18,5	9,8	–	8,7
2009/10	12	21,2	11,0	–	10,2
2010/11	12	21,2	10,7	–	10,5
2011/12	12	18,4	9,7	–	8,7
2012/13	12	15,5	8,1	–	7,4
2013/14	12	14,3	7,9	–	6,4
2014/15	12	13,5	8,0	–	5,5

7.19. Enrolment, intake and graduation from secondary specialized education by source of payment

(thousand persons)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Enrolment	154,1	157,3	166,6	167,6	162,9	152,2	138,4	129,0
of which:								
funded from the budget	92,3	83,5	84,9	85,4	86,5	86,4	81,9	77,7
on a self-paying basis	61,8	73,8	81,7	82,2	76,4	65,8	56,5	51,3
of which in institutions:								
public	46,4	55,3	60,5	61,0	58,0	50,3	42,2	37,8
private	15,4	18,5	21,2	21,2	18,4	15,5	14,3	13,5
Intake	50,9	53,9	58,7	54,9	51,9	48,2	43,8	40,9
of which:								
funded from the budget	28,2	26,2	28,8	28,1	27,9	28,2	26,1	24,6
on a self-paying basis	22,7	27,7	29,9	16,8	24,0	20,0	17,7	16,3
of which in institutions:								
public	16,1	19,5	21,4	19,6	17,6	14,6	12,2	11,5
private	6,6	8,2	8,5	7,2	6,4	5,4	5,5	4,8
Graduation	49,3	44,0	42,5	45,3	46,2	48,7	47,7	41,4
of which:								
funded from the budget	29,8	25,2	23,5	23,5	22,3	23,2	24,9	23,8
on a self-paying basis	19,5	18,8	19,0	21,8	23,9	25,5	22,8	17,6
of which from institutions:								
public	13,7	13,8	13,7	15,6	16,3	18,3	17,1	12,9
private	5,8	5,0	5,3	6,2	7,6	7,2	5,7	4,7

7.20. Intake in secondary specialized education by field of education

(thousand persons)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Intake	50,9	53,9	58,7	54,9	51,9	48,2	43,8	40,9
of which by field of education:								
Teacher education	2,5	2,0	2,1	2,0	2,0	2,1	2,0	2,2
Teacher education. Professional training	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	–	–	–
Art and design	2,1	2,0	2,4	2,0	1,8	1,8	1,7	1,7
Humanities	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
Communications. Law. Economics. Management. Business administration	16,2	16,9	17,6	15,9	14,2	12,3	10,4	9,5
Engineering and technology	15,0	15,8	18,1	16,3	15,4	15,2	14,1	12,4
Architecture and construction	3,0	3,7	4,4	4,5	4,5	4,1	3,8	3,5
Agriculture and forestry. Landscape architecture	7,6	7,3	7,4	7,3	7,3	6,5	6,0	5,6
Health	2,2	3,3	3,4	4,1	4,0	3,9	3,7	3,9
Physical training. Tourism and hospitality	0,4	0,8	1,1	0,9	0,8	0,7	0,7	0,7
Catering. Personal services	1,2	1,5	1,7	1,4	1,4	1,3	1,3	1,3
Security services	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,1	0,1

7.21. Enrolment in secondary specialized education by field of education

(beginning of academic year; thousand persons)

	2005/06	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Number of students	154,1	157,3	166,6	167,6	162,9	152,2	138,4	129,0
of which by field of education:								
Teacher education	11,0	7,6	7,4	6,9	7,0	7,1	7,0	7,3
Teacher education. Professional training	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0	–	–	–
Art and design	7,3	7,2	7,5	7,3	7,1	6,8	6,2	5,9
Humanities	0,4	0,4	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,2
Communications. Law. Economics. Management. Business administration	43,1	42,9	45,9	45,0	40,5	34,3	29,6	26,7
Engineering and technology	48,5	49,3	52,2	53,5	52,4	50,0	45,8	42,3
Architecture and construction	9,1	11,0	12,3	13,8	14,4	14,3	13,2	12,0
Agriculture and forestry. Landscape architecture	22,3	23,2	23,5	22,7	22,8	21,3	19,4	18,0
Health	6,9	9,1	10,1	10,6	11,2	11,5	11,1	11,0
Physical training. Tourism and hospitality	0,7	1,2	1,9	2,2	2,0	1,7	1,6	1,5
Catering. Personal services	3,7	4,2	4,4	4,3	4,2	4,1	3,8	3,8
Security services	0,9	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	0,9	0,6	0,3

7.22. Graduates from secondary specialized education by field of education

(thousand persons)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Graduates	49,3	44,0	42,5	45,3	46,2	48,7	47,7	41,4
of which by field of education:								
Teacher education	3,7	2,7	2,3	2,2	1,7	1,6	1,8	1,7
Teacher education. Professional training	0,3	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	–	–
Art and design	1,7	1,9	1,8	1,8	1,7	1,8	2,0	1,7
Humanities	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0
Communications. Law. Economics. Management. Business administration	17,4	14,4	13,2	14,8	16,0	16,5	13,3	10,9
Engineering and technology	11,8	12,4	12,8	12,1	13,0	13,8	14,7	12,4
Architecture and construction	2,1	2,3	2,4	2,3	2,9	3,2	3,9	3,6
Agriculture and forestry. Landscape architecture	5,9	6,4	5,7	6,6	5,2	6,0	5,9	5,5
Health	4,9	2,0	2,3	3,3	3,2	3,2	3,7	3,6
Physical training. Tourism and hospitality	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,5	0,9	0,9	0,7	0,6
Catering. Personal services	0,8	1,0	1,2	1,2	1,2	1,2	1,3	1,1
Security services	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,3

7.23. Use of information and communication technology in secondary specialized education

(beginning of academic year)

	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Number of computer classes	579	598	648
per 100 institutions	257	259	281
Number of personal computers used in education, units	9 190	10 096	11 272
of which connected to the Internet	4 557	4 670	6 036
Number of personal computers used in education, units			
per institution	41	44	49
per 1 000 students	85	101	117
Number of personal computers with Internet access			
percent of total computers used in education	49,6	46,3	53,5
per 1 000 students	42	47	63

Higher education

First level of higher education

7.24. Higher education programmes

(beginning of academic year)

Year	Number of institutions	Enrolment, thous. persons	Of which by mode of study			Students per 10 000 population
			full-time	evening	correspondence	
1940/41	25	21,5	13,1	0,3	8,1	24
1945/46	24	12,8	8,4	0,1	4,3	...
1950/51	29	31,6	19,4	0,8	11,4	41
1960/61	24	59,3	32,3	5,5	21,5	72
1970/71	28	140,0	79,5	15,7	44,8	154
1980/81	32	177,0	110,0	16,6	50,4	183
1990/91	33	188,6	115,9	5,9	66,8	185
1995/96	59	197,4	128,5	2,7	66,2	194
1996/97	59	208,9	136,1	2,1	70,7	206
1997/98	59	224,5	142,9	1,6	80,0	222
1998/99	58	244,0	153,4	1,8	88,8	243
1999/2000	57	262,1	162,0	2,0	98,1	262
2000/01	57	281,7	170,5	2,3	108,9	283
2001/02	58	301,8	176,5	2,8	122,5	305
2002/03	58	320,7	181,1	1,8	137,8	326
2003/04	59	337,8	183,5	1,8	152,5	346
2004/05	55	362,9	188,3	2,2	172,4	374
2005/06	55	383,0	192,5	2,0	188,5	398
2006/07	55	396,9	197,1	1,2	198,6	414
2007/08	53	413,7	205,3	1,0	207,4	433
2008/09	53	420,7	209,9	0,7	210,1	442
2009/10	53	430,4	216,4	0,7	213,3	453
2010/11	55	442,9	221,7	0,7	220,5	467
2011/12	55	445,6	221,7	0,8	223,1	471
2012/13	54	428,4	209,3	0,9	218,3	453
2013/14	54	395,3	198,3	1,1	195,9	417
2014/15	54	362,9	185,0	1,2	176,7	383

7.25. Higher education institutions by ownership type

(beginning of academic year)

Year	Number of institutions	Enrolment, thous. persons	Of which by mode of study		
			full-time	evening	correspondence
Public institutions					
1995/96	39	174,2	115,6	2,1	56,5
1997/98	42	190,0	126,0	1,4	62,6
1998/99	42	207,2	136,4	1,7	69,1
1999/2000	42	228,6	146,7	1,9	80,0
2000/01	43	245,1	153,9	2,3	88,9
2001/02	44	260,0	159,1	2,8	98,1
2002/03	44	272,9	163,5	1,8	107,6
2003/04	43	279,2	164,7	1,8	112,7
2004/05	43	304,1	171,8	2,1	130,2
2005/06	43	324,8	177,7	1,8	145,3
2006/07	43	338,9	182,6	1,1	155,2
2007/08	43	355,0	190,4	0,9	163,7
2008/09	43	362,9	195,1	0,7	167,1
2009/10	43	372,8	201,3	0,7	170,8
2010/11	45	382,8	206,3	0,7	175,8
2011/12	45	387,2	207,3	0,8	179,1
2012/13	45	377,2	198,4	0,9	177,9
2013/14	45	354,1	189,6	1,1	163,4
2014/15	45	328,3	178,0	1,2	149,1
Private institutions					
1995/96	20	23,2	12,9	0,6	9,7
1997/98	17	34,5	16,9	0,2	17,4
1998/99	16	36,8	17,0	0,1	19,7
1999/2000	15	33,5	15,3	0,1	18,1
2000/01	14	36,6	16,6	0,0	20,0
2001/02	14	41,8	17,4	0,0	24,4
2002/03	14	47,8	17,6	–	30,2
2003/04	16	58,6	18,8	–	39,8
2004/05	12	58,8	16,5	0,1	42,2
2005/06	12	58,2	14,8	0,2	43,2
2006/07	12	58,0	14,5	0,1	43,4
2007/08	10	58,7	14,9	0,1	43,7
2008/09	10	57,8	14,8	–	43,0
2009/10	10	57,6	15,1	–	42,5
2010/11	10	60,1	15,4	–	44,7
2011/12	10	58,4	14,4	–	44,0
2012/13	9	51,3	10,9	–	40,3
2013/14	9	41,2	8,7	–	32,5
2014/15	9	34,6	7,0	–	27,6

7.26. Enrolment, intake and graduation from higher education by source of payment

(thousand persons)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Enrolment	383,0	420,7	430,4	442,9	445,6	428,4	395,3	362,9
of which:								
funded from the budget	156,3	148,7	149,0	149,6	150,3	147,6	142,9	138,7
on a self-paying basis	226,7	272,0	281,4	293,3	295,2	280,9	252,4	224,2
of which in institutions:								
public	168,5	214,2	223,8	233,2	236,8	229,6	211,2	189,6
private	58,2	57,8	57,6	60,1	58,4	51,3	41,2	34,6
Intake	90,5	91,5	97,8	100,5	96,0	88,1	68,7	63,4
of which:								
funded from the budget	32,4	30,9	32,5	33,1	32,1	31,7	28,3	28,3
on a self-paying basis	58,1	60,6	65,3	67,4	63,9	56,4	40,4	35,1
of which in institutions:								
public	45,2	48,2	52,9	54,3	52,4	47,7	35,6	31,0
private	12,9	12,4	12,4	13,1	11,5	8,7	4,8	4,1
Graduates	53,6	68,8	74,0	73,3	75,8	84,6	82,7	81,1
of which:								
funded from the budget	29,0	28,3	27,9	28,1	26,6	29,1	27,3	28,1
on a self-paying basis	24,6	40,5	46,1	45,2	49,2	55,5	55,4	53,0
of which from institutions:								
public	18,4	29,4	35,7	35,6	37,5	43,4	42,1	43,2
private	6,2	11,1	10,4	9,6	11,7	12,1	13,3	9,8

7.27. Intake in higher education by field of education

(thousand persons)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Intake	90,5	91,5	97,8	100,5	96,0	88,1	68,7	63,4
of which by field of education:								
Teacher education	12,7	9,8	10,5	9,9	9,1	8,9	5,9	5,6
Teacher education. Professional training	0,6	0,7	1,1	0,9	0,5	0,6	0,4	0,4
Art and design	1,4	1,7	1,7	1,6	1,5	1,4	1,4	1,3
Humanities	3,6	3,9	3,9	3,6	3,5	3,3	3,3	3,0
Communications. Law. Economics. Management. Business administration	37,0	36,2	37,4	40,0	38,6	32,7	23,7	22,2
Natural sciences	2,7	3,1	3,3	3,1	3,0	3,0	2,9	2,5
Environmental sciences	0,7	0,7	0,7	0,7	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,6
Engineering and technology	16,5	17,4	19,8	20,2	19,6	18,3	13,4	11,6
Architecture and construction	3,3	4,0	4,3	4,8	4,9	4,5	3,6	3,1
Agriculture and forestry. Landscape architecture	6,1	6,3	6,5	6,4	6,0	6,0	5,6	5,5
Health	2,3	3,7	4,2	4,3	3,8	4,0	3,6	3,9
Social protection	0,8	0,8	0,7	0,7	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,5
Physical training. Tourism and hospitality	1,3	1,4	1,6	2,2	2,1	2,2	1,9	1,5
Catering. Personal services	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2
Security services	1,3	1,7	2,0	1,9	1,7	1,6	1,4	1,5

7.28. Enrolment in higher education by field of education

(beginning of academic year; thousand persons)

	2005/06	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Total enrolment	383,0	420,7	430,4	442,9	445,6	428,4	395,3	362,9
of which by field of education:								
Teacher education	54,5	52,1	49,8	47,4	45,9	42,4	38,4	34,0
Teacher education. Professional training	3,0	3,1	3,3	3,4	3,0	2,8	2,3	2,2
Art and design	5,7	7,2	7,4	7,5	7,4	7,1	7,0	7,0
Humanities	15,3	17,1	17,5	17,5	17,0	16,6	15,3	14,5
Communications. Law. Economics. Management. Business administration	165,2	173,7	174,5	180,6	180,4	167,3	147,8	132,0
Natural sciences	12,2	13,1	13,3	13,5	13,7	13,8	13,5	12,7
Environmental sciences	2,2	3,0	3,2	3,4	3,5	3,7	3,8	3,5
Engineering and technology	66,2	75,8	79,8	82,9	84,1	83,2	77,7	70,8
Architecture and construction	13,1	16,4	17,6	19,1	20,6	20,9	20,6	18,9
Agriculture and forestry. Landscape architecture	20,6	25,5	27,4	27,8	28,0	28,1	27,1	26,3
Health	12,0	16,4	18,1	19,6	20,8	21,7	21,7	21,8
Social protection	2,6	3,7	3,7	3,8	3,6	3,4	3,4	3,1
Physical training. Tourism and hospitality	4,1	6,6	7,1	8,2	9,2	9,0	8,6	8,3
Catering. Personal services	0,7	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,9	0,9	1,0	1,1
Security services	5,6	6,2	6,9	7,4	7,5	7,5	7,1	6,7

7.29. Graduates from higher education by field of education

(thousand persons)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Graduates	53,6	68,8	74,0	73,3	75,8	84,6	82,7	81,1
of which by field of education:								
Teacher education	9,5	10,6	11,7	11,1	9,2	10,7	8,5	8,6
Teacher education. Professional training	0,5	0,6	0,7	0,6	0,6	0,7	0,7	0,5
Art and design	0,7	0,9	1,2	1,2	1,3	1,4	1,1	1,4
Humanities	2,4	2,5	2,8	2,9	3,0	3,3	3,2	3,0
Communications. Law. Economics. Management. Business administration	21,9	31,6	32,7	30,3	33,8	39,0	38,2	34,6
Natural sciences	1,8	2,1	2,3	2,2	2,1	2,2	2,3	2,4
Environmental sciences	0,3	0,3	0,5	0,4	0,6	0,5	0,6	0,6
Engineering and technology	8,8	10,2	11,3	12,1	12,5	12,7	13,1	14,3
Architecture and construction	1,7	2,1	2,2	2,4	2,4	2,6	2,6	3,2
Agriculture and forestry. Landscape architecture	3,1	3,2	3,6	4,6	4,5	4,6	5,1	5,3
Health	1,6	2,1	2,3	2,5	2,4	2,8	3,2	3,4
Social protection	0,2	0,5	0,5	0,6	0,7	0,7	0,5	0,6
Physical training.								
Tourism and hospitality	–	0,8	0,9	0,9	1,1	1,8	2,0	1,5
Catering. Personal services	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1
Security services	1,0	1,2	1,2	1,3	1,4	1,5	1,5	1,6

7.30. Teaching staff in higher education

(beginning of academic year; persons)

	2005/06	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Total regular teaching staff	22 939	23 648	24 095	24 451	24 673	24 612	23 856	23 296
of which with:								
academic degree of								
doctor of Science	1 328	1 342	1 336	1 342	1 375	1 346	1 348	1 341
candidate of Science	8 482	8 671	8 730	8 969	9 072	9 043	8 932	8 825
academic title								
professor	1 233	1 269	1 263	1 252	1 310	1 260	1 252	1 269
docent	6 235	6 799	6 985	7 328	7 469	7 509	7 426	7 404
Personnel enrolled on the staff as external multiple job holders	3 364	3 782	3 779	4 052	4 365	4 250	3 717	3 403

**7.31. Foreign enrolment in higher education
and Master's programmes**
(beginning of academic year)

	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Persons					
Total	9 357 ¹⁾	11 168 ¹⁾	12 512	13 863	14 796
of which from:					
Azerbaijan	272	299	279	278	347
China	1 227	1 285	1 476	1 404	1 198
Iran	156	162	234	258	312
Iraq	67	100	132	143	165
Kazakhstan	83	100	122	181	214
Lebanon	162	167	155	139	206
Lithuania	131	109	125	139	112
Nigeria	66	49	245	344	479
Russia	2 197	2 163	1 669	1 767	1 580
Syria	151	131	130	87	94
Tajikistan	126	30	51	132	248
Turkey	105	114	121	130	105
Turkmenistan	3 408	5 134	6 535	7 908	8 408
Ukraine	196	181	169	167	220
Percent of total					
Total	100	100	100	100	100
of which from:					
Azerbaijan	2,9	2,7	2,2	2,0	2,3
China	13,1	11,5	11,8	10,1	8,1
Iran	1,7	1,5	1,9	1,9	2,1
Iraq	0,7	0,9	1,1	1,0	1,1
Kazakhstan	0,9	0,9	1,0	1,3	1,4
Lebanon	1,7	1,5	1,2	1,0	1,4
Lithuania	1,4	1,0	1,0	1,0	0,8
Nigeria	0,7	0,4	2,0	2,5	3,2
Russia	23,5	19,4	13,3	12,7	10,7
Syria	1,6	1,2	1,0	0,6	0,6
Tajikistan	1,3	0,3	0,4	1,0	1,7
Turkey	1,1	1,0	1,0	0,9	0,7
Turkmenistan	36,4	46,0	52,2	57,0	56,8
Ukraine	2,1	1,6	1,4	1,2	1,5
Foreign enrolment as percent of total enrolment in higher education and Master's programmes	2,1	2,5	2,9	3,4	4,0

¹⁾ Excluding Master's degree students.

7.32. Use of information and communication technology in higher education

(beginning of academic year)

	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Number of personal computers used in education, units	26 855	29 416	29 781
of which connected to the Internet	19 945	22 261	22 276
Number of personal computers used in education, units			
per institution	497	545	552
per 1 000 students	128	148	161
Number of personal computers with Internet access			
percent of total computers used in education	74,3	75,7	74,8
per 1 000 students	95	112	120

Second stage of higher education: Master's programmes

7.33. Enrolment, intake and graduation from Master's programmes

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Intake	...	3 070	3 388	3 465	4 467	5 199	5 970
Enrolment	4 043	4 349	4 805	4 955	6 088	7 552	8 855
Graduates with Master's diploma	1 970	2 607	2 545	2 852	3 062	3 319	3 761

7.34. Master's degree enrolment by field of education

(beginning of academic year; persons)

	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Master's degree students	4 043	4 349	4 805	4 955	6 088	7 552	8 855
of which by field of education:							
Teacher education. Professional training	483	476	489	436	545	571	575
Art and design	37	35	55	46	98	141	153
Humanities	459	522	584	655	601	593	614
Communications. Law. Economics. Management. Business administration	1 703	1 704	1 821	1 846	2 546	3 324	3 997
Natural sciences	324	332	391	372	367	427	533
Environmental sciences	34	46	61	77	99	107	118
Engineering and technology	693	890	962	976	1 160	1 577	1 963
Architecture and construction	121	154	183	215	238	238	299
Agriculture and forestry. Landscape architecture	84	83	105	118	116	155	189
Health	–	–	22	27	44	24	34
Social protection	–	–	–	–	–	19	11
Physical training. Tourism and hospitality	–	–	–	16	30	31	30
Security services	104	107	132	171	244	345	339

7.35. Graduation from Master's programmes by field of education

(persons)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total graduates with Master's diploma	1 970	2 607	2 545	2 852	3 062	3 319	3 761
of which by field of education:							
Teacher education. Professional training	180	284	268	285	257	308	324
Art and design	36	32	25	45	77	88	107
Humanities	282	335	353	454	498	475	438
Communications. Law. Economics. Management. Business administration	777	1 110	952	960	1 011	1 248	1 609
Natural sciences	190	246	258	284	264	267	273
Environmental sciences	39	23	31	31	47	44	53
Engineering and technology	262	378	440	503	533	510	616
Architecture and construction	71	69	90	90	124	159	110
Agriculture and forestry. Landscape architecture	96	67	77	111	97	94	84
Health	–	–	–	21	26	30	22
Social protection	–	–	–	–	–	–	12
Physical training. Tourism and hospitality	–	–	–	–	11	20	20
Security services	36	63	51	68	117	76	93

Postgraduate education

7.36. Key indicators of postgraduate (adjunct) programmes

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total									
Educational institutions and organisation implementing postgraduate (adjunct) education programmes	110	119	116	117	119	120	121	118	119
Enrolment in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	5 203	5 042	4 281	4 571	4 725	5 779	5 456	5 265	4 900
Intake in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	1 824	1 508	1 317	1 516	1 469	1 756	1 361	1 431	1 342
Graduates from postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	1 010	1 296	1 083	1 091	1 015	1 099	1 075	1 172	1 148
of which with dissertation defence	71	74	38	35	36	51	54	...	67
Organizations implementing postgraduate (adjunct) programmes									
Organizations implementing postgraduate (adjunct) education programmes	73	76	73	73	74	75	71	72	73
Enrolment in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	1 363	1 277	1 012	1 026	1 063	1 285	992	912	812
Intake in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	459	388	273	335	340	362	225	237	218
Graduates from postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	282	332	277	298	241	254	206	248	236
of which with dissertation defence	21	17	5	6	6	12	12	...	14
Educational institutions implementing postgraduate (adjunct) programmes									
Educational institutions implementing postgraduate (adjunct) education programmes	37	43	43	44	45	45	50	46	46
Enrolment in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	3 840	3 765	3 269	3 545	3 662	4 494	4 464	4 353	4 088
Intake in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	1 365	1 120	1 044	1 181	1 129	1 394	1 136	1 194	1 124
Graduates from postgraduate (adjunct) programmes, persons	728	964	806	793	774	845	869	924	912
of which with dissertation defence	50	57	33	29	30	39	42	...	53

7.37. Enrolment in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes by field of science

(persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Enrolment in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes	5 203	5 042	4 281	4 571	4 725	5 779	5 456	5 265	4 900
of which by field of science:									
physics and mathematics	344	293	238	254	258	291	253	270	275
chemistry	77	84	58	64	91	114	103	82	72
biology	283	256	237	256	270	318	284	280	228
engineering	1 155	1 047	837	883	998	1 179	1 163	1 123	996
of which construction and architecture	29	24	16	28	29	27	36	129	128
agriculture	248	237	273	272	282	357	303	251	218
of which veterinary and animal science	66	51	75	71	64	60	49	77	78
history and archaeology	210	202	166	198	219	251	241	228	176
economics	859	796	613	619	607	774	724	653	629
philosophy	61	64	54	52	54	64	61	53	49
philology	411	406	291	328	329	394	372	394	365
law	223	308	256	264	262	359	383	338	348
education	547	448	328	333	345	414	404	399	385
medicine	254	277	449	485	485	614	547	539	525
of which pharmacology	14	9	12	13	12	12	11	11	6
art history	90	163	119	119	97	100	97	137	145
psychology	187	191	112	144	139	172	166	159	143
sociology	49	52	38	35	43	54	59	83	55
politics	33	50	54	51	45	51	46	44	40
culturology	54	52	42	53	59	71	62	68	75
Earth sciences	91	81	57	75	46	71	74	90	75
other	27	35	59	86	96	131	114	74	101

7.38. Intake in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes by field of science

(persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Intake in postgraduate (adjunct) programmes	1 824	1 508	1 317	1 516	1 469	1 756	1 361	1 431	1 342
of which by field of science:									
physics and mathematics	111	88	76	100	79	95	70	82	78
chemistry	26	31	21	28	36	34	21	18	22
biology	98	97	72	95	78	105	66	72	64
engineering	394	350	253	311	356	406	307	322	299
of which construction and architecture	10	9	6	10	6	8	8	43	36
agriculture	88	81	72	88	77	93	55	65	52
of which veterinary and animal science	32	18	18	20	13	14	8	26	23
history and archaeology	71	56	65	77	65	68	65	56	38
economics	341	201	158	194	191	236	169	171	190
philosophy	20	19	14	18	18	22	9	11	10
philology	144	114	90	100	87	116	103	107	84
law	89	87	56	89	87	108	96	87	94
education	178	116	89	90	109	119	98	91	104
medicine	94	72	205	127	122	152	135	154	128
of which pharmacology	5	4	6	2	3	2	4	2	–
art history	32	61	36	32	27	36	29	42	46
psychology	49	43	35	54	41	44	40	42	39
sociology	18	18	9	11	19	16	18	20	20
politics	13	17	14	14	14	15	14	13	9
culturology	20	19	15	19	19	19	14	23	26
Earth sciences	31	28	15	33	16	27	21	25	17
other	7	10	22	36	28	45	31	30	22

7.39. Graduates from postgraduate (adjunct) programmes by field of science

(persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Graduates from postgraduate (adjunct) programmes	1 010	1 296	1 083	1 091	1 015	1 099	1 075	1 172	1 148
of which by field of science:									
physics and mathematics	96	69	77	81	64	67	83	60	93
chemistry	12	31	27	23	14	19	23	25	26
biology	63	79	65	78	53	78	76	58	58
engineering	264	276	247	224	202	189	193	255	274
of which construction and architecture	6	4	5	2	5	3	3	22	29
agriculture	61	76	69	84	61	88	84	99	67
of which veterinary and animal science	6	20	16	23	17	22	18	29	29
history and archaeology	33	55	48	41	41	56	57	53	46
economics	141	182	131	154	150	124	104	122	117
philosophy	13	18	15	15	14	13	7	17	10
philology	73	96	99	73	69	80	77	72	67
law	44	78	42	44	63	53	36	46	51
education	70	116	71	90	78	70	65	75	89
medicine	48	78	70	76	91	163	154	158	119
of which pharmacology	1	4	4	1	4	4	3	1	4
art history	12	29	23	18	24	19	22	19	31
psychology	35	43	32	23	34	22	23	31	30
sociology	5	16	13	15	8	12	10	11	18
politics	3	7	9	11	15	10	11	10	14
culturology	9	19	13	7	8	8	13	11	9
Earth sciences	17	23	21	11	11	7	10	23	11
other	11	5	11	23	15	21	27	27	18

7.40. Main indicators of doctoral programmes

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total									
Number of educational institutions and organizations implementing doctoral programmes	35	38	38	39	37	59	56	56	55
Enrolment in doctoral programmes, persons	111	131	124	110	98	220	218	242	282
Intake in doctoral programmes, persons	37	56	34	42	28	65	76	87	105
Graduates from doctoral programmes, persons	41	29	53	53	33	58	65	44	51
of which with dissertation defence	6	1	4	–	2	9	4	...	9
Organizations implementing doctoral programmes									
Number of organizations implementing doctoral programmes	17	17	18	17	16	29	25	25	25
Enrolment in doctoral programmes, persons	20	37	43	32	24	46	51	69	64
Intake in doctoral programmes, persons	4	18	9	9	6	12	22	30	15
Graduates from doctoral programmes, persons	9	6	18	19	14	16	11	8	11
of which with dissertation defence	–	1	2	–	2	2	–	...	–
Educational institutions implementing doctoral programmes									
Number of educational institutions implementing doctoral programmes	18	21	20	22	21	30	31	31	30
Enrolment in doctoral programmes, persons	91	94	81	78	74	174	167	173	218
Intake in doctoral programmes, persons	33	38	25	33	22	53	54	57	90
Graduates from doctoral programmes, persons	32	23	35	34	19	42	54	36	40
of which with dissertation defence	6	–	2	–	–	7	4	...	9

7.41. Enrolment, intake and graduation from doctoral programmes by field of science

(persons)

	Enrolment			Intake			Graduates		
	2005	2013	2014	2005	2013	2014	2005	2013	2014
Total	131	242	282	56	87	105	29	44	51
of which by field of science:									
physics and mathematics	15	8	7	9	3	1	2	2	2
chemistry	–	3	3	–	1	1	–	–	1
biology	6	17	23	2	5	10	–	2	3
engineering	24	24	26	12	7	11	5	7	7
of which construction and architecture	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
agriculture	11	12	11	7	3	1	–	4	2
of which veterinary and animal science	5	6	–	3	3	–	–	4	–
history	7	12	15	3	4	6	2	3	3
economics	15	24	26	5	8	12	4	3	7
philosophy	1	7	7	–	3	1	–	–	1
philology	17	9	14	6	4	5	4	5	–
law	9	15	13	3	2	5	1	1	5
education	13	10	16	4	6	8	9	2	2
medicine	4	79	100	3	30	39	1	10	12
of which pharmacology	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
art history	1	4	2	–	1	–	1	2	2
psychology	3	4	6	–	1	2	–	3	1
sociology	2	4	4	–	4	1	–	–	–
politics	1	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
culturology	1	3	3	1	2	1	–	–	1
Earth sciences	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
other	–	6	5	–	2	1	–	–	2

7.42. Awarding of academic degrees¹⁾

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Academic degrees awarded						
Candidate of Science	573	587	520	494	512	491
Doctor of Science	51	45	47	46	39	45

¹⁾ Data of the Higher Appraisal Commission of the Republic of Belarus.

Supplementary education for children and youth

7.43. Supplementary education programmes for children and youth

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of centres (palaces)	380	359	386	389	383	355	352	336	320
Number of associations of interest therein, thous.	26,0	28,5	30,9	32,5	32,0	31,8	31,2	30,3	30,2
of which:									
engineering, sports and engineering	3,5	3,5	3,6	3,6	3,7	3,6	3,5	3,1	3,0
ecology and biology	2,2	2,6	2,8	2,8	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,6	2,5
tourism and regional studies	2,6	2,6	3,1	3,2	3,2	3,2	3,1	2,9	2,8
physical training and sports	3,6	3,7	4,3	4,4	4,4	4,0	4,1	4,0	3,9
arts	10,1	11,7	12,1	12,4	12,3	12,7	13,1	12,9	13,2
other	4,0	4,4	5,0	6,1	5,7	5,6	4,7	4,8	4,8
Enrolment in interest groups, thous.	353,2	377,0	400,3	416,4	415,4	405,6	395,0	393,7	383,4
of which in:									
engineering, sports and engineering	45,5	44,2	44,5	43,8	46,1	45,1	41,9	39,3	37,5
ecology and biology	27,6	31,0	33,9	34,7	33,9	34,3	32,8	33,6	32,0
tourism and regional studies	36,8	35,2	40,6	42,2	41,9	42,8	40,6	40,6	37,7
physical training and sports	53,7	53,3	63,2	62,0	62,8	56,3	54,8	55,1	52,3
arts	134,3	153,0	152,3	154,8	155,6	158,5	163,2	165,5	165,6
other	55,3	60,3	65,8	78,9	75,1	68,6	61,7	59,6	58,3
Number of children's art schools ¹⁾	527	510	522	524	523	523	486	467	442
enrolment ¹⁾ , thous. persons	89,1	94,2	101,1	102,9	104,8	107,1	109,2	110,6	110,9

¹⁾ Data are shown as of the beginning of academic year.

State support of children at social risk

7.44. Boarding institutions for children

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Infant homes	13	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
children therein	1 300	1 302	1 144	1 113	1 125	1 063	912	839	716
Children's homes	35	32	29	34	32	29	27	25	21
children therein	2 981	2 428	2 145	2 343	2 162	1 887	1 609	1 543	1 268
Boarding houses for disabled children	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10
children therein	1 770 ¹⁾	1 643 ¹⁾	1 033	983	970	972	915	872	812
Boarding schools for orphan children and children without parental care	24	33	31	21	14	12	10	9	7
children therein	5 299	4 787	3 721	2 081	1 419	1 022	907	715	551
Special general education and auxiliary boarding schools	78	65	53	51	47	48	46	43	42
children therein	12 110	8 536	6 129	5 729	5 305	5 004	4 706	4 420	4 297
Children's villages (towns)	2	4	4	4	6	6	6	6	6
foster children therein	171	298	337	319	448	486	516	531	522
Children's social shelters	...	138	136	133	131	130	127	121	116
children therein	...	1 586	1 492	1 475	1 354	1 432	1 221	1 173	959

Besides, in Belarus there are 229 family-type children's homes with 1 565 foster children therein.

¹⁾ Total inmates.

7.45. Orphan children and children without parental care

(persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
New orphan children and children without parental care registered (including those not placed at the beginning of the year)	5 461	5 151	4 123	4 114	4 193	4 199	3 218	2 869	2 765
of which placed to:									
infant homes, children's homes, boarding houses, boarding schools, family-type children's homes, and children's villages	2 229	1 516	1 089	1 059	998	1 035	794	689	569
guardian and foster families, adopted	2 667	3 127	2 647	2 654	2 788	2 784	2 124	1 894	1 974
vocational-technical, secondary specialized and higher education institutions with state support	168	172	99	147	196	202	138	122	89
Number of orphan children and children without parental care in children's boarding institutions:									
infant homes	1 014	1 063	781	616	687	691	584	545	496
children's homes	2 858	2 345	2 078	2 267	2 071	1 855	1 601	1 536	1250
boarding schools for orphan children and children without parental care	5 063	4 675	3 658	2 034	1 368	1 019	907	715	551
special general education and auxiliary boarding schools	3 309	2 381	1 667	1 649	1 625	1 518	1 478	1 399	1 370
boarding houses for disabled children	699	701	643	619	638	632	603	564	475
children's villages	171	298	337	319	448	486	516	531	522
children's social shelters	...	393	617	454	263	144	174	221	246
Number of orphan children and children without parental care brought up in families:									
family-type children's homes, guardian and foster families	12 839	16 148	17 807	17 712	18 055	18 382	18 067	17 637	17 234
adopted	8 427	9 345	9 513	9 684	9 890	10 257	10 431	10 231	10 478

8. PUBLIC HEALTH

The section contains statistical data on network, activity and personnel of medical organizations, on morbidity of population, as well as on social services.

Medical practitioners are specialty physicians providing medical treatment for the population. The number of medical practitioners does not comprise workers of medical-diagnostic profile (bacteriologist, virologists, laboratory assistants and laboratory diagnostics), medical-preventive profile (hygienists, parasitologists, on physics health and epidemiology), and dental profile (excluding oral surgeons).

Obstetrics and gynecology physicians are persons with higher medical education on specialty «Obstetrics and gynecology», pediatric physicians – on specialty «Pediatrics».

Since 2010 **paramedical personnel** comprises persons with secondary medical education, employed at the end of year in positions of specialists with secondary medical education in organizations providing outpatient, inpatient, emergency medical services, in sanitary and hygienic facilities and medical-diagnostic services, preschool institutions, schools, orphanages and other.

Hospital organizations are health organizations providing inpatient medical care. These include hospitals, military hospitals, national scientific and practical centers, maternity homes, dispensaries and medical sanitary units having inpatient departments, as well as other health organizations having hospital beds.

Beds equipped with the required appliances and available for patient admissions irrespective of whether they are occupied or not, as of 31 December of the reference year, are subject to recording in hospital organizations. Hospital beds do not include beds for mothers in children's departments and beds for newborns in maternity departments.

Hospital beds for short stay in order to provide medical care to patients of therapeutic, pediatric and surgical domain in hospitals, dispensaries, specialized centers, maternity homes, military hospitals, medical scientific health organizations, medical sanitary units are subject to recording since 2013.

Outpatient-polyclinic organizations – public health organizations of all types of ownership, providing medical care in the outpatient settings and (or) examine physically (polyclinics, outpatient clinics, dispensaries, clinics and other).

Morbidity rate is calculated as the ratio of the number of cases registered for the first time during the reference year, to the average annual population, and calculated per 100 000 population.

Disabled is a person with long-term physical, mental, intellectual or sensory impairments, which in interaction with different barriers may hinder their full and effective participation in society on an equal basis with others.

Distinguish **primary disability** when a person is diagnosed with disability for the first time during the reference year and **total disability** characterizes contingents of disabled, regardless of the time of acknowledging them as handicapped.

Houses-boarding schools for disabled children with features of psychophysical development (house-boarding school for children-invalids) is a state institution of social services intended for permanent and temporary (from 1 to 6 months) accommodation of disabled children with features of psychophysical development of 4 - 18 years old in need of help, nursing, household services and medical care because of health conditions.

Nursing homes for elderly and disabled persons is a state institution of social services intended for permanent and temporary (from 1 to 6 months) accommodation of nationals eligible for a retirement pension on common basis, disabled persons of groups I and II, have lost full or partial ability to self-care, in need of help, nursing, household services and medical care.

8.1. Main indicators of public health

(end of year)

Years	Number of specialty physicians, persons	Paramedical personnel, persons	Number of hospital organizations	Number of hospital beds	Number of outpatient-polyclinic organizations	Number of outpatient visits and sick calls	
						total, thous.	per capita
1950	7 210	24 391	695	32 046	1 265	...	...
1960	13 517	44 638	991	55 942	1 370	33 775	4,1
1970	23 384	73 151	1 024	94 165	1 493	65 610	7,6
1980	32 674	94 130	873	120 785	1 319	100 100	10,4
1985	37 749	110 749	881	130 160	1 367	110 116	11,1
1990	39 597	119 881	874	135 067	1 468	100 515	9,9
1995	42 713	117 593	865	127 268	1 622	103 770	10,2
2000	45 817	122 641	830	126 209	1 843	122 074	12,2
2001	44 902	123 192	817	125 403	1 856	117 888	11,9
2002	44 812	123 485	781	118 519	1 862	118 366	12,0
2003	45 027	117 017	729	112 007	1 918	122 290	12,5
2004	45 281	117 286	704	105 252	1 983	128 893	13,2
2005	45 649	118 513	711	108 792	2 005	127 121	13,2
2006	46 359	118 327	725	108 793	2 022	128 109	13,3
2007	46 965	118 157	792	108 942	2 027	131 914	13,8
2008	48 124	120 636	773	107 670	2 208	126 523	13,3
2009	49 380	122 222	661 ¹⁾	106 999	2 205	126 652	13,3
2010	45 310 ²⁾	121 814 ²⁾	661	108 667	2 228	127 453	13,4
2011	47 962	122 038	656	106 585	2 292	123 986	13,1
2012	48 831	125 079	657	106 640	2 263	122 129	12,9
2013	49 289	122 654	646	84 021	2 267	120 451	12,7
2014	51 099	123 919	641	82 314	2 309	121 728	12,8

¹⁾ Since 2009 accounting procedure of hospital organizations has been changed.

²⁾ Hereinafter since 2010 employed in institutions of training, retraining and advanced training of health and pharmaceutical staff, employed in health management authorities are not included in the number of specialty physicians and paramedical personnel.

8.2. Availability of medical workers and hospital beds

(per 10 000 population)

	Number of specialty physicians	Paramedical personnel	Number of hospital beds
1950	9,3	31,3	41,2
1960	16,4	54,2	67,9
1970	25,8	80,8	104,1
1980	33,8	97,4	125,0
1985	37,8	110,9	130,3
1990	38,9	117,6	132,6
1995	42,0	115,5	125,1
2000	46,0	123,2	126,8
2001	45,4	124,4	126,7
2002	45,6	125,6	120,6
2003	46,1	119,9	114,7
2004	46,7	120,9	108,5
2005	47,4	123,1	113,0
2006	48,4	123,5	113,6
2007	49,2	123,8	114,2
2008	50,6	126,8	113,2
2009	52,0	128,7	112,6
2010	47,8	128,5	114,6
2011	50,7	128,9	112,6
2012	51,6	132,2	112,7
2013	52,1	129,5	88,7
2014	53,9	130,7	86,8

8.3. Number of medical practitioners by medical specialty profile

(end of year; persons)

	Total					Per 10 000 population ¹⁾				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of medical practitioners	33 325	35 936	36 759	37 281	38 671	35,1	38,0	38,8	39,4	40,8
of which:										
therapeutics	16 138	16 243	16 237	16 204	16 725	17,0	17,2	17,2	17,1	17,6
pediatrics	3 654	3 697	3 778	3 786	3 833	21,0	21,4	21,7	21,5	21,4
surgery	10 823	11 007	11 255	11 445	11 829	11,4	11,6	11,9	12,1	12,5
medical and diagnostics	2 679	2 780	2 896	2 946	3 277	2,8	2,9	3,1	3,1	3,5
stomatology	31	31	36	39	41	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
interns	...	2 178	2 557	2 861	2 966	...	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,1

¹⁾ Number of specialty physicians in pediatrics is calculated per 10 000 children aged 0-17 years.

8.4. Paramedical personnel by specialty

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total									
Number of paramedical personnel	122 641	118 513	120 636	122 222	121 814	122 038	125 079	122 654	123 919
of which:									
nurse practitioners	12 557	10 865	11 430	11 507	11 101	10 681	10 676	10 262	10 562
nurse-midwives	6 315	5 115	4 880	4 814	4 877	4 903	4 919	4 882	4 908
sick-nurses	76 515	80 039	81 078	82 741	84 017	84 254	87 195	85 897	86 787
medical laboratory assistants	9 451	10 122	10 012	10 013	9 755	9 800	9 605	9 095	9 141
dental medical assistants	1 935	1 962	2 043	2 004	1 907	1 978	2 102	1 919	1 876
dental technicians	2 249	2 193	2 135	2 099	2 016	1 972	1 927	1 866	1 847
x-ray laboratory assistants	2 218	2 477	2 567	2 683	2 710	2 745	2 728	2 736	2 791
other	11 401	5 740	6 491	6 361	5 431	5 705	5 927	5 997	6 007
Per 10 000 population									
Number of paramedical personnel	123,2	123,1	126,8	128,7	128,5	128,9	132,2	129,5	130,7
of which:									
nurse practitioners	12,6	11,3	12,0	12,1	11,7	11,3	11,3	10,8	11,1
nurse-midwives ¹⁾	11,9	9,9	9,6	9,5	9,6	9,7	9,7	9,6	9,7
sick-nurses	76,8	83,1	85,2	87,1	88,6	89,0	92,1	90,7	91,5
medical laboratory assistants	9,5	10,5	10,5	10,5	10,3	10,4	10,1	9,6	9,6
dental medical assistants	1,9	2,0	2,1	2,1	2,0	2,1	2,2	2,0	2,0
dental technicians	2,3	2,3	2,2	2,2	2,1	2,1	2,0	2,0	1,9
x-ray laboratory assistants	2,2	2,6	2,7	2,8	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9
other	11,5	6,0	6,8	6,7	5,7	6,0	6,3	6,3	6,3

¹⁾ Per 10 000 women.

8.5. Availability of hospital beds by specialty

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total									
Number of hospital beds	126 209	108 792	107 670	106 999	108 667	106 585	106 640	84 021	82 314
of which:									
therapeutical	38 908	31 144	29 912	29 715	29 616	28 063	27 898	25 065	24 182
surgical	20 770	18 182	17 739	17 710	17 502	17 319	17 207	16 815	16 657
oncologic	3 764	3 840	3 825	3 825	3 815	3 823	3 861	3 668	3 773
gynecological	5 755	4 614	4 315	4 222	4 213	4 062	4 092	3 950	3 882
infectious	6 411	5 248	5 244	5 223	5 006	4 900	4 908	4 822	4 592
pediatric (noncommunicable)	11 181	11 695	11 445	11 149	11 171	10 887	10 981	8 218	8 011
ophthalmologic	1 817	1 485	1 428	1 418	1 410	1 407	1 412	1 386	1 372
otolaryngological	2 148	1 731	1 551	1 534	1 529	1 492	1 493	1 454	1 449
dermatovenerologic	3 185	2 062	1 899	1 889	1 834	1 760	1 740	1 670	1 627
narcological	1 801	1 477	1 613	1 687	1 770	1 800	1 785	1 701	1 685
neurological	7 602	6 921	6 544	6 521	6 581	6 541	6 502	6 274	6 116
for pregnant women and maternity patients (in maternity hospitals and in general hospital departments)	6 245	5 436	5 503	5 478	5 381	5 434	5 329	5 284	5 223
Per 10 000 population¹⁾									
Number of hospital beds	126,8	113,0	113,2	112,6	114,6	112,6	112,7	88,7	86,8
of which:									
therapeutical	39,1	32,3	31,4	31,3	31,2	29,6	29,5	26,5	25,5
surgical	20,9	18,9	18,6	18,6	18,5	18,3	18,2	17,8	17,6
oncologic	3,8	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,1	3,9	4,0
gynecological	10,9	9,0	8,5	8,3	8,3	8,0	8,1	7,8	7,7
infectious	6,4	5,4	5,5	5,5	5,3	5,2	5,2	5,1	4,8
pediatric (noncommunicable)	48,1	60,7	64,2	63,4	64,3	62,9	63,0	46,7	44,8
ophthalmologic	1,8	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,4
otolaryngological	2,2	1,8	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,5	1,5
dermatovenerologic	3,2	2,1	2,0	2,0	1,9	1,9	1,8	1,8	1,7
narcological	1,8	1,5	1,7	1,8	1,9	1,9	1,9	1,8	1,8
neurological	7,6	7,2	6,9	6,9	6,9	6,9	6,9	6,6	6,5
for pregnant women and maternity patients (in maternity hospitals and in general hospital departments)	23,7	20,9	21,9	22,1	22,1	22,6	22,6	22,7	22,7

¹⁾ Number of hospital beds for gynecological patients is calculated per 10 000 women: beds for pregnant women and maternity patients – per 10 000 women aged 15-49 years; pediatric beds – per 10 000 children aged 0-17 years.

8.6. Emergency medical (ambulance) service

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of emergency hospitals	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Number of emergency stations (departments)	198	189	179	165	160	160	153	152	151
Provided outpatient care and on-site assistance:									
total, thous. persons	4 079	2 953	3 119	3 268	3 282	3 271	3 203	3 192	3 021
per 1 000 population	409	306	327	344	346	345	338	337	319

8.7. Surgical care in public health organizations providing inpatient medical care

	Number of operations			Of which children aged 0-17 years			Died operated patients, persons		
	2010	2013	2014	2010	2013	2014	2010	2013	2014
Total operations	777 170	814 882	828 923	81 121	81 519	82 233	4 491	4 069	4 025
of which operations:									
on nervous system	8 593	8 983	9 144	513	555	572	1 179	884	829
on endocrine system	3 699	2 901	2 803	82	30	35	7	3	3
on visual organ	43 132	49 083	50 199	5 719	6 490	7 136	3	9	7
on ear, nose, throat organs	73 219	69 785	70 606	22 617	22 256	21 884	45	22	23
on respiratory system	8 249	7 857	7 837	239	294	202	114	139	135
heart surgery and thoracic aorta	7 466	12 949	15 256	765	969	1 047	114	226	245
arterioplasty	4 896	7 353	8 401	43	51	64	171	185	206
on veins	14 090	16 057	16 715	1 940	1 929	1 853	4	14	19
abdominal operation	116 975	119 306	118 121	13 437	14 410	13 861	1 792	1 625	1 594
on kidneys and ureter	17 008	21 522	23 466	706	946	988	67	74	78
on prostate gland	5 425	6 883	8 371	1	–	1	25	25	18
on muliebria	175 144	175 954	178 397	1 146	771	776	43	27	27
obstetrical operation	72 698	79 192	82 485	365	472	440	2	–	2
on musculoskeletal system	74 721	82 941	79 351	10 434	10 804	11 200	486	466	447
on mammary gland	10 223	9 911	10 454	188	200	187	4	3	2
on skin and hypoderm	89 569	89 325	91 445	13 310	13 653	13 975	229	163	187

8.8. Mother and infant medical care

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of obstetrics and gynecology physicians	2 645	2 598	2 604	2 618	2 503	2 525	2 563	2 590	2 638
per 10 000 women	5,0	5,1	5,1	5,2	4,9	5,0	5,1	5,1	5,2
Number of hospital beds for pregnant women and maternity patients	6 245	5 436	5 503	5 478	5 381	5 434	5 329	5 284	5 223
per 10 000 women aged 15-49 years	23,7	20,9	21,9	22,1	22,1	22,6	22,6	22,7	22,7
Number of pediatric physicians	4 252	3 790	3 943	3 925	3 654	3 697	3 778	3 786	3 833
per 10 000 children aged 0-17 years	18,3	19,7	22,1	22,3	21,0	21,4	21,7	21,5	21,4
Number of pediatric beds	15 267	14 947	14 774	14 545	14 343	13 943	14 137	11 228	10 876
per 10 000 children aged 0-17 years	65,7	77,6	82,9	82,8	82,6	80,6	81,2	63,7	60,8
Number of prenatal clinics and number of organizations with prenatal dispensaries	99 ¹⁾	120	121	133	142	132	143	140	142
Number of children's polyclinics and number of organizations with children's units	393 ¹⁾	439	427	445	465	465	468	462	463

¹⁾ According to the system of the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Belarus.

8.9. Health status of pregnant women, maternity patients and newborns

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Percentage of women completed pregnancy suffered from:								
anemia	27,0	22,7	22,3	22,9	22,5	23,5	22,4	22,2
circulatory diseases	8,4	8,8	8,5	8,2	7,4	7,2	6,0	6,1
diabetes	0,6	0,9	1,0	1,1	1,1	1,0	1,0	1,0
hydrops, proteinuria and hypertensive disorders	8,7	6,5	5,8	6,0	5,8	5,6	5,3	5,2
urinary tract infections during pregnancy	29,7	30,7	31,2	29,9	29,5	29,0	26,9	27,1
venous complications	2,4	2,5	2,5	2,7	2,9	3,0	3,0	3,2
Diseases complicating childbirth (per 1 000 births)								
anemia	161,4	147,3	140,3	152,6	158,1	171,7	183,8	186,9
circulatory diseases	107,5	95,1	94,6	94,6	102,0	98,6	81,5	75,9
diabetes	7,0	11,3	13,1	11,7	11,9	13,0	14,3	13,9
hydrops, proteinuria and hypertensive disorders	125,8	110,5	112,1	112,6	102,3	105,3	102,6	104,7
urinary tract infections during pregnancy	163,1	175,6	177,2	172,6	168,5	164,3	163,0	150,5
venous complications	19,7	24,0	24,0	25,9	23,6	25,6	26,1	30,1
bleeding at placental stage of labor and postnatal period	13,9	9,6	8,6	8,7	8,9	7,6	6,8	8,6
violation of labor	104,2	93,2	92,0	88,5	86,4	82,4	79,4	72,8
Total newborns with diseases, children	20 049	20 966	21 853	21 874	22 634	23 893	23 547	22 597
as a percentage to live births	22,2	19,5	20,0	20,2	20,7	20,6	19,9	19,0
of which newborns with diseases:								
congenital anomaly	2,2	1,9	2,0	2,0	2,1	2,0	2,1	2,2
birth injuries	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,9	2,6
Prematures of total live births, children	4 154	4 427	4 614	4 569	4 768	5 210	5 155	4 934
as a percentage of live births	4,6	4,1	4,2	4,2	4,4	4,5	4,4	4,2

8.10. Induced termination of pregnancy (aborts)

Years	Number of abortions		
	total, thous.	per 1 000 women aged 15-49 years	per 100 births
2000	121,9	46,2	128,7
2001	101,4	38,4	109,4
2002	89,9	34,0	100,3
2003	80,2	30,4	90,2
2004	71,7	27,2	80,7
2005	64,7	24,7	72,0
2006	58,5	22,6	61,0
2007	46,3	18,1	45,1
2008	42,2	16,7	39,4
2009	36,0	14,4	33,2
2010	33,3	13,5	31,0
2011	32,0	13,2	29,5
2012	28,6	12,0	24,9
2013 ¹⁾	31,2	13,3	26,6
2014	30,0	12,9	25,3

¹⁾ From 2013 including medical abortion.

8.11. Use of female contraception

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Women under the care at end of year, thous. persons:									
with intrauterine device	612,4	583,8	559,3	522,9	525,5	515,0	505,8	481,5	477,1
as a percentage of women aged 15-49 years	23,2	22,4	22,3	21,1	21,5	21,5	21,4	20,7	20,6
using hormonal contraception	207,1	429,8	455,2	455,3	478,6	450,5	437,0	452,8	426,9
as a percentage of women aged 15-49 years	7,8	16,5	18,1	18,4	19,6	18,8	18,5	19,5	18,5

8.12. Preventive examination of children¹⁾

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total examined children – total, thous. persons	1 924,5	1 542,7	1 878,2	1 849,2	1 821,3	1 804,3	1 791,5	1 807,9	1 825,4
Discovered during children examination:									
with decrement in acuity of hearing									
total, persons	3 949	3 182	3 979	3 783	3 844	3 780	3 755	3 762	4 063
as a percentage of examined	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
with decrement in visual acuity									
total, persons	177 874	149 708	180 597	176 777	175 814	172 701	170 802	168 073	175 969
as a percentage of examined	9,2	9,7	9,6	9,6	9,7	9,6	9,5	9,3	9,6
with speech abnormality									
total, persons	58 913	62 598	65 020	64 546	65 648	65 622	65 562	66 061	66 995
as a percentage of examined	3,1	4,1	3,5	3,5	3,6	3,6	3,7	3,7	3,7
with scoliosis									
total, persons	19 408	22 529	41 143	42 143	42 942	42 702	42 207	41 985	42 544
as a percentage of examined	1,0	1,5	2,2	2,3	2,4	2,4	2,4	2,3	2,3
with postural disorder									
total, persons	116 470	107 038	129 658	125 873	120 149	114 822	108 293	103 625	102 872
as a percentage of examined	6,1	6,9	6,9	6,8	6,6	6,4	6,0	5,7	5,6

¹⁾ In 2000, 2005 – children aged 0-14 years, since 2008 – children aged 0-17 years.

8.13. Immunization of children under 1 year of age

(as a percentage of children pertaining to vaccination)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Children vaccinated against:									
tuberculosis	99,2	98,9	98,0	97,8	98,3	97,9	97,7	98,0	97,4
diphtheria	99,1	99,2	94,0	95,4	95,8	96,1	96,0	95,9	93,4
pertussis	98,6	99,0	94,2	95,6	95,9	96,3	96,2	96,1	93,4
poliomyelitis	99,2	99,2	96,2	96,1	95,8	95,9	96,2	96,1	95,0
measles ¹⁾	98,2	99,0	92,1	98,2	98,5	98,8	98,4	98,1	98,4
parotitis ¹⁾	98,1	99,0	92,1	98,2	98,5	98,8	98,4	98,1	98,4

¹⁾ At the age of 1 year.

8.14. Immunization coverage of children in 2014

(number of immunized children at specified age as a percentage of children pertaining to vaccination/ booster vaccination)

	Vaccination		Booster vaccination	
	age	percent	age	percent
Children vaccinated against:				
tuberculosis	0 year	97,4	7 years	98,4
diphtheria	0 year	93,4	1,5 years	93,6
pertussis	0 year	93,4	1,5 years	93,6
poliomyelitis	0 year	95,0	2 years	98,3
measles	1 year	98,4	6 years	98,6
parotitis	1 year	98,4	6 years	98,6

8.15. Morbidity by main disease group

	2002	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered cases of diseases diagnosed for the first time in life, thous.	7 629	8 123	8 120	8 867	8 299	8 502	7 849	7 972	7 510
of which:									
some infectious and parasitic diseases	366	358	338	331	308	325	321	286	291
neoplasms	81	97	99	102	108	115	112	113	113
diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism	23	25	24	24	23	22	22	20	21
endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases	70	70	79	70	70	68	72	74	79
mental and behavioural diseases	120	153	161	159	155	153	145	145	141
nervous system diseases	82	73	63	60	57	54	51	48	51
diseases of the eye and adnexa	256	284	297	294	294	282	272	279	290
diseases of the ear and mastoid process	197	226	219	227	236	234	224	218	215
diseases of circulatory system	212	256	313	281	277	271	261	247	242
diseases of the respiratory system	3 882	4 097	4 081	4 926	4 349	4 601	4 026	4 283	3 855
diseases of the digestive system	301	287	271	232	227	223	224	210	214
diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	411	447	425	429	434	415	401	387	382
diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	387	428	446	422	424	409	422	402	392
diseases of the genitourinary system	292	312	314	306	319	316	301	286	294
congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities	10	11	12	12	12	14	14	14	15
injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes	769	808	787	793	812	800	780	746	705

Continued

	2002	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered cases per 100 000 population	77 332	84 055	85 226	93 274	87 445	89 744	82 935	84 214	79 262
of which:									
some infectious and parasitic diseases	3 707	3 701	3 552	3 478	3 250	3 435	3 394	3 023	3 075
neoplasms	825	1 001	1 043	1 077	1 138	1 214	1 181	1 192	1 198
diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism	233	257	250	249	240	229	235	214	221
endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases	708	729	827	739	739	721	762	784	838
mental and behavioural diseases	1 216	1 579	1 688	1 677	1 632	1 618	1 533	1 534	1 486
nervous system diseases	831	753	658	636	600	567	540	509	534
diseases of the eye and adnexa	2 597	2 943	3 121	3 088	3 097	2 982	2 874	2 950	3 056
diseases of the ear and mastoid process	2 000	2 334	2 295	2 386	2 487	2 466	2 367	2 300	2 269
diseases of circulatory system	2 151	2 652	3 281	2 955	2 920	2 866	2 757	2 606	2 559
diseases of the respiratory system	39 346	42 399	42 836	51 811	45 828	48 567	42 534	45 242	40 684
diseases of the digestive system	3 048	2 974	2 840	2 446	2 388	2 355	2 364	2 217	2 262
diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	4 164	4 627	4 458	4 515	4 572	4 378	4 234	4 091	4 037
diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	3 925	4 433	4 684	4 441	4 470	4 320	4 461	4 243	4 138
diseases of the genitourinary system	2 961	3 228	3 298	3 218	3 361	3 332	3 177	3 026	3 103
congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities	105	110	124	131	131	144	152	148	159
injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes	7 792	8 362	8 255	8 343	8 554	8 442	8 241	7 883	7 441

8.16. Morbidity in children aged 0-17 years by main disease group

	2002	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered cases of diseases diagnosed for the first time in life, thous.	3 010	3 099	2 997	3 309	3 160	3 260	3 011	3 117	3 042
of which:									
some infectious and parasitic diseases	156	135	111	105	100	126	121	93	103
neoplasms	3	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism	18	18	16	16	14	14	14	13	12
endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases	20	15	13	12	12	11	12	11	12
mental and behavioural diseases	33	36	28	28	26	27	24	24	25
nervous system diseases	16	20	19	19	17	16	15	15	14
diseases of the eye and adnexa	87	91	85	84	85	86	83	88	91
diseases of the ear and mastoid process	66	68	67	70	73	76	70	72	77
diseases of circulatory system	19	17	13	12	12	12	12	11	11
diseases of the respiratory system	2 076	2 168	2 174	2 508	2 376	2 465	2 240	2 389	2 289
diseases of the digestive system	109	93	84	78	74	69	69	64	66
diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	120	135	115	109	110	101	99	97	97
diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	37	34	29	28	26	26	26	24	28
diseases of the genitourinary system	35	34	32	30	30	30	29	27	27
congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities	9	9	10	11	11	12	13	12	13
injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes	161	169	156	153	152	150	148	138	139

Continued

	2002	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered cases per 100 000 children	136 684	157 876	166 781	187 004	180 800	187 984	173 384	177 961	171 338
of which:									
some infectious and parasitic diseases	7 084	6 897	6 158	5 917	5 700	7 241	6 977	5 319	5 800
neoplasms	156	283	280	265	280	277	276	271	280
diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders involving the immune mechanism	804	930	905	896	821	797	800	720	699
endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases	919	762	733	698	712	650	695	641	654
mental and behavioural diseases	1 509	1 814	1 553	1 582	1 513	1 537	1 410	1 384	1 385
nervous system diseases	739	1 040	1 037	1 047	976	933	865	852	791
diseases of the eye and adnexa	3 951	4 639	4 727	4 764	4 836	4 939	4 790	5 006	5 152
diseases of the ear and mastoid process	2 985	3 487	3 723	3 982	4 190	4 372	4 012	4 138	4 346
diseases of circulatory system	855	855	730	691	684	678	708	648	638
diseases of the respiratory system	94 294	110 479	120 947	141 743	135 950	142 136	129 001	136 388	128 906
diseases of the digestive system	4 959	4 728	4 657	4 420	4 222	3 970	3 952	3 669	3 708
diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	5 450	6 899	6 425	6 169	6 286	5 817	5 678	5 546	5 435
diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1 683	1 732	1 608	1 610	1 460	1 472	1 490	1 371	1 580
diseases of the genitourinary system	1 577	1 714	1 756	1 699	1 715	1 704	1 655	1 533	1 545
congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities	413	475	574	622	622	698	732	703	748
injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes	7 330	8 600	8 682	8 655	8 716	8 664	8 495	7 899	7 817

8.17. Morbidity of selected infectious diseases

	2002	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered cases of diseases – total									
Salmonella infection	4 212	3 506	5 054	4 511	5 530	4 761	3 997	3 756	3 049
Diarrheal diseases	16 387	12 551	11 239	11 949	12 987	12 793	11 277	11 894	11 990
Scarlatina	2 714	3 324	2 112	1 595	1 346	1 765	1 966	1 436	1 542
Pertussis	71	82	131	98	113	154	579	188	378
Measles	21	1	–	–	1	50	10	16	64
Flu and acute upper respiratory tract infection	3 099	3 224	3 137	4 224	3 541	3 937	3 239	3 605	2 986
Viral hepatitis	7 852	1 243	512	359	437	286	248	281	337
Per 100 000 population									
Salmonella infection	42,7	36,3	53,0	47,5	58,3	50,3	42,2	39,7	32,2
Diarrheal diseases	116,1	129,9	118,0	125,7	136,8	135,0	119,2	125,6	126,6
Scarlatina	27,5	34,4	22,2	16,8	14,2	18,6	20,8	15,2	16,3
Pertussis	0,7	0,8	1,4	1,0	1,2	1,6	6,1	2,0	4,0
Measles	0,2	0,01	–	–	0,01	0,5	0,1	0,2	0,7
Flu and acute upper respiratory tract infection	31 414,6	33 362,1	32 922,3	44 435,2	37 310,1	41 554,8	34 227,4	38 086,0	31 518,0
Viral hepatitis	79,6	12,9	5,4	3,8	4,6	3,0	2,6	3,0	3,6

8.18. Morbidity of malignant neoplasms

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered cases of diseases diagnosed for the first time:									
total, thous. persons	32,9	35,9	39,8	39,9	42,0	42,3	43,2	44,0	45,9
men	16,9	17,6	19,5	19,6	20,5	20,8	21,4	22,0	22,8
women	16,0	18,3	20,3	20,3	21,5	21,6	21,9	22,0	23,1
per 100 000 population	330	371	418	420	443	447	457	465	484
men	361	391	439	443	465	471	486	499	518
women	302	355	399	399	424	425	432	435	455
Number of registered patients:									
total, thous. persons	159,6	196,0	222,1	234,2	242,3	252,8	245,5	249,9	257,7
per 100 000 population	1 603	2 036	2 335	2 465	2 556	2 670	2 594	2 639	2 718

8.19. Morbidity of venereal diseases

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered cases of diseases diagnosed for the first time:									
syphilis									
total, persons	10 527	3 200	1 969	1 944	1 230	1 163	1 019	946	869
per 100 000 population	105,5	33,1	20,7	20,4	13,0	12,3	10,8	10,0	9,2
gonococcal infection									
total, persons	9 887	6 139	4 924	4 220	3 510	3 213	3 399	2 843	2 239
per 100 000 population	99,1	63,5	51,7	44,4	37,0	33,9	35,9	30,0	23,6
Number of registered patients with syphilis									
total, persons	43 290	17 238	10 254	8 576	6 507	5 558	4 988	4 472	4 013
per 100 000 population	434,8	179,0	107,8	90,3	68,6	58,7	52,7	47,2	42,3

8.20. Morbidity of active tuberculosis

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered patients diagnosed for the first time in life									
total, thous. persons	6,2	5,3	4,6	4,6	4,3	4,1	3,9	3,6	3,3
per 100 000 population	61,7	54,9	48,6	48,7	45,8	42,8	41,4	38,3	34,5
of which with respiratory tuberculosis:									
total, thous. persons	5,7	4,9	4,3	4,3	4,0	3,8	3,6	3,4	3,0
per 100 000 population	57,2	51,2	45,0	45,5	42,4	39,9	38,5	35,7	32,0
Number of patients under observation in public health organizations									
total, thous. persons	23,5	14,7	13,0	12,8	12,4	11,7	10,4	9,0	7,9
per 100 000 population	236,4	152,4	137,1	134,6	131,0	124,0	109,8	95,2	82,9

8.21. Morbidity of mental and behavioral disorders

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered patients diagnosed for the first time in life									
total, thous. persons	37,6	57,4	69,4	74,8	73,6	73,5	74,2	74,1	74,5
per 100 000 population	376,6	594,1	728,6	786,4	775,1	776,4	784,3	782,3	786,1
Number of patients under dispensary observation in public health organizations									
total, thous. persons	128,4	120,6	111,2	104,5	104,1	103,0	103,3	105,9	107,0
per 100 000 population	1 289,6	1 251,9	1 168,4	1 100,3	1 098,2	1 088,5	1 092,0	1 118,0	1 129,0

8.22. Morbidity of alcoholism and alcoholic psychosis

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered patients diagnosed for the first time in life									
total, thous. persons	18,4	32,1	31,4	33,2	27,9	27,2	23,7	21,7	20,5
per 100 000 population	184,4	332,2	329,8	349,2	294,5	287,1	250,9	229,5	216,0
Number of patients under dispensary observation in public health organizations									
total, thous. persons	142,6	175,8	193,6	195,8	195,9	195,2	193,5	190,6	188,3
per 100 000 population	1 431,7	1825,8	2 035,2	2 060,9	2 066,7	2 062,7	2 044,1	2 013,2	1 985,7

8.23. Morbidity of narcomania and toxicomania

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of registered patients diagnosed for the first time in life									
total, thous. persons	1,2	0,9	1,5	1,5	1,9	1,5	1,7	1,5	1,4
per 100 000 population	11,9	8,8	15,5	16,0	19,9	15,7	17,5	16,2	15,1
Number of patients under dispensary observation in public health organizations									
total, thous. persons	4,5	6,7	9,2	9,8	10,9	11,3	12,2	12,4	11,8
per 100 000 population	47,8	70,0	96,7	103,1	115,3	119,5	129,2	130,8	124,6

8.24. Persons 18 years old and over newly acknowledged as disabled by severity level and disability cause

(persons)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total							
Persons newly acknowledged as disabled	55 495	52 048	43 994	47 417	57 493	55 973	53 602
of which women	27 336	24 597	20 454	22 314	28 972	27 794	26 621
Acknowledged as disabled of total:							
I group	8 194	9 415	10 115	10 237	12 232	13 213	13 176
II group	30 631	26 526	24 012	25 741	29 067	26 376	24 237
III group	16 670	16 107	9 867	11 439	16 194	16 384	16 189
Of total acknowledged as disabled:							
disabled due to common diseases	53 041	50 054	43 262	46 671	56 751	55 247	52 983
disabled due to labour injuries, occupational diseases	536	475	306	334	277	270	228
disabled since childhood	760	485	200	233	217	241	205
disabled from military personnel	512	435	207	163	228	194	168
other	646	599	19	16	20	21	18
Termless disability	32 611	29 856	25 872	28 495	37 926	36 424	35 444
Including: men aged 18-59 years women aged 18-54 years							
Persons newly acknowledged as disabled	25 116	23 557	19 276	21 011	21 890	21 955	20 576
of which women	8 943	7 850	5 961	6 511	6 909	6 853	6 212
Acknowledged as disabled of total:							
I group	2 114	2 319	2 320	2 330	2 298	2 248	2 153
II group	11 091	10 025	9 511	9 730	9 289	9 147	8 139
III group	11 911	11 213	7 445	8 951	10 303	10 560	10 284
Of total acknowledged as disabled:							
disabled due to common diseases	23 333	22 263	18 707	20 393	21 337	21 383	20 090
disabled due to labour injuries, occupational diseases	491	401	274	301	241	240	208
disabled since childhood	743	475	185	221	206	227	192
disabled from military personnel	299	221	94	82	91	85	71
other	250	197	16	14	15	20	15
Termless disability	2 583	1 709	1 479	2 353	2 550	2 590	2 532

8.25. Disabled children under 18 years old registered with labour, employment and social protection agencies

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total, persons	29 115	28 895	26 632	25 867	25 562	25 737	26 077	25 141	27 379
Per 10 000 children	125,2	150,0	149,5	147,2	147,1	148,7	149,7	142,7	153,0

8.26. Nursing homes for the elderly and disabled adults and children

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of nursing homes	72	70	71	71	74	77	79	79	80
of which:									
for elderly and disabled adults	63	61	62	62	65	67	69	69	70
for disabled children	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10
Number of places in nursing homes, thous.	16,9	16,6	17,4	17,5	17,9	18,2	18,7	18,7	19,3
of which:									
for elderly and disabled adults	14,9	14,9	15,7	15,8	16,2	16,4	16,9	16,9	17,5
for disabled children	2,0	1,7	1,7	1,7	1,7	1,8	1,8	1,8	1,8
People living in nursing homes, thous.	16,0	16,3	17,1	17,1	17,4	17,7	18,0	18,2	18,4
of which:									
for elderly and disabled adults	14,2	14,7	15,4	15,4	15,8	16,0	16,2	16,4	16,7
for disabled children	1,8	1,6	1,7	1,7	1,6	1,7	1,8	1,8	1,7

9. CULTURE, TOURISM AND RECREATION

9.1. Culture

The section contains statistical information characterized activities of the cultural organizations and production of printed matter.

Public library is a library which provides the opportunity of using its fund and services to nationals regardless of their age, sex, nationality, language, place of residence, position, material status, confession, political opinions and other circumstances.

Club institutions comprise clubs, palaces (houses, centres) of culture, centres (houses) of folk arts (folklore), centres (houses) of crafts, cultural centres for youth, centres of national culture and other club institutions performing educational and entertaining functions through the provision of natural persons with favourable conditions to practice folk and creative arts and satisfying their demand for knowledge, self-learning, spiritual and physical development, as well as their need for interpersonal relations and recreation.

The network of **professional theatres** includes opera and ballet, drama, musical, children's and youth theatres. Data on theatres do not include folk and amateur theatres.

Indicators of **printed matter production** include the number of registered editions (publications) of books, brochures, magazines, newspapers and other periodicals, their single and annual circulation.

9.1.1. Main indicators of cultural organizations

	1980	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of public libraries	6 957	6 239	5 367	5 200	4 584	4 249	3 865	3 849	3 738	3 606	3 458	3 059
Number of users, thous.	5 416	4 823	4 419	4 505	4 187	4 009	3 801	3 810	3 765	3 707	3 633	3 457
Number of club institutions	6 311	6 030	4 858	4 654	4 093	3 853	3 733	3 695	3 578	3 473	3 307	3 054
Number of museums	68	111	146	134	139	151	155	158	160	162	162	157
attendance, thous. visits	4 519	4 582	2 837	3 804	3 976	4 270	4 586	4 990	5 299	5 724	5 731	6 090
Number of professional theatres	16	21	24	27	28	28	27	27	27	28	28	28
attendance, thous. visits	3 000	2 604	1 780	2 047	1 842	1 907	1 931	1 981	1 852	1 891	1 858	1 819
Number of circuses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
attendance, thous. visits	1 157	1 212	787	615	644	465	346	368	602	596	680	659
Number of zoological parks	1	1	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
attendance, thous. visits	267	588	697	638	691	876	986	840	656	925	893	1 062
Number of concert organizations	5	12	13	13	15	16	16	16	17	18	19	19
attendance, thous. visits	4 436	4 910	1 249	1 935	1 399	1 680	1 731	1 931	1 429	1 529	1 487	1 539
Per 1 000 population:												
library stock, copies	9 019	9 155	7 951	7 797	7 452	7 458	7 124	7 071	7 150	7 026	6 946	6 593
users of public libraries, persons	561	473	434	452	435	421	400	402	398	392	384	365
attendance of:												
museums, visits	469	450	278	381	411	448	482	526	559	605	605	643
theatres, visits	312	256	175	205	191	200	203	209	195	200	196	192

9.1.2. Public libraries

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of public libraries	5 200	4 584	4 249	3 865	3 849	3 738	3 606	3 458	3 059
of which in:									
urban areas	1 053	974	939	677	696	688	686	705	674
rural areas	4 147	3 610	3 310	3 188	3 153	3 050	2 920	2 753	2 385
Library stock, mln copies	77,6	71,8	71,0	67,7	67,0	67,7	66,5	65,8	62,5
Number of users, thous.	4 505	4 187	4 009	3 801	3 810	3 765	3 707	3 633	3 457
of which in:									
urban areas	2 750	2 698	2 653	2 529	2 560	2 537	2 511	2 487	2 405
rural areas	1 755	1 489	1 356	1 272	1 250	1 228	1 196	1 146	1 052
Annual number of books and magazines lent to readers, mln copies	83,5	76,7	74,5	71,1	70,4	69,6	69,0	67,7	64,7
of which in:									
urban areas	52,5	50,4	50,3	47,8	47,2	46,8	46,7	46,3	44,8
rural areas	31,0	26,3	24,2	23,3	23,2	22,8	22,3	21,5	19,9
Average library stock per library, thous. copies	15	16	17	18	17	18	18	19	20
Average library stock per user, copies	17	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Average number of books and magazines lent per user, copies	19	18	19	19	18	18	19	19	19
of which in:									
urban areas	19	19	19	19	18	18	19	19	19
rural areas	18	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	19
Average number of users per library	866	913	944	983	990	1 007	1 028	1 051	1 130
of which in:									
urban areas	2 611	2 770	2 826	3 736	3 678	3 687	3 660	3 527	3 567
rural areas	423	413	410	399	397	403	410	416	441

9.1.3. National Library of Belarus

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Library stock, thous. copies	7 560,7	8 147,6	8 663,7	8 836,7	9 003,3	9 132,3	9 263,8	9 371,1	9 486,3
Number of books and magazines lent to readers, thous. copies	3 061,4	2 355,7	3 022,8	2 987,0	2 803,8	2 658,2	2 606,8	2 601,3	2 535,8

9.1.4. Club institutions

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total number of club institutions	4 654	4 093	3 853	3 733	3 695	3 578	3 473	3 307	3 054
of which in:									
urban areas	611	545	557	568	571	580	569	565	568
rural areas	4 043	3 548	3 296	3 165	3 124	2 998	2 904	2 742	2 486

9.1.5. Museums

(end of year)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of museums	155	158	160	162	162	157
of which:						
historical	43	43	44	43	43	43
combined	82	86	87	91	91	94
natural sciences	1	1	–	–	–	2
arts	15	15	15	14	14	14
literature studies	7	7	7	7	7	4
specialized	7	6	7	7	7	–
Number of items in the main collection, thous.	2 940,2	3 000,4	3 061,0	3 114,7	3 169,5	3 215,2
of which:						
historical	806,6	853,9	870,4	881,1	898,0	973,9
combined	1 802,6	1 823,3	1 858,8	1 895,6	1 926,5	1 990,0
natural sciences	24,0	24,2	–	–	–	4,4
arts	59,5	68,8	74,4	78,0	80,3	83,5
literature studies	161,8	164,5	166,7	168,5	171,6	163,4
specialized	85,7	65,7	90,8	91,5	93,2	–
Annual attendance, thous.	4 586,3	4 989,7	5 299,4	5 724,3	5 731,0	6 089,5
of which:						
historical	1 167,8	1 341,6	1 440,7	1 521,0	1 543,0	1 960,1
combined	2 291,0	2 412,0	2 737,0	3 021,3	2 996,8	3 142,9
natural sciences	94,6	112,1	–	–	–	125,2
arts	518,5	627,2	464,6	536,6	494,2	498,5
literature studies	280,3	333,4	356,8	338,2	399,0	362,8
specialized	234,1	163,3	300,2	307,3	298,0	–

9.1.6. Immovable heritage properties included in the State List of Historic and Cultural Values of the Republic of Belarus

(end of year; items)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Immovable heritage properties	4 684	4 662	4 779	5 257	5 278	5 379	5 379	5 373
of which sites of:								
architecture	1 597	1 584	1 592	1 649	1 661	1 763	1 763	1 759
history	1 131	1 160	1 152	1 187	1 192	1 191	1 191	1 192
arts	122	59	58	60	61	60	60	60
archeology	1 834	1 859	1 962	2 346	2 349	2 350	2 350	2 347

9.1.7. Theatres

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total number of theatres (professional)	27	28	28	27	27	27	28	28	28
of which:									
opera and ballet	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
drama and musical	17	18	19	18	18	18	19	19	19
children's and youth	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Annual attendance, thous. visits	2 047,0	1 842,0	1 907,4	1 931,1	1 981,2	1 851,5	1 890,9	1 857,6	1 819,1

9.1.8. Circuses

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of circuses (end of year)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of performances	451	506	347	296	306	408	426	463	420
Annual attendance, thous.	615,1	643,5	464,6	346,3	367,7	602,4	595,9	679,6	659,0
Attendance per 1 000 population, visits	62	67	49	36	39	64	63	72	70

9.1.9. Zoological parks

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of zoological parks (end of year)	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Total area, hectares	23,6	28,1	27,1	29,0	26,3	23,7	23,7	23,4	23,5
Annual attendance, thous. visits	637,8	690,5	876,1	986,1	840,4	655,6	924,6	893,1	1 062,2
Annual number of organized excursions, events	...	917	625	501	626	545	835	604	603
Annual number of off-site exhibitions, events	6	6	6	3	1	11	11	16	26
Attendance per 1 000 population, visits	64	71	92	104	89	69	98	94	112

9.1.10. Production of books and brochures, magazines and newspapers

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Books and brochures									
Number of books and brochures (printed units)	7 686	10 784	13 210	12 885	11 040	11 084	11 344	11 441	11 613
of which in Belarusian	761	992	879	1 084	951	940	1 073	1 153	1 105
Pressrun, mln copies	61,6	40,3	55,4	52,8	43,1	34,3	33,1	31,4	31,2
of which in Belarusian	5,9	2,9	3,1	5,3	4,0	2,9	4,0	3,9	3,6
Magazines and other periodicals (including periodic compilations and bulletins)									
Number of magazines and other periodicals	354	563	777	884	885	918	897	921	936
of which in Belarusian	111	120	143	153	147	160	151	133	132
Annual circulation, mln copies	16,7	28,1	41,5	54,0	59,1	60,5	65,4	75,7	78,3
of which in Belarusian	4,3	3,4	3,4	3,3	3,2	2,9	2,7	2,4	2,1
Newspapers									
Number of newspapers (titles)	610	729	689	700	713	693	662	654	619
of which in Belarusian	202	197	179	183	185	183	187	189	186
Single circulation, mln copies	11,4	10,3	10,0	8,7	8,1	7,3	6,5	6,6	6,3
of which in Belarusian	1,8	1,1	1,1	1,2	1,2	1,3	1,2	1,2	1,2
Annual circulation, mln copies	635,4	591,9	544,5	525,0	510,3	494,9	467,3	455,0	445,4
of which in Belarusian	215,6	138,9	128,9	128,7	130,4	134,4	127,3	121,3	107,4

9.2. Tourism and recreation

The section contains statistical data on sanatorium-health resort and health improvement organizations, as well as data on foreign tourists arriving to the Republic of Belarus and on Belarusian residents traveling to other countries. The section provides statistical data on the organised tourism.

Tourist is an individual who makes a tourist journey for the period exceeding 24 hours or the one who has at least one overnight stay in the country (place) of temporary residence.

Organized tourism is defined as traveling on tours sold by organizations engaged in tourist activities.

Collective accommodation facilities for tourists are defined as objects providing accommodation for part-time residence of persons arrived for business travels, commercial purposes travels, for recreation and leisure and for other reasons. Collective accommodation facilities are divided into hotels and similar accommodation facilities and sanatorium-health resort and health-improving organizations.

Hotels and similar accommodation facilities are defined as organizations providing temporary accommodation (hotels, motels, hostels for arrivals).

Sanatorium-health resort organizations are organizations providing sanatorium and health resort services that are situated in health resorts or in areas having therapeutic and health-improving effect. This refers to sanatoria (for adults, adults and children, and children), student sanatoria-preventoria, children rehabilitation and health-improving centres, rehabilitation centres (departments).

Health improving organizations are organizations for adults, children, or adults and children intended for health improvement of the population. This refers to preventoria, health-improving centres (complexes), health-improving camps, rest homes (recreation centres), boarding houses and other organizations for whom health improvement of population is a non-core activity.

Accommodation capacity is a total number of accommodation places, which corresponds to the number of permanent places.

Occupancy rate of accommodation facilities is an indicator, characterizing the use of bed-places in accommodation facilities for a definite period of time, and is given as percent. It is calculated by the division of the number of bed-days, provided to guests into the product of the number of bed-places and the number of days in a definite period.

9.2.1. Main indicators of organizations engaged in tourist activities

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total organizations	415	402	577	720	783	791	958	1 085	1 254
of which:									
tour operator	...	69	68	82	97	100	130	142	160
travel agencies	...	93	104	145	188	225	273	387	519
tour operator and travel agencies	...	240	405	493	498	466	555	556	575
Arrivals of foreign tourists to the Republic of Belarus, thous. persons	60,2	90,8	91,6	95,5	120,1	116,0	118,7	136,8	137,4
Departures of Belarusian tourists abroad, thous. persons	1 289,0	572,4	380,3	316,3	414,7	319,8	492,8	708,4	740,5
Number of tourists who bought travel tours within the territory of the Republic of Belarus, thous. persons	...	49,6	58,7	51,0	79,0	76,7	61,0	76,2	56,2
Cost of foreign tours paid by citizens of the Republic of Belarus, BYR bn	12,4	71,8	388,4	408,3	541,3	675,5	1 828,6	3 086,9	4 386,7
Cost of tours paid by foreign tourists, BYR bn	1,9	13,7	47,0	60,7	75,3	147,2	256,1	334,6	382,0
Proceeds from tourist services provided, BYR bn	...	...	100,9	119,5	156,7	218,1	479,6	733,5	935,4

9.2.2. Arrivals of foreign tourists to the Republic of Belarus and departures of Belarusian tourists abroad (persons)

Years	Arrivals of foreign tourists to the Republic of Belarus			Departures of Belarusian tourists abroad		
	total	of which from		total	of which to	
		CIS countries	non-CIS countries		CIS countries	non-CIS countries
2000	60 224	12 174	48 050	1 289 034	107 464	1 181 570
2005	90 811	28 831	61 980	572 398	304 361	268 037
2008	91 587	52 872	38 715	380 349	167 375	212 974
2009	95 463	59 883	35 580 ¹⁾	316 322	118 545	197 777 ¹⁾
2010	120 073	83 432	36 641	414 735	158 177	256 558
2011	116 049	86 106	29 943	319 795	101 749	218 046
2012	118 749	96 046	22 703	492 846	157 023	335 823
2013	136 821	114 183	22 638	708 376	213 264	495 112
2014	137 444	115 644	21 800	740 514	79 862	660 652

¹⁾ Hereinafter from 2009 including Georgia.

9.2.3. Arrivals of foreign tourists to the Republic of Belarus (persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total arrivals of foreign tourists (excluding CIS countries)	48 050	61 980	38 715	35 580	36 641	29 943	22 703	22 638	21 800
of which from:									
Austria	534	508	586	471	295	250	220	182	252
Belgium	197	495	239	155	249	120	247	358	207
China	100	375	376	391	603	364	314	682	266
Cyprus	1 101	940	206	314	460	272	141	60	38
Czech Republic	189	277	464	421	350	334	198	402	530
Denmark	132	307	164	185	230	267	100	76	123
Estonia	953	732	1 166	690	595	464	738	670	566
Finland	96	184	962	610	770	560	358	341	715
France	387	1 176	1 257	1 114	808	754	749	729	568
Germany	5 669	7 402	3 027	2 568	2 245	2 191	2 071	1 931	1 704
Israel	3 723	3 120	491	956	925	339	584	465	778
Italy	1 463	5 090	2 672	2 531	2 275	1 816	1 535	952	889
Japan	323	342	393	235	197	269	385	571	191
Latvia	6 364	7 409	1 425	1 550	1 409	1 550	1 107	1 031	2 348
Lithuania	1 949	8 249	2 600	2 979	4 357	3 170	1 688	2 093	2 023
Netherlands	427	868	386	475	552	327	229	402	397
Poland	13 464	2 983	2 832	3 729	4 006	2 983	2 027	3 126	1 702
Spain	122	509	372	274	582	349	366	160	142
Sweden	380	727	594	604	644	346	220	204	368
Switzerland	103	447	480	1 186	269	416	430	287	663
Turkey	107	1 328	6 087	4 680	4 707	3 596	2 768	1 988	962
United Kingdom	6 197	8 208	7 674	4 962	6 220	2 412	3 033	1 657	907
United States	2 881	4 274	1 168	864	683	527	1 017	1 070	732

9.2.4. Departures of Belarusian tourists abroad

(persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total departures of Belarusian tourists abroad (excluding CIS countries)	1 181 570	268 037	212 974	197 777	256 558	218 046	335 823	495 112	660 652
of which to:									
Austria	499	1 038	402	395	418	514	888	788	1 599
Bulgaria	10 953	13 832	19 665	21 881	30 802	25 774	54 383	89 172	102 777
China	244	87	709	687	724	550	890	1 127	1 538
Croatia	2 115	923	974	788	940	635	1 103	1 294	1 900
Cyprus	1 603	949	1 137	1 194	2 128	2 070	2 647	3 542	8 467
Czech Republic	17 514	18 604	11 101	7 989	8 979	8 121	13 488	17 729	23 167
Egypt	2 523	16 580	44 282	43 902	50 831	30 131	46 981	52 954	94 002
France	2 937	5 263	6 027	4 411	5 074	4 048	6 371	9 051	11 822
Germany	7 816	2 687	1 071	1 110	1 377	1 512	4 022	6 313	10 096
Greece	852	491	1 940	3 395	4 299	5 075	14 624	26 760	39 095
Hungary	7 385	2 797	1 412	1 120	1 259	692	3 587	5 498	6 977
Israel	174	272	969	573	783	660	1 358	1 142	852
Italy	3 268	3 684	6 725	4 685	5 866	5 644	8 944	13 460	19 272
Latvia	814	1 251	1 127	1 562	1 419	1 311	1 634	4 749	8 409
Lithuania	11 966	34 670	8 491	7 912	13 946	17 829	26 336	37 666	42 246
Montenegro	232	2 614	3 625	3 066	4 075	3 979	7 265	12 651	16 276
Poland	1 092 763	106 347	7 197	10 662	21 420	31 936	45 235	52 819	75 505
Romania	459	11 223	7 562	3 357	2 154	1 339	1 404	1 723	887
Slovakia	1 911	2 148	1 248	979	599	678	1 116	2 397	3 958
Spain	4 746	2 933	3 534	3 159	3 992	3 712	6 341	16 307	26 372
Thailand	270	386	1 083	1 285	1 626	1 976	2 350	3 672	4 571
Tunisia	86	2 220	2 041	1 657	1 676	105	1 299	5 965	4 865
Turkey	7 555	32 329	74 730	65 094	83 427	58 231	66 932	98 988	116 002
UAE (United Arab Emirates)	331	1 230	1 694	1 647	1 863	3 243	4 837	8 967	8 515
United Kingdom	674	1 373	747	782	575	708	890	1 414	1 056

9.2.5. Collective accommodation facilities

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total collective accommodation facilities, entities	574	600	627	655	693	865	919	945	996
of which:									
hotels and similar accommodation facilities	256	279	312	331	359	444	471	481	530
sanatorium-health resort and health improving organizations	318	321	315	324	334	421	448	464	466
Bed-places, thous.	73,3	69,6	66,5	67,9	70,2	74,7	74,9	79,0	82,3
of which:									
hotels and similar accommodation facilities	26,2	23,5	24,4	25,7	26,7	29,0	28,5	29,9	35,4
sanatorium-health resort and health improving organizations	47,1	46,1	42,1	42,2	43,5	45,7	46,5	49,0	46,9
Number of persons accommodated, thous. persons	2 012,7	1 954,7	2 210,7	2 148,5	2 342,4	2 551,3	2 668,9	2 638,6	2 586,8
of which in:									
hotels and similar accommodation facilities	1 447,2	1 330,0	1 546,0	1 482,4	1 631,8	1 738,0	1 824,4	1 805,1	1 739,4
sanatorium-health resort and health improving organizations	565,5	624,7	664,7	666,1	710,6	813,3	844,4	833,4	847,4
Average room occupancy of hotels and similar accommodation facilities (end of year), percent	42	45	52	46	45	41	43	41	34

9.2.6. Sanatorium-health resort and health improving organizations

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of sanatorium-health resort and health improving organizations	318	321	315	324	334	421	448	464	466
bed-places, thous.	47,1	46,1	42,1	42,2	43,5	45,7	46,5	49,0	46,9
persons accommodated, thous.	565,5	624,7	664,7	666,1	710,6	813,3	844,4	833,4	847,4
Number of sanatoria	61	39	67	67	67	73	74	74	74
bed-places, thous.	14,7	12,6	18,6	18,8	18,8	20,1	20,1	20,2	20,4
persons accommodated, thous.	202,1	206,7	348,5	352,7	380,3	406,4	426,5	420,2	431,1
Children's sanatoria of total number of sanatoria	25	8	9	9	9	9	9	8	7
bed-places, thous.	4,5	2,3	2,6	2,7	2,6	2,5	2,7	2,2	2,1
persons accommodated, thous.	...	29,3	37,3	36,4	35,8	36,4	38,6	32,5	28,8
Number of children's rehabilitation and health improving centres	7	10	14	13	13	13	13	13	12
bed-places, thous.	1,5	3,4	4,9	4,9	5,0	5,1	5,7	4,9	4,5
persons accommodated, thous.	21,5	44,7	68,9	72,3	76,7	74,9	75,8	71,7	65,8
Number of recreation centres, rest homes and boarding houses	106	100	93	92	89	97	100	103	97
bed-places, thous.	12,7	6,8	7,0	6,8	6,7	6,1	6,2	6,2	6,2
persons accommodated, thous.	109,6	72,5	91,8	86,4	94,8	101,7	109,4	94,7	95,9
Other sanatorium-health resort and health improving organizations	144	172	141	152	165	238	261	274	283
bed-places, thous.	18,2	23,3	11,6	11,7	13,1	14,3	14,4	17,8	15,9
persons accommodated, thous.	232,2	300,7	155,5	154,7	158,8	230,4	232,8	246,8	254,5

9.2.7. Number of persons accommodated in hotels and similar accommodation facilities, sanatorium-health resort and health improving organizations

(thousand persons)

	Citizens of the Republic of Belarus			Foreign citizens			Of which:					
							CIS countries			non-CIS countries		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Total	1 714,0	1 672,3	1 614,0	954,8	966,3	972,8	781,5	788,2	780,2	173,3	178,0	192,6
of which:												
hotels and similar accommodation facilities	1 096,7	1 065,3	997,9	727,7	739,9	741,5	563,1	570,7	559,8	164,6	169,1	181,6
sanatorium-health resort and health improving organizations	617,3	607,1	616,1	227,1	226,4	231,3	218,4	217,5	220,3	8,7	8,9	11,0

9.2.8. Summer health-improving camps

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of summer health-improving camps	3 894	4 812	4 951	4 999	4 951	4 983	5 185	5 571	5 967
of which:									
with day child's residence	3 131	3 713	3 689	3 691	3 634	3 621	3 756	4 215	4 393
with 24- hours child's residence	763	1 099	1 262	1 308	1 317	1 362	1 429	1 356	1 574
Number of children who had summer rest in health-improving camps, thous.	495,6	488,1	445,7	433,8	424,1	417,2	406,2	386,8	369,6
of which:									
with day child's residence	223,4	246,3	236,7	233,2	229,6	223,5	219,7	218,7	211,2
with 24- hours child's residence	272,2	241,8	209,0	200,6	194,5	193,7	186,5	168,1	158,4

9.2.9. Physical culture and sports facilities

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total facilities	23 228	22 073	25 686	25 836	26 173	26 602	23 210	23 171	22 790
of which:									
stadiums	226	238	243	229	230	232	176	177	148
arenas	25	41	46	42	45	45	42	43	51
sports facilities with artificial ice	11	13	20	23	27	30	31	34	36
shooting ranges	1 403	1 242	1 109	1 017	944	916	715	706	651
gymnasiums	4 729	6 619	5 140	5 025	5 064	5 076	4 757	4 734	4 594
swimming pools	225	237	250	265	278	285	310	312	315

9.2.10. Number of persons engaged in physical culture and sports

(thousand persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	898,2	1 236,0	1 481,5	1 520,5	1 585,2	1 719,3	1 763,5	1 797,8	1 915,1
of which in rural areas	...	270,5	325,7	336,3	360,5	401,6	392,8	390,5	373,0

9.2.11. Specialized education and sports training institutions and secondary schools-colleges of Olympic reserve

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of institutions									
Secondary schools-colleges of Olympic reserve	10	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12
Schools of highest sports skills	13	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7
Olympic training centres	5	17	30	35	38	41	44	44	49
Specialized children and youth schools of Olympic reserve	149	164	190	186	203	199	198	214	212
Children and youth sports schools	295	282	264	263	228	227	226	189	185
Enrollment, persons									
Secondary schools-colleges of Olympic reserve	2 802	3 190	3 486	3 484	3 565	3 404	3 642	3 176	2 987
Schools of highest sports skills	1 581	840	878	900	927	833	805	801	657
Olympic training centres	1 665	3 973	8 040	9 989	11 240	12 201	12 576	12 862	14 243
Specialized children and youth schools of Olympic reserve	46 170	58 868	82 846	83 354	93 835	94 442	92 237	96 960	94 646
Children and youth sports schools	119 018	134 996	95 377	96 157	80 949	81 078	80 723	63 609	63 485

10. OFFENCE

The section contains the data of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Belarus on criminality, including the selected types of the most dangerous and most frequently committed crimes, road traffic accidents and victims thereof. There is information on offenders, their sex, age and social status, as well as on persons in places of detention. Data on the number of convicted, their composition and distribution by main types of penalties imposed by courts are provided by the Supreme Court of the Republic of Belarus.

Criminality is a socio-legal phenomenon comprising crimes registered in a specific territory during a specified period of time and characterised by qualitative and quantitative measures.

Crime is a guiltily committed socially dangerous deed (action or inaction) which is featured by the characteristics specified in the Criminal Code and is forbidden by it under penalty.

Recorded crime is a disclosed and officially registered socially dangerous deed stipulated by the criminal legislation, details of which are placed in the single state database of offences for the reporting period.

Personal crime is a crime against the life and health, sexual immunity and sexual freedom, patterns of family relations and interests of minors, personal liberty, honour and dignity, and constitutional rights and liberties of a person and a citizen.

Juvenile delinquency comprises total crimes committed by minors 14 to 18 years of age.

Detected offenders comprise persons officially registered with internal affairs authorities against whom criminal cases have been initiated.

A **person is deemed convicted** from the day the court verdict takes legal effect up to the expiration or expungement of conviction unless the sentence was quashed in accordance with the legally established procedure.

A **crime** is deemed to be **committed by a group of persons (collective crime)** if at least two persons jointly participated in the commitment of this crime as actors (accomplices).

A **victim** is deemed a person who was inflicted physical, property or moral damage by a socially dangerous deed foreseen by the Criminal Code, and in respect to whom the body carrying out criminal procedure has passed victim verdict.

Convicted are persons against whom court verdicts of guilty were passed that entered into legal force.

Persons **convicted to confinement** serve a term in correctional institutions. Correctional institutions comprise correctional camps, juvenile correctional facilities, prison facilities, and treatment correctional facilities.

Persons convicted to confinement for the term of more than five years for committing especially grave crimes, for specially dangerous repetition of crime; convicted for whom death penalty was substituted with life sentence in terms of clemency; sentenced to life imprisonment; and also convicted transferred to prison from correctional camps for gross violation of punishment service serve their sentence in **prison facilities**.

Investigative detention facilities perform the functions of correctional institution for persons convicted to confinement, left in detention centres to perform upkeep work.

Minors convicted to confinement as well as convicted left in juvenile correctional facilities after they reach age 18 serve punishment in **juvenile correctional facilities**.

Road traffic accident resulting in human death or injury is an accident involving at least one moving motor vehicle and as a result of which people were killed or injured.

Road traffic fatalities comprise deaths due to incurred injuries occurred at the place of road traffic accident or within 30 days from the accident provided there is a documented cause and effect relationship between the death and the accident.

Road traffic injuries comprise cases of bodily injuries incurred in road traffic accidents which resulted in incapacity or hospitalisation, or outpatient treatment after the first medical aid was rendered for at least one day. Where necessary, the prescription of outpatient treatment is documented by medical certificates.

More detailed information on crime statistics is also given in the statistical book of Belstat "Offence in the Republic of Belarus".

10.1. Number of recorded crimes

	1990	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total crimes recorded	75 699	135 540	192 506	158 506	151 293	140 920	132 052	102 127	96 676	93 932
of which:										
homicide or attempted homicide	612	1 197	1 032	645	571	486	404	385	410	438
intentional severe bodily injury	1 263	2 043	2 206	1 710	1 539	1 381	1 216	1 055	1 005	926
rape or attempted rape	766	530	480	240	218	143	119	96	140	141
theft	38 014	60 833	103 134	87 387	82 340	73 590	73 598	56 378	46 356	40 528
stealing openly	3 138	5 668	9 960	5 947	5 045	4 170	3 252	2 367	2 459	2 171
robbery	609	1 821	1 589	749	677	565	389	289	311	289
fraud	1 051	7 251	6 967	4 684	4 835	4 596	3 901	2 617	3 364	4 074
disruptive conduct	4 447	6 547	12 706	6 690	5 137	4 728	3 643	1 748	2 153	2 880
bribery	199	832	1 334	918	1 136	1 323	1 322	933	1 319	782
violation of traffic regulations or operation motor vehicle	4 023	2 501	2 172	1 987	1 764	1 662	1 541	1 430	1 165	1 156
of which fatal	885	800	827	767	612	575	541	517	424	364
drug-related crimes	372	3 811	5 489	4 063	4 465	4 655	4 532	4 230	5 037	7 356
Recorded crimes per 100 000 population	743	1 358	1 992	1 664	1 591	1 485	1 394	1 079	1 021	991

In 2014, 2,5 thousand economic crimes were detected, of which 1,5 thousand of crimes were grave or especially grave.

10.2. Recorded crimes according to the sections of the special part of the Criminal Code

(percent of total)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total crimes recorded	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:								
against person	10,5	10,1	9,9	10,8	9,9	9,6	11,3	12,3
against property and economic regulations	70,1	68,3	68,1	65,9	68,3	67,6	62,1	58,0
against public safety and health	4,4	7,3	7,7	8,5	9,0	10,2	10,7	12,1
against public order and morals	6,8	4,5	3,9	3,9	3,4	2,2	2,8	3,9
against the State, power and administration	7,8	8,8	9,4	9,8	8,4	9,4	11,8	12,0
other	0,4	1,0	1,0	1,1	1,0	1,0	1,3	1,7

10.3. Crimes committed by selected category of offenders

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Crimes committed								
by minors or with their accompliceship	9 096	5 957	5 404	4 777	3 886	3 220	2 577	2 654
by persons with previous conviction	...	32 620	37 842	42 544	36 844	30 847	29 307	27 429
collectively	15 086	11 914	10 586	10 104	8 591	6 892	5 319	5 333
under the influence of alcohol	32 108	32 324	30 539	29 168	26 906	21 691	19 869	18 345
under the influence of drugs	...	1 106	1 259	1 179	1 271	1 577	1 709	2 138

10.4. Composition of offenders

(thousand persons)

	1990	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total offenders detected	42,4	68,2	87,8	72,9	73,3	74,1	66,3	53,0	49,8	49,9
of which:										
by sex:										
male	36,6	56,1	76,1	62,6	62,7	62,7	56,3	45,1	42,0	42,4
female	5,8	12,1	11,7	10,3	10,6	11,4	10,0	7,9	7,8	7,5
by age at committing crime, years:										
14-15	1,6	2,2	2,1	1,7	1,4	1,2	1,0	0,8	0,6	0,7
16-17	5,0	5,6	5,4	3,5	3,0	2,8	2,3	1,8	1,4	1,5
18-29	17,8	28,2	38,9	33,0	32,7	32,2	28,6	22,7	20,8	20,5
30 and over	18,0	32,2	41,4	34,7	36,2	37,9	34,4	27,7	27,0	27,2
by occupation at committing crime:										
manual workers	21,1	15,5	15,4	18,5	18,3	20,4	19,6	15,5	14,4	12,8
non-manual workers	2,7	3,5	2,6	2,1	2,2	2,3	1,7	1,5	1,4	1,5
students of educational establishments	4,5	6,1	6,3	5,1	4,6	4,3	4,0	3,0	2,4	2,6
persons neither in employment, nor in education or training	7,6	30,7	55,9	43,7	44,2	42,8	37,2	30,1	28,6	30,1

10.5. Victims of criminal assault

(persons)

Years	Number of victims of criminal assault		Of which as a result of criminal assault			
			fatalities		damage to health inflicted	
	female	male	female	male	female	male
2008	54 478	68 166	606	1 359	439	917
2009	50 277	65 659	542	1 101	395	747
2010	44 733	61 624	465	1 024	363	704
2011	41 119	58 244	438	946	515	652
2012	31 379	44 208	404	791	231	379
2013	29 191	39 762	343	779	114	301
2014	27 678	37 578	331	648	171	305

10.6. Juvenile victims¹⁾ of criminal assault

(persons)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total victims	7 153	6 128	10 650	9 017	6 485	7 287	7 730
of which:							
fatalities	113	82	77	69	70	48	45
damage to health inflicted	131	103	93	101	48	31	42

¹⁾ The number of juveniles includes all female and male individuals aged 17 and younger.

10.7. Court convictions that entered into legal force

(persons)

	1990	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total number of convicted	29 840	57 074	77 594	68 531	62 064	61 054	54 829	40 356	38 508	40 617
of which for:										
homicide or attempted homicide	420	960	922	608	535	440	382	309	336	464
intentional severe bodily injury	737	1 368	1 891	1 673	1 411	1 243	1 170	886	952	862
rape or attempted rape	828	390	345	253	215	137	86	64	61	92
theft	9 957	22 508	25 527	20 732	18 190	18 375	17 245	14 338	11 531	10 981
stealing openly	1 754	3 237	5 820	4 077	3 461	2 984	2 516	1 576	1 623	1 655
robbery	524	1 334	1 520	858	736	590	404	284	281	342
fraud	232	898	1 794	1 670	1 397	1 329	1 002	639	640	777
disruptive conduct	2 930	3 984	8 379	5 051	3 281	2 955	2 325	1 025	1 081	1 629
bribery	...	220	418	338	324	255	184	102	103	118
violation of traffic regulations or operation of motor vehicle	1 923	1 481	1 382	1 677	1 296	969	1 018	708	718	763
of which fatal	916	1 004	1 312	1 514	1 221	870	832	607	589	600
drug-related crimes	217	1 519	3 254	2 585	2 424	2 650	2 757	2 253	2 494	3 471

10.8. Convicted offenders under 30 years of age by selected type of crime (persons)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Convicted – total	40 631	36 147	31 079	29 356	25 962	18 784	17 168	17 777
of which for:								
theft	14 488	12 459	10 353	9 986	9 312	7 284	5 634	4 893
homicide or attempted homicide	390	236	222	167	123	112	117	140
intentional severe bodily injury	760	630	523	481	470	303	343	292
rape or attempted rape	240	173	147	85	55	44	34	50
drug-related crime	2 071	1 654	1 445	1 568	1 668	1 284	1 442	2 448

10.9. Composition of convicted offenders (percent of total)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Convicted – total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by age, years:									
14-17	10,0	6,8	6,5	4,3	3,4	3,6	2,7	2,5	2,3
18-24	27,1	29,6	29,0	27,5	26,1	25,3	24,3	22,1	22,6
25-29	15,9	16,0	17,2	18,3	18,6	18,4	19,6	20,0	18,9
30-49	40,1	41,1	40,6	43,3	44,9	45,3	45,8	47,7	47,8
50 and over	6,9	6,5	6,7	6,6	7,0	7,4	7,6	7,7	8,4
Of total convicted offenders:									
women	15,8	12,2	13,3	13,3	13,1	13,2	12,7	13,8	13,2
persons with previous conviction	39,4	50,7	53,6	58,5	60,1	60,8	65,7	64,9	46,4
working-age persons neither in employment, nor in education or training	43,3	51,4	44,4	43,9	44,1	43,5	44,8	44,1	47,6

10.10. Convicted offenders by main type of sentence imposed by court (percent of total)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Convicted – total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by type of sentence:								
confinement	25,8	22,6	23,7	24,9	21,6	21,5	23,2	26,9
restraint	14,1	25,4	27,8	20,3	19,0	16,5	16,0	17,7
suspended sentence	6,1	3,1	2,2	3,8	5,4	6,4	6,5	6,9
correctional tasks	23,6	19,7	14,3	10,9	8,8	9,0	7,4	7,0
community service	3,8	1,0	2,8	7,7	8,1	7,3	7,8	8,5
probation	3,7	1,9	1,4	2,0	3,2	3,3	2,9	2,4
fine	10,1	14,2	14,1	11,4	9,3	9,3	11,9	11,4
other punishment	12,8	12,1	13,7	19,0	24,6	26,7	24,3	19,2

10.11. Number of persons held in detention places

(end of year; persons)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Persons held in detention places – total	43 349	40 186	39 627	36 652	28 841	28 471	29 776
of which in:							
adult correctional facilities	35 270	31 675	31 833	29 983	23 059	21 855	22 859
by sex:							
female	3 045	2 909	2 950	2 630	1 917	1 929	2 185
male	32 225	28 766	28 883	27 353	21 142	19 926	20 674
of which by age, years:							
18 - 19	1 913	1 349	956	880	781	436	758
20 - 39	24 534	22 085	22 342	20 787	15 469	14 995	15 109
40 - 49	6 011	5 571	5 769	5 457	4 297	4 031	4 397
50 and over	2 812	2 670	2 766	2 859	2 512	2 393	2 595
juvenile correctional facilities	757	596	429	385	238	157	170
of which by age, years:							
14 to 18 inclusive	359	261	174	116	74	76	83
18 and over	398	335	255	269	164	81	87
prisons	705	665	738	674	628	600	589
pre-trial detention	6 617	7 250	6 627	5 610	4 916	5 859	6 158
of which minors	215	173	119	82	71	79	118
Convicted to confinement							
first time	17 143	14 638	13 447	13 256	10 334	9 596	10 123
two times	6 413	5 944	6 662	5 560	4 027	2 964	2 650
three or more times	13 176	12 354	12 891	12 226	9 564	10 052	10 845

10.12. Road traffic accidents and victims thereof

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total									
Recorded road traffic accidents resulting in human death or injury – total, cases	6 410	7 717	7 238	6 739	6 363	5 897	5 187	4 730	4 550
of which with children involved	790	799	635	610	543	580	456	437	429
Total number of persons killed in road traffic accidents	1 594	1 673	1 564	1 322	1 190	1 200	1 039	894	757
of which children	79	63	65	49	35	36	28	20	30
Total number of persons injured in road traffic accidents	6 494	8 047	7 577	7 198	6 832	6 334	5 569	5 033	4 854
of which children	739	785	616	609	533	592	463	442	434
Caused by driver under the influence of alcohol									
Recorded road traffic accidents resulting in human death or injury – total, cases	738	822	1 012	1 022	893	894	702	577	529
Total number of persons killed in road traffic accidents	173	187	271	229	206	226	181	135	102
Total number of persons injured in road traffic accidents	865	971	1 199	1 227	1 049	1 053	782	688	622

11. NATIONAL WEALTH

National wealth is composed of accumulated non-financial and financial assets less financial liabilities that are disposed by the country at the moment.

Fixed assets are defined as part of the national wealth acquired and (or) produced in the process of production that is used repeatedly, or continuously, in an invariable material form during long time in the economy, transferring gradually its value to the goods and services produced. Fixed assets include revaluation. Changes in their volume are given in constant prices.

Original cost of fixed assets is the cost of fixed assets at which the assets are taken onto accounting as fixed assets.

Residual cost of fixed assets is the original cost of fixed assets net of accumulated depreciation.

Replacement rate of fixed assets is the ratio of the cost of new fixed assets commissioned within the year, to the original cost of fixed assets at the end of year at constant prices.

Retirement (liquidation) rate of fixed assets is the ratio of the cost of fixed assets retired (liquidated) within the year to the original cost of fixed assets at the beginning of the year at constant prices.

Depreciation (wear) of fixed assets is the loss of value by fixed assets while in service.

Depreciation (wear) rate of fixed assets is the ratio of depreciation accumulated to the certain date of available fixed assets (the difference between its original and residual cost) to the original cost of the same fixed assets on the same date, as percent.

Tangible circulating assets cover productive stocks, expenditure on work in progress and semi-finished products, finished products and goods for sale; and state stockpiles. What makes the tangible circulating assets particular, is that they, participating in one production cycle, change their material form, fully transferring their value to the value of goods and services produced thereof.

Commissioning of the fixed assets is the cost of completed construction and taken into operation construction objects in the established order; machinery, equipment and motor vehicles; expenditure on planting and cultivation of perennial crops; expenditure on formation of herd and other costs associated with the increase in cost of fixed assets.

11.1. Selected components of national wealth

(excluding the value of land, mineral wealth, forests and financial assets; beginning of year)

Years	Total	Of which			For reference: household property ³⁾
		fixed assets including construction in progress ¹⁾		tangible circulating assets ²⁾	
		total	fixed assets		
BYR trillion					
2001	93,3	88,8	86,6	4,5	1,8
2002	126,5	119,2	116,1	7,3	4,0
2003	167,3	156,9	152,6	10,4	7,0
2004	212,8	198,4	192,5	14,4	11,2
2005	261,5	243,5	235,3	18,0	15,9
2006	276,0	253,0	243,4	23,0	23,7
2007	340,7	310,1	297,4	30,6	33,1
2008	396,2	358,1	341,9	38,1	44,6
2009	458,9	405,5	383,1	53,4	60,4
2010	517,2	461,6	433,2	55,6	76,1
2011	630,7	560,6	521,7	70,1	96,5
2012	1 258,8	1 134,4	1 044,7	124,4	130,6
2013	1 732,8	1 549,8	1 435,5	183,0	194,5
2014	2 186,4	1 958,6	1 790,5	227,8	279,0
2015	2 558,2	2 288,3	2 111,0	269,9	362,0
Percent of total					
2001	100	95,2	92,8	4,8	x
2002	100	94,2	91,8	5,8	x
2003	100	93,8	91,2	6,2	x
2004	100	93,2	90,5	6,8	x
2005	100	93,1	90,0	6,9	x
2006	100	91,7	88,2	8,3	x
2007	100	91,0	87,3	9,0	x
2008	100	90,4	86,3	9,6	x
2009	100	88,4	83,5	11,6	x
2010	100	89,2	83,8	10,8	x
2011	100	88,9	82,7	11,1	x
2012	100	90,1	83,0	9,9	x
2013	100	89,4	82,8	10,6	x
2014	100	89,6	81,9	10,4	x
2015	100	89,5	82,5	10,5	x

¹⁾ At the original cost after revaluation.

²⁾ At the prices recorded in accounting reports.

³⁾ Household property (TV-sets, refrigerators and other durables) is not included in the national wealth and is shown for reference only according to SNA 93 (at full cost, at acquisition prices).

11.2. Fixed assets by economic activity

(at the original cost; beginning of year)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
BYR trillion						
Total fixed assets	433,2	521,7	1 044,7	1 435,5	1 790,5	2 111,0
of which:						
production sector	229,0	276,6	556,8	762,2	945,4	1 080,4
of which:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	64,9	79,4	140,2	196,2	246,7	271,1
industry	151,0	179,9	382,9	523,2	643,8	747,4
construction	12,7	16,9	32,8	41,6	53,5	60,5
services sector	204,2	245,1	487,9	673,3	845,1	1 030,6
of which:						
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	13,1	16,3	34,9	50,8	68,6	87,7
transport and communications	88,4	103,4	227,5	301,3	361,9	409,9
real estate, renting and business services	41,4	50,6	74,0	108,3	150,1	232,1
public administration	10,0	12,2	23,6	33,7	41,4	47,2
education	14,9	18,5	37,0	51,1	66,8	74,1
public health and social services	13,8	16,3	35,0	46,9	56,7	61,7
Percent of total						
Total fixed assets	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:						
production sector	52,9	53,0	53,4	53,1	52,8	51,2
of which:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	15,0	15,2	13,4	13,7	13,8	12,9
industry	34,9	34,5	36,7	36,4	35,9	35,3
construction	2,9	3,2	3,1	2,9	3,0	2,9
services sector	47,1	47,0	46,6	46,9	47,2	48,8
of which:						
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	3,0	3,1	3,3	3,5	3,8	4,2
transport and communications	20,4	19,8	21,7	21,0	20,2	19,5
real estate, renting and business services	9,6	9,7	7,1	7,5	8,4	11,0
public administration	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,2
education	3,4	3,6	3,5	3,6	3,7	3,5
public health and social services	3,2	3,2	3,3	3,3	3,2	2,9

11.3. Volume indices of fixed assets by economic activity

(at constant prices; percent of previous year)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total fixed assets	102,4	102,5	102,0	102,9	102,9
of which:					
production sector	102,1	102,2	101,9	102,7	102,5
of which:					
agriculture, hunting and forestry	101,8	100,3	102,4	101,4	100,7
industry	102,1	103,3	101,9	103,1	103,2
construction	102,2	100,0	100,1	104,0	102,9
services sector	102,8	102,7	102,2	103,1	103,4
of which:					
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	102,3	102,9	102,8	103,1	103,8
transport and communications	102,4	102,5	101,6	101,0	101,2
real estate, renting and business services	103,5	103,4	103,0	107,9	108,3
public administration	101,7	102,5	102,0	103,0	101,2
education	102,7	101,1	101,0	104,3	104,5
public health and social services	103,3	103,0	103,1	103,7	103,6

11.4. Fixed assets by ownership type

(at the original cost; beginning of year)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
BYR trillion						
Total fixed assets	433,2	521,7	1 044,7	1 435,5	1 790,5	2 111,0
of which by ownership type:						
state	236,5	283,3	569,8	754,7	907,6	991,7
private	190,4	230,5	436,8	634,5	820,0	1 038,0
with share of state	108,0	127,2	241,3	360,3	443,2	505,8
foreign	6,3	7,9	38,1	46,3	62,9	81,3
Percent of total						
Total fixed assets	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by ownership type:						
state	54,6	54,3	54,5	52,6	50,7	47,0
private	43,9	44,2	41,8	44,2	45,8	49,2
with share of states	24,9	24,4	23,1	25,1	24,8	24,0
foreign	1,5	1,5	3,7	3,2	3,5	3,8

11.5. Replacement and retirement rates of fixed assets

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Replacement rate (commissioning of the fixed assets as percent of total fixed assets at the end of year) ¹⁾	2,5	3,3	4,2	4,1	4,6	5,0	5,3	5,6	5,7	6,3
Retirement rate (fixed assets liquidated as percent of total fixed assets at the beginning of year) ¹⁾	3,0	2,8	1,6	1,1	1,0	1,1	1,3	1,2	0,9	0,7
Depreciation (wear) rate of fixed assets, including livestock (end of year; percent)	39,1	47,8	50,7	45,4	43,8	42,1	39,3	38,8	38,6	37,5

¹⁾ Replacement and retirement rates are calculated on the basis of data at constant prices.

11.6. Replacement rates of fixed assets by economic activity

(at constant prices; percent of available fixed assets at the end of year)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total fixed assets	5,0	5,3	5,6	5,7	6,3
of which:					
production sector	5,2	5,5	5,8	5,7	6,1
of which:					
agriculture, hunting and forestry	5,8	6,1	6,5	6,5	6,0
industry	4,8	5,2	5,6	5,4	6,3
construction	6,6	6,0	5,8	5,5	5,0
services sector	4,9	5,2	5,4	5,6	6,6
of which:					
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	8,1	10,3	9,8	10,0	10,3
transport and communications	3,7	3,3	3,9	3,8	3,8
real estate, renting and business services	8,0	9,4	9,8	10,7	11,1
public administration	3,5	3,4	3,6	3,4	3,2
education	1,9	1,6	1,9	2,1	3,1
public health and social services	2,4	3,1	2,9	3,5	3,4

11.7. Retirement rates of fixed assets by economic activity

(at constant prices; percent of available fixed assets at the beginning of year)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total fixed assets	1,1	1,3	1,2	0,9	0,7
of which:					
production sector	1,4	1,5	1,3	0,9	0,7
of which:					
agriculture, hunting and forestry	2,3	2,3	2,1	1,3	1,1
industry	1,0	1,2	1,0	0,7	0,5
construction	1,8	1,5	1,5	1,0	0,6
services sector	0,9	1,0	1,1	0,9	0,7
of which:					
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	1,0	1,1	1,0	0,8	0,7
transport and communications	0,8	0,9	1,0	0,8	0,5
real estate, renting and business services	0,9	1,4	1,5	1,2	0,8
public administration	0,7	1,0	0,6	0,4	0,4
education	1,2	1,1	1,2	1,3	1,4
public health and social services	1,0	1,1	1,0	1,2	0,8

11.8. Depreciation (wear) rate of fixed assets by economic activity

(end of year, percent)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total fixed assets	42,1	39,3	38,8	38,6	37,5
of which:					
production sector	46,8	42,0	41,2	41,2	40,7
of which:					
agriculture, hunting and forestry	41,8	40,5	39,4	38,7	38,8
industry	50,2	42,6	41,6	41,9	40,8
construction	33,6	40,6	44,4	44,8	47,4
services sector	36,7	36,2	36,2	35,7	34,1
of which:					
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	34,3	29,4	29,8	29,3	27,9
transport and communications	49,6	45,9	46,9	48,0	48,5
real estate, renting and business services	13,3	14,1	13,2	11,5	10,7
public administration	39,7	39,2	39,3	39,7	39,5
education	36,9	34,3	35,5	35,2	36,3
public health and social services	35,5	33,5	35,5	34,9	36,4

11.9. Indicators of fixed assets balance in 2014

(BYR billion)

	Original cost	Residual cost
Fixed assets available at the beginning of the year	1 790 541	1 099 518
Fixed assets acquired within the reporting year – total	450 499	387 408
of which:		
new fixed assets commissioned	177 744	177 744
other acquisition	272 755	209 664
Fixed assets retired within the reporting year – total	130 068	166 707
of which:		
fixed assets liquidated	16 404	3 784
other retirement	113 664	77 306
depreciation (wear) of fixed assets	x	85 617
Fixed assets available at the end of year	2 110 972	1 320 219

11.10. Fixed assets of organizations by economic activity¹⁾

(end of year; percent of fixed assets available)

	Buildings and constructions	Transmission facilities	Fixed assets in use	Of which	
				machinery and equipment	motor vehicles
Total					
2010	54,6	9,2	34,2	27,9	6,3
2011	52,0	10,8	35,4	28,1	7,3
2012	54,6	9,7	33,9	27,7	6,2
2013	55,6	9,2	33,2	27,6	5,6
2014	54,4	9,4	34,1	28,7	5,4
agriculture, hunting and forestry					
2010	64,4	1,1	28,3	25,6	2,7
2011	66,9	1,4	26,2	23,5	2,7
2012	67,6	1,2	25,7	23,3	2,4
2013	67,9	1,1	25,0	22,8	2,2
2014	66,8	1,1	25,2	23,0	2,2
industry					
2010	40,3	16,3	42,5	40,2	2,3
2011	37,7	18,3	43,1	40,5	2,6
2012	40,3	16,4	42,6	40,2	2,4
2013	41,1	15,5	42,6	40,4	2,2
2014	39,9	15,6	43,8	41,7	2,1
construction					
2010	76,6	0,7	21,7	16,9	4,8
2011	76,6	0,7	21,1	16,5	4,6
2012	77,3	0,6	19,8	15,8	4,0
2013	77,6	0,7	19,2	15,6	3,6
2014	76,8	0,6	20,3	16,5	3,8
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods					
2010	68,8	4,1	25,0	19,2	5,8
2011	68,4	5,4	24,0	18,3	5,7
2012	71,2	4,7	22,1	17,0	5,1
2013	72,1	4,0	21,9	17,2	4,7
2014	71,4	4,0	22,4	17,7	4,7
hotels and restaurants					
2010	83,7	0,7	11,9	10,6	1,3
2011	83,9	0,7	11,4	10,1	1,3
2012	85,1	1,0	10,2	9,1	1,1
2013	85,6	0,9	9,7	8,7	1,0
2014	86,7	0,7	8,6	7,8	0,8
transport and communications					
2010	58,9	8,2	32,1	14,7	17,4
2011	54,1	8,8	36,3	15,5	20,8
2012	59,9	7,5	31,8	15,3	16,5
2013	61,7	7,4	30,1	14,9	15,2
2014	61,7	7,9	29,7	14,9	14,8
financial activities					
2010	61,9	2,4	29,5	24,9	4,6
2011	61,5	3,0	28,7	24,4	4,3
2012	64,9	2,7	26,9	23,2	3,7
2013	65,0	2,3	27,5	23,9	3,6
2014	64,2	2,2	28,5	25,2	3,3

Continued

	Buildings and constructions	Transmission facilities	Fixed assets in use	Of which	
				machinery and equipment	motor vehicles
real estate, renting and business services					
2010	66,9	3,1	28,9	10,7	18,2
2011	57,3	4,5	36,9	11,6	25,3
2012	57,1	3,5	38,2	11,7	26,5
2013	58,2	4,0	36,6	11,9	24,7
2014	58,1	3,2	37,6	12,8	24,8
education					
2010	78,6	2,7	15,9	10,9	5,0
2011	80,2	4,0	13,6	10,1	3,5
2012	84,0	2,5	11,6	9,0	2,6
2013	84,6	1,4	12,0	9,2	2,8
2014	80,9	0,6	15,5	10,4	5,1
public health and social services					
2010	78,1	4,3	15,6	11,7	3,9
2011	77,6	5,3	15,1	11,4	3,7
2012	79,5	4,3	14,4	11,0	3,4
2013	80,7	3,9	13,6	10,8	2,8
2014	79,8	4,1	14,4	11,2	3,2
community, social and personal services					
2010	70,9	8,0	17,3	13,9	3,4
2011	68,0	12,2	16,1	12,8	3,3
2012	60,0	22,7	14,1	11,2	2,9
2013	61,2	19,5	16,0	13,1	2,9
2014	61,9	18,4	16,2	13,5	2,7

¹⁾ Excluding micro and small entities with no departmental affiliation.

11.11. Commissioning of the fixed assets

Year	BYR billion	Percent of previous year (at comparable prices)	Year	BYR billion	Percent of previous year (at comparable prices)
1985	6	92,0	2008	31 946	116,9
1990	8 ¹⁾	108,0	2009	39 549	111,2
1995	15 194 ¹⁾	79,0	2010	46 856	107,4
2000	1 770	96,1	2011	75 811	107,1
2005	12 601 ¹⁾	112,9	2012	136 613	101,7
2006	18 332	133,1	2013	159 807	94,2
2007	23 623	117,1	2014	206 420	113,0

¹⁾ Excluding revaluation.

12. SYSTEM OF NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

The System of National Accounts (SNA) is a system of interrelated indicators used for description and analysis of macroeconomic processes.

The key indicator of the system is the **Gross Domestic Product (GDP)**, which characterizes the value of goods and services produced in all kinds economic activity of the country and intended for final consumption, accumulation and net exports.

GDP can be calculated in three ways: from the production side, from the use side, and through sources of income.

GDP calculated with the production method is the difference between the output of goods and services for the whole country and intermediate consumption, or the sum of gross values added created in branches of the economy and net taxes on products.

GDP from the use side is defined as the sum of expenditure on final consumption, gross capital formation, and net exports.

The method of constructing GDP through sources of income is not independent because in accordance with the adopted methodology not all indicators of income can be measured directly and some of them are calculated with the balance sheet method.

The calculation of GDP through sources of income reflects primary income receivable by entities directly involved in production, and also by general government and non-profit institutions serving households. Here, the gross operating surplus (gross mixed income) is a balancing item, and is defined as the difference between the Gross Domestic Product calculated with the production method at market prices, compensation of employees and net taxes on production and imports.

This method is only used to analyse the value structure of GDP, but not to determine its nominal volume or changes.

Goods and services account characterizes total resources of goods and services for the economy as a whole as well as uses thereof.

The resource side of the account records output of goods and services, imports of goods and services, taxes on products less subsidies.

The use side includes intermediate consumption, final consumption expenditure, gross fixed capital formation, changes in inventories and exports of goods and services.

The account has no balancing item. Its resource side is equal to use side.

Production account records transactions directly referred to the production process.

The resource side records output of goods and services, and taxes on products less subsidies for products.

The use side reflects intermediate consumption of goods and services. This account determines gross value added which is a difference between the output and intermediate consumption.

At the level of the economy as a whole the **Gross Domestic Product** that characterises final result of production activity of resident institutional units is a balancing item of the production account.

Output is the total value of goods and services that are result of economic activity of residents in the reference period.

Intermediate consumption is equal to the value of goods and services, transformed or fully consumed in the process of production over the reference period.

Intermediate consumption also includes as a separate item the consumption of financial intermediation services indirectly measured.

Gross value added is calculated at the level of economic activity as the value of output of goods and services less intermediate consumption. The term "Gross" means that the indicator includes the value of fixed capital consumed in the process of production.

The **production sector** comprises the following kinds of economic activity: agriculture, hunting and forestry; fishing and fish farming; mining and quarrying; manufacturing; electricity, gas and water supply; and construction. The

services sector covers the services of trade, transport, communications, financial activities, education, healthcare, social services, etc.

Net taxes on production and imports include taxes on products and other taxes on production. The term "Net" means that taxes are shown excluding the related subsidies.

Taxes on products cover taxes collected in proportion to the quantity or value of goods and services produced, sold or imported by residents. Taxes on products include: value added tax (VAT), excise taxes, import duties, customs dues, etc.

Subsidies are current unrequited payments from the budget to entities provided those entities are really producing particular goods or services.

Other taxes on production are taxes related to the use of production factors (land, assets, labour force) as well as the state duty for special permission (licence) for selected activities or other compulsory payments required to carry out resident's activity.

Generation of income account reflects distribution transactions directly linked to the production process.

The resource side of the account records the gross domestic product.

The use side reflects payment of primary income by resident institutional units which directly participate in the production of goods and services (compensation of employees, taxes on production and imports less subsidies).

The balancing item of the account is gross operating surplus. For entities established by households where household members can provide unpaid labour input, the balancing item contains the element of labour compensation that cannot be separated from the income of the owner. For such entities the balancing item is called gross mixed income.

Compensation of employees is defined as total remuneration, both cash or in kind, payable by employers to employees in return for work done during the reference period. Compensation of employees is recorded on a gross basis, e. i. before tax and other payments in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Belarus.

Compensation of employees reflects labour remuneration of all the employees of resident entities irrespective of whether these employees are residents or non-residents.

Gross operating surplus is the part of the gross value added which remains with producers after deducting outlays related to the compensation of employees and taxes on production and imports.

Allocation of primary income account shows how income obtained from the production activity and from property are distributed among residents (institutional units or economy sectors). It is not directly linked to the production process.

The resource side of the account records gross operating surplus and gross mixed income, compensation of employees, taxes on production and imports less subsidies for production and imports, as well as property income.

The use side of the account reflects property income payable.

The balancing item of the account is the **balance of primary income**.

At the level of the economy as a whole, resources of this account consist of GDP and property income receivable from the rest of the world. The use side reflects only property income payable to the rest of the world. The balancing item, i.e. balance of primary income, for the economy as a whole is called **gross national income**.

Property income comprises income receivable by institutional units in connection with putting the financial assets, land, and other nonfinancial nonproduced assets (sub-soil assets, other natural assets, patents, licenses, etc.) at the disposal of other institutional units.

Gross National Income is the sum of primary income receivable by resident units including the balance of primary income receivable from the rest of the world. GNI is equal to GDP plus primary income receivable from other countries and less primary income payable to other countries.

Secondary distribution of income account reflects the gross disposable income formation as a result of receipts and payments of current transfers.

For the economy as a whole the resource side of the account shows the gross national income and current transfers receivable from the rest of the world.

The use side of the account presents transfers payable to the rest of the world.

The balancing item of the account is the **gross disposable income** intended for final consumption and accumulation.

A **transfer** is defined as a transaction in which one institutional unit provides a commodity, a service or an asset to another unit without receiving from the latter any compensation in the form of a commodity, a service or an asset in return. There are current and capital transfers. They may be either in cash or in kind.

Current transfers include: taxes on income, on profit, on property, etc., contributions in state social insurance, social benefits, etc.

Gross disposable income is defined as income left at resident institutional units' disposal for final consumption and saving. It is equal to the gross national income less income payable as current transfers plus current transfers receivable.

Use of gross disposable income account shows how sectors of households, general government and non-profit institutions serving households distribute their disposable income between final consumption expenditure and gross saving.

Gross disposable income is brought forward from the secondary distribution of income account to the resource side of the given account.

The use side of the account shows final consumption expenditure.

The balancing item of the account is gross saving, which is the part of the gross disposable income not spent on final consumption of goods and services.

Gross saving can have a positive or a negative value depending on whether the disposable income exceeds final consumption expenditure or vice versa.

Final consumption expenditure consists of household final consumption expenditure, general government final consumption expenditure on individual goods and services and collective services, and also final consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households. Such grouping shows which sector pays for final consumption.

Household final consumption expenditure comprises household expenditure on consumer goods and services which are used to meet own needs. Household final consumption expenditure consists of expenditure on (consumption) goods and services, expenditure on final consumption of goods received as income in kind (except social transfers in kind), expenditure on consumption of goods and services produced by households for own final consumption.

General government final consumption expenditure on individual goods and services consists of expenditure incurred by general government on consumption goods and services intended for individual consumption. Such expenditure is funded from the budget.

General government final consumption expenditure on collective services. This category is different from the previous one since it includes services provided by entities which are compensated from the budget; such services meet the needs not of individual households, but of selected population groups or community as a whole (expenditure on administration, defence, road maintenance, scientific activity, public utilities).

Final consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households consists of expenditure incurred by public institutions on consumption goods and services provided to households free of charge, including the services provided by these institutions to their employees in the field of education, healthcare, and culture.

Gross fixed capital formation is defined as resident units' investment in fixed assets with the purpose to create new income in future by using those in production.

Changes in inventories comprise changes in productive stocks, work-in-process, finished products, and goods for resale. The changes in the value of inventories during a given reference period is equal to the difference between the value of inventories at the end and at the beginning of the period, measured at average market prices of this period in order to eliminate price effects.

The **capital account** shows the value of non-financial assets purchased (or disposed of) by resident institutional units as a result of transactions, and also shows changes in the net value of capital (acquisition value less disposal value) due to saving and transfers of capital.

The main source for financing of capital transactions is gross saving, which is brought forward from the use of income account. The other sources of funding of these transactions are capital transfers receivable less those payable.

The balancing item of the account is net lending (+) or net borrowing (-).

Capital transfers are transactions where one institutional unit transfers assets (in cash or in kind) to another unit on a free of charge basis, generally for investment purposes. Capital transfers are normally nonrecurrent and large-scale in value transactions related to the acquisition or disposal of assets by the parties to the transaction. They include taxes on capital, investment subsidies, and other capital transfers.

Net lending (+) or net borrowing (-) is defined as the excess or deficit of sources of financing over the expenditure on non-financial assets. At the level of the economy as a whole, net lending or net borrowing shows the value of resources put at the disposal of the rest of the world or received from the rest of the world.

Net exports of goods and services are defined as the difference between exports and imports of goods and services and include the turnover of the trade of Belarus with foreign countries, including the CIS countries.

In the System of National Accounts economic transactions are recorded at prices ruling at the time the transactions take place (at current prices).

GDP is valued at current market prices.

Market price is the final purchaser's price. It includes trade and transport margins, taxes on products, but excludes subsidies on products.

In order to eliminate the effects of different taxes and subsidies rates in different branches of the economy on the structure of production and generation of income, sector-focused indicators are shown at basic prices.

Basic price is the amount receivable by the producer for a unit of good or service excluding any taxes on products, but including subsidies on products.

In the SNA, output, intermediate consumption, operating surplus and increase in inventories are valued **excluding holding gains (losses)**, which are defined as the amount of the value of products created due to the changes in prices during the period when the products were held in stocks. Under the conditions of inflation, holding gains (losses) could be rather sizeable.

Revaluation at constant prices (of previous year) is made both for GDP produced and from the use side. Prices of the previous year are used as constant prices. The indicators of GDP production are revaluated at constant prices with the double deflation method where the gross value added at constant prices is the difference between the value of output and the value of intermediate consumption at constant prices.

Output and intermediate consumption are revaluated at constant prices with two methods:

- deflation of data at current prices for the reference period using corresponding price indices;
- extrapolation of data at current prices for the base year using volume indices or physical indicators.

To revalue the indicators of GDP use at constant prices, corresponding price indices (consumer price index, capital investment price index, etc.) and physical indicators are applied.

GDP deflator index is the ratio of GDP at current prices to GDP at constants prices of the previous (corresponding) period. Unlike the goods and services price index, the GDP deflator measures the changes in compensation of employees, operating surplus (including mixed income), and consumption of fixed capital as a result of price changes, and nominal net taxes.

Statistical discrepancy between the gross domestic product produced and gross domestic product consumed shows the difference between GDPs calculated with different methods: as a sum of gross values added produced in the economy and as a sum of final consumption, gross capital formation and net exports.

The national accounts data for 2014 are provisional.

More detailed information on the system of national accounts is also given in the statistical book of Belstat "National Accounts of the Republic of Belarus".

12.1. Volume and dynamics of gross domestic product

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
GDP (at current prices), BYR bn	43,3	121 402,6	9 133,8	65 067,1	164 476,1	297 157,7	530 355,5	649 110,7	778 455,5
of which:									
production sector	29,8	59 668,2	4 442,1	30 163,4	75 787,9	136 101,3	244 279,9	285 153,5	351 120,7
services sector	12,4	54 086,2	3 528,7	26 514,8	72 943,4	134 219,6	231 561,2	298 455,0	352 402,0
financial intermediation services indirectly measured	–	-4 128,3	-164,1	-729,8	-5 124,1	-9 359,2	-12 808,8	-14 077,8	-19 220,5
net taxes on products	1,1	11 776,5	1 327,1	9 118,7	20 868,9	36 196,0	67 323,2	79 580,0	94 153,3
GDP per capita, BYR thous.	4,2	11 909,4	915,2	6 733,0	17 330,5	31 368,3	56 036,3	68 572,9	82 163,1
GDP (at constant prices), percent of previous year	...	89,6	105,8	109,4	107,7	105,5	101,7	101,0	101,6
GDP deflator index, percent of previous year	...	761,9	285,3	119,0	111,1	171,2	175,4	121,2	118,0

12.2. Goods and services account

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Resources									
Output at basic prices	89,3	285 826,2	21 194,9	129 135,8	351 475,0	671 110,0	1 166 633,3	1 329 385,4	1 512 181,2
Imports of goods and services	18,9	65 622,4	6 230,0	38 445,9	110 027,3	244 287,1	406 925,0	412 355,3	450 947,7
Taxes on products	8,3	17 365,7	1 937,4	12 604,6	28 113,7	49 329,1	85 981,8	102 148,5	118 775,9
Subsidies on products (-)	7,2	5 589,2	610,3	3 485,9	7 244,8	13 133,1	18 658,6	22 568,5	24 622,6
Total	109,3	363 225,1	28 752,0	176 700,4	482 371,2	951 593,1	1 640 881,5	1 821 320,7	2 057 282,2
Uses									
Intermediate consumption	47,1	176 200,1	13 388,2	73 187,4	207 867,8	410 148,3	703 601,0	759 854,7	827 879,0
Final consumption expenditure	30,8	96 682,6	6 977,2	47 351,4	117 215,0	183 034,1	322 714,7	413 284,8	507 198,7
Gross capital formation	11,5	30 047,4	2 319,9	18 518,4	67 816,7	111 791,3	187 644,4	255 101,8	260 553,4
Exports of goods and services	19,9	60 295,0	5 912,4	38 908,7	87 573,2	241 080,9	431 395,5	391 236,6	445 313,1
Statistical discrepancy	–	–	154,3	-1 265,5	1 898,5	5 538,5	-4 474,1	1 842,8	16 338,0
Total	109,3	363 225,1	28 752,0	176 700,4	482 371,2	951 593,1	1 640 881,5	1 821 320,7	2 057 282,2

12.3. Production account

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Resources									
Output at basic prices	89,3	285 826,2	21 194,9	129 135,8	351 475,0	671 110,0	1 166 633,3	1 329 385,4	1 512 181,2
Taxes on products	8,3	17 365,7	1 937,4	12 604,6	28 113,7	49 329,1	85 981,8	102 148,5	118 775,9
Subsidies on products (-)	7,2	5 589,2	610,3	3 485,9	7 244,8	13 133,1	18 658,6	22 568,5	24 622,6
Total	90,4	297 602,7	22 522,0	138 254,5	372 343,9	707 306,0	1 233 956,5	1 408 965,4	1 606 334,5
Uses									
Intermediate consumption	47,1	176 200,1	13 388,2	73 187,4	207 867,8	410 148,3	703 601,0	759 854,7	827 879,0
GDP	43,3	121 402,6	9 133,8	65 067,1	164 476,1	297 157,7	530 355,5	649 110,7	778 455,5
Total	90,4	297 602,7	22 522,0	138 254,5	372 343,9	707 306,0	1 233 956,5	1 408 965,4	1 606 334,5

12.4. Generation of income account

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Resources									
GDP	43,3	121 402,6	9 133,8	65 067,1	164 476,1	297 157,7	530 355,5	649 110,7	778 455,5
Total	43,3	121 402,6	9 133,8	65 067,1	164 476,1	297 157,7	530 355,5	649 110,7	778 455,5
Uses									
Compensation of employees	19,9	51 959,7	4 007,3	29 974,0	81 542,7	125 436,6	237 726,0	339 059,9	396 035,7
Taxes on production and imports	9,8	22 963,1	2 222,7	15 366,7	31 212,9	52 366,7	93 604,9	113 118,1	134 192,8
of which:									
on products	8,3	17 365,7	1 937,4	12 604,6	28 113,7	49 329,1	85 981,8	102 148,5	118 775,9
other taxes on production	1,5	5 597,4	285,3	2 762,1	3 099,2	3 037,6	7 623,1	10 969,6	15 416,9
Subsidies on production and imports (-)	7,2	6 091,1	614,6	3 488,9	7 244,8	13 133,1	18 658,6	22 568,5	24 622,6
of which:									
on products	7,2	5 589,2	610,3	3 485,9	7 244,8	13 133,1	18 658,6	22 568,5	24 622,6
other subsidies on production	...	501,9	4,3	3,0	—	—	—	—	—
Gross operating surplus and gross mixed income	20,8	52 570,9	3 518,4	23 215,3	58 965,3	132 487,5	217 683,2	219 501,2	272 849,6
Total	43,3	121 402,6	9 133,8	65 067,1	164 476,1	297 157,7	530 355,5	649 110,7	778 455,5

12.5. Allocation of primary income account

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Resources									
Gross operating surplus and gross mixed income	20,8	52 570,9	3 518,4	23 215,3	58 965,3	132 487,5	217 683,2	219 501,2	272 849,6
Compensation of employees	19,9	51 959,7	4 015,1	30 479,5	82 559,4	128 488,5	242 570,8	344 365,7	402 705,4
of which:									
balance of compensation receivable by residents abroad and payable to nonresidents in Belarus	...	...	7,8	505,5	1 016,7	3 051,9	4 844,8	5 305,8	6 669,7
Taxes on production and imports	9,8	22 963,1	2 222,7	15 366,7	31 212,9	52 366,7	93 604,9	113 118,1	134 192,8
Subsidies on production and imports (-)	7,2	6 091,1	614,6	3 488,9	7 244,8	13 133,1	18 658,6	22 568,5	24 622,6
Property income receivable from the rest of the world	...	32,6	8,6	103,8	411,0	964,0	2 712,5	2 111,8	1 945,6
Total	43,3	121 435,2	9 150,2	65 676,4	165 903,8	301 173,6	537 912,8	656 528,3	787 070,8
Uses									
Property income payable to the rest of the world	...	84,6	54,1	489,8	4 890,6	7 411,1	19 815,7	30 969,5	32 614,3
Gross national income	43,3	121 350,6	9 096,1	65 186,6	161 013,2	293 762,5	518 097,1	625 558,8	754 456,5
Total	43,3	121 435,2	9 150,2	65 676,4	165 903,8	301 173,6	537 912,8	656 528,3	787 070,8

12.6. Secondary distribution of income account

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Resources									
Gross national income	43,3	121 350,6	9 096,1	65 186,6	161 013,2	293 762,5	518 097,1	625 558,8	754 456,5
Current transfers receivable from the rest of the world	...	1 235,5	133,5	611,7	2 839,0	9 395,5	16 525,2	18 591,4	19 758,3
Total	43,3	122 586,1	9 229,6	65 798,3	163 852,2	303 158,0	534 622,3	644 150,2	774 214,8
Uses									
Current transfers payable to the rest of the world	...	409,1	17,5	251,9	1 928,2	24 140,9	43 368,5	41 032,8	43 004,2
Gross disposable income	43,3	122 177,0	9 212,1	65 546,4	161 924,0	279 017,1	491 253,8	603 117,4	731 210,6
Total	43,3	122 586,1	9 229,6	65 798,3	163 852,2	303 158,0	534 622,3	644 150,2	774 214,8

12.7. Use of gross disposable income account

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Resources									
Gross disposable income	43,3	122 177,0	9 212,1	65 546,4	161 924,0	279 017,1	491 253,8	603 117,4	731 210,6
Total	43,3	122 177,0	9 212,1	65 546,4	161 924,0	279 017,1	491 253,8	603 117,4	731 210,6
Uses									
Final consumption expenditure	30,8	96 682,6	6 977,2	47 351,4	117 215,0	183 034,1	322 714,7	413 284,8	507 198,7
of which:									
households	19,3	68 013,7	5 011,9	32 954,6	88 470,2	139 955,1	244 863,4	318 331,7	393 955,6
general government	10,3	24 948,3	1 779,1	13 524,4	27 638,1	41 387,3	74 705,1	90 886,7	109 917,6
non-profit institutions serving households	1,2	3 720,6	186,2	872,4	1 106,7	1 691,7	3 146,2	4 066,4	3 325,5
Gross saving	12,5	25 494,4	2 234,9	18 195,0	44 709,0	95 983,0	168 539,1	189 832,6	224 011,9
Total	43,3	122 177,0	9 212,1	65 546,4	161 924,0	279 017,1	491 253,8	603 117,4	731 210,6

12.8. Capital account

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Changes in liabilities and net worth									
Gross saving	12,5	25 494,4	2 234,9	18 195,0	44 709,0	95 983,0	168 539,1	189 832,6	224 011,9
Capital transfers receivable from the rest of the world	...	84,1	92,8	289,7	702,5	32,3	21,0	37,7	47,7
Capital transfers payable to the rest of the world (-)	...	...	44,1	202,9	274,6	2,2	2,6	0,9	1,1
Total	12,5	25 578,5	2 283,6	18 281,8	45 136,9	96 013,1	168 557,5	189 869,4	224 058,5
Changes in assets									
Gross fixed capital formation	9,5	29 984,2	2 301,9	17 253,6	64 698,4	113 230,1	178 454,5	244 295,8	249 622,9
Changes in inventories	2,0	63,2	18,0	1 264,8	3 118,3	-1 438,8	9 189,9	10 806,0	10 930,5
Net lending (+), net borrowing (-), and statistical discrepancy	1,0	-4 468,9	-36,3	-236,6	-22 679,8	-15 778,2	-19 086,9	-65 232,4	-36 494,9
Total	12,5	25 578,5	2 283,6	18 281,8	45 136,9	96 013,1	168 557,5	189 869,4	224 058,5

12.9. Production account by economic activity in 2010

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Resources	Uses	
	output at basic prices	intermediate consumption	gross value added
Production sector	243 329,4	167 541,5	75 787,9
of which by economic activity:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	37 952,9	22 888,9	15 064,0
fishing and fish farming	206,8	92,4	114,4
mining and quarrying	1 397,5	835,6	561,9
manufacturing	150 882,2	111 369,1	39 513,1
electricity, gas and water supply	16 009,5	11 189,5	4 820,0
construction	36 880,5	21 166,0	15 714,5
Services sector	108 145,6	35 202,2	72 943,4
of which by economic activity:			
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	30 377,3	10 421,1	19 956,2
hotels and restaurants	2 258,7	913,2	1 345,5
transport and communications	21 777,8	9 200,7	12 577,1
financial activities	8 754,2	1 591,0	7 163,2
real estate, renting and business services	14 361,2	3 930,5	10 430,7
public administration	8 025,5	1 694,6	6 330,9
education	9 340,0	2 299,8	7 040,2
health and social work	7 210,7	2 448,6	4 762,1
community, social and personal services	6 040,2	2 702,7	3 337,5
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	—	5 124,1	-5 124,1
Total by economic activity	351 475,0	207 867,8	143 607,2
Taxes on products	—	—	28 113,7
Subsidies on products (-)	—	—	7 244,8
GDP	—	—	164 476,1

12.10. Production account by economic activity in 2011

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Resources	Uses	
	output at basic prices	intermediate consumption	gross value added
Production sector	469 712,0	333 610,7	136 101,3
of which by economic activity:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	58 529,6	34 043,8	24 485,8
fishing and fish farming	270,7	129,7	141,0
mining and quarrying	5 114,7	1 742,4	3 372,3
manufacturing	322 994,8	239 656,1	83 338,7
electricity, gas and water supply	26 334,8	21 253,7	5 081,1
construction	56 467,4	36 785,0	19 682,4
Services sector	201 398,0	67 178,4	134 219,6
of which by economic activity:			
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	71 158,2	25 632,2	45 526,0
hotels and restaurants	3 927,2	1 735,8	2 191,4
transport and communications	39 093,9	17 400,0	21 693,9
financial activities	16 722,6	2 489,5	14 233,1
real estate, renting and business services	23 930,7	5 824,5	18 106,2
public administration	11 734,0	2 836,4	8 897,6
education	14 964,9	3 699,7	11 265,2
health and social work	10 813,0	3 594,5	7 218,5
community, social and personal services	9 053,5	3 965,8	5 087,7
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	—	9 359,2	-9 359,2
Total by economic activity	671 110,0	410 148,3	260 961,7
Taxes on products	—	—	49 329,1
Subsidies on products (-)	—	—	13 133,1
GDP	—	—	297 157,7

12.11. Production account by economic activity in 2012

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Resources	Uses	
	output at basic prices	intermediate consumption	gross value added
Production sector	817 213,5	572 933,6	244 279,9
of which by economic activity:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	102 091,1	57 013,7	45 077,4
fishing and fish farming	544,4	222,2	322,2
mining and quarrying	8 678,1	3 017,7	5 660,4
manufacturing	566 821,3	428 250,9	138 570,4
electricity, gas and water supply	43 663,2	28 419,7	15 243,5
construction	95 415,4	56 009,4	39 406,0
Services sector	349 419,8	117 858,6	231 561,2
of which by economic activity:			
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	111 458,4	37 139,1	74 319,3
hotels and restaurants	7 534,8	3 631,9	3 902,9
transport and communications	71 417,1	31 620,7	39 796,4
financial activities	28 879,3	8 974,2	19 905,1
real estate, renting and business services	40 937,0	9 126,9	31 810,1
public administration	20 808,1	5 111,2	15 696,9
education	27 263,0	6 684,8	20 578,2
health and social work	23 729,9	8 138,2	15 591,7
community, social and personal services	17 392,2	7 431,6	9 960,6
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	—	12 808,8	-12 808,8
Total by economic activity	1 166 633,3	703 601,0	463 032,3
Taxes on products	—	—	85 981,8
Subsidies on products (-)	—	—	18 658,6
GDP	—	—	530 355,5

12.12. Production account by economic activity in 2013

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Resources	Uses	
	output at basic prices	intermediate consumption	gross value added
Production sector	877 242,4	592 088,9	285 153,5
of which by economic activity:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	113 725,3	68 044,1	45 681,2
fishing and fish farming	648,0	255,5	392,5
mining and quarrying	9 808,4	3 435,9	6 372,5
manufacturing	557 749,6	407 915,6	149 834,0
electricity, gas and water supply	49 169,4	32 480,0	16 689,4
construction	146 141,7	79 957,8	66 183,9
Services sector	452 143,0	153 688,0	298 455,0
of which by economic activity:			
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	134 472,1	50 715,9	83 756,2
hotels and restaurants	11 203,2	5 482,7	5 720,5
transport and communications	94 004,0	39 828,7	54 175,3
financial activities	29 123,9	6 085,2	23 038,7
real estate, renting and business services	68 890,8	17 369,3	51 521,5
public administration	27 880,5	5 963,1	21 917,4
education	33 469,4	8 177,7	25 291,7
health and social work	29 468,1	10 281,4	19 186,7
community, social and personal services	23 631,0	9 784,0	13 847,0
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	—	14 077,8	-14 077,8
Total by economic activity	1 329 385,4	759 854,7	569 530,7
Taxes on products	—	—	102 148,5
Subsidies on products (-)	—	—	22 568,5
GDP	—	—	649 110,7

12.13. Production account by economic activity in 2014

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Resources	Uses	
	output at basic prices	intermediate consumption	gross value added
Production sector	988 240,4	637 119,7	351 120,7
of which by economic activity:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	141 306,0	81 109,7	60 196,3
fishing and fish farming	683,0	203,5	479,5
mining and quarrying	9 948,9	3 571,6	6 377,3
manufacturing	613 272,0	433 018,4	180 253,6
electricity, gas and water supply	58 804,4	36 282,3	22 522,1
construction	164 226,1	82 934,2	81 291,9
Services sector	523 940,8	171 538,8	352 402,0
of which by economic activity:			
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	149 599,7	55 546,4	94 053,3
hotels and restaurants	13 284,4	6 429,7	6 854,7
transport and communications	102 897,7	41 159,1	61 738,6
financial activities	37 450,5	7 375,8	30 074,7
real estate, renting and business services	87 979,7	22 698,8	65 280,9
public administration	33 088,4	6 783,1	26 305,3
education	37 958,8	8 324,3	29 634,5
health and social work	36 856,7	13 415,8	23 440,9
community, social and personal services	24 824,9	9 805,8	15 019,1
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	—	19 220,5	-19 220,5
Total by economic activity	1 512 181,2	827 879,0	684 302,2
Taxes on products	—	—	118 775,9
Subsidies on products (-)	—	—	24 622,6
GDP	—	—	778 455,5

12.14. Output by economic activity and sector in 2010

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Non-financial institutions	Financial institutions	General government	Households	Non-profit institutions serving households	Total by sector
Production sector	225 365,1	–	2 199,7	15 764,6	–	243 329,4
of which by economic activity:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	24 824,3	–	238,4	12 890,2	–	37 952,9
fishing and fish farming	166,9	–	–	39,9	–	206,8
mining and quarrying	1 397,5	–	–	–	–	1 397,5
manufacturing	150 592,4	–	11,8	278,0	–	150 882,2
electricity, gas and water supply	16 009,5	–	–	–	–	16 009,5
construction	32 374,5	–	1 949,5	2 556,5	–	36 880,5
Services sector	65 881,8	8 754,2	24 738,7	7 664,1	1 106,8	108 145,6
of which by economic activity:						
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	25 612,7	–	–	4 764,6	–	30 377,3
hotels and restaurants	2 258,7	–	–	–	–	2 258,7
transport and communications	21 550,1	–	–	227,7	–	21 777,8
financial activities	–	8 754,2	–	–	–	8 754,2
real estate, renting and business services	11 531,3	–	519,6	2 310,3	–	14 361,2
public administration	41,5	–	7 984,0	–	–	8 025,5
education	1 258,6	–	7 618,7	226,4	236,3	9 340,0
health and social work	590,4	–	6 403,6	15,1	201,6	7 210,7
community, social and personal services	3 038,5	–	2 212,8	120,0	668,9	6 040,2
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total by economic activity	291 246,9	8 754,2	26 938,4	23 428,7	1 106,8	351 475,0

12.15. Output by economic activity and sector in 2011

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Non-financial institutions	Financial institutions	General government	Households	Non-profit institutions serving households	Total by sector
Production sector	446 032,7	–	2 501,2	21 178,1	–	469 712,0
of which by economic activity:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	42 711,4	–	340,1	15 478,1	–	58 529,6
fishing and fish farming	208,7	–	–	62,0	–	270,7
mining and quarrying	5 114,1	–	–	0,6	–	5 114,7
manufacturing	320 866,9	–	15,4	2 112,5	–	322 994,8
electricity, gas and water supply	26 333,9	–	–	0,9	–	26 334,8
construction	50 797,7	–	2 145,7	3 524,0	–	56 467,4
Services sector	128 945,3	16 542,9	37 168,0	17 050,1	1 691,7	201 398,0
of which by economic activity:						
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	61 726,5	–	–	9 431,7	–	71 158,2
hotels and restaurants	3 751,8	–	–	70,2	105,2	3 927,2
transport and communications	37 114,6	–	–	1 979,3	–	39 093,9
financial activities	–	16 542,9	–	179,7	–	16 722,6
real estate, renting and business services	18 630,2	–	780,9	4 519,6	–	23 930,7
public administration	–	–	11 734,0	–	–	11 734,0
education	1 820,5	–	12 533,1	212,8	398,5	14 964,9
health and social work	1 009,9	–	9 501,3	90,6	211,2	10 813,0
community, social and personal services	4 891,8	–	2 618,7	566,2	976,8	9 053,5
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total by economic activity	574 978,0	16 542,9	39 669,2	38 228,2	1 691,7	671 110,0

12.16. Output by economic activity and sector in 2012

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Non-financial institutions	Financial institutions	General government	Households	Non-profit institutions serving households	Total by sector
Production sector	781 960,8	–	3 001,7	32 251,0	–	817 213,5
of which by economic activity:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	78 076,2	–	617,4	23 397,5	–	102 091,1
fishing and fish farming	395,2	–	–	149,2	–	544,4
mining and quarrying	8 677,8	–	–	0,3	–	8 678,1
manufacturing	564 426,0	–	37,5	2 357,8	–	566 821,3
electricity, gas and water supply	43 660,5	–	–	2,7	–	43 663,2
construction	86 725,1	–	2 346,8	6 343,5	–	95 415,4
Services sector	214 189,7	28 743,7	70 652,7	32 687,5	3 146,2	349 419,8
of which by economic activity:						
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	95 345,9	–	–	16 112,5	–	111 458,4
hotels and restaurants	7 144,5	–	–	187,3	203,0	7 534,8
transport and communications	64 932,6	–	–	6 484,5	–	71 417,1
financial activities	–	28 743,7	–	135,6	–	28 879,3
real estate, renting and business services	32 051,6	–	1 328,7	7 556,7	–	40 937,0
public administration	–	–	20 808,1	–	–	20 808,1
education	2 563,4	–	23 517,3	466,8	715,5	27 263,0
health and social work	3 145,1	–	20 044,3	135,5	405,0	23 729,9
community, social and personal services	9 006,6	–	4 954,3	1 608,6	1 822,7	17 392,2
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total by economic activity	996 150,5	28 743,7	73 654,4	64 938,5	3 146,2	1 166 633,3

12.17. Output by economic activity and sector in 2013

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Non-financial institutions	Financial institutions	General government	Households	Non-profit institutions serving households	Total by sector
Production sector	834 417,9	–	2 428,8	40 395,7	–	877 242,4
of which by economic activity:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	89 358,0	–	743,6	23 623,7	–	113 725,3
fishing and fish farming	486,2	–	–	161,8	–	648,0
mining and quarrying	9 806,8	–	–	1,6	–	9 808,4
manufacturing	554 470,0	–	47,3	3 232,3	–	557 749,6
electricity, gas and water supply	49 165,2	–	–	4,2	–	49 169,4
construction	131 131,7	–	1 637,9	13 372,1	–	146 141,7
Services sector	282 600,9	28 933,0	88 706,7	47 836,0	4 066,4	452 143,0
of which by economic activity:						
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	116 574,8	–	–	17 897,3	–	134 472,1
hotels and restaurants	10 565,7	–	–	373,8	263,7	11 203,2
transport and communications	84 885,0	–	–	9 119,0	–	94 004,0
financial activities	–	28 933,0	–	190,9	–	29 123,9
real estate, renting and business services	49 780,4	–	1 877,2	17 233,2	–	68 890,8
public administration	–	–	27 880,5	–	–	27 880,5
education	3 251,9	–	28 825,9	433,5	958,1	33 469,4
health and social work	4 739,5	–	24 024,4	284,3	419,9	29 468,1
community, social and personal services	12 803,6	–	6 098,7	2 304,0	2 424,7	23 631,0
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total by economic activity	1 117 018,8	28 933,0	91 135,5	88 231,7	4 066,4	1 329 385,4

12.18. Gross value added by economic activity and sector in 2010

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Non-financial institutions	Financial institutions	General government	Households	Non-profit institutions serving households	Total by sectors
Production sector	66 192,8	–	1 486,7	8 108,4	–	75 787,9
of which by economic activity:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	8 233,4	–	179,4	6 651,2	–	15 064,0
fishing and fish farming	74,5	–	–	39,9	–	114,4
mining and quarrying	561,9	–	–	–	–	561,9
manufacturing	39 372,8	–	1,3	139,0	–	39 513,1
electricity, gas and water supply	4 820,0	–	–	–	–	4 820,0
construction	13 130,2	–	1 306,0	1 278,3	–	15 714,5
Services sector	40 909,7	7 163,2	17 832,8	6 419,5	618,2	72 943,4
of which by economic activity:						
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	15 906,3	–	–	4 049,9	–	19 956,2
hotels and restaurants	1 345,5	–	–	–	–	1 345,5
transport and communications	12 383,6	–	–	193,5	–	12 577,1
financial activities	–	7 163,2	–	–	–	7 163,2
real estate, renting and business services	8 234,4	–	327,4	1 868,9	–	10 430,7
public administration	30,7	–	6 300,2	–	–	6 330,9
education	947,5	–	5 722,4	192,4	177,9	7 040,2
health and social work	329,9	–	4 306,8	12,8	112,6	4 762,1
community, social and personal services	1 731,8	–	1 176,0	102,0	327,7	3 337,5
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	–	–	–	–	–	-5 124,1
Total by economic activity	107 102,5	7 163,2	19 319,5	14 527,9	618,2	143 607,2

12.19. Gross value added by economic activity and sector in 2011

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Non-financial institutions	Financial institutions	General government	Households	Non-profit institutions serving households	Total by sector
Production sector	123 000,6	–	1 334,7	11 766,0	–	136 101,3
of which by economic activity:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	15 314,7	–	283,6	8 887,5	–	24 485,8
fishing and fish farming	81,4	–	–	59,6	–	141,0
mining and quarrying	3 372,0	–	–	0,3	–	3 372,3
manufacturing	82 280,4	–	2,1	1 056,2	–	83 338,7
electricity, gas and water supply	5 080,7	–	–	0,4	–	5 081,1
construction	16 871,4	–	1 049,0	1 762,0	–	19 682,4
Services sector	80 189,4	14 101,1	26 843,5	12 093,3	992,3	134 219,6
of which by economic activity:						
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	38 840,1	–	–	6 685,9	–	45 526,0
hotels and restaurants	2 093,5	–	–	39,2	58,7	2 191,4
transport and communications	20 638,2	–	–	1 055,7	–	21 693,9
financial activities	–	14 101,1	–	132,0	–	14 233,1
real estate, renting and business services	14 008,7	–	502,7	3 594,8	–	18 106,2
public administration	–	–	8 897,6	–	–	8 897,6
education	1 379,9	–	9 421,9	161,3	302,1	11 265,2
health and social work	576,6	–	6 469,5	51,8	120,6	7 218,5
community, social and personal services	2 652,4	–	1 551,8	372,6	510,9	5 087,7
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	–	–	–	–	–	-9 359,2
Total by economic activity	203 190,0	14 101,1	28 178,2	23 859,3	992,3	260 961,7

12.20. Gross value added by economic activity and sector in 2012

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Non-financial institutions	Financial institutions	General government	Households	Non-profit institutions serving households	Total by sector
Production sector	223 019,2	–	1 125,3	20 135,4	–	244 279,9
of which by economic activity:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	28 969,4	–	470,8	15 637,2	–	45 077,4
fishing and fish farming	176,2	–	–	146,0	–	322,2
mining and quarrying	5 660,3	–	–	0,1	–	5 660,4
manufacturing	137 387,1	–	4,4	1 178,9	–	138 570,4
electricity, gas and water supply	15 242,1	–	–	1,4	–	15 243,5
construction	35 584,1	–	650,1	3 171,8	–	39 406,0
Services sector	136 834,3	19 804,9	50 581,2	22 490,5	1 850,3	231 561,2
of which by economic activity:						
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	62 904,8	–	–	11 414,5	–	74 319,3
hotels and restaurants	3 693,7	–	–	104,2	105,0	3 902,9
transport and communications	36 567,8	–	–	3 228,6	–	39 796,4
financial activities	–	19 804,9	–	100,2	–	19 905,1
real estate, renting and business services	24 775,7	–	868,7	6 165,7	–	31 810,1
public administration	–	–	15 696,9	–	–	15 696,9
education	1 932,8	–	17 725,1	380,8	539,5	20 578,2
health and social work	1 915,4	–	13 347,2	82,5	246,6	15 591,7
community, social and personal services	5 044,1	–	2 943,3	1 014,0	959,2	9 960,6
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	–	–	–	–	–	-12 808,8
Total by economic activity	359 853,5	19 804,9	51 706,5	42 625,9	1 850,3	463 032,3

12.21. Gross value added by economic activity and sector in 2013

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Non-financial institutions	Financial institutions	General government	Households	Non-profit institutions serving households	Total by sector
Production sector	262 891,2	–	1 059,2	21 203,1	–	285 153,5
of which by economic activity:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	31 766,7	–	599,8	13 314,7	–	45 681,2
fishing and fish farming	234,3	–	–	158,2	–	392,5
mining and quarrying	6 371,7	–	–	0,8	–	6 372,5
manufacturing	148 211,9	–	5,9	1 616,2	–	149 834,0
electricity, gas and water supply	16 687,3	–	–	2,1	–	16 689,4
construction	59 619,3	–	453,5	6 111,1	–	66 183,9
Services sector	176 183,0	22 891,2	64 254,2	32 738,7	2 387,9	298 455,0
of which by economic activity:						
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	71 490,9	–	–	12 265,3	–	83 756,2
hotels and restaurants	5 389,0	–	–	194,4	137,1	5 720,5
transport and communications	49 423,7	–	–	4 751,6	–	54 175,3
financial activities	–	22 891,2	–	147,5	–	23 038,7
real estate, renting and business services	37 031,1	–	1 006,7	13 483,7	–	51 521,5
public administration	–	–	21 917,4	–	–	21 917,4
education	2 464,9	–	21 772,0	328,6	726,2	25 291,7
health and social work	2 853,6	–	15 906,3	172,3	254,5	19 186,7
community, social and personal services	7 529,8	–	3 651,8	1 395,3	1 270,1	13 847,0
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	–	–	–	–	–	-14 077,8
Total by economic activity	439 074,2	22 891,2	65 313,4	53 941,8	2 387,9	569 530,7

12.22. Structure of GDP production

(at current prices; percent of total)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
GDP	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:									
production sector	48,7	46,3	47,5	45,5	46,1	45,8	46,1	44,0	45,1
services sector	38,6	40,8	39,6	43,2	44,3	45,1	43,6	46,0	45,3
financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-1,8	-1,1	-1,6	-2,7	-3,1	-3,1	-2,4	-2,2	-2,5
net taxes on products	14,5	14,0	14,5	14,0	12,7	12,2	12,7	12,2	12,1

12.23. Structure of GDP by economic activity

(at current prices; percent of total)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
GDP	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Production sector	48,7	46,3	47,5	45,5	46,1	45,8	46,1	44,0	45,1
of which by economic activity:									
agriculture, hunting and forestry	12,1	8,4	8,5	8,3	9,2	8,3	8,5	7,0	7,7
fishing and fish farming	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,1
mining and quarrying	0,9	1,3	0,9	1,2	0,3	1,1	1,1	1,0	0,8
manufacturing	24,3	25,3	26,2	23,9	24,0	28,1	26,1	23,1	23,2
electricity, gas and water supply	5,0	4,5	3,2	2,9	2,9	1,7	2,9	2,6	2,9
construction	6,3	6,7	8,6	9,1	9,6	6,6	7,4	10,2	10,4
Services sector	38,6	40,8	39,6	43,2	44,3	45,1	43,6	46,0	45,3
of which by economic activity:									
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	10,2	9,3	11,0	11,5	12,1	15,3	14,0	12,9	12,1
hotels and restaurants	1,1	1,2	1,0	1,0	0,8	0,7	0,7	0,9	0,9
transport and communications	9,0	8,1	7,2	7,7	7,6	7,3	7,5	8,3	7,9
financial activities	2,6	3,1	2,9	4,2	4,4	4,8	3,7	3,6	3,9
real estate, renting and business services	4,1	4,7	5,2	6,5	6,3	6,1	6,0	7,9	8,4
public administration	3,0	4,4	3,8	3,8	3,9	3,0	3,0	3,4	3,4
education	4,3	5,1	3,7	3,7	4,3	3,8	3,9	3,9	3,8
health and social work	2,7	3,2	2,8	2,8	2,9	2,4	2,9	3,0	3,0
community, social and personal services	1,6	1,7	2,0	2,0	2,0	1,7	1,9	2,1	1,9
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-1,8	-1,1	-1,6	-2,7	-3,1	-3,1	-2,4	-2,2	-2,5
Taxes on products	21,2	19,4	23,5	19,7	17,1	16,6	16,2	15,7	15,3
Subsidies on products (-)	6,7	5,4	9,0	5,7	4,4	4,4	3,5	3,5	3,2

12.24. Indices of GDP production

(at constant prices; percent of previous year)

	2001	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
GDP	104,7	109,4	107,7	105,5	101,7	101,0	101,6
Production sector	103,4	111,0	110,3	107,2	103,4	97,5	101,3
of which by economic activity:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	101,2	102,4	102,4	106,8	106,5	95,8	104,6
fishing and fish farming	99,8	111,1	101,5	109,8	79,4	89,8	111,0
mining and quarrying	100,4	106,9	109,2	104,4	98,2	99,4	141,9
manufacturing	107,3	114,4	110,8	109,7	106,1	94,9	100,8
electricity, gas and water supply	101,7	99,8	113,5	92,2	100,6	100,6	103,5
construction	94,7	118,8	115,3	105,8	90,1	107,0	95,5
Services sector	107,2	108,2	107,3	109,4	102,0	103,5	102,4
of which by economic activity:							
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	116,4	115,1	112,3	119,7	94,9	110,4	107,7
hotels and restaurants	119,5	112,3	111,8	98,5	110,3	111,3	100,1
transport and communications	103,5	104,5	109,6	110,4	106,5	101,3	102,4
financial activities	102,1	105,9	107,1	121,5	121,5	93,8	98,8
real estate, renting and business services	104,1	116,2	103,5	101,0	100,6	105,0	100,4
public administration	102,9	101,2	101,6	98,4	97,9	96,6	96,6
education	102,1	104,6	99,5	99,8	98,5	96,9	97,1
health and social work	104,6	102,8	102,6	102,1	101,5	99,0	101,9
community, social and personal services	103,4	104,4	111,7	99,2	108,7	103,5	103,6
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (-)	85,6	109,2	111,2	133,2	136,6	91,5	96,4
Taxes on products	103,9	111,3	97,1	99,5	106,1	103,2	99,7
Subsidies on products (-)	111,9	122,4	86,0	118,3	113,4	102,2	102,4

12.25. Generation of income account by economic activity in 2010

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Resources	Uses		
	gross value added	compensation of employees	other net taxes on production	gross operating surplus and gross mixed income
Production sector	75 787,9	38 889,2	1 838,8	35 059,9
of which by economic activity:				
agriculture, hunting and forestry	15 064,0	6 039,6	80,5	8 943,9
fishing and fish farming	114,4	31,3	1,9	81,2
mining and quarrying	561,9	486,2	28,1	47,6
manufacturing	39 513,1	20 609,5	1 383,7	17 519,9
electricity, gas and water supply	4 820,0	2 836,4	130,4	1 853,2
construction	15 714,5	8 886,2	214,2	6 614,1
Services sector	72 943,4	42 653,5	1 260,4	29 029,5
of which by economic activity:				
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	19 956,2	7 337,8	250,1	12 368,3
hotels and restaurants	1 345,5	1 042,8	49,9	252,8
transport and communications	12 577,1	6 618,9	581,2	5 377,0
financial activities	7 163,2	2 374,8	16,8	4 771,6
real estate, renting and business services	10 430,7	5 845,4	220,3	4 365,0
public administration	6 330,9	5 971,0	2,0	357,9
education	7 040,2	6 235,1	6,9	798,2
health and social work	4 762,1	4 576,3	8,1	177,7
community, social and personal services	3 337,5	2 651,4	125,1	561,0
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-5 124,1	x	x	-5 124,1
Total by economic activity	143 607,2	81 542,7	3 099,2	58 965,3

12.26. Generation of income account by economic activity in 2011

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Resources	Uses		
	gross value added	compensation of employees	other net taxes on production	gross operating surplus and gross mixed income
Production sector	136 101,3	59 074,9	2 042,1	74 984,3
of which by economic activity:				
agriculture, hunting and forestry	24 485,8	10 004,7	31,7	14 449,4
fishing and fish farming	141,0	49,4	0,0	91,6
mining and quarrying	3 372,3	754,2	226,8	2 391,3
manufacturing	83 338,7	32 205,3	1 115,3	50 018,1
electricity, gas and water supply	5 081,1	3 682,3	509,7	889,1
construction	19 682,4	12 379,0	158,6	7 144,8
Services sector	134 219,6	66 361,7	995,5	66 862,4
of which by economic activity:				
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	45 526,0	12 007,6	232,9	33 285,5
hotels and restaurants	2 191,4	1 616,3	20,6	554,5
transport and communications	21 693,9	9 674,7	442,4	11 576,8
financial activities	14 233,1	3 723,7	1,4	10 508,0
real estate, renting and business services	18 106,2	9 515,5	197,6	8 393,1
public administration	8 897,6	8 630,9	0,6	266,1
education	11 265,2	10 307,1	4,6	953,5
health and social work	7 218,5	7 027,0	3,2	188,3
community, social and personal services	5 087,7	3 858,9	92,2	1 136,6
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-9 359,2	x	x	-9 359,2
Total by economic activity	260 961,7	125 436,6	3 037,6	132 487,5

12.27. Generation of income account by economic activity in 2012

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Resources	Uses		
	gross value added	compensation of employees	other net taxes on production	gross operating surplus and gross mixed income
Production sector	244 279,9	110 739,8	5 531,9	128 008,2
of which by economic activity:				
agriculture, hunting and forestry	45 077,4	18 689,9	56,8	26 330,7
fishing and fish farming	322,2	93,6	0,0	228,6
mining and quarrying	5 660,4	1 433,7	636,5	3 590,2
manufacturing	138 570,4	61 781,7	3 494,1	73 294,6
electricity, gas and water supply	15 243,5	6 902,8	1 018,5	7 322,2
construction	39 406,0	21 838,1	326,0	17 241,9
Services sector	231 561,2	126 986,2	2 091,2	102 483,8
of which by economic activity:				
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	74 319,3	23 692,1	502,8	50 124,4
hotels and restaurants	3 902,9	3 238,3	46,6	618,0
transport and communications	39 796,4	19 194,2	945,2	19 657,0
financial activities	19 905,1	6 874,9	2,6	13 027,6
real estate, renting and business services	31 810,1	17 974,0	409,4	13 426,7
public administration	15 696,9	15 170,9	1,2	524,8
education	20 578,2	18 963,3	8,4	1 606,5
health and social work	15 591,7	14 541,7	7,2	1 042,8
community, social and personal services	9 960,6	7 336,8	167,8	2 456,0
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-12 808,8	x	x	-12 808,8
Total by economic activity	463 032,3	237 726,0	7 623,1	217 683,2

12.28. Generation of income account by economic activity in 2013

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Resources	Uses		
	gross value added	compensation of employees	other net taxes on production	gross operating surplus and gross mixed income
Production sector	285 153,5	156 731,4	7 741,8	120 680,3
of which by economic activity:				
agriculture, hunting and forestry	45 681,2	25 381,1	116,5	20 183,6
fishing and fish farming	392,5	138,4	0,1	254,0
mining and quarrying	6 372,5	1 960,0	748,3	3 664,2
manufacturing	149 834,0	84 374,7	4 606,5	60 852,8
electricity, gas and water supply	16 689,4	9 851,8	1 791,0	5 046,6
construction	66 183,9	35 025,4	479,4	30 679,1
Services sector	298 455,0	182 328,5	3 227,8	112 898,7
of which by economic activity:				
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	83 756,2	39 132,0	781,8	43 842,4
hotels and restaurants	5 720,5	5 053,0	78,4	589,1
transport and communications	54 175,3	28 459,3	1 562,4	24 153,6
financial activities	23 038,7	9 471,9	12,4	13 554,4
real estate, renting and business services	51 521,5	27 552,9	498,3	23 470,3
public administration	21 917,4	21 198,2	10,5	708,7
education	25 291,7	23 151,3	10,8	2 129,6
health and social work	19 186,7	17 888,1	11,2	1 287,4
community, social and personal services	13 847,0	10 421,8	262,0	3 163,2
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-14 077,8	x	x	-14 077,8
Total by economic activity	569 530,7	339 059,9	10 969,6	219 501,2

12.29. Generation of income account by economic activity in 2014

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	Resources	Uses		
	gross value added	compensation of employees	other net taxes on production	gross operating surplus and gross mixed income
Production sector	351 120,7	185 220,5	10 671,9	155 228,3
of which by economic activity:				
agriculture, hunting and forestry	60 196,3	32 496,6	157,4	27 542,3
fishing and fish farming	479,5	160,9	0,2	318,4
mining and quarrying	6 377,3	2 463,6	1 137,7	2 776,0
manufacturing	180 253,6	97 967,9	6 438,4	75 847,3
electricity, gas and water supply	22 522,1	14 754,8	2 335,8	5 431,5
construction	81 291,9	37 376,7	602,4	43 312,8
Services sector	352 402,0	210 815,2	4 745,0	136 841,8
of which by economic activity:				
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	94 053,3	38 882,4	992,1	54 178,8
hotels and restaurants	6 854,7	5 956,9	100,8	797,0
transport and communications	61 738,6	35 877,6	2 642,1	23 218,9
financial activities	30 074,7	13 844,8	18,2	16 211,7
real estate, renting and business services	65 280,9	27 585,5	612,6	37 082,8
public administration	26 305,3	25 358,3	15,6	931,4
education	29 634,5	29 776,7	13,3	-155,5
health and social work	23 440,9	21 806,3	14,1	1 620,5
community, social and personal services	15 019,1	11 726,7	336,2	2 956,2
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-19 220,5	x	x	-19 220,5
Total by economic activity	684 302,2	396 035,7	15 416,9	272 849,6

12.30. Structure of GDP by primary income
(percent of total)

	GDP	Of which:		
		compensation of employees	net taxes on production and imports	gross operating surplus and gross mixed income
1990	100	45,9	6,0	48,1
1991	100	41,1	4,9	54,0
1992	100	41,2	8,0	50,8
1993	100	51,6	9,8	38,6
1994	100	44,1	12,2	43,7
1995	100	42,8	13,9	43,3
1996	100	42,6	15,2	42,2
1997	100	41,7	17,3	41,0
1998	100	45,1	17,6	37,3
1999	100	43,8	17,0	39,2
2000	100	43,9	17,6	38,5
2001	100	48,3	16,2	35,5
2002	100	46,7	17,7	35,6
2003	100	43,7	19,7	36,6
2004	100	44,2	18,5	37,3
2005	100	46,1	18,2	35,7
2006	100	47,9	16,9	35,2
2007	100	46,6	16,9	36,5
2008	100	45,2	17,0	37,8
2009	100	47,7	16,1	36,2
2010	100	49,6	14,6	35,8
2011	100	42,2	13,2	44,6
2012	100	44,8	14,2	41,0
2013	100	52,3	13,9	33,8
2014	100	50,9	14,1	35,0

12.31. Use of GDP

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
GDP	9 133,8	65 067,1	164 476,1	297 157,7	530 355,5	649 110,7	778 455,5
of which:							
final consumption expenditure	6 977,2	47 351,4	117 215,0	183 034,1	322 714,7	413 284,8	507 198,7
households	5 011,9	32 954,6	88 470,2	139 955,1	244 863,4	318 331,7	393 955,6
general government	1 779,1	13 524,4	27 638,1	41 387,3	74 705,1	90 886,7	109 917,6
of which:							
individual goods and services	1 189,5	7 996,8	17 279,1	26 902,0	50 719,5	61 284,7	72 456,6
collective services	589,6	5 527,6	10 359,0	14 485,3	23 985,6	29 602,0	37 461,0
non-profit institutions serving households	186,2	872,4	1 106,7	1 691,7	3 146,2	4 066,4	3 325,5
gross capital formation	2 319,9	18 518,4	67 816,7	111 791,3	187 644,4	255 101,8	260 553,4
of which:							
fixed capital	2 301,9	17 253,6	64 698,4	113 230,1	178 454,5	244 295,8	249 622,9
changes in inventories	18,0	1 264,8	3 118,3	-1 438,8	9 189,9	10 806,0	10 930,5
net exports of goods and services	-317,6	462,8	-22 454,1	-3 206,2	24 470,5	-21 118,7	-5 634,6
statistical discrepancy	154,3	-1 265,5	1 898,5	5 538,5	-4 474,1	1 842,8	16 338,0

12.32. Structure of use of GDP

(at current prices; percent of total)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
GDP	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:							
final consumption expenditure	77,7	71,4	72,1	62,8	60,3	63,9	66,5
households	55,8	49,7	54,4	48,0	45,8	49,2	51,7
general government	19,8	20,4	17,0	14,2	14,0	14,1	14,4
of which:							
individual goods and services	13,2	12,1	10,6	9,2	9,5	9,5	9,5
collective services	6,6	8,3	6,4	5,0	4,5	4,6	4,9
non-profit institutions serving households	2,1	1,3	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,6	0,4
gross capital formation	25,8	27,9	41,7	38,3	35,1	39,4	34,2
of which:							
fixed capital	25,6	26,0	39,8	38,8	33,4	37,7	32,8
changes in inventories	0,2	1,9	1,9	-0,5	1,7	1,7	1,4
net exports of goods and services	-3,5	0,7	-13,8	-1,1	4,6	-3,3	-0,7

12.33. Indices of use of GDP

(at constant prices; percent of previous year)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
GDP	105,8	109,4	107,7	105,5	101,7	101,0	101,6
of which:							
final consumption expenditure	107,4	110,7	107,9	100,9	108,0	107,7	103,0
households	108,0	115,0	109,5	102,3	110,8	110,9	104,5
general government	106,0	100,5	103,1	96,5	99,1	97,9	98,2
of which:							
individual goods and services	107,5	99,7	101,9	97,3	100,4	98,1	98,7
collective services	103,4	101,7	105,0	95,1	96,7	97,5	97,1
non-profit institutions serving households	103,6	101,7	99,1	99,2	99,7	99,4	98,6
gross capital formation	114,7	113,3	118,4	107,4	94,5	109,3	91,0
of which:							
fixed capital	102,3	119,5	117,5	113,9	88,7	109,6	91,1
changes in inventories	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
net exports of goods and services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

12.34. Actual final consumption

(at current prices; BYR billion)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Actual final consumption	6 977,2	47 351,4	117 215,0	183 034,1	322 714,7	413 284,8	507 198,7
actual final consumption of households	6 387,6	41 823,8	106 856,0	168 548,8	298 729,1	383 682,8	469 737,7
of which:							
consumer goods and services acquired by households	5 011,9	32 954,6	88 470,2	139 955,1	244 863,4	318 331,7	393 955,6
consumer goods and services received by households as transfers in kind	1 375,7	8 869,2	18 385,8	28 593,7	53 865,7	65 351,1	75 782,1
of which from:							
general government	1 189,5	7 996,8	17 279,1	26 902,0	50 719,5	61 284,7	72 456,6
non-profit institutions serving households	186,2	872,4	1 106,7	1 691,7	3 146,2	4 066,4	3 325,5
actual final consumption of general government	589,6	5 527,6	10 359,0	14 485,3	23 985,6	29 602,0	37 461,0

13. CHARACTERISTICS OF ORGANIZATIONS

The section contains data on active legal entities:

- legal entities, operating;
- new legal entities, not yet operating;
- legal entities, temporarily not operating.

Statistical recording of organizations is carried out on the basis of the information about their state registration and statistical surveys. The data on organizations exclude house-building cooperatives, housing cooperatives, gardening associations, garage cooperatives and cooperatives operating car parkings, political parties, trade unions, religious organizations (associations).

13.1. Organizations by economic activity

(as of January 1)

	Number of organizations					Percent of total				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total legal entities	117 649	122 962	131 667	141 897	145 106	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
agriculture, hunting and forestry	4 440	4 686	4 823	4 941	4 909	3,8	3,8	3,7	3,5	3,4
fishing and fish farming	193	202	222	236	235	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
mining and quarrying	64	76	82	87	92	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
manufacturing	14 888	15 536	16 278	17 021	17 112	12,7	12,6	12,4	12,0	11,8
of which:										
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	1 043	1 053	1 029	1 052	1 048	0,9	0,9	0,8	0,7	0,7
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	1 847	1 891	1 987	2 013	1 959	1,6	1,5	1,5	1,4	1,4
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	139	131	146	149	150	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
manufacture of wood and products of wood	1 781	1 919	2 147	2 278	2 263	1,5	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	1 427	1 430	1 440	1 457	1 463	1,2	1,2	1,1	1,0	1,0
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	492	505	552	563	553	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	1 265	1 304	1 345	1 424	1 448	1,1	1,1	1,0	1,0	1,0
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	1 206	1 219	1 212	1 295	1 275	1,0	1,0	0,9	0,9	0,9
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	1 735	1 889	1 990	2 112	2 174	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5
manufacture of machinery and equipment	1 076	1 167	1 225	1 282	1 338	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,9
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	1 152	1 212	1 262	1 280	1 306	1,0	1,0	1,0	0,9	0,9
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	146	165	170	184	191	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
other	1 579	1 651	1 773	1 932	1 944	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,4	1,3

Continued

	Number of organizations					Percent of total				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
electricity, gas and water supply	331	230	240	266	286	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
construction	9 141	9 729	10 342	11 394	11 594	7,8	7,9	7,9	8,0	8,0
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	40 230	41 206	43 925	46 228	46 559	34,2	33,5	33,4	32,6	32,1
hotels and restaurants	2 224	2 395	2 559	2 749	2 941	1,9	1,9	1,9	1,9	2,0
transport and communications	8 483	8 720	10 631	13 989	14 072	7,2	7,1	8,1	9,9	9,7
financial activities	496	542	582	655	732	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,5
real estate, renting and business services	13 385	15 161	16 772	18 828	20 605	11,4	12,3	12,7	13,3	14,2
public administration	4 295	4 363	4 389	4 201	4 076	3,7	3,5	3,3	3,0	2,8
education	8 328	8 588	8 765	8 673	8 543	7,1	7,0	6,7	6,1	5,9
health and social work	2 055	2 067	2 123	2 177	2 246	1,7	1,7	1,6	1,5	1,5
community and other services	9 096	9 461	9 934	10 452	11 104	7,7	7,7	7,5	7,4	7,7

13.2. Organizations by ownership type as of January 1, 2015

	Total number of organizations	Of which				
		agriculture, hunting and forestry	industry	construction	trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	other
Entities						
Total legal entities	145 106	4 909	17 490	11 594	46 559	64 554
of which:						
state ownership	16 618	501	556	262	134	15 165
republican	2 150	169	132	22	64	1 763
community	14 468	332	424	240	70	13 402
private ownership	122 036	4 309	16 148	10 977	43 446	47 156
of which mixed:						
with state share	1 688	480	545	204	174	285
with foreign share	6 690	105	1 538	410	2 291	2 346
foreign ownership	6 452	99	786	355	2 979	2 233
Percent of total						
Total legal entities	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:						
state ownership	11,5	10,2	3,2	2,3	0,3	23,5
republican	1,5	3,4	0,8	0,2	0,1	2,7
community	10,0	6,8	2,4	2,1	0,2	20,8
private ownership	84,1	87,8	92,3	94,7	93,3	73,0
of which mixed:						
with state share	1,2	9,8	3,1	1,8	0,4	0,4
with foreign share	4,6	2,1	8,8	3,5	4,9	3,6
foreign ownership	4,4	2,0	4,5	3,1	6,4	3,5

Continued

	Total number of organizations	Of which				
		agriculture, hunting and forestry	industry	construction	trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	other
Percent of total						
Total legal entities	100	3,4	12,1	8,0	32,1	44,5
of which:						
state ownership	100	3,0	3,3	1,6	0,8	91,3
republican	100	7,9	6,1	1,0	3,0	82,0
community	100	2,3	2,9	1,7	0,5	92,6
private ownership	100	3,5	13,2	9,0	35,6	38,6
of which mixed:						
with state share	100	28,4	32,3	12,1	10,3	16,9
with foreign share	100	1,6	23,0	6,1	34,2	35,1
foreign ownership	100	1,5	12,2	5,5	46,2	34,6

13.3. Organizations by legal organizational form (as of January 1)

	Number of organizations					Percent of total				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total legal entities	117 649	122 962	131 667	141 897	145 106	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
for-profit organizations	95 374	99 828	107 761	117 474	119 937	81,1	81,2	81,8	82,8	82,7
of which:										
joint-stock companies	3 902	4 067	4 085	4 058	4 030	3,3	3,3	3,1	2,9	2,8
open joint-stock companies	2 162	2 300	2 290	2 272	2 272	1,8	1,9	1,7	1,6	1,6
closed joint-stock companies	1 740	1 767	1 795	1 786	1 758	1,5	1,4	1,4	1,3	1,2
limited liability companies	30 431	34 507	39 929	45 726	49 543	25,9	28,1	30,3	32,2	34,1
superadded liability companies	8 746	8 021	7 423	6 910	6 564	7,4	6,5	5,6	4,9	4,5
unitary enterprises	48 959	49 793	52 824	57 242	56 241	41,6	40,5	40,1	40,3	38,8
non-profit organizations	22 275	23 134	23 906	24 423	25 169	18,9	18,8	18,2	17,2	17,3
of which:										
consumer cooperatives	1 926	2 116	2 357	2 781	3 175	1,6	1,7	1,8	2,0	2,2
institutions	15 043	15 336	15 612	15 377	15 088	12,8	12,5	11,9	10,8	10,4

14. SMALL BUSINESS

Data for the years 2000, 2005 are provided for micro and small entities that are legal persons defined according to the criteria specified by the Law of the Republic of Belarus No. 685-XIII of October 16, 1996 "On state support for small business in the Republic of Belarus".

Data for the years 2010 – 2014 are provided for micro and small entities that are legal persons defined in accordance with the criteria specified by the Law of the Republic of Belarus No. 148-3 of July 1, 2010 "On the support for small and medium-sized business".

Data for 2010 – 2014 include private (peasant) farm holdings that previously were not surveyed as small business entities.

With reference to micro entities, data for the years 2000, 2005, 2010-2013 are based on the results of exhaustive survey. Data for 2014 are based on the results of the sample statistical survey.

Data on sole proprietorships are based on the data of the Ministry of Taxes and Duties of the Republic of Belarus (number of recorded sole proprietorships, payments to the budget), as well as selected statistical indicators characterizing trading activities of sole proprietorships.

The statistical indicators in the section are shown by organizations according to their main economic activity (excluding indicator "Volume of industrial production").

Micro and small entities comprise legal persons (except banks) active as of the end of the reference year, including the newly registered businesses.

Average number of employees is defined by summing up average annual payroll number of employees, average number of external multiple job holders, and average number of civil law contractors.

Average annual payroll number of employees is computed by summing up the average monthly numbers of employees for all months of the year with further dividing the sum by 12. The average monthly payroll number of employees is estimated by summing up the number of employees on the payroll for each calendar day of the reference month with further dividing the sum by the number of calendar days in the month.

The payroll number of employees includes employees working under a labor agreement (contract), engaged in permanent, temporary or seasonal work. The payroll number of employees includes employees both actually working and temporarily absent from work for any reason (annual leaves, leaves initiated by employer, temporary incapacity, etc.).

The average annual payroll number of employees is shown in the yearbook excluding persons on maternity leaves, leaves related to adoption of a child under three months of age, and child-care leaves up to the age of three years.

Average number of external multiple job holders is estimated proportionally to hours worked. The total number of man-hours worked in the reference month is divided by the length of a working-day, with further dividing of the number of man-days worked by the number of calendar-based working-days in the reference month.

Average number of civil law contractors is estimated on the basis of recording of these workers for each calendar day as integer units for the whole duration of the civil law contract.

Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries are calculated by dividing the accrued wage fund, including income tax and compulsory insurance contributions of employees, by the average payroll number of employees taken to compute average wages and salaries, and then by 12.

Volume of production is the value of products manufactured, works performed and services provided, at actual selling prices exclusive of taxes and duties payable from proceeds. The volume of production includes also the funds received from the budget in relation to state price and tariff regulation, to cover losses and to compensate for production costs.

Volume of industrial production is the total finished and semi-finished products manufactured, works performed and services provided by organization and intended for sale to (custom-produced for) other organizations, population, non-industrial units of the same organization, these products works and services classified under mining and quarrying, manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply according to the National classification of economic activities. The volume of industrial production is shown at actual selling prices exclusive of VAT, excise taxes and other taxes and duties payable from proceeds. It includes the value of raw materials processed under contracts and do not include intrafactory turnover.

Raw materials processed under contracts are raw materials owned by a customer and passed for processing to other organizations to manufacture products under contracts concluded.

Intrafactory turnover is the value of that part of finished or semi-finished products manufactured by the organization, which are consumed within this organization for own industrial needs and the value of which is further on included in the net cost of final industrial products.

Fixed capital investment is a measure of total outlays invested in the acquisition, reproduction and creation of new fixed assets. According to their technological structure, fixed capital investment is classified into building and assembly works; assembly of equipment; purchase of machinery, equipment, transport vehicles, tools and implements; and other works and costs.

Revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services are receipts of assets acknowledged as revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services.

Net profit, loss (-) - final financial result from activities of organization in the reference year.

Profitability of sales is the ratio of the profit from sales of products, goods, works and services to the revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services. A negative financial result from sales of products, goods, works and services means operating at a loss.

Loss-making organization is an organization having net loss in the reference year.

With reference to micro entities, for 2014 the indicators "Net profit, loss (-)", "Profitability of sales", "Share of loss-making entities" refer only to businesses included in the sample of respondents.

Retail turnover of trade entities is the value of goods sold to the population for personal, family, household or other similar use not related to entrepreneurial activities, for cash or paid by bank cards, electronic money, bank transfers from personal accounts, or by other cashless method of payment.

Catering turnover is the value of catering products as well as bought-in goods sold to the population, legal entities and sole proprietorships for cash and/or by cashless method of payment in catering facilities or outside catering facilities to orders.

Volume of external trade in goods (turnover) is the sum of commodity exports and imports values.

Commodity exports means shipping of goods from the territory of the Republic of Belarus which subtract from the stocks of material resources of the country.

Commodity imports is the entry of goods in the territory of the Republic of Belarus which add to the stocks of material resources of the country.

External trade in goods balance is the difference between the commodity exports and imports values.

More detailed statistical information on small business and medium-sized business enterprises is provided in the statistical book "Small and Medium-Sized Business in the Republic of Belarus".

Small business

14.1. Main economic indicators of micro and small entities

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
								micro entities	small entities
Micro and small entities (end of year), entities	28 310	33 094	84 164	88 673	97 444	108 689	111 792	99 368	12 424
Average number of employees ¹⁾ , persons	385 829	456 180	784 944	794 743	806 556	846 699	818 466	347 967	470 499
Average annual payroll number of employees ¹⁾ , persons	333 705	404 640	695 275	703 437	711 410	741 544	721 505	303 373	418 132
Average number of external multiple job holders ¹⁾ , persons	27 225	24 748	45 273	45 543	46 457	49 204	46 469	27 549	18 920
Average number of civil law contractors ¹⁾ , persons	24 899	26 792	44 396	45 763	48 689	55 951	50 492	17 045	33 447
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	48,1	346,3	1 031,7	1 651,9	3 270,3	4 603,3	5 578,4	4 448,4	6 369,2
Volume of production, BYR bn	1 561,7	10 331,5	43 657,4	99 000,7	157 893,8	183 445,6	208 785,5	76 638,4	132 147,1
Volume of industrial production ²⁾ , BYR bn	667,6	4 371,0	14 852,4	41 031,3	64 768,2	57 393,6	60 638,8	13 602,8	47 035,9
Fixed capital investment, BYR bn	117,2	1 032,7	14 928,3	25 528,5	40 354,1	56 000,1	69 277,9	24 574,2	44 703,7
Revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	4 126,6	31 768,4	126 388,0	267 236,9	413 319,2	477 278,4	537 662,9	200 724,8	336 938,1
Net profit, loss (-), BYR bn	197,7 ³⁾	778,7	4 396,2	11 870,1	22 524,6	20 687,0	15 207,4	3 943,7	11 263,6
Profitability of sales, percent	4,7	3,7	5,3	9,5	8,3	6,9	6,3	6,9	6,1
Share of loss-making entities, percent	21,9	26,9	21,0	20,3	18,6	20,6	22,0	19,7	25,2
Volume of external trade in goods, USD mln	...	6 972,9	20 279,4	25 469,0	26 314,0	22 341,4	23 581,2	7 130,3	16 450,9
exports	...	2 118,8	9 820,5	13 690,4	13 776,0	9 758,4	11 884,3	2 880,2	9 004,1
imports	...	4 854,1	10 458,9	11 778,6	12 538,0	12 583,0	11 696,9	4 250,1	7 446,8
balance	...	-2 735,3	-638,4	1 911,8	1 238,0	-2 824,6	187,4	-1 369,9	1 557,3

¹⁾ Data for 2000 are provided as of the end of the year.

²⁾ Data for 2000, 2005 are shown according to the OKONH classification (by branches of national economy); data for 2010 - 2014 are shown according to the OKED classification (by economic activities).

³⁾ For 2000 – balance sheet profit.

14.2. Share of micro and small entities in main economic indicators of the Republic of Belarus

(percent of national total)

	Micro and small entities	Of which	
		micro entities	small entities
Gross domestic product			
2010	12,3	4,3	8,0
2011	14,5	5,0	9,5
2012	15,0	6,1	8,9
2013	14,9	6,0	8,9
2014	14,8	5,8	9,0
Average number of employees			
2010	17,6	7,5	10,1
2011	17,9	7,8	10,1
2012	18,4	8,1	10,3
2013	19,4	8,8	10,6
2014	19,1	8,1	11,0
Average annual payroll number of employees			
2010	16,5	6,9	9,6
2011	16,7	7,1	9,6
2012	17,2	7,4	9,8
2013	18,1	8,1	10,0
2014	17,8	7,5	10,3
Average number of external multiple job holders			
2010	48,5	29,3	19,3
2011	49,1	29,9	19,1
2012	50,2	30,7	19,5
2013	52,3	32,7	19,6
2014	51,8	30,7	21,1
Average number of civil law contractors			
2010	30,8	11,6	19,2
2011	31,0	12,4	18,5
2012	32,0	12,9	19,1
2013	34,8	14,5	20,3
2014	32,0	10,8	21,2
Volume of production			
2010	12,1	3,9	8,2
2011	14,6	4,4	10,2
2012	13,5	5,1	8,4
2013	13,4	4,9	8,5
2014	13,3	4,8	8,5
Volume of industrial production			
2010	8,9	1,9	7,0
2011	11,8	1,9	9,9
2012	10,5	3,5	7,0
2013	9,5	2,2	7,3
2014	9,1	2,0	7,0

Continued

	Micro and small entities	Of which	
		micro entities	small entities
Revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services			
2010	27,9	10,7	17,2
2011	29,4	8,9	20,5
2012	26,7	9,8	16,9
2013	27,7	10,2	17,5
2014	27,8	10,4	17,4
Fixed capital investment			
2010	27,0	9,3	17,6
2011	25,9	9,0	16,9
2012	26,1	9,1	17,0
2013	26,7	10,2	16,5
2014	30,7	10,9	19,8
Retail turnover of trade entities			
2010	28,6	12,7	15,9
2011	27,4	12,2	15,2
2012	26,0	11,8	14,2
2013	26,8	12,6	14,2
2014	25,9	11,6	14,3
Catering turnover			
2010	23,4	8,5	14,9
2011	23,1	8,6	14,5
2012	22,7	8,1	14,6
2013	24,4	9,4	15,0
2014	26,6	10,7	15,9
Wholesale turnover of wholesale entities			
2010	71,5	24,2	47,3
2011	73,2	20,6	52,6
2012	60,9	20,2	40,7
2013	67,2	24,0	43,2
2014	67,7	26,7	41,0
Exports of goods			
2010	38,9	2,5	36,4
2011	33,9	2,1	31,8
2012	30,0	5,8	24,1
2013	26,2	2,4	23,8
2014	32,7	7,9	24,7
Imports of goods			
2010	30,0	10,8	19,2
2011	25,8	7,7	18,1
2012	27,0	11,0	16,1
2013	29,3	12,0	17,3
2014	28,7	10,4	18,3

14.3. Micro and small entities by economic activity

(end of year; entities)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	84 164	88 673	97 444	108 689	111 792	99 368	12 424
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	2 853	2 788	3 348	3 499	3 466	3 211	255
fishing and fish farming	174	154	212	220	221	215	6
mining and quarrying	41	51	57	59	66	50	16
manufacturing	12 709	13 571	14 407	15 124	15 329	11 813	3 516
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	723	735	763	789	807	541	266
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	1 593	1 664	1 776	1 796	1 763	1 119	644
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	93	99	108	110	113	66	47
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	1 628	1 813	2 044	2 161	2 152	1 841	311
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	1 082	1 108	1 127	1 169	1 178	943	235
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	438	457	493	497	494	352	142
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	1 175	1 219	1 273	1 342	1 375	1 016	359
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	1 054	1 079	1 089	1 178	1 165	975	190
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	1 567	1 732	1 843	1 954	2 020	1 572	448
manufacture of machinery and equipment	853	963	1 016	1 076	1 131	884	247
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	1 011	1 094	1 140	1 163	1 193	910	283
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	89	109	107	124	137	92	45
other manufacturing	1 381	1 470	1 588	1 724	1 750	1 458	292
electricity, gas and water supply	47	55	66	93	110	99	11
construction	7 603	8 397	9 035	10 292	10 582	8 378	2 204
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	36 174	37 179	40 015	43 487	44 074	41 054	3 020
hotels and restaurants	1 948	2 123	2 292	2 486	2 722	2 292	430
transport and communications	7 825	8 147	10 071	13 419	13 522	12 639	883
financial activities	354	396	432	496	569	531	38
real estate, renting and business services	9 520	10 625	11 875	13 404	14 643	13 164	1 479
education	466	517	608	699	744	660	84
health and social work	758	784	847	911	972	850	122
community, social and personal services	3 692	3 886	4 179	4 500	4 772	4 412	360

14.4. Average number of employees by economic activity

(persons)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	784 944	794 743	806 556	846 699	818 466	347 967	470 499
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	21 564	22 371	22 745	21 274	22 149	7 422	14 727
fishing and fish farming	665	579	505	607	549	255	294
mining and quarrying	477	562	490	691	759	124	635
manufacturing	191 192	198 954	204 387	200 693	190 283	50 565	139 718
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	14 758	14 426	18 563	15 555	14 349	1 815	12 534
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	32 772	33 770	33 757	33 371	31 249	5 705	25 544
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	2 209	2 243	2 082	2 312	2 119	289	1 830
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	19 219	20 079	20 941	19 373	18 292	7 150	11 142
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	14 337	14 643	14 301	13 987	12 999	4 300	8 699
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	6 894	7 841	7 830	7 575	7 660	1 707	5 953
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	19 095	19 054	19 242	19 720	18 553	4 991	13 562
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	12 204	12 373	11 589	11 755	10 609	3 533	7 076
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	22 142	22 974	24 819	24 788	23 565	6 847	16 718
manufacture of machinery and equipment	12 592	15 112	14 877	14 972	14 133	3 710	10 423
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	16 013	17 115	16 105	16 655	16 199	4 144	12 055
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	1 825	1 979	2 186	2 486	3 148	395	2 753
other manufacturing	16 665	16 906	17 723	17 811	17 018	5 869	11 149
electricity, gas and water supply	583	627	971	1 016	586	170	416
construction	114 477	113 981	107 816	125 003	114 308	32 816	81 492
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	243 069	240 045	244 002	252 614	244 738	138 203	106 535
hotels and restaurants	22 205	22 814	22 884	24 167	25 634	9 176	16 458
transport and communications	58 974	59 390	62 453	70 752	72 803	41 732	31 071
financial activities	2 954	2 865	2 632	2 672	2 934	1 653	1 281
real estate, renting and business services	87 673	92 572	95 476	103 247	99 647	42 461	57 186
education	4 786	4 925	5 122	5 483	5 198	2 789	2 409
health and social work	6 919	6 990	7 875	8 511	9 223	4 560	4 663
community, social and personal services	29 406	28 068	29 198	29 969	29 655	16 041	13 614

14.5. Average annual payroll number of employees by economic activity

(persons)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	695 275	703 437	711 410	741 544	721 505	303 373	418 132
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	19 408	20 841	21 138	19 455	19 779	6 738	13 041
fishing and fish farming	597	542	457	561	507	230	277
mining and quarrying	445	508	426	600	649	103	546
manufacturing	173 165	179 614	184 047	180 640	172 076	44 881	127 195
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	13 263	12 936	16 840	13 740	12 803	1 585	11 218
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	31 118	32 020	31 978	31 524	29 680	5 402	24 278
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	2 083	2 097	1 950	2 164	1 979	254	1 725
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	17 819	18 311	18 971	17 674	16 617	6 427	10 190
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	12 378	12 560	12 315	12 184	11 301	3 807	7 494
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	5 986	6 782	6 841	6 637	6 673	1 423	5 250
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	17 313	17 227	17 406	17 736	16 669	4 450	12 219
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	10 986	11 080	10 337	10 399	9 410	3 089	6 321
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	19 634	20 413	21 587	21 680	20 841	5 842	14 999
manufacture of machinery and equipment	11 053	13 310	13 194	13 360	12 600	3 146	9 454
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	14 050	15 043	14 206	14 628	14 365	3 494	10 871
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	1 624	1 821	1 806	2 250	2 923	336	2 587
other manufacturing	15 445	15 663	16 292	16 369	15 870	5 540	10 330
electricity, gas and water supply	508	545	877	934	519	139	380
construction	94 550	94 500	88 116	101 156	95 620	26 552	69 068
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	221 887	218 704	221 536	228 855	221 845	124 439	97 406
hotels and restaurants	20 702	21 076	21 003	22 049	23 423	8 429	14 994
transport and communications	52 689	52 837	55 449	61 511	62 959	35 735	27 224
financial activities	2 265	2 306	2 098	2 211	2 447	1 434	1 013
real estate, renting and business services	74 208	78 123	80 768	86 746	84 661	35 027	49 634
education	3 592	3 705	3 782	3 910	3 726	1 943	1 783
health and social work	5 189	5 299	5 982	6 625	7 164	3 373	3 791
community, social and personal services	26 070	24 837	25 731	26 291	26 130	14 350	11 780

**14.6. Average number of external multiple job holders
by economic activity**
(persons)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	45 273	45 543	46 457	49 204	46 469	27 549	18 920
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	437	301	309	315	381	217	164
fishing and fish farming	26	17	21	17	16	13	3
mining and quarrying	21	32	24	33	19	7	12
manufacturing	8 967	9 536	9 432	9 644	8 672	3 482	5 190
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	582	570	601	641	591	174	417
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	1 005	1 046	1 031	1 035	847	224	623
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	65	74	66	75	56	12	44
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	646	700	694	685	601	352	249
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	704	751	689	680	572	263	309
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	523	611	573	533	552	193	359
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	963	976	920	1 013	858	307	551
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	585	607	579	573	537	244	293
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	1 152	1 286	1 438	1 405	1 251	508	743
manufacture of machinery and equipment	784	925	877	888	893	402	491
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	1 103	1 205	1 114	1 166	1 129	498	631
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	109	85	98	127	111	39	72
other manufacturing	718	647	715	802	647	250	397
electricity, gas and water supply	32	42	38	55	39	10	29
construction	5 093	5 117	5 179	5 731	5 041	2 235	2 806
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	14 703	14 503	14 834	15 345	14 887	10 291	4 596
hotels and restaurants	1 000	1 101	1 124	1 249	1 234	523	711
transport and communications	3 482	3 337	3 368	4 142	4 239	3 060	1 179
financial activities	275	224	206	214	204	163	41
real estate, renting and business services	7 080	7 335	7 724	8 167	7 430	4 969	2 461
education	580	587	651	693	633	330	303
health and social work	1 613	1 593	1 753	1 763	1 908	1 130	778
community, social and personal services	1 964	1 818	1 794	1 836	1 766	1 119	647

14.7. Average number of civil law contractors by economic activity

(persons)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	44 396	45 763	48 689	55 951	50 492	17 045	33 447
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	1 719	1 229	1 298	1 504	1 989	467	1 522
fishing and fish farming	42	20	27	29	26	12	14
mining and quarrying	11	22	40	58	91	14	77
manufacturing	9 060	9 804	10 908	10 409	9 535	2 202	7 333
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	913	920	1 122	1 174	955	56	899
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	649	704	748	812	722	79	643
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	61	72	66	73	84	23	61
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	754	1 068	1 276	1 014	1 074	371	703
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	1 255	1 332	1 297	1 123	1 126	230	896
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	385	448	416	405	435	91	344
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	819	851	916	971	1 026	234	792
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	633	686	673	783	662	200	462
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	1 356	1 275	1 794	1 703	1 473	497	976
manufacture of machinery and equipment	755	877	806	724	640	162	478
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	860	867	785	861	705	152	553
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	92	73	282	109	114	20	94
other manufacturing	502	596	716	640	501	79	422
electricity, gas and water supply	43	40	56	27	28	21	7
construction	14 834	14 364	14 521	18 116	13 647	4 029	9 618
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	6 479	6 838	7 632	8 414	8 006	3 473	4 533
hotels and restaurants	503	637	757	869	977	224	753
transport and communications	2 803	3 216	3 636	5 099	5 605	2 937	2 668
financial activities	414	335	328	247	283	56	227
real estate, renting and business services	6 385	7 114	6 984	8 334	7 556	2 465	5 091
education	614	633	689	880	839	516	323
health and social work	117	98	140	123	151	57	94
community, social and personal services	1 372	1 413	1 673	1 842	1 759	572	1 187

14.8. Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries by economic activity

(BYR thousand)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	1 031,7	1 651,9	3 270,3	4 603,3	5 578,4	4 448,4	6 369,2
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	763,8	1 278,2	2 674,7	3 502,6	4 243,9	3 295,0	4 590,2
fishing and fish farming	817,8	1 460,6	2 779,7	3 751,8	4 349,1	3 070,0	4 934,5
mining and quarrying	1 136,0	1 677,1	4 639,5	6 486,1	7 557,6	5 994,1	7 809,5
manufacturing	1 004,3	1 607,6	3 075,3	4 208,3	5 103,9	4 201,7	5 415,7
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	972,4	1 466,0	3 093,9	4 301,7	5 154,8	4 126,0	5 300,5
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	671,7	1 094,3	2 105,5	2 900,2	3 417,8	3 027,6	3 503,4
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	800,5	1 289,8	2 503,1	3 388,6	3 937,2	3 021,1	4 060,3
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	728,0	1 170,0	2 191,9	3 025,0	3 819,8	3 238,6	4 175,2
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	1 127,2	1 694,2	3 306,2	4 575,9	5 386,0	4 401,3	5 882,3
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	1 286,2	2 165,0	3 799,8	5 148,1	6 361,7	6 074,3	6 437,8
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	1 048,9	1 681,4	3 150,2	4 221,6	5 114,4	4 258,2	5 420,1
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	975,6	1 515,9	2 934,7	4 156,3	4 949,9	4 013,9	5 398,3
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	1 189,0	1 865,0	3 551,9	4 850,7	5 637,9	4 684,6	5 997,1
manufacture of machinery and equipment	1 368,3	2 135,5	4 181,9	5 633,9	6 863,9	5 862,1	7 179,9
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	1 453,8	2 332,1	4 434,5	5 852,8	7 248,7	6 024,7	7 637,9
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	1 265,8	2 142,4	4 576,9	6 145,9	7 999,9	5 750,0	8 280,3
other manufacturing	816,2	1 329,1	2 491,2	3 404,0	4 156,7	3 127,5	4 690,8
electricity, gas and water supply	1 312,1	2 144,3	3 523,0	6 070,3	7 615,4	7 009,7	7 836,8
construction	1 265,9	1 865,1	3 682,4	5 524,1	6 462,6	5 190,4	6 931,7
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	938,0	1 541,8	2 925,2	4 059,4	5 064,7	4 261,5	6 063,5
hotels and restaurants	635,8	989,9	1 922,5	2 830,9	3 586,9	2 775,5	4 028,8
transport and communications	792,1	1 276,4	2 371,9	3 196,5	3 728,1	2 877,9	4 796,4
financial activities	2 145,2	3 016,9	5 477,1	7 413,4	9 221,7	6 982,1	12 452,6
real estate, renting and business services	1 490,6	2 359,3	4 167,0	5 861,3	7 383,8	5 814,2	8 448,3
education	962,0	1 325,5	2 398,6	3 622,1	4 401,2	3 640,8	5 157,0
health and social work	910,1	1 438,4	2 832,3	4 109,7	5 096,4	3 963,1	6 063,0
community, social and personal services	791,2	1 450,0	3 037,3	3 456,9	4 371,7	3 613,1	5 244,3

14.9. Volume of production by actual economic activity

(BYR billion)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	43 657,4	99 000,7	157 893,8	183 445,6	208 785,5	76 638,4	132 147,1
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	974,6	1 950,8	3 862,0	4 433,2	5 639,0	1 720,4	3 918,6
fishing and fish farming	23,9	45,9	49,0	82,4	90,7	19,6	71,0
mining and quarrying	22,0	36,6	101,2	154,8	162,2	26,9	135,2
manufacturing	13 598,3	37 644,6	57 170,3	53 210,1	56 856,1	12 834,2	44 021,9
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	1 589,8	2 877,1	6 468,8	7 473,9	7 158,5	735,7	6 422,8
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	849,9	1 615,9	2 731,2	3 299,9	3 465,0	635,8	2 829,2
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	75,4	169,1	282,7	359,1	311,7	42,9	268,9
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	662,0	1 297,0	2 257,3	2 765,4	3 592,9	1 210,4	2 382,5
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	1 037,4	1 898,1	2 943,0	3 687,7	3 744,9	1 086,9	2 658,0
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	871,6	7 944,4	6 993,6	2 906,2	3 777,6	794,0	2 983,6
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	1 811,8	3 619,7	6 028,7	6 378,1	6 739,6	1 458,3	5 281,3
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	840,9	1 640,2	3 023,4	3 895,7	3 522,5	862,0	2 660,4
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	1 936,4	3 689,1	6 468,3	7 730,9	7 759,0	1 874,5	5 884,5
manufacture of machinery and equipment	1 260,1	2 469,5	4 288,0	4 371,8	4 790,1	1 339,2	3 450,9
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	1 575,1	2 815,9	5 029,1	5 623,4	5 847,2	1 445,4	4 401,8
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	186,3	409,2	901,3	1 447,4	2 296,7	128,1	2 168,6
other manufacturing	792,5	1 630,6	2 543,4	2 991,5	3 589,5	1 056,5	2 533,0
electricity, gas and water supply	61,8	106,1	222,5	363,1	276,5	78,8	197,7
construction	5 887,5	9 462,0	17 955,0	29 194,5	30 366,0	9 772,5	20 593,5
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	13 296,1	31 253,9	45 405,9	48 546,2	56 414,1	25 755,0	30 659,1
hotels and restaurants	503,1	821,4	1 590,5	2 333,5	3 514,5	1 416,9	2 097,6
transport and communications	3 043,1	6 041,8	10 880,8	15 246,0	19 036,3	9 442,1	9 594,2
financial activities	594,9	1 507,5	1 675,6	2 417,7	3 083,2	1 514,5	1 568,7
real estate, renting and business services	4 688,7	8 500,9	15 469,2	22 463,5	27 248,1	11 329,9	15 918,2
education	105,8	151,3	277,0	441,9	662,9	320,0	342,9
health and social work	175,4	295,3	636,2	1 027,8	1 327,1	476,6	850,5
community, social and personal services	682,2	1 182,6	2 598,6	3 530,7	4 109,1	1 931,1	2 177,9

**14.10. Volume of industrial production by economic activity
of manufacturing industry**
(BYR billion)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Manufacturing	14 768,6	40 888,4	64 443,7	56 870,4	60 194,2	13 497,1	46 697,1
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	1 781,9	3 139,1	7 146,3	8 567,9	7 928,6	777,3	7 151,4
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	984,5	1 845,3	3 182,3	3 819,5	4 035,8	744,3	3 291,5
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	91,3	200,3	343,3	415,1	380,1	43,0	337,2
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	676,0	1 325,7	2 304,5	2 823,3	3 651,2	1 238,7	2 412,6
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	1 138,2	2 068,4	3 198,8	4 045,3	3 953,7	1 191,5	2 762,3
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	891,5	7 988,4	9 309,9	2 979,3	3 914,5	803,1	3 111,4
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	2 105,9	3 795,5	6 359,7	6 671,0	6 990,2	1 489,1	5 501,1
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	859,3	1 693,6	3 113,1	4 089,9	3 704,7	980,5	2 724,2
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	2 135,4	4 012,8	6 997,4	8 166,9	8 229,7	1 934,0	6 295,7
manufacture of machinery and equipment	1 284,3	2 511,4	4 392,6	4 478,3	4 885,7	1 355,9	3 529,8
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	1 654,9	2 926,8	5 195,8	5 875,7	6 118,8	1 494,8	4 623,9
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	190,0	425,6	937,6	1 478,5	2 339,9	148,7	2 191,1
other manufacturing	863,8	1 714,8	2 688,8	3 136,2	3 753,0	1 084,5	2 668,4

**14.11. Revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services
by economic activity**
(BYR billion)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	126 388,0	267 236,9	413 319,2	477 278,4	537 662,9	200 724,8	336 938,1
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	1 111,1	2 012,6	3 812,6	4 559,9	6 048,8	1 771,1	4 277,6
fishing and fish farming	24,2	46,3	46,3	75,8	78,1	20,1	58,0
mining and quarrying	25,2	59,7	92,0	289,5	243,4	41,7	201,8
manufacturing	19 054,4	45 750,9	64 460,4	72 846,9	77 213,4	16 654,7	60 558,7
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	2 049,2	3 556,8	8 040,4	10 334,3	11 626,4	945,3	10 681,2
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	1 096,8	2 050,5	3 395,1	4 124,9	4 353,7	946,6	3 407,0
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	97,9	192,3	292,2	397,4	373,9	41,0	332,9
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	870,9	1 607,0	2 695,8	3 544,1	4 149,9	1 472,1	2 677,8
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	1 324,6	2 447,7	3 805,8	4 563,0	4 871,3	1 455,9	3 415,4
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	1 810,0	8 127,9	7 809,6	5 306,9	4 904,4	1 075,4	3 829,0
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	2 351,0	4 638,4	8 028,1	8 422,0	8 993,6	1 905,8	7 087,7
manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	1 233,7	2 057,3	3 672,3	5 089,5	4 204,4	999,0	3 205,5
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	2 442,8	4 960,5	8 843,6	10 214,5	10 372,6	2 508,3	7 864,2
manufacture of machinery and equipment	1 682,3	3 522,1	5 759,5	6 093,6	6 106,6	1 510,4	4 596,2
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	2 565,2	4 588,0	7 347,6	8 473,9	9 824,2	2 372,3	7 451,9
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	250,9	479,5	1 009,3	1 951,7	2 751,2	135,4	2 615,9
other manufacturing	1 068,0	1 898,3	3 446,5	3 976,2	4 376,4	1 173,3	3 203,1
electricity, gas and water supply	47,5	106,0	216,0	417,0	332,0	115,3	216,7
construction	7 381,0	11 808,2	22 269,3	35 933,6	36 508,4	10 482,0	26 026,4
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	82 046,8	181 165,9	278 944,2	304 834,8	346 453,3	140 539,4	205 913,9
hotels and restaurants	885,7	1 431,9	2 541,2	3 637,3	4 614,9	1 645,7	2 969,2
transport and communications	3 698,6	7 377,3	13 913,5	19 325,7	21 528,7	9 855,5	11 673,2
financial activities	5 343,3	5 671,1	4 338,6	2 734,4	4 007,0	2 189,6	1 817,3
real estate, renting and business services	5 608,4	9 938,4	18 305,0	26 546,9	32 995,0	14 342,6	18 652,4
education	130,5	174,1	313,0	474,3	612,7	297,5	315,2
health and social work	193,4	320,8	721,7	1 108,0	1 437,6	501,2	936,4
community, social and personal services	837,9	1 373,7	3 345,4	4 494,3	5 589,6	2 268,3	3 321,3

14.12. Net profit, loss (-) by economic activity

(BYR billion)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	4 396,2	11 870,1	22 524,6	20 687,0	15 207,4	3 943,7	11 263,6
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	124,5	310,6	584,4	553,0	685,6	250,9	434,7
fishing and fish farming	-2,7	7,4	6,6	-4,4	-6,6	1,3	-7,9
mining and quarrying	2,1	4,6	7,1	32,4	-36,8	5,1	-41,9
manufacturing	1 158,9	3 957,2	4 651,9	3 697,0	2 408,2	604,9	1 803,3
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	94,6	212,9	462,6	391,1	225,9	47,9	177,9
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	54,1	204,1	294,0	236,9	115,6	33,2	82,4
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	5,1	13,2	24,1	18,8	4,6	1,8	2,7
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	44,4	71,7	171,7	135,9	97,7	66,8	30,9
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	68,9	164,9	245,7	237,3	118,0	29,9	88,1
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	76,9	829,5	281,8	79,7	307,2	41,5	265,7
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	128,8	397,8	499,9	325,6	157,4	29,1	128,3
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	199,4	127,6	230,2	257,0	146,3	33,6	112,7
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	136,7	434,6	643,9	676,1	346,0	100,2	245,9
manufacture of machinery and equipment	113,7	327,8	781,6	356,3	266,4	99,2	167,3
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	159,8	358,9	658,2	667,9	408,9	80,4	328,5
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	11,4	39,0	55,6	128,0	39,5	6,3	33,2
other manufacturing	56,5	208,6	227,1	187,9	159,4	28,3	131,1
electricity, gas and water supply	3,6	16,4	16,7	-1,9	18,1	6,4	11,7
construction	536,8	688,7	1 915,1	3 410,8	2 009,9	413,6	1 596,3
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	1 488,3	3 995,1	9 819,3	6 883,0	5 599,2	1 042,6	4 556,6
hotels and restaurants	12,9	37,4	127,5	97,9	-23,0	42,1	-65,1
transport and communications	243,7	667,7	1 017,7	884,6	588,4	222,7	365,7
financial activities	52,3	315,1	389,6	486,5	1 524,3	185,5	1 338,8
real estate, renting and business services	721,9	1 841,6	3 702,5	4 128,0	2 002,0	1 012,9	989,1
education	7,9	8,0	20,6	36,6	61,4	21,7	39,7
health and social work	3,2	-25,7	39,9	84,5	105,0	40,4	64,5
community, social and personal services	42,8	46,0	225,7	398,9	271,9	93,6	178,2

14.13. Profitability of sales by economic activity

(percent)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	5,3	9,5	8,3	6,9	6,3	6,9	6,1
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	9,6	17,5	15,8	12,3	13,3	16,4	12,1
fishing and fish farming	-14,8	9,1	11,6	-0,3	-5,0	6,0	-8,6
mining and quarrying	11,1	13,7	15,0	10,5	14,3	16,6	14,0
manufacturing	7,7	14,6	11,4	8,5	6,8	8,4	6,6
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	6,3	11,6	10,3	8,9	6,2	9,6	6,0
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	6,4	14,2	11,0	8,1	5,8	6,7	5,6
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	8,2	14,6	9,7	6,9	6,1	10,6	5,6
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	6,4	12,8	7,6	6,4	6,0	10,7	4,7
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	8,4	13,7	10,4	9,0	7,0	6,0	7,3
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	6,4	18,6	17,2	8,6	11,6	9,8	11,8
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	7,7	15,3	8,9	6,4	5,0	4,7	5,0
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	9,5	11,4	8,6	8,2	6,2	6,9	6,1
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	7,7	14,0	9,7	8,8	6,8	8,7	6,4
manufacture of machinery and equipment	9,6	16,7	16,0	7,9	6,9	12,8	5,8
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	8,9	14,6	12,4	10,6	7,9	9,7	7,7
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	6,6	13,5	8,1	11,9	6,4	8,2	6,3
other manufacturing	7,1	13,3	9,1	7,3	7,5	6,4	7,7
electricity, gas and water supply	12,7	8,1	9,7	7,9	14,5	19,6	11,8
construction	9,8	8,8	11,0	12,4	9,1	16,0	8,3
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	3,5	7,5	6,2	4,3	4,4	4,1	4,5
hotels and restaurants	2,1	4,8	5,6	5,2	3,2	5,4	2,7
transport and communications	8,8	11,7	9,7	8,1	6,9	7,9	6,7
financial activities	1,4	8,0	11,0	23,6	19,4	16,8	22,0
real estate, renting and business services	18,7	21,8	21,3	20,4	17,3	22,8	15,3
education	6,4	7,3	8,4	8,7	12,9	10,4	14,6
health and social work	2,0	4,2	6,1	9,6	9,9	12,8	8,9
community, social and personal services	9,2	10,7	10,3	11,7	11,6	9,5	12,2

14.14. Share of loss-making entities by economic activity

(percent of total entities that reported financial results)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Of which	
						micro entities	small entities
Total	21,0	20,3	18,6	20,6	22,0	19,7	25,2
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	7,7	7,4	9,2	10,5	10,3	10,1	12,0
fishing and fish farming	17,7	6,7	15,3	16,6	19,8	18,5	42,9
mining and quarrying	22,7	22,2	18,5	32,4	24,1	14,3	33,3
manufacturing	18,3	16,2	17,6	21,3	25,3	22,2	28,4
of which:							
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	25,9	24,1	25,0	31,1	27,7	25,2	28,9
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	18,1	15,7	16,2	20,8	25,4	22,8	26,9
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	20,7	11,8	11,3	18,6	19,3	19,5	19,1
processing of wood; manufacture of products of wood	20,3	15,8	20,3	22,1	21,8	20,7	23,5
manufacture of pulp and paper. Publishing	16,3	16,9	15,6	19,8	24,4	23,2	25,8
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	20,4	14,5	21,4	29,1	26,0	24,2	27,7
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	14,9	13,9	13,7	19,5	26,1	22,3	29,8
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	19,6	15,8	18,3	18,9	25,9	22,8	30,5
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	17,7	15,5	18,3	21,2	25,5	21,2	30,0
manufacture of machinery and equipment	15,9	16,9	15,1	20,3	24,8	19,7	30,8
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	14,7	15,9	13,2	17,0	24,5	18,5	30,6
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	16,4	26,0	37,9	32,4	33,3	33,3	33,3
other manufacturing	20,7	16,2	19,1	21,6	27,5	25,0	30,9
electricity, gas and water supply	20,7	27,5	28,2	42,3	38,2	43,5	27,3
construction	18,6	20,9	16,4	15,4	20,5	17,9	21,7
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	23,5	22,4	20,0	22,7	24,0	22,0	27,2
hotels and restaurants	27,1	25,5	21,8	23,6	28,2	21,7	35,3
transport and communications	17,3	17,9	16,8	18,9	23,8	21,0	28,6
financial activities	24,8	24,5	19,3	19,1	19,1	20,8	10,8
real estate, renting and business services	20,6	20,1	19,6	21,1	20,1	20,5	19,4
education	19,9	23,0	25,8	19,9	16,9	17,0	16,7
health and social work	22,4	16,3	13,6	12,6	11,8	10,9	13,9
community, social and personal services	24,4	26,8	20,2	19,6	18,9	18,3	20,1

Sole proprietorships¹⁾

14.15. Sole proprietorships by economic activity

(as of January 1; persons)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	
				total	percent of total
Total	219 285	232 851	248 546	248 952	100
of which:					
agriculture, hunting and forestry	1 077	1 230	1 392	1 556	0,6
fishing and fish farming	80	85	74	87	0,0
industry	9 633	10 409	11 258	12 118	4,9
construction	17 182	18 336	21 522	23 749	9,5
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	118 830	119 926	118 265	108 571	43,6
hotels and restaurants	1 913	2 283	2 926	3 547	1,4
transport and communications	27 896	31 888	35 957	34 026	13,7
financial activities	182	222	279	250	0,1
real estate, renting and business services	30 570	35 892	43 072	49 766	20,0
education	1 642	1 830	2 139	2 676	1,1
health and social work	594	604	639	667	0,3
community, social and personal services	9 686	10 146	11 023	11 932	4,8

14.16. Payments received from sole proprietorships to the budget by economic activity

(BYR billion)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	
				total	percent of total
Total	1 217,2	2 254,8	3 109,5	3 751,1	100
of which:					
agriculture, hunting and forestry	2,5	6,0	9,3	11,2	0,3
fishing and fish farming	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,0
industry	38,7	76,0	98,6	122,9	3,3
construction	34,4	70,1	111,4	150,2	4,0
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	784,7	1 412,4	1 946,4	2 267,3	60,5
hotels and restaurants	6,0	13,1	24,9	38,5	1,0
transport and communications	96,1	187,0	239,0	266,0	7,1
financial activities	1,0	2,0	2,6	2,5	0,1
real estate, renting and business services	181,0	424,2	607,1	809,4	21,6
education	1,8	3,3	4,9	6,6	0,2
health and social work	1,6	2,6	4,1	4,8	0,1
community, social and personal services	22,9	36,4	50,4	66,8	1,8

¹⁾ Data of the Ministry of Taxes and Duties of the Republic of Belarus.

14.17. Main indicators of trade activities of sole proprietorships

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Shops (end of year), entities	6 012	7 158	7 420	7 813	9 434
food	923	956	894	787	480
non-food	4 884	6 014	6 327	6 843	8 954
mixed	205	188	199	183	–
Sales area of shops, thous. m ²	196,8	231,2	247,5	271,5	334,9
Average sales area per shop, m ²	32,7	32,3	33,4	34,7	35,5
Internet shops (end of year), entities	452	552	794	980	1 460
Trade places and trade outlets allotted to sole proprietorships for trade at markets and shopping centers, thous. units	66,3	62,9	63,1	61,8	60,6
Retail turnover, BYR bn	19 127,4	25 540,0	40 203,4	53 425,2	61 321,5
Number of catering facilities (end of year), entities	86	86	86	79	115
Number of seats in catering facilities, units	1 121	1 290	1 281	1 302	1 949
Catering turnover, BYR bn	5,6	9,8	14,9	18,6	24,7

14.18. External trade in goods of sole proprietorships (USD million)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Volume of external trade in goods	222,2	587,9	567,3	700,8	597,1
exports	24,0	100,5	128,7	134,1	130,8
imports	198,2	487,4	438,6	566,7	466,3
balance	-174,2	-386,9	-309,9	-432,6	-335,5
of which with:					
CIS countries	100,4	158,1	144,4	221,8	265,0
exports	19,6	81,6	41,1	56,9	47,7
imports	80,8	76,5	103,3	164,9	217,3
balance	-61,2	5,1	-62,2	-108,0	-169,6
non-CIS countries	121,8	429,8	422,9	479,0	332,1
exports	4,4	18,9	87,6	77,2	83,1
imports	117,4	410,9	335,3	401,8	249,0
balance	-113,0	-392,0	-247,7	-324,6	-165,9

15. INDUSTRY

This section contains data characterizing changes in the industrial output as a whole and by economic activity, production of key industrial products, technical level of the industry, and changes in manufacturing costs.

The number of enterprises comprises legal units, including micro- and small entities, and separate subdivisions having an independent balance, whose primary activity is production of industrial products (works, services), and which are engaged in production of industrial products (works, services) in the corresponding year.

Volume of industrial production is defined as total production of finished goods and semi-finished goods, works performed and services provided, which are classified according to All-State classification of economic activities in mining and quarrying, manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply.

Data on the volume of industrial production are given at actual selling prices of the corresponding year excluding taxes and payments from proceeds, including raw (unpaid) materials supplied by customer. Raw materials supplied by customer are defined as raw materials owned by a client and transferred for processing to other organizations to produce goods under contracts concluded.

Volume of industrial production is measured excluding the value of intrafactory turnover. Intrafactory turnover is defined as a part of finished and semi-finished goods consumed by an enterprise for own industrial and production needs, and the value of which is then included in the net cost of final industrial products.

Data on the volume of industrial production in the industry as a whole and by selected economic activity is measured as a sum of data in value terms related to the volume of industrial production of legal entities (including micro- and small entities) and their independent subdivisions, irrespective of their ownership type, engaged in production of products (works, services) in mining and quarrying, manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply.

Since 2013 the data on the volume of industrial production as a whole and by economic activity comprises the volumes of production of sole proprietorships and of households.

Index of industrial production is a ratio characterising changes in the volume of products produced over periods compared. There are individual and aggregate indices of industrial production. Individual indices reflect changes in the output of a particular product and are calculated as the ratio of outputs of the product in physical terms in the periods chosen for comparison. The aggregate indices of industrial production are used to measure total changes in the volume of production including several products.

Since 2006, indices of industrial production are calculated on the basis of the changes in production for the determined set of representative goods and are based on the calculation of individual indices of production of specific industrial products, with further aggregation of individual indices into indices by economic activity and whole-industry indices. Average annual prices of the base year are used for the calculations of the indices of industrial production. The structure of gross value added by economic activity for the base year is used as weights for aggregation. The chain index is used for the composition of time series.

Manufacture of industrial products in physical terms is measured, as a rule, by recording the gross output of products, i.e. including products used for own industrial and production needs. Production volume comprises production manufactured both from own raw materials and raw materials supplied by customer.

Production capacity is defined as the highest possible output of listed and assorted products (per year, day, shift) or the output of raw materials produced or processed. It is measured based on full use of production equipment and production facilities.

The percentage of use of production capacity is a ratio characterizing the extent of use of the production capacity to produce particular types of products. It is calculated by relating the actual output to the average annual capacity for the output of these products in the reference period.

Financial results of industrial organizations for 2000, 2008-2013 are given including the data on micro entities produced on the basis of exhaustive statistical survey of micro entities, data for 2014 are based on the results of the sample statistical survey of micro entities.

Profitability of sales is defined as the ratio of profit from sales of products, goods, works and services to the proceeds from sales of products, goods, works and services. When the financial result from sales of products, goods, works and services is negative, unprofitability takes place.

Commissioning rate of new fixed assets is calculated as the ratio of the value of new fixed assets commissioned within a year to the original cost of fixed assets at the end of year net of the revaluation at the end of year.

Liquidation rate of fixed assets is calculated as the ratio of the value of fixed assets liquidated (deactivated) within a year to the original cost of fixed assets at the beginning of the year.

The share of accumulated depreciation in the original cost of fixed assets is the ratio of depreciation accumulated during the whole working life of fixed assets in the organization to the original cost at the end of year.

Detailed statistical information on industrial production in the country is represented in the publication of Belstat "Industry of the Republic of Belarus."

15.1. General economic indicators

15.1.1. Main indicators of industry

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	8 484	12 671	11 208	11 946	12 479	13 055	13 615	13 696
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	64 502	132 732	129 374	166 953	347 655	615 862	605 635	673 850
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)								
2000 = 100	149,1	200,5	194,3	217,0	236,7	250,4	238,1	242,9
2005 = 100	100	134,5	130,3	145,5	158,7	167,9	159,7	162,9
2010 = 100				100	109,1	115,4	109,7	111,9
previous year = 100	110,0	111,3	96,9	111,7	109,1	105,8	95,1	102,0
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	1 101,2	1 123,3	1 087,9	1 075,1	1 073,8	1 059,1	1 036,9	989,0
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	492,9	960,9	1 051,2	1 315,0	2 093,4	4 056,5	5 483,2	6 372,5
as percent of nominal average monthly wages and salaries by total economy	106,3	110,7	107,1	108,0	110,2	110,3	108,3	105,3
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	6 898	14 482	9 788	13 356	51 127	76 923	53 391	56 935
Profitability of sales, percent	10,8	10,6	6,9	6,9	12,7	11,3	7,5	7,6

15.1.2. Volume of industrial production by economic activity

(BYR billion)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	11 016	64 502	132 732	129 374	166 953	347 655	615 862	605 635	673 850
of which:									
mining and quarrying	148	1 614	2 050	2 532	1 396	5 100	8 644	9 755	9 865
manufacturing	9 474	56 562	120 466	114 763	149 551	316 232	563 589	546 739	605 039
of which:									
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	2 171	11 372	22 189	26 297	33 558	61 344	113 705	135 768	159 763
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	776	2 604	4 422	4 458	5 689	10 641	17 931	19 595	20 358
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	192	562	883	996	1 311	2 868	4 503	4 910	5 364
manufacture of wood and products of wood	189	1 240	2 204	2 040	2 479	4 588	7 915	10 455	13 250
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	186	1 236	2 294	2 365	3 097	5 646	8 918	9 564	10 124
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	1 615	12 258	26 800	23 590	29 290	73 557	126 555	95 820	109 575
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	1 040	5 672	13 153	10 933	14 999	39 913	72 897	46 529	66 523
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	248	1 590	4 163	4 172	5 911	12 545	22 622	24 466	23 369
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	384	2 563	6 525	6 761	8 725	14 699	27 205	33 415	37 426
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	527	3 822	9 575	8 144	11 596	23 830	40 731	40 871	43 176
manufacture of machinery and equipment	986	6 050	12 217	12 113	15 253	27 398	57 585	58 804	50 956
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	380	2 429	4 817	4 616	6 396	12 285	21 661	23 695	23 624
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	498	3 802	8 084	5 349	7 452	18 974	27 449	27 086	23 860
other manufacturing	283	1 362	3 141	2 927	3 794	7 945	13 912	15 762	17 669
electricity, gas and water supply	1 394	6 327	10 216	12 079	16 006	26 324	43 629	49 141	58 947
of which:									
electricity, gas, steam and hot water supply	1 327	5 864	9 528	11 291	15 066	24 946	41 012	45 903	55 225
collection, purification and distribution of water	67	463	687	788	940	1 378	2 617	3 238	3 722

15.1.3. Structure of industrial production volume by economic activity

(percent of total)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:									
mining and quarrying	1,3	2,5	1,5	2,0	0,8	1,5	1,4	1,6	1,5
manufacturing	86,0	87,7	90,8	88,7	89,6	91,0	91,5	90,3	89,8
of which:									
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	19,7	17,6	16,7	20,3	20,1	17,6	18,5	22,4	23,7
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	7,0	4,0	3,3	3,4	3,4	3,1	2,9	3,2	3,0
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	1,7	0,9	0,7	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,7	0,8	0,8
manufacture of wood and products of wood	1,7	1,9	1,7	1,6	1,5	1,3	1,3	1,7	2,0
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	1,7	1,9	1,7	1,8	1,9	1,6	1,4	1,6	1,5
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	14,7	19,0	20,2	18,2	17,5	21,2	20,5	15,8	16,3
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	9,4	8,8	9,9	8,5	9,0	11,5	11,8	7,7	9,9
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	2,3	2,5	3,1	3,2	3,5	3,6	3,7	4,0	3,5
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	3,5	4,0	4,9	5,2	5,2	4,2	4,4	5,5	5,6
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	4,8	5,9	7,2	6,3	7,0	6,9	6,6	6,7	6,4
manufacture of machinery and equipment	8,9	9,4	9,2	9,4	9,1	7,9	9,4	9,7	7,6
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	3,5	3,8	3,6	3,6	3,8	3,5	3,5	3,9	3,5
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	4,5	5,9	6,1	4,1	4,5	5,5	4,5	4,5	3,5
other manufacturing	2,6	2,1	2,4	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,6	2,6
electricity, gas and water supply	12,7	9,8	7,7	9,3	9,6	7,6	7,1	8,1	8,7

15.1.4. Indices of industrial production by economic activity

(at constant prices; percent of previous year)

Years	Industry-total	Of which			Out of manufacturing by economic activity		
		mining and quarrying	manufacturing	electricity, gas and water supply	manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	manufacture of textiles and textile articles	manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear
2000	107,5	95,7	108,7	98,0	104,1	103,8	110,1
2001	105,9	100,2	106,7	101,1	106,2	99,6	111,5
2002	104,0	104,1	104,6	100,1	103,8	97,0	101,4
2003	106,7	105,5	107,5	102,1	104,8	106,4	101,7
2004	115,3	106,0	116,5	108,2	113,2	110,5	112,6
2005	110,0	106,5	111,6	98,9	113,0	106,6	104,1
2006	111,2	103,1	112,5	101,6	109,5	104,0	103,3
2007	108,6	101,6	110,0	97,7	103,1	104,8	99,1
2008	111,3	101,1	112,2	104,0	111,1	104,6	100,5
2009	96,9	103,1	97,3	90,6	104,9	90,3	95,4
2010	111,7	109,8	111,5	114,5	110,7	113,5	112,8
2011	109,1	103,1	110,8	93,3	108,7	106,8	106,8
2012	105,8	98,3	106,5	100,1	104,5	101,4	101,9
2013	95,1	99,5	94,6	100,8	101,7	97,3	99,1
2014	102,0	142,0	100,5	102,8	98,5	97,6	91,3

Years	Out of manufacturing by economic activity						
	manufacture of wood and products of wood	manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	manufacture of rubber and plastics products	manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products
2000	102,6	113,8	115,9	101,6	108,9	100,5	113,0
2001	105,4	108,7	104,9	105,0	105,3	106,5	109,2
2002	108,8	102,4	112,3	100,5	100,2	105,5	107,6
2003	119,9	110,6	107,4	103,5	116,2	112,7	109,6
2004	117,3	113,9	120,2	106,6	121,6	113,7	117,5
2005	107,1	116,1	109,4	105,3	123,2	111,3	111,6
2006	101,6	104,0	129,0	104,1	116,9	118,7	115,4
2007	110,1	107,0	101,4	109,0	122,8	111,0	112,8
2008	107,2	107,8	115,9	114,5	120,6	115,7	114,4
2009	86,4	93,2	107,8	118,5	94,0	94,4	90,5
2010	112,2	116,8	88,7	130,5	123,3	112,4	122,2
2011	108,2	109,8	118,1	103,2	105,0	100,6	105,5
2012	98,9	98,4	109,0	119,9	108,9	97,3	105,0
2013	108,7	92,3	79,1	82,2	101,6	103,6	94,2
2014	106,1	110,3	108,6	125,5	87,2	96,6	101,3

Years	Out of manufacturing by economic activity			
	manufacture of machinery and equipment	manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	other manufacturing
2000	113,5	119,0	116,8	106,1
2001	110,3	117,5	109,0	110,1
2002	104,7	108,6	104,1	106,4
2003	106,3	111,8	109,4	107,8
2004	119,3	127,2	127,9	117,3
2005	119,3	109,3	113,0	109,4
2006	111,1	115,4	116,4	112,0
2007	117,0	107,2	113,3	115,4
2008	115,1	114,0	109,6	123,1
2009	88,1	77,9	57,2	86,6
2010	116,7	127,0	119,4	114,6
2011	112,3	112,7	133,1	108,9
2012	101,3	108,2	115,6	101,2
2013	97,3	105,6	94,7	102,1
2014	80,4	91,0	79,1	101,9

**15.1.5. Number of industrial organizations and production volume
by economic activity and ownership type**
(percent of total)

	Number of industrial organizations				Volume of industrial production			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Industry	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	5,6	4,9	4,1	3,3	20,6	16,2	17,1	13,0
republican	2,3	1,9	1,5	1,0	17,4	13,4	13,7	9,8
community	3,3	3,0	2,6	2,3	3,1	2,8	3,4	3,2
private	91,0	91,7	92,6	93,4	76,9	79,9	80,1	84,0
with share of state	6,1	5,8	5,8	5,5	53,3	55,0	56,5	58,9
foreign	3,4	3,4	3,3	3,3	2,5	3,9	2,8	3,0
Mining and quarrying	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	15,9	13,0	14,0	15,7	76,6	76,6	75,8	76,9
republican	6,8	4,3	4,0	3,9	74,2	74,0	72,6	72,9
community	9,1	8,7	10,0	11,8	2,4	2,6	3,3	4,0
private	84,1	87,0	84,0	82,4	23,4	23,5	24,1	23,1
with share of state	54,5	52,2	46,0	43,1	22,8	22,3	22,7	21,6
foreign	–	–	2,0	2,0	–	–	0,1	0,0
Manufacturing	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	4,2	3,5	2,7	2,0	13,3	9,1	8,9	3,8
republican	2,2	1,8	1,4	0,9	11,4	7,7	7,2	2,4
community	2,0	1,7	1,4	1,1	1,9	1,4	1,7	1,4
private	92,4	93,0	93,9	94,6	83,9	86,7	88,1	92,9
with share of state	6,0	5,7	5,7	5,4	58,0	59,5	62,0	65,0
foreign	3,4	3,5	3,4	3,4	2,8	4,2	3,1	3,3
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	11,8	10,3	6,2	2,4	10,2	8,7	6,1	3,3
republican	8,2	7,7	4,3	0,4	4,7	5,0	2,8	0,7
community	3,6	2,6	1,9	2,0	5,5	3,7	3,3	2,6
private	83,5	84,1	87,9	91,9	86,7	88,3	90,8	93,2
with share of state	18,7	20,4	23,0	26,5	60,3	64,3	63,5	66,3
foreign	4,7	5,6	5,9	5,7	3,1	2,9	3,1	3,5
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	4,7	4,0	3,5	3,3	8,1	6,3	6,4	6,1
republican	1,1	0,9	0,8	0,8	7,0	5,1	4,9	4,6
community	3,6	3,1	2,7	2,5	1,1	1,3	1,5	1,5
private	91,5	92,7	93,2	93,2	88,5	91,0	91,0	89,9
with share of state	7,0	6,0	6,2	5,8	45,7	47,1	46,5	44,4
foreign	3,7	3,3	3,3	3,5	3,4	2,6	2,6	4,0
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	2,6	0,8	0,8	1,5	2,2	2,2	2,6	2,4
republican	2,6	0,8	0,8	0,7	2,1	2,1	2,5	2,3
community	–	–	–	0,7	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,1
private	91,4	93,9	93,9	91,8	94,5	94,6	94,4	93,3
with share of state	10,3	10,7	9,8	9,0	34,4	36,7	33,9	35,0
foreign	6,0	5,3	5,3	6,7	3,4	3,2	2,9	4,3

	Number of industrial organizations				Volume of industrial production			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
manufacture of wood and products of wood	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	1,7	1,2	1,1	0,8	17,3	17,6	16,0	15,3
republican	0,9	0,5	0,6	0,6	14,4	14,9	13,3	13,5
community	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,2	2,9	2,7	2,7	1,8
private	94,2	94,5	94,0	94,6	76,6	75,9	70,9	66,0
with share of state	2,1	2,3	2,2	2,1	26,2	26,2	25,4	21,3
foreign	4,2	4,2	4,9	4,6	6,1	6,5	13,2	18,7
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	12,3	11,6	10,2	8,4	19,7	20,7	23,4	24,1
republican	4,5	4,4	4,0	3,4	16,4	17,4	19,7	20,2
community	7,7	7,2	6,3	5,0	3,3	3,4	3,8	3,9
private	85,4	86,2	87,5	89,3	71,8	72,3	69,4	69,9
with share of state	2,0	2,1	2,0	1,8	19,3	20,8	20,7	19,3
foreign	2,3	2,2	2,3	2,3	8,5	7,0	7,2	6,0
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	8,7	–	–	–	2,4	4,0	3,4	2,9
republican	4,4	–	–	–	2,3	4,0	3,4	2,9
community	4,4	–	–	–	0,0	–	–	–
private	82,6	91,3	91,7	91,3	97,3	90,4	96,5	97,0
with share of state	13,0	13,0	16,7	17,4	83,9	76,5	96,0	96,4
foreign	8,7	8,7	8,3	8,7	0,3	5,6	0,1	0,1
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	2,9	2,2	2,2	2,5	2,9	1,8	3,2	2,6
republican	2,1	1,7	1,7	2,0	2,9	1,8	3,1	2,5
community	0,8	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
private	90,5	90,9	91,7	91,6	93,5	92,4	95,0	95,9
with share of state	4,8	5,0	4,7	4,9	67,8	62,4	79,3	83,0
foreign	6,6	7,0	6,1	5,9	3,6	5,8	1,8	1,5
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	0,8	0,6	0,4	0,3	0,7	0,5	0,6	0,6
republican	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,3
community	0,5	0,5	0,3	0,1	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3
private	94,6	95,0	95,7	96,4	88,0	88,5	87,1	86,1
with share of state	1,8	1,2	1,3	1,2	46,9	48,5	43,8	34,1
foreign	4,7	4,3	3,9	3,3	11,3	11,0	12,3	13,3
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	3,7	2,8	2,1	1,7	20,2	9,2	9,4	8,3
republican	1,1	0,6	0,4	0,3	11,1	1,5	1,3	1,5
community	2,7	2,1	1,7	1,4	9,1	7,7	8,1	6,8
private	93,5	94,3	95,3	95,7	78,1	87,9	86,4	88,9
with share of state	9,0	9,6	9,0	9,0	58,5	69,9	67,9	62,2
foreign	2,8	2,9	2,6	2,6	1,7	2,8	4,3	2,8

	Number of industrial organizations				Volume of industrial production			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	2,0	1,5	1,1	1,0	48,5	6,0	6,0	2,5
republican	1,4	0,8	0,7	0,6	47,1	4,8	4,8	1,6
community	0,7	0,8	0,4	0,4	1,3	1,2	1,1	0,9
private	95,7	96,0	97,1	97,0	48,7	90,9	91,0	94,8
with share of state	4,6	4,1	3,8	3,1	17,9	54,1	47,8	48,6
foreign	2,3	2,5	1,8	2,0	2,8	3,1	3,0	2,7
manufacture of machinery and equipment	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	4,8	4,7	3,3	1,7	43,0	37,8	35,0	1,0
republican	3,9	3,9	2,5	1,0	42,1	37,3	34,6	0,6
community	0,9	0,8	0,7	0,7	0,8	0,5	0,5	0,4
private	91,5	91,6	93,8	95,3	55,6	61,0	63,8	97,9
with share of state	11,6	9,8	10,2	8,3	34,5	40,5	42,9	63,2
foreign	3,7	3,7	3,0	3,0	1,4	1,1	1,2	1,1
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	2,7	2,0	1,7	1,3	10,7	10,6	9,5	2,7
republican	2,2	1,7	1,5	1,1	10,4	10,4	9,3	2,5
community	0,5	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2
private	94,0	94,7	94,5	95,0	84,5	84,9	86,0	91,4
with share of state	5,1	5,1	5,2	3,9	35,5	35,1	36,6	36,1
foreign	3,3	3,3	3,8	3,7	4,8	4,5	4,5	5,9
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	5,2	3,9	2,8	2,7	2,7	3,1	3,7	3,7
republican	5,2	3,9	2,8	2,7	2,7	3,1	3,7	3,7
community	–	–	–	–	0,0	–	–	0,0
private	90,4	89,8	93,1	92,5	96,6	96,0	95,3	94,9
with share of state	22,6	20,5	16,7	15,1	83,5	79,2	73,3	68,7
foreign	4,4	6,3	4,2	4,8	0,7	0,9	1,0	1,4
other manufacturing	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	1,6	1,1	1,0	0,6	23,7	4,3	4,0	3,0
republican	1,0	0,4	0,5	0,3	22,4	2,8	2,4	1,5
community	0,6	0,7	0,5	0,3	1,3	1,4	1,6	1,5
private	96,8	97,1	97,1	97,1	68,8	88,3	87,5	86,9
with share of state	1,6	1,5	1,3	1,2	12,7	9,8	9,0	8,5
foreign	1,7	1,8	1,9	2,3	7,5	7,4	8,5	10,1
Electricity, gas and water supply	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state	90,0	90,7	88,3	87,2	96,6	96,6	96,6	97,1
republican	8,6	8,8	9,3	8,8	78,1	75,8	74,4	76,3
community	81,3	82,0	79,0	78,4	18,6	20,8	22,2	20,8
private	10,1	8,8	10,7	11,3	3,3	3,3	3,3	2,8
with share of state	1,4	1,0	1,0	2,0	2,7	2,7	2,4	2,0
foreign	–	0,5	1,0	1,5	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1

**15.1.6. Structure of production costs of products (works, services)
in industrial organizations by economic activity in 2014¹⁾**
(at current prices; percent of total)

	Production costs of products (works, services)	Of which				
		material costs	labour costs	social contributions	depreciation of fixed assets and intangible assets	other costs
Industry – total	100	72,5	13,0	4,5	5,8	4,2
of which:						
mining and quarrying	100	61,2	9,5	3,3	15,7	10,3
manufacturing	100	74,5	12,7	4,3	4,7	3,8
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	100	80,3	8,9	3,0	4,0	3,8
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	100	53,3	27,0	9,1	4,5	6,1
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	100	63,5	21,7	7,3	2,1	5,4
manufacture of wood and products of wood	100	65,1	17,9	5,9	6,8	4,3
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	100	63,4	19,8	6,6	4,2	6,0
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	100	69,2	16,9	5,6	4,0	4,3
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	100	68,5	13,6	4,9	9,4	3,6
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	100	73,5	13,2	4,6	4,3	4,4
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	100	66,0	16,7	5,7	7,6	4,0
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	100	77,0	12,0	4,1	3,3	3,6
manufacture of machinery and equipment	100	64,2	19,6	6,6	4,7	4,9
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	100	60,1	22,6	7,4	4,5	5,4
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	100	69,9	16,7	5,7	3,6	4,1
other manufacturing	100	67,1	17,5	5,9	4,7	4,8
electricity, gas and water supply	100	61,6	16,0	5,4	11,0	6,0

¹⁾ Data exclude small and micro- entities with no departmental affiliation.

15.1.7. Fixed assets of industrial organizations¹⁾

(beginning of year; at original value, BYR billion)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Industry – total	153 592,5	183 462,6	386 283,6	535 477,0	651 513,8	751 118,3
of which:						
mining and quarrying	7 859,0	9 412,5	19 829,1	28 856,0	36 402,6	40 140,1
manufacturing	101 241,8	119 401,6	245 208,2	342 739,7	418 942,0	476 074,8
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	15 437,8	19 239,9	43 451,4	59 982,6	77 126,1	87 524,6
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	6 267,6	7 256,3	10 971,9	14 728,7	17 366,0	18 563,7
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	685,5	778,1	1 301,4	2 200,3	2 587,1	2 987,9
manufacture of wood and products of wood	2 316,3	2 629,7	5 710,7	6 898,4	9 396,7	14 726,1
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	1 962,2	2 283,0	4 541,5	8 335,8	9 339,4	9 899,5
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	9 253,7	11 232,4	24 939,7	36 258,4	42 758,4	46 627,2
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	18 552,9	21 775,3	45 434,4	64 034,3	77 590,2	84 529,9
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	3 355,4	3 544,6	7 817,3	9 194,3	11 533,7	13 832,5
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	7 557,8	9 599,0	20 551,7	33 019,6	40 307,6	50 496,5
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	6 887,0	8 280,6	18 292,0	23 699,9	29 417,2	32 372,4
manufacture of machinery and equipment	13 594,3	14 987,9	28 127,1	42 209,0	48 728,9	54 435,2
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	5 852,6	6 677,1	11 955,7	15 509,5	18 090,2	20 154,2
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	7 572,3	8 626,1	16 336,2	18 380,2	22 668,3	24 379,7
other manufacturing	1 946,4	2 491,7	5 777,2	8 288,9	12 032,2	15 545,4
electricity, gas and water supply	44 491,7	54 648,4	121 246,3	163 881,2	196 169,1	234 903,3

¹⁾ Data exclude micro- and small entities with no departmental affiliation.

15.1.8. Share of accumulated depreciation in the original cost of fixed assets of industrial organizations¹⁾

(beginning of year; percent)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Industry – total	51,6	49,2	42,9	41,3	41,6	40,9
of which:						
mining and quarrying	52,7	51,4	44,1	43,0	43,7	46,0
manufacturing	53,3	50,4	43,3	41,6	41,6	41,1
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	40,9	39,9	36,9	37,7	38,2	39,0
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	51,1	48,3	44,2	43,2	43,8	42,5
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	60,3	58,0	51,7	43,2	42,1	40,5
manufacture of wood and products of wood	38,1	34,0	26,6	30,7	27,9	20,4
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	55,3	52,0	43,2	32,4	32,2	32,1
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	58,3	56,5	52,4	50,7	52,4	55,2
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	60,1	56,0	46,3	44,1	43,9	45,3
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	51,1	51,0	43,8	42,8	42,4	40,7
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	48,8	43,0	36,7	31,2	31,4	27,7
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	46,2	42,5	39,4	38,5	39,7	38,7
manufacture of machinery and equipment	60,6	59,1	49,0	47,6	48,2	48,3
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	58,2	56,0	48,0	45,9	45,7	45,6
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	57,5	54,7	45,6	43,3	41,7	41,9
other manufacturing	45,9	44,5	33,6	33,6	30,1	27,7
electricity, gas and water supply	47,5	46,4	42,0	40,4	41,4	39,7

¹⁾ Data exclude micro- and small entities with no departmental affiliation.

**15.1.9. Average annual production capacity utilization
by selected industrial product**
(percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Meat	40	57	64	72	74	71	70	76	74
Sausages	53	73	70	69	71	83	82	83	79
Whole milk dairy products in milk equivalent	54	62	70	69	72	74	77	73	73
Butter	48	63	74	81	72	74	77	70	72
Carpet and carpet articles	78	65	77	73	80	88	80	83	86
Hosiery	72	69	74	75	67	65	64	58	60
Knitwear	55	60	63	65	77	78	80	77	71
Footwear, excluding felted, rubber and of polymeric materials	55	45	62	60	68	70	69	64	61
Chipboards	58	78	83	71	85	93	90	75	86
Mineral or chemical fertilizers (in term of 100% content of nutrients)	81	99	99	56	99	98	80	72	99
Chemical fibres	70	73	83	78	90	89	90	77	75
Cement, except cement clinkers	74	100	96	93	96	96	81	67	66
Rolled products finished	100	100	100	98	100	99,9	100	90	100
Ball and roller bearings	45	29	27	13	14	18	25	28	13
Tractors for agriculture and forestry	45	84	97	76	71	92	88	75	62
Metal processing machines	59	62	77	58	72	75	72 ¹⁾	72 ¹⁾	61 ¹⁾
Household refrigerators and freezers	99,7	99,5	99,6	99,6	99,6	99,6	99,6	99,6	99,5
Household washing machines	62	53	87	86	88	90	99	99	99
TV sets	37	56	51	33	40	32	51	33	22
Trucks	55	87	85	37	43	73	83 ²⁾	58 ²⁾	40 ²⁾
Motorcycles and sidecars	37	15	24	7	32	78	93	76	50

¹⁾ Including forging and pressing machines.

²⁾ Excluding dump trucks.

15.1.10. Hires and terminations in industry¹⁾

(thousand persons)

	Hires during a year			Terminations during a year			Ratio of hires to terminations, percent		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Industry - total	219,5	208,4	177,8	239,5	241,0	229,1	91,7	86,5	77,6
of which:									
mining and quarrying	2,4	3,1	2,8	2,7	3,7	3,6	89,4	85,1	75,6
manufacturing	183,5	173,6	145,2	201,1	205,4	195,1	91,3	84,5	74,4
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	47,1	46,5	39,5	46,9	45,3	41,9	100,4	102,6	94,3
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	16,6	15,2	14,1	20,8	20,3	20,6	79,6	74,9	68,1
manufacture of leather, products of leather, and footwear	3,6	3,7	3,2	4,5	4,0	4,0	78,5	92,4	78,5
processing of wood and manufacture of products of wood	7,4	7,2	6,3	8,9	8,3	7,2	83,8	86,8	87,1
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	4,2	4,0	3,5	5,1	5,3	4,9	83,9	76,5	70,9
manufacture of coke, petroleum products, and nuclear materials	1,6	1,3	1,2	1,6	1,6	2,1	101,8	81,5	55,4
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	6,8	6,3	5,7	8,3	10,4	8,2	82,2	61,3	70,2
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	5,7	5,2	4,3	5,8	6,1	6,6	97,9	84,3	64,9
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	14,6	13,6	10,5	15,9	15,2	14,0	92,1	89,3	74,8
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	10,9	10,5	10,3	10,4	12,6	13,7	104,3	83,3	75,4
manufacture of machinery and equipment	28,8	25,3	18,0	31,4	32,8	31,2	91,5	77,0	57,7
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	10,9	9,5	8,5	15,0	13,9	13,5	72,4	68,5	63,4
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	13,4	11,7	8,8	14,0	15,8	15,1	96,2	74,1	58,6
other manufacturing	11,9	13,6	11,3	12,5	13,8	12,1	95,2	98,3	93,6
electricity, gas and water supply	33,6	31,7	29,8	35,7	31,9	30,4	94,1	99,3	98,2

¹⁾ Data exclude micro- and small entities with no departmental affiliation.

15.1.11. Average payroll number of employees of industry

(thousand persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Industry - total	1 179,3	1 101,2	1 123,3	1 087,9	1 075,1	1 073,8	1 059,1	1 036,9	989,0
of which:									
mining and quarrying	24,7	22,8	21,2	21,2	15,7	16,1	15,9	16,2	15,2
manufacturing	1 028,0	950,9	985,0	949,7	942,6	943,8	930,4	909,2	862,4
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	169,8	156,5	148,9	149,4	151,8	151,7	150,9	150,5	149,9
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	109,6	100,1	114,4	107,1	104,2	102,5	100,3	94,9	87,2
manufacture of leather, products of leather, and footwear	19,9	18,0	17,2	16,8	17,1	17,3	17,1	16,5	15,9
processing of wood and manufacture of products of wood	46,5	42,8	56,5	50,3	48,6	47,9	46,5	44,5	42,4
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	28,8	27,7	32,9	32,1	32,4	32,2	31,2	30,0	27,8
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	11,7	10,4	9,6	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,6	10,9	10,7
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	61,9	56,7	56,1	56,7	63,2	63,5	61,6	60,7	56,9
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	33,3	30,0	41,9	41,2	41,4	42,9	42,9	42,8	40,4
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	81,0	74,2	73,6	71,9	72,0	70,7	66,8	65,5	62,7
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	80,8	75,1	81,9	72,0	72,1	76,8	77,8	77,0	74,9
manufacture of machinery and equipment	183,9	171,2	160,2	150,8	145,5	143,6	149,9	145,3	133,0
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	80,4	75,2	78,5	74,2	72,7	72,1	69,2	66,0	62,0
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	79,7	75,4	66,5	70,7	65,0	66,1	58,1	56,7	52,3
other manufacturing	40,7	37,6	46,8	46,5	46,6	46,5	47,5	47,9	46,3
electricity, gas and water supply	126,6	127,5	117,1	117,0	116,8	113,9	112,8	111,5	111,4

15.2. Mining and quarrying

15.2.1. Main indicators of "Mining and quarrying" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	43	44	44	46	50	51
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	2 532	1 396	5 100	8 644	9 755	9 865
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	135,6	148,9	153,5	150,9	150,1	213,1
2005 = 100	109,2	119,9	123,6	121,5	120,9	171,7
2010 = 100	x	100	103,1	101,3	100,8	143,1
previous year = 100	103,1	109,8	103,1	98,3	99,5	142,0
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	2,0	0,8	1,5	1,4	1,6	1,5
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	21,2	15,7	16,1	15,9	16,2	15,2
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	1,9	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,6	1,5
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	1 965,9	1 902,4	2 887,5	5 604,4	7 449,4	8 531,3
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	187,0	144,7	137,9	138,2	135,9	133,9
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	862	1 105	2 624	3 894	3 466	3 078
Profitability of sales, percent	16,5	15,1	14,4	11,5	12,4	9,8

15.2.2. Extraction of selected fossil fuels

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Production of primary energy resources in terms of conventional equivalent, mln t standard fuel	5,0	5,4	5,6	5,4	5,5	5,9	5,8	5,7	5,3
Fuel peat, thous. t	2 002	2 307	2 361	2 216	2 352	2 704	2 679	2 269	1 433
Crude oil, thous. t	1 851	1 785	1 740	1 720	1 700	1 681	1 660	1 645	1 645
Natural gas, mln m ³	257	228	203	205	213	222	218	228	222

15.2.3. Mining (production) of selected mineral resources excluding fossil fuels

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Limestone flour and dolomite powder for acid soils liming, thous. t	1 544	2 506	1 874	1 940	1 929	1 684	1 628	1 125	1 348
Chalk, thous. t	112,6	93,1	85,5	82,9	93,3	100,4	107,6	93,9	88,2
Sands for construction, thous. m ³	6 048	8 934	11 256	12 720	15 835	18 618	15 594	18 259	16 097

15.3. Manufacturing

15.3.1. Main indicators of "Manufacturing" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	10 956	11 695	12 226	12 804	13 360	13 441
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	114 763	149 551	316 232	563 589	546 739	605 039
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	210,6	234,8	260,2	277,1	262,1	263,4
2005 = 100	135,1	150,6	166,9	177,7	168,1	168,9
2010 = 100	x	100	110,8	118,0	111,6	112,2
previous year = 100	97,3	111,5	110,8	106,5	94,6	100,5
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	88,7	89,6	91,0	91,5	90,3	89,8
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	949,7	942,6	943,8	930,4	909,2	862,4
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	87,3	87,7	87,9	87,8	87,7	87,2
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	1 018,2	1 297,7	2 094,6	4 066,4	5 461,3	6 310,4
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	96,9	98,7	100,1	100,2	99,6	99,0
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	8 313	11 878	52 173	68 466	47 645	49 559
Profitability of sales, percent	7,5	8,0	16,4	12,6	8,4	8,4

Manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco

15.3.2. Main indicators of "Manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	805	815	807	805	807	807
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	26 297	33 558	61 344	113 705	135 768	159 763
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	194,3	215,1	233,8	244,3	248,5	244,8
2005 = 100	131,5	145,6	158,3	165,4	168,2	165,7
2010 = 100	x	100	108,7	113,6	115,5	113,8
previous year = 100	104,9	110,7	108,7	104,5	101,7	98,5
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	20,3	20,1	17,6	18,5	22,4	23,7
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	149,4	151,8	151,7	150,9	150,5	149,9
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	13,7	14,1	14,1	14,2	14,5	15,1
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	997,6	1 259,7	1 986,5	3 871,1	5 542,5	6 521,1
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	94,9	95,8	94,9	95,4	101,1	102,3
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	1 341	2 566	7 386	9 343	12 390	13 438
Profitability of sales, percent	4,8	7,3	11,8	8,1	8,5	8,0

15.3.3. Production of basic foodstuffs

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Meat and edible by-products, thous. t	347,6	470,0	619,9	699,2	745,5	830,4	906,8	998,5	947,0
of which:									
beef and veal	151,8	175,1	196,8	232,0	233,3	226,1	224,7	246,9	228,7
pork	116,3	166,0	216,8	230,1	234,7	249,5	272,0	296,1	248,7
poultry	60,8	113,2	187,4	216,1	253,2	289,5	341,2	365,0	393,6
Sausages, thous. t	150,8	256,5	306,5	295,1	316,6	289,8	296,1	291,7	290,0
Meat preparations, including poultry meat, thous. t	47,7	85,0	140,3	142,2	163,6	168,1	187,3	163,9	169,5
Fish and seafood edible, including canned fish, thous. t	26,1	49,9	71,7	64,4	71,1	70,8	71,7	84,9	94,9
Oil vegetable, thous. t	16,9	42,2	82,4	127,0	160,8	181,7	189,0	257,2	275,7
Margarine and similar edible fats, thous. t	21,0	17,1	14,6	17,0	19,5	22,4	17,4	14,6	18,5
Whole-milk products in milk equivalent, thous. t	954	1 122	1 332	1 306	1 495	1 643	1 779	1 858	1 936
Butter, thous. t	65,1	85,0	98,0	116,1	98,6	104,3	112,9	99,2	106,7
Cheeses (excluding processed cheese), thous. t	41,0	82,3	127,6	134,1	146,1	141,9	147,8	134,3	168,4
Canned milk, mln of standard cans	94,1	139,9	251,8	220,9	285,9	311,1	313,1	273,8	249,3
Flour, mln t	0,9	0,6	0,7	0,7	0,6	0,7	0,8	0,7	0,6
Sugar, thous. t	565,0	864,2	707,8	758,9	816,0	985,5	862,8	853,1	743,9
Pasta, thous. t	38,3	14,3	19,8	21,7	26,0	38,0	39,7	41,8	38,1
Alcohol-free beverages, mln dal	18,7	29,2	35,4	32,2	39,0	46,1	43,3	47,9	48,2

15.3.4. Production of alcoholic beverages and tobacco products

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Alcoholic beverages distilled, mln dal	10,8	8,7	14,4	14,7	15,2	18,1	19,6	16,8	14,7
Cognac, thous. dal	68	43	177	225	214	222	297	340	392
Sparkling wine, thous. dal	794	998	1 089	1 263	1 456	1 552	1 657	1 791	1 403
Natural grape wines, excluding sparkling wine, mln dal	0,7	1,6	2,6	2,1	2,5	2,7	2,7	2,8	3,0
Fermented beverages, spirituous, mln dal	23,7	22,2	20,7	19,1	20,1	18,4	14,6	14,1	13,1
Beer, mln dal	23,7	27,1	35,4	33,7	39,9	47,2	43,0	42,3	43,3
Tobacco products, bn pieces	10,4	12,0	19,5	21,1	25,1	29,6	33,2	34,8	34,8

Manufacture of textiles and textile articles

15.3.5. Main indicators of "Manufacture of textiles and textile articles" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	1 481	1 577	1 605	1 693	1 715	1 671
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	4 458	5 689	10 641	17 931	19 595	20 358
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	124,6	141,4	151,0	153,1	149,0	145,4
2005 = 100	102,9	116,8	124,7	126,4	123,0	120,0
2010 = 100	x	100	106,8	108,3	105,4	102,9
previous year = 100	90,3	113,5	106,8	101,4	97,3	97,6
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	3,4	3,4	3,1	2,9	3,2	3,0
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	107,1	104,2	102,5	100,3	94,9	87,2
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	9,9	9,7	9,5	9,5	9,1	8,8
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	654,9	829,5	1 391,0	2 751,6	3 720,3	4 317,2
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	62,3	63,1	66,4	67,8	67,8	67,7
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	370	461	1 972	2 212	1 658	1 098
Profitability of sales, percent	8,1	7,5	19,9	13,6	8,7	5,9

15.3.6. Manufacture of selected textile and textile articles

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Fabrics, mln m ²	173	156	159	137	147	177	184	181	167
of which:									
wool	9	5	6	5	4	3	3	3	3
woven flax	33	34	30	25	24	26	28	27	25
cotton	67	64	67	59	53	65	69	70	72
of chemical fibers	64	53	57	49	66	82	84	81	68
Carpets and carpet articles, mln m ²	8,7	7,4	7,1	7,9	10,0	12,2	12,9	15,4	18,7
Hosiery, mln pairs	101	82	100	111	119	130	134	137	140
Knitwear articles, mln pieces	59	43	55	55	64	64	63	61	55
Overcoats, semicoats, raincoats, warm jackets, wind- jackets, windbreakers and similar articles excluding knitted, thous. pieces	4 140	3 820	2 957	2 559	2 637	2 345	2 341	2 042	2 024
Suits and sets, excluding knitted, thous. pieces	941	2 865	4 061	2 652	2 945	2 088	2 017	1 760	1 506
Corselets, mln pieces	9,8	14,9	19,0	15,0	16,4	19,3	20,0	21,8	19,7
Gloves and mittens, leather mitts, thous. pairs	337	163	162	157	176	381	371	257	214
Hats, berets and other headdresses made of felt, thous. pieces	74	79	33	28	34	45	53	27	33

Manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear

15.3.7. Main indicators of "Manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	115	115	116	131	132	134
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	996	1 311	2 868	4 503	4 910	5 364
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	132,2	149,1	159,2	162,2	160,7	146,7
2005 = 100	98,2	110,8	118,3	120,5	119,4	109,0
2010 = 100	x	100	106,8	108,8	107,8	98,4
previous year = 100	95,4	112,8	106,8	101,9	99,1	91,3
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,7	0,8	0,8
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	16,8	17,1	17,3	17,1	16,5	15,9
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	1,5	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	797,2	1 012,6	1 562,6	3 102,8	4 421,8	4 897,5
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	75,8	77,0	74,6	76,5	80,6	76,9
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	130	193	740	745	584	533
Profitability of sales, percent	12,6	14,1	26,6	16,3	11,0	9,7

15.3.8. Manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Leather goods ¹⁾ , mln dm ²	375,1	287,2	270,4	243,6	196,5	438,7	521,4	462,0	500,4
Women's and men's bags, thous. pieces	1 349	1 014	822	947	858	652	700	776	758
Footwear, mln pairs	19,0	16,9	16,9	15,8	17,8	17,1	16,2	15,9	14,0
of which:									
children's	4,6	1,9	1,9	2,0	2,6	2,5	2,3	2,5	2,3
rubber footwear and of polymeric materials	3,3	6,5	5,7	4,7	4,5	3,8	3,4	3,5	3,2
felted footwear	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2

¹⁾ Split leather and substandard leather semi-finished goods for 2000-2010 are not included in this position.

Manufacture of wood and products of wood

15.3.9. Main indicators of "Manufacture of wood and products of wood" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	1 175	1 267	1 398	1 531	1 592	1 576
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	2 040	2 479	4 588	7 915	10 455	13 250
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	179,0	200,8	217,3	214,9	233,6	247,8
2005 = 100	103,7	116,4	125,9	124,5	135,3	143,6
2010 = 100	x	100	108,2	107,0	116,3	123,4
previous year = 100	86,4	112,2	108,2	98,9	108,7	106,1
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	1,6	1,5	1,3	1,3	1,7	2,0
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	50,3	48,6	47,9	46,5	44,5	42,4
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	4,6	4,5	4,5	4,4	4,3	4,3
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	733,2	915,0	1 453,1	2 786,0	3 988,3	4 824,7
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	69,8	69,6	69,4	68,7	72,7	75,7
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	64	102	604	463	364	307
Profitability of sales, percent	3,1	4,0	13,0	6,3	3,9	3,1

15.3.10. Manufacture of main kinds of woodworking products and wood products

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Timber , thous. m ³	2 243	2 737	2 529	2 379	2 584	2 808	2 808	2 630	2 677
Plywood, thous. m ³	126	186	161	151	178	160	164	170	186
Wood chipboards, thous. standard m ³	295	390	443	308	300	247	278	990	1 234
Wood fiberboards, mln standard m ²	44,6	62,3	58,6	36,4	39,8	50,4	44,1	36,9	56,2

Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing

15.3.11. Main indicators of "Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	937	997	1 037	1 050	1 054	1 052
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	2 365	3 097	5 646	8 918	9 564	10 124
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	182,0	212,6	233,4	229,7	212,0	233,8
2005 = 100	111,8	130,6	143,4	141,1	130,2	143,6
2010 = 100	x	100	109,8	108,0	99,7	110,0
previous year = 100	93,2	116,8	109,8	98,4	92,3	110,3
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	1,8	1,9	1,6	1,4	1,6	1,5
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	32,1	32,4	32,2	31,2	30,0	27,8
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	3,0	3,0	3,0	2,9	2,9	2,8
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	969,4	1 205,9	1 904,7	3 614,5	4 952,8	5 842,0
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	92,2	91,7	91,0	89,1	90,3	91,7
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	197	268	913	872	761	580
Profitability of sales, percent	7,3	7,9	14,6	8,4	6,7	5,1

15.3.12. Manufacture of main pulp and paper products

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chemical wood pulp and pulp of other fibrous materials, thous. t	55,9	61,3	56,1	45,1	50,7	52,2	55,4	32,9	35,1
Paper and paperboard, thous. t	219,3	284,2	316,6	272,5	341,9	357,3	381,7	331,7	332,7
Wallpaper, mln standard pieces	84	123	114	83	81	63	62	52	43

Manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials

15.3.13. Main indicators of "Manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	12	18	23	23	24	23
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	23 590	29 290	73 557	126 555	95 820	109 575
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	272,0	241,3	285,0	310,7	245,8	266,9
2005 = 100	163,4	144,9	171,1	186,5	147,5	160,2
2010 = 100	x	100	118,1	128,7	101,8	110,6
previous year = 100	107,8	88,7	118,1	109,0	79,1	108,6
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	18,2	17,5	21,2	20,5	15,8	16,3
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,6	10,9	10,7
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	0,9	0,9	0,9	1,0	1,1	1,1
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	2 222,1	2 482,4	4 026,0	7 908,9	10 078,8	11 502,6
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	211,4	188,8	192,3	195,0	183,8	180,5
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	561	428	4 773	12 698	4 456	7 546
Profitability of sales, percent	3,7	2,4	9,5	13,5	5,4	9,1

15.3.14. Manufacture of selected petroleum products

(thousand tonnes)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Primary crude oil processing	13 528	19 802	21 304	21 634	16 455	20 474	21 667	21 156	22 289
Motor spirit	1 964	3 330	3 330	3 272	3 158	3 135	3 729	3 683	3 945
Kerosene	363	528	707	734	570	651	554	463	349
Diesel fuel (including biodiesel)	3 847	6 426	6 720	7 106	6 137	8 842	11 471	7 809	7 989
Oil and shore bitumen	371	443	720	518	514	483	558	545	578

Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products

15.3.15. Main indicators of "Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	359	361	378	416	408	405
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	10 933	14 999	39 913	72 897	46 529	66 523
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	188,8	246,4	254,3	304,9	250,6	314,5
2005 = 100	154,1	201,1	207,5	248,8	204,5	256,6
2010 = 100		100	103,2	123,7	101,7	127,6
previous year = 100	118,5	130,5	103,2	119,9	82,2	125,5
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	8,5	9,0	11,5	11,8	7,7	9,9
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	56,7	63,2	63,5	61,6	60,7	56,9
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	5,2	5,9	5,9	5,8	5,9	5,8
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	1 434,7	2 144,7	3 452,6	6 230,3	7 681,0	9 525,4
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	136,5	163,1	164,9	153,6	140,1	149,5
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	1 969	2 716	13 476	15 702	7 290	14 903
Profitability of sales, percent	17,9	16,1	25,3	22,3	13,0	22,4

15.3.16. Production of mineral fertilizers by type

(in terms of 100 percent content of nutrients; thousand tonnes)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Mineral or chemical fertilizers (in term of 100% content of nutrients)	4 056	5 669	5 870	3 390	6 176	6 288	5 859	5 279	7 368
of which:									
nitrogenous	597	684	728	728	761	798	814	833	842
potassium	3 372	4 844	4 967	2 485	5 223	5 306	4 831	4 243	6 340
phosphate	87	141	175	177	192	185	214	203	186

15.3.17. Production of chemical fibres by type

(thousand tonnes)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chemical fibres	218,7	210,8	225,7	200,4	233,1	231,0	239,4	216,1	190,6
of which:									
synthetic fibres	207,0	202,4	218,6	195,9	229,9	228,9	239,0	216,1	190,5
artificial filaments	11,7	8,4	7,1	4,4	3,2	2,1	0,4	–	–

Manufacture of rubber and plastics products

15.3.18. Main indicators of "Manufacture of rubber and plastics products" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	965	1 018	1 067	1 082	1 162	1 185
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	4 172	5 911	12 545	22 622	24 466	23 369
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	298,9	368,5	386,9	421,3	428,0	373,2
2005 = 100	162,8	200,7	210,7	229,5	233,2	203,4
2010 = 100	x	100	105,0	114,3	116,1	101,2
previous year = 100	94,0	123,3	105,0	108,9	101,6	87,2
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	3,2	3,5	3,6	3,7	4,0	3,5
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	41,2	41,4	42,9	42,9	42,8	40,4
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	3,8	3,9	4,0	4,0	4,1	4,1
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	1 049,8	1 289,5	2 121,3	4 261,1	5 373,6	6 029,8
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	99,9	98,1	101,3	105,0	98,0	94,6
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	325	416	2 357	2 977	2 653	1 147
Profitability of sales, percent	7,2	6,4	16,9	12,7	10,6	4,9

15.3.19. Manufacture of plastic plates, sheets, tubes and profiles

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Tubes, pipes and hoses, and fittings therefor, of plastics, thous. t	2,3	9,2	15,3	15,3	23,8	26,2	28,0	29,6	29,2

15.3.20. Manufacture of tyres (thousand units)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Tyres - total	2 440,0	3 052,2	5 068,0	5 072,8	4 820,3	5 168,8	5 732,2	5 569,2	5 012,0
of which for:									
passenger cars	1 925,9	2 165,8	3 484,2	3 525,3	3 180,7	3 191,4	3 466,0	3 345,8	3 406,1
buses or trucks, for use in aviation	338,5	596,9	1 061,8	1 064,0	1 128,3	1 298,9	1 533,1	1 459,0	1 046,0
agricultural and forestry machinery, other industrial vehicles	175,6	289,5	521,9	483,5	511,3	678,5	733,1	764,4	559,9

Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products

15.3.21. Main indicators of "Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	826	918	935	938	979	962
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	6 761	8 725	14 699	27 205	33 415	37 426
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	230,5	259,1	260,7	253,7	262,8	253,9
2005 = 100	144,0	161,9	162,9	158,5	164,2	158,6
2010 = 100	x	100	100,6	97,9	101,4	98,0
previous year = 100	94,4	112,4	100,6	97,3	103,6	96,6
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	5,2	5,2	4,2	4,4	5,5	5,6
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	71,9	72,0	70,7	66,8	65,5	62,7
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	6,6	6,7	6,6	6,3	6,3	6,3
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	1 108,6	1 355,7	1 967,9	3 931,0	5 562,6	6 426,2
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	105,5	103,1	94,0	96,9	101,4	100,8
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	345	341	1 255	1 667	1 745	1 190
Profitability of sales, percent	5,6	4,2	9,0	6,9	6,1	4,4

15.3.22. Manufacture of main building materials

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Float-glass, thous. m ²	10 422	20 349	18 428	17 551	17 275	22 969	23 775	35 394	33 666
Ceramic sanitary articles, thous. pieces	600	771	1 219	1 097	1 052	1 238	1 167	1 019	1 097
Ceramic tiles and slabs, thous. m ²	12 922	19 542	23 156	20 540	23 870	25 606	27 292	27 218	26 200
Cement, except cement clinkers, thous. t	1 847	3 131	4 219	4 350	4 531	4 604	4 906	5 057	5 618
Lime, thous. t	586	785	900	788	804	794	747	748	769
Channeled plate (slate), mln standard slates	142	146	196	185	188	153	158	75	59
Articles of asphalt or of similar materials, mln m ²	77	18	41	29	38	44	39	39	36

Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products

15.3.23. Main indicators of "Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations, entities	1 261	1 395	1 486	1 592	1 669	1 720
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	8 144	11 596	23 830	40 731	40 871	43 176
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	227,6	278,1	293,4	308,1	290,2	294,0
2005 = 100	134,8	164,7	173,8	182,5	171,9	174,1
2010 = 100	x	100	105,5	110,8	104,4	105,8
previous year = 100	90,5	122,2	105,5	105,0	94,2	101,3
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	6,3	7,0	6,9	6,6	6,7	6,4
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	72,0	72,1	76,8	77,8	77,0	74,9
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	6,6	6,7	7,2	7,3	7,4	7,6
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	1 196,9	1 450,7	2 421,2	4 626,4	5 981,9	6 737,9
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	113,9	110,3	115,7	114,0	109,1	105,7
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	480	767	3 886	3 884	2 747	1 496
Profitability of sales, percent	6,3	7,0	16,6	9,9	6,5	3,6

15.3.24. Manufacture of basic ferrous metal products (thousand tonnes)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Steel	1 623	2 076	2 660	2 449	2 672	2 779	2 869	2 394	2 598
Rolled products finished	1 397	1 839	2 385	2 298	2 458	2 457	2 599	2 159	2 378
Steel pipes	37,9	108,3	145,5	107,4	183,7	224,5	245,7	241,7	224,9
Metal cord	49,2	78,5	96,5	68,9	92,9	94,1	87,9	71,8	80,7

15.3.25. Manufacture of selected fabricated metal products

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Wire of plain (carbon) steel, thous. t	109,0	205,0	305,4	273,9	374,6	416,8	437,7	421,0	448,1
Nails, tacks, drawing pins, staples and similar articles, tonnes	31 811	44 378	57 416	58 141	63 414	67 073	66 710	61 762	62 546
Cloth, grille, metal gauze and metal guardrails, thous. m ²	1 623	2 056	4 484	3 725	4 359	6 555	7 283	6 322	6 512

Manufacture of machinery and equipment**15.3.26. Main indicators of "Manufacture of machinery and equipment" economic activity**

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	835	888	962	1 013	1 073	1 121
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	12 113	15 253	27 398	57 585	58 804	50 956
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	230,3	268,8	301,9	305,8	297,5	239,2
2005 = 100	131,8	153,8	172,7	174,9	170,2	136,8
2010 = 100	x	100	112,3	113,8	110,7	89,0
previous year = 100	88,1	116,7	112,3	101,3	97,3	80,4
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	9,4	9,1	7,9	9,4	9,7	7,6
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	150,8	145,5	143,6	149,9	145,3	133,0
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	13,9	13,5	13,4	14,2	14,0	13,4
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	1 123,5	1 369,5	2 194,3	4 419,4	5 769,1	6 373,3
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	106,9	104,1	104,8	108,9	105,2	100,01
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	1 256	1 743	5 370	9 363	6 670	3 421
Profitability of sales, percent	9,1	9,6	17,2	14,4	10,1	5,9

15.3.27. Manufacture of selected machinery and equipment

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Tractors for agriculture and forestry, thous. units:	23,8	42,9	69,2	51,0	50,9	66,8	71,0	62,6	52,2
of which:									
tractors for agriculture and forestry with remote-control	0,5	0,6	2,6	3,7	4,1	4,3	6,7	5,6	6,3
tractors for agriculture and forestry, of an engine power not exceeding 18 kW	0,3	0,2	0,6	0,9	1,1	1,2	1,2	1,0	0,9
Organic fertilizer distributors, units	95	358	1 548	1 466	1 285	1 146	741	649	643
Self-propelled silage harvester and high production fodder harvesting complexes, units	323	254	423	376	441	426	268	377	78
Automatic cattle drinkers, thous. units	34	67	45	24	37	38	31	27	20
Metal processing machines, thous. units	5,5	3,9	4,9	2,7	3,9	5,3	4,5	4,5	2,8
of which forging and pressing machines, units	129	266	310	191	287	269	271	212	155
Bulldozers, including universal self-propelled, units	69	57	34	13	69	29	101	179	35
Dump trucks, units	942	1 438	1 887	745	1 016	1 444	1 671	1 248	725
Refrigerators and freezers household, thous. units	812	995	1 106	1 007	1 106	1 197	1 263	1 200	979
of which:									
freezers of the upright type, not exceeding 900 l capacity	81	46	106	132	205	253	271	321	227
household refrigerators	731	949	1 000	875	901	944	992	879	752
Washing machines household, thous. units	88,1	36,7	216,5	236,4	273,8	310,8	323,5	324,3	151,6
Household vacuum-cleaners, thous. units	1,4	2,2	139,2	14,2	13,2	25,7	30,2	8,0	8,7
Electrical irons, thous. units	276	179	56	57	47	49	57	14	3

Manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment

15.3.28. Main indicators of "Manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	909	973	1 031	1 056	1 102	1 130
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	4 616	6 396	12 285	21 661	23 695	23 624
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	218,0	276,9	312,1	337,7	356,6	324,5
2005 = 100	109,8	139,4	157,1	170,0	179,5	163,3
2010 = 100	x	100	112,7	121,9	128,7	117,1
previous year = 100	77,9	127,0	112,7	108,2	105,6	91,0
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	3,6	3,8	3,5	3,5	3,9	3,5
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	74,2	72,7	72,1	69,2	66,0	62,0
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	6,8	6,8	6,7	6,5	6,4	6,3
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	935,7	1 206,1	1 955,6	3 772,5	5 163,1	6 169,4
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	89,0	91,7	93,4	93,0	94,2	96,8
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	416	567	2 336	2 686	2 259	1 585
Profitability of sales, percent	7,9	7,5	16,8	11,3	8,5	6,1

15.3.29. Manufacture of selected electrotechnical and electronic equipment

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Optical fiber cables, thous. km	...	...	41,2	28,2	44,1	74,7	61,6	48,0	61,7
Incandescent lamps, gas-discharge and arc lamps, mln units	75,3	168,8	158,3	138,0	161,1	183,7	190,8	178,3	155,9
Integrated circuits, mln units	...	1 134	1 838	1 687	1 929	1 746	1 735	1 929	1 755
Radio-receivers, thous. units	101	13	9	10	6	6	4	18	232
TV-sets, thous. units	532	1 308	717	352	446	404	594	245	92
Electric meters, including calibrated, thous. units	...	153,3	117,9	104,7	76,3	181,5	160,3	199,1	248,0
Watches, thous. units	5 603	1 471	709	695	916	958	1 086	971	1 475

Manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment

15.3.30. Main indicators of "Manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	123	118	115	127	144	146
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	5 349	7 452	18 974	27 449	27 086	23 860
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	148,5	177,3	236,0	272,8	258,3	204,3
2005 = 100	82,7	98,7	131,4	151,9	143,8	113,7
2010 = 100	x	100	133,1	153,9	145,7	115,2
previous year = 100	57,2	119,4	133,1	115,6	94,7	79,1
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	4,1	4,5	5,5	4,5	4,5	3,5
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	70,7	65,0	66,1	58,1	56,7	52,3
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	6,5	6,0	6,2	5,5	5,5	5,3
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	1 070,5	1 419,0	2 427,0	4 694,4	6 127,8	6 687,2
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	101,8	107,9	115,9	115,7	111,8	104,9
Profit from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	483	856	5 305	3 600	2 034	627
Profitability of sales, percent	7,6	8,9	24,5	12,4	6,8	2,4

15.3.31. Manufacture of selected motor vehicles and equipment

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Buses, units	914	1 263	2 196	1 520	2 089	2 162	2 277	2 341	1 691
Trolleybuses, units	109	147	446	388	283	206	174	118	106
Trucks (including off-road dump trucks, special-purpose vehicles), thous. units	13,7	20,8	24,4	10,8	12,5	21,8	24,6	18,0	12,0
Motorcycles and sidecars, units	36 561	5 959	6 057	888	3 656	4 786	8 022	12 183	6 477
Bicycles, thous. units	585,5	440,8	250,3	130,2	133,6	176,4	184,4	193,6	99,2

15.4. Electricity, gas and water supply

15.4.1. Main indicators of "Electricity, gas and water supply" economic activity

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	209	207	209	205	205	204
Volume of industrial production, BYR bn	12 079	16 006	26 324	43 629	49 141	58 947
Industrial production indices (at constant prices)						
2000 = 100	103,6	118,6	110,7	110,8	111,7	114,8
2005 = 100	93,6	107,2	100,0	100,1	100,9	103,7
2010 = 100	x	100	93,3	93,4	94,1	96,7
previous year = 100	90,6	114,5	93,3	100,1	100,8	102,8
Share of economic activity in total volume of industrial production, percent	9,3	9,6	7,6	7,1	8,1	8,7
Average payroll number of employees, thous. persons	117,0	116,8	113,9	112,8	111,5	111,4
Share of average payroll number of employees in economic activity in average payroll number of employees in industry, percent	10,8	10,9	10,6	10,7	10,7	11,3
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	1 153,6	1 375,6	1 971,5	3 755,9	5 376,5	6 558,5
Ratio of average monthly wages and salaries in economic activity to average monthly wages and salaries in industry, percent	109,7	104,6	94,2	92,6	98,1	102,9
Profit, loss(-) from sales of products, goods, works and services, BYR bn	613	373	-3 670	4 562	2 280	4 298
Profitability of sales, percent	2,4	1,0	-5,4	4,3	1,9	3,3

15.4.2. Electricity balance

(billion kilowatt-hours)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Electric power generated	26,1	31,0	35,1	30,4	34,9	32,2	30,8	31,5	34,7
Electric power imported	7,2	4,9	2,4	4,5	3,0	5,7	7,9	6,7	3,8
Electric power consumed	33,3	35,0	36,9	34,9	37,6	37,8	38,4	37,9	38,0
Electric power exported	0,0	0,9	0,6	0,0	0,3	0,15	0,3	0,3	0,5

15.4.3. Electricity generation

(million kilowatt-hours)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total power stations ¹⁾	26 101	30 961	35 054	30 405	34 890	32 203	30 794	31 495	34 736
of which:									
thermal power stations	26 074	30 924	35 014	30 359	34 844	32 157	30 716	31 349	34 602
hydro-electric power stations	27	36	39	45	45	42	72	138	121

¹⁾ The total power stations include electricity generated by wind and solar power stations.

15.4.4. Electric energy consumption

(million kilowatt-hours)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Electric power consumed	34 876	37 590	37 788	38 395	37 865	38 053
by organizations	29 308	31 701	31 679	32 065	31 479	31 657
of which by economic activity:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	1 531	1 607	1 609	1 620	1 660	1 601
fishing and fish farming	7	8	9	9	9	8
industry	20 724	22 856	22 938	22 988	22 283	22 289
mining and quarrying	540	567	557	578	575	582
manufacturing	12 921	14 640	15 159	15 108	14 455	14 657
electricity, gas and water supply	7 263	7 649	7 222	7 302	7 253	7 050
of which power losses in electric networks of common use	3 487	3 774	3 412	3 406	3 342	3 187
construction	488	546	411	344	343	332
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	498	741	821	840	954	1 117
hotels and restaurants	71	80	68	66	69	75
transport and communications	1 872	2 022	2 035	1 964	1 901	1 926
financial activities	5	7	11	21	18	15
real estate, renting and business services	627	648	584	442	451	424
public administration	238	191	204	203	179	190
education	455	458	449	449	466	475
health and social work	265	272	268	265	260	267
community, social and personal services	187	239	314	305	309	338
sold to the population	5 568	5 889	6 109	6 330	6 386	6 397

16. AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

16.1. Agriculture

The section contains data on agricultural production, horticulture and animal husbandry in recent years.

Agricultural production is the total value of material benefits and services produced within the branch both for sales and internal consumption. Agricultural production includes the value of animal husbandry and plant-growing products, changes in value of work-in-progress in plant-growing.

Plant-growing production is the value of raw foods obtained from the harvest of the reference year (grains and legumes, flax, sugar beet, oil seeds, essential oil seeds, medicinal crops, potatoes, vegetables, fruits and berries, fodder crops (fodder roots, cultivated annual and perennial grasses harvested for hay, green pulp and silage), seeds, planting material (nursery plants), flower products, mushrooms and wild-growing products), expenses related to growing young perennial plantations, changes in value of work-in-progress in plant-growing (costs associated with work done in reference year for the harvest of the next year (sowing of winter crops, fall-ploughing and other work)).

Animal husbandry production is the value of raw foods obtained as a result of raising and economic use of farm animals and poultry (milk, eggs, honey, wool etc.), expenses related to raising of farm animals and poultry (offspring, growth and weight gain), the value of young stock sold for breeding aims.

Index of agricultural production is a relative ratio reflecting changes in the volume of agricultural production of the periods compared (in constant prices).

Agricultural land refers to land plots systematically used to obtain agricultural products. These include arable land, land under permanent crops, meadow land, and fallow lands.

Arable land – agricultural systematically cultivated (plowed) land area to be used under agricultural crops including perennial grasses with period of use provided by scheme of crop rotation as well as emergency field, covered ground areas (forcing frames, hothouses, greenhouses) and clean fallow.

Sown area is a part of arable land under agricultural crops.

Gross harvest of agricultural crops is the volume of (actually harvested) production obtained from the total sown area under agricultural crops. Gross harvest of potatoes, sugar beet, flax, vegetables, root crops and other agricultural crops is shown in initially recorded (gross) weight, and weight after treatment for grains and legumes.

Yield capacity of agricultural crops characterizes average harvest of agricultural products per unit of actually harvested area (per hectare).

Number of livestock and poultry – number of farm animals: cattle, pigs, sheep, goats, horses and others as well as poultry of all types.

Sales of livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight) - sales of all types of livestock and poultry for slaughter through various distribution channels: meat processing organizations and refrigerating plants, subsidiary production units of organizations, consumers' cooperatives, distributed or sold through public catering, sold in the markets and through other distribution channels.

Milk production - actually obtained milk including milk consumed in the farms for their own needs. Milk suckled by calves under sucking keeping is not included in milk production.

Average milk yield per cow is calculated as a ratio of gross milk yield of the dairy herd to the average cow population of the dairy herd, regardless whether they are milked in the reporting period or not.

Egg production covers eggs gathered from all kinds of farm poultry, including eggs used for poultry reproduction (incubation), production of egg powder and others as well as loss of eggs (breakage, spoiling etc.)

More detailed information on agricultural statistics is also provided in the statistical book of Belstat "Agriculture of the Republic of Belarus".

Main indicators of agriculture

16.1.1. Distribution of agricultural land by land user¹⁾

(beginning of year; thousand hectares)

Years	Total area of agricultural land ²⁾	Of which				
		agricultural organizations	private (peasant) farms	in individual use	of which	
					as private subsidiary plots, for construction and maintenance of dwelling houses	for collective fruit and vegetable gardening, summer house (dacha) construction
Agricultural land						
2001	9 257,7	7 674,0	72,1	1 396,2	975,2	76,9
2006	9 011,5	7 484,7	130,5	1 226,5	880,7	62,8
2009	8 944,7	7 634,8	103,0	1 020,9	754,6	58,3
2010	8 926,9	7 657,9	108,8	968,0	728,9	56,3
2011	8 897,5	7 673,4	115,3	924,3	701,1	53,1
2012	8 874,0	7 667,1	127,5	902,4	686,3	53,1
2013	8 817,3	7 628,1	138,3	881,4	671,8	52,5
2014	8 726,4	7 569,5	146,0	862,3	655,3	52,3
2015	8 632,3	7 505,5	153,9	842,0	644,2	51,2
Arable land						
2001	6 133,2	5 004,2	58,1	1 022,3	908,6	55,8
2006	5 542,3	4 513,8	92,8	880,2	813,9	44,1
2009	5 516,4	4 651,3	77,0	742,0	691,7	37,7
2010	5 516,5	4 673,7	80,7	714,1	667,8	35,8
2011	5 510,5	4 698,2	85,4	682,1	640,0	31,6
2012	5 506,4	4 702,8	93,4	666,5	625,5	31,8
2013	5 521,6	4 725,3	100,9	651,6	610,6	31,2
2014	5 559,7	4 782,4	105,7	635,7	595,7	30,7
2015	5 662,1	4 896,6	112,0	623,4	586,1	29,7
Meadow land						
2001	2 995,1	2 616,8	13,6	300,2	14,4	0,2
2006	3 289,2	2 892,3	36,1	275,7	15,1	0,1
2009	3 279,7	2 938,7	24,8	206,4	11,4	–
2010	3 263,1	2 939,9	26,3	181,9	9,8	–
2011	3 240,6	2 930,4	27,6	169,4	9,8	0,2
2012	3 223,7	2 920,2	31,1	163,6	10,1	0,1
2013	3 154,0	2 860,6	34,2	157,5	10,5	0,1
2014	3 032,6	2 746,0	37,0	154,2	8,8	0,2
2015	2 844,0	2 568,1	38,1	147,4	8,5	0,1

¹⁾ Data of the State Property Committee of the Republic of Belarus.

²⁾ Total area of agricultural land includes fallow lands.

16.1.2. Agricultural production by type of farm

(at current prices; BYR billion)

Years	Agricultural production – total	Of which		Agricultural production – total	Of which	
		plant-growing	animal husbandry		plant-growing	animal husbandry
Farms of all types				Agricultural organizations		
2000	2 748	1 491	1 257	1 671	751	920
2001	4 553	2 379	2 174	2 781	1 166	1 615
2002	6 525	3 581	2 944	3 595	1 459	2 136
2003	7 832	4 558	3 274	4 238	1 882	2 356
2004	10 575	5 759	4 816	6 319	2 736	3 583
2005	12 880	6 775	6 105	7 896	3 115	4 781
2006	15 632	8 466	7 166	9 604	3 776	5 828
2007	18 207	9 887	8 320	11 656	4 751	6 905
2008	25 219	14 010	11 209	16 889	7 432	9 457
2009	26 799	14 341	12 458	18 414	7 739	10 675
2010	36 131	20 248	15 883	22 879	9 004	13 875
2011	55 642	29 270	26 372	39 431	16 081	23 350
2012	96 696	44 461	52 235	72 314	25 650	46 664
2013	105 770	49 039	56 731	80 855	29 472	51 383
2014	131 204	63 563	67 641	99 964	37 278	62 686
Private (peasant) farms				Household plots		
2000	17	15	2	1 060	725	335
2001	27	24	3	1 745	1 189	556
2002	48	39	9	2 882	2 083	799
2003	97	80	17	3 497	2 596	901
2004	123	98	25	4 133	2 925	1 208
2005	93	68	25	4 891	3 592	1 299
2006	116	90	26	5 912	4 600	1 312
2007	137	110	27	6 414	5 026	1 388
2008	216	181	35	8 114	6 397	1 717
2009	226	183	43	8 159	6 419	1 740
2010	367	314	53	12 885	10 930	1 955
2011	748	656	92	15 463	12 533	2 930
2012	1 052	856	196	23 330	17 955	5 375
2013	1 534	1 339	195	23 381	18 228	5 153
2014	2 212	1 984	228	29 028	24 301	4 727

16.1.3. Structure of agricultural production by type of farm

(at current prices; percent of total)

Years	Farms of all types	Of which		
		agricultural organizations	private (peasant) farms	household plots
1990	100	76,3	—	23,7
1991	100	66,8	...	33,2
1992	100	64,8	...	35,2
1993	100	64,4	0,4	35,2
1994	100	58,5	0,3	41,2
1995	100	51,6	0,4	48,0
1996	100	51,1	0,5	48,4
1997	100	62,2	0,5	37,3
1998	100	60,6	0,4	39,0
1999	100	54,5	0,5	45,0
2000	100	60,8	0,6	38,6
2001	100	61,1	0,6	38,3
2002	100	55,1	0,7	44,2
2003	100	54,1	1,2	44,7
2004	100	59,7	1,2	39,1
2005	100	61,3	0,7	38,0
2006	100	61,5	0,7	37,8
2007	100	64,0	0,8	35,2
2008	100	67,0	0,8	32,2
2009	100	68,7	0,9	30,4
2010	100	63,3	1,0	35,7
2011	100	70,9	1,3	27,8
2012	100	74,8	1,1	24,1
2013	100	76,4	1,5	22,1
2014	100	76,2	1,7	22,1

16.1.4. Indices of agricultural production by type of farm

(at constant prices; percent of previous year)

Years	Farms of all types	Agricultural organizations	Private (peasant) farms	Household plots
1961	101,6	100,8	—	102,5
1962	81,8	80,6	—	83,1
1963	112,9	115,4	—	110,0
1964	116,8	125,6	—	107,5
1965	108,1	110,1	—	105,7
1966	107,3	107,2	—	107,3
1967	102,1	105,0	—	98,5
1968	104,6	105,5	—	103,3
1969	99,6	103,4	—	94,3
1970	103,3	101,1	—	106,5

Continued

Years	Farms of all types	Agricultural organizations	Private (peasant) farms	Household plots
1971	102,2	103,1	—	100,8
1972	101,6	105,5	—	95,8
1973	110,4	112,2	—	107,4
1974	97,3	99,2	—	94,0
1975	100,7	99,1	—	103,5
1976	106,2	109,7	—	100,0
1977	98,4	101,9	—	91,8
1978	106,8	106,4	—	107,6
1979	95,0	92,0	—	101,3
1980	89,8	91,2	—	87,4
1981	112,9	110,0	—	118,4
1982	95,8	99,5	—	89,0
1983	111,0	112,2	—	108,5
1984	106,7	108,9	—	102,0
1985	99,0	99,4	—	97,9
1986	106,9	109,8	—	100,2
1987	100,1	106,7	—	83,4
1988	92,7	93,3	—	90,8
1989	108,9	105,9	—	118,6
1990	91,3	92,2	—	88,6
1991	95,1	92,0	...	104,6
1992	91,5	83,1	...	114,1
1993	103,7	96,0	151,5	118,7
1994	85,6	84,2	82,6	88,0
1995	95,3	88,3	116,7	105,8
1996	102,4	101,1	103,2	104,2
1997	95,1	103,3	89,5	84,8
1998	99,3	98,4	97,9	100,6
1999	91,7	86,7	129,1	98,9
2000	109,5	111,7	147,4	106,8
2001	101,7	102,4	101,4	100,8
2002	100,4	100,3	107,1	100,4
2003	106,8	104,4	151,2	108,4
2004	112,6	117,9	113,0	107,2
2005	101,7	106,3	96,6	95,7
2006	105,9	108,7	115,0	102,1
2007	104,1	108,7	111,0	97,8
2008	108,9	114,0	129,8	100,8
2009	101,0	104,1	101,4	95,4
2010	102,5	101,3	111,7	104,4
2011	106,6	108,6	147,3	101,2
2012	106,6	107,2	104,9	105,2
2013	95,8	96,4	103,5	93,2
2014	102,9	103,5	116,9	99,9

16.1.5. Indices of agricultural production by type of farm

(at constant prices; percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Farms of all types									
2000 = 100	100	124,8	149,8	151,3	155,1	165,3	176,2	168,8	173,7
2005 = 100	x	100	120,0	121,2	124,2	132,4	141,1	135,2	139,1
2010 = 100	x	x	x	x	100	106,6	113,6	108,8	112,0
previous year = 100	109,5	101,7	108,9	101,0	102,5	106,6	106,6	95,8	102,9
Agricultural organizations									
2000 = 100	100	134,4	181,0	188,4	190,8	207,2	222,1	214,1	221,6
2005 = 100	x	100	134,7	140,2	142,0	154,2	165,3	159,3	164,9
2010 = 100	x	x	x	x	100	108,6	116,4	112,2	116,1
previous year = 100	111,7	106,3	114,0	104,1	101,3	108,6	107,2	96,4	103,5
Private (peasant) farms									
2000 = 100	100	179,2	297,0	301,2	336,4	495,5	519,8	538,0	628,9
2005 = 100	x	100	165,8	168,1	187,8	276,6	290,2	300,4	351,2
2010 = 100	x	x	x	x	100	147,3	154,5	159,9	186,9
previous year = 100	147,4	96,6	129,8	101,4	111,7	147,3	104,9	103,5	116,9
Household plots									
2000 = 100	100	112,5	113,3	108,1	112,9	114,3	120,2	112,0	111,9
2005 = 100	x	100	100,7	96,1	100,3	101,5	106,8	99,5	99,4
2010 = 100	x	x	x	x	100	101,2	106,5	99,3	99,2
previous year = 100	106,8	95,7	100,8	95,4	104,4	101,2	105,2	93,2	99,9

16.1.6. Production of basic agricultural products by type of farm

(thousand tonnes)

	1970	1980	1990	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Farms of all types										
Grains and legumes	3 805,6	4 108,1	7 035,0	4 856,0	6 420,4	6 987,8	8 272,9	9 226,2	7 599,7	9 564,1
Flax fibre	102,1	60,5	52,2	37,2	50,4	45,8	46,0	51,6	44,9	48,3
Sugar beet	1 030,0	1 122,2	1 479,0	1 473,6	3 065,1	3 773,4	4 486,7	4 771,7	4 343,2	4 805,6
Potatoes	13 233,6	9 332,5	8 590,4	8 717,8	8 184,8	7 831,1	7 147,9	6 910,7	5 911,2	6 279,7
Vegetables	855,0	733,1	748,8	1 379,1	2 007,0	2 334,8	1 816,1	1 581,0	1 628,3	1 734,4
Livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight)	998,9	1 266,9	1 758,1	854,2	1 023,7	1 399,8	1 464,0	1 556,7	1 669,2	1 548,2
Milk	5 263,5	6 104,6	7 457,3	4 489,6	5 675,6	6 624,6	6 500,4	6 766,3	6 632,7	6 704,7
Eggs, mln units	1 669,2	3 034,6	3 657,0	3 287,7	3 103,0	3 536,4	3 655,8	3 777,8	3 850,2	3 953,2

Continued

	1970	1980	1990	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Agricultural organizations										
Grains and legumes	3 745,8	4 058,0	6 957,5	4 420,1	5 745,4	6 542,2	7 931,1	8 833,6	7 227,6	9 106,5
Flax fibre	102,0	60,5	52,2	37,1	50,1	45,6	45,9	51,5	44,8	48,2
Sugar beet	1 029,4	1 122,2	1 479,0	1 457,9	3 010,3	3 720,7	4 426,0	4 706,6	4 279,8	4 719,6
Potatoes	6 117,1	4 474,7	3 965,0	1 182,0	605,7	872,8	1 211,0	1 240,2	906,5	1 002,7
Vegetables	333,9	381,5	503,1	262,3	219,9	301,3	415,2	321,4	295,6	303,5
Livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight)	650,6	956,2	1 524,9	631,5	813,0	1 214,9	1 281,5	1 376,6	1 493,0	1 436,4
Milk	3 084,4	4 056,6	5 651,0	2 669,6	4 154,8	5 731,4	5 819,0	6 163,2	6 119,9	6 247,5
Eggs, mln units	497,7	1 729,0	2 244,7	2 059,3	1 920,5	2 395,1	2 422,3	2 611,8	2 787,6	2 861,0
Private (peasant) farms										
Grains and legumes	–	–	–	47,4	87,6	95,3	106,9	130,7	142,9	174,3
Flax fibre	–	–	–	0,1	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,1	0,1
Sugar beet	–	–	–	8,9	50,9	52,1	60,7	65,1	63,4	85,9
Potatoes	–	–	–	69,3	79,9	153,8	241,2	267,8	260,0	307,3
Vegetables	–	–	–	32,0	59,7	142,1	254,2	210,2	225,0	265,1
Livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight)	–	–	–	2,0	5,6	7,5	7,9	8,2	8,9	9,7
Milk	–	–	–	6,0	26,4	14,1	13,3	13,7	13,4	14,0
Eggs, mln units	–	–	–	9,2	3,5	1,5	1,6	2,0	3,2	2,8
Household plots										
Grains and legumes	59,8	50,1	77,4	388,5	587,4	350,3	234,9	261,9	229,2	283,4
Potatoes	7 116,5	4 857,8	4 624,9	7 466,5	7 499,2	6 804,4	5 695,7	5 402,7	4 744,7	4 969,8
Vegetables	521,1	351,6	245,7	1 084,8	1 727,4	1 891,5	1 146,7	1 049,4	1 107,8	1 165,7
Livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight)	348,3	310,7	233,2	220,7	205,1	177,4	174,6	171,9	167,3	102,1
Milk	2 179,1	2 048,0	1 806,3	1 814,0	1 494,4	879,1	668,1	589,3	499,3	443,3
Eggs, mln units	1 171,5	1 305,6	1 412,3	1 219,2	1 179,0	1 139,8	1 231,9	1 164,0	1 059,4	1 089,5

16.1.7. Structure of production of basic agricultural products by type of farm

(in farms of all types; percent of production volume)

	1970	1980	1990	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Agricultural organizations										
Grains and legumes	98,4	98,8	98,9	91,0	89,5	93,6	95,9	95,8	95,1	95,2
Flax fibre	100	100	100	99,7	99,4	99,6	99,8	99,8	99,8	99,9
Sugar beet	99,9	100	100	98,9	98,2	98,6	98,6	98,6	98,5	98,2
Potatoes	46,2	47,9	46,2	13,6	7,4	11,1	16,9	17,9	15,3	16,0
Vegetables	39,1	52,0	67,2	19,0	11,0	12,9	22,9	20,3	18,2	17,5
Livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight)	65,1	75,5	86,7	73,9	79,4	86,8	87,5	88,4	89,4	92,8
Milk	58,6	66,5	75,8	59,5	73,2	86,5	89,5	91,1	92,3	93,2
Eggs	29,8	57,0	61,4	62,6	61,9	67,7	66,3	69,1	72,4	72,4
Private (peasant) farms										
Grains and legumes	–	–	–	1,0	1,4	1,4	1,3	1,4	1,9	1,8
Flax fibre	–	–	–	0,3	0,6	0,4	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1
Sugar beet	–	–	–	0,6	1,7	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,5	1,8
Potatoes	–	–	–	0,8	1,0	2,0	3,4	3,9	4,4	4,9
Vegetables	–	–	–	2,3	2,9	6,1	14,0	13,3	13,8	15,3
Livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight)	–	–	–	0,2	0,6	0,5	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,6
Milk	–	–	–	0,1	0,5	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
Eggs	–	–	–	0,3	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,1
Household plots										
Grains and legumes	1,6	1,2	1,1	8,0	9,1	5,0	2,8	2,8	3,0	3,0
Potatoes	53,8	52,1	53,8	85,6	91,6	86,9	79,7	78,2	80,3	79,1
Vegetables	60,9	48,0	32,8	78,7	86,1	81,0	63,1	66,4	68,0	67,2
Livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight)	34,9	24,5	13,3	25,8	20,0	12,7	11,9	11,1	10,0	6,6
Milk	41,4	33,5	24,2	40,4	26,3	13,3	10,3	8,7	7,5	6,6
Eggs	70,2	43,0	38,6	37,1	38,0	32,2	33,7	30,8	27,5	27,6

16.1.8. Production of basic agricultural products per capita

(kilogrammes)

Years	Grains	Potatoes	Vegetables	Fruits and berries	Livestock and poultry for (slaughter weight)	Milk	Eggs, units
1970	421	1 464	95	49	76	582	185
1975	480	1 360	76	74	90	653	281
1980	425	966	76	43	89	632	314
1981	524	1 380	89	71	86	598	321
1982	491	901	89	59	89	620	331
1983	511	1 222	85	44	95	638	337
1984	631	1 300	102	52	99	662	340
1985	579	1 056	83	77	103	676	336
1986	602	1 334	89	83	106	696	339
1987	772	1 163	86	18	110	717	346
1988	581	758	80	26	116	734	351
1989	722	1 085	87	69	117	726	357
1990	690	843	73	37	116	732	359
1991	618	879	90	31	104	668	365
1992	708	879	82	47	93	576	343
1993	733	1 137	102	79	80	545	343
1994	596	806	101	39	73	539	332
1995	540	932	101	38	64	497	331
1996	570	1 071	118	43	61	483	335
1997	635	686	116	36	62	507	342
1998	480	752	119	20	67	520	346
1999	363	746	130	19	65	472	338
2000	487	874	138	30	60	450	329
2001	519	782	143	32	63	487	317
2002	607	752	153	48	63	484	296
2003	556	883	204	25	62	478	288
2004	721	1 018	209	37	65	529	303
2005	664	847	208	39	72	587	321
2006	617	867	226	75	80	614	347
2007	755	915	225	44	85	617	338
2008	946	918	241	62	88	653	348
2009	895	749	243	73	97	692	361
2010	736	825	246	84	102	698	373
2011	873	755	192	32	108	686	386
2012	975	730	167	67	115	715	399
2013	803	624	172	48	124	701	407
2014	1 009	663	183	66	113	708	417

Resource and technical basis of agriculture

16.1.9. Availability of basic agricultural machinery and equipment in agricultural organizations

(end of year; thousand units)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Tractors ¹⁾	113,4	97,4	72,9	53,6	49,5	48,1	47,3	45,4	44,6	43,8	42,0
Lorries	74,0	63,3	46,3	32,5	27,0	26,3	25,1	23,5	22,7	22,2	20,9
Combine harvesters:											
grain	30,3	22,5	17,1	12,8	12,9	12,2	11,4	12,0	11,9	11,6	11,1
potatoes	8,7	7,2	3,8	1,6	1,2	1,1	1,2	1,2	1,2	1,1	1,0
beet	1,7	1,5	0,8	1,0	1,0	0,9	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,4
silage and forage	9,3	8,9	7,2	3,2	2,0	3,2	2,6	2,8	3,0	3,4	3,3
flax	4,7	3,2	1,8	1,3	1,1	1,0	0,9	0,8	0,8	0,7	0,6
Tractor ploughs	42,4	30,8	20,5	15,0	14,0	13,5	13,1	12,6	11,9	11,2	10,4
Tractor sowing machines	37,4	27,6	17,6	12,6	10,7	9,7	9,0	8,3	7,8	7,3	6,7
Tractor cultivators	56,1	38,2	26,1	14,6	11,1	10,0	9,3	8,8	8,4	7,8	7,2
Mowing-machines, tractor-mounted	29,7	18,7	15,2	10,0	9,4	9,0	8,8	8,3	8,2	8,4	7,9
Reapers	5,4	3,0	1,6	1,2	1,1	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	0,9
Fertilizer applicators for:											
solid organic fertilizers	22,6	18,3	12,4	7,6	6,8	6,6	6,6	6,5	6,1	5,9	5,7
liquid organic fertilizers	9,5	6,6	3,8	2,7	2,8	2,9	3,1	3,2	3,3	3,3	3,3

¹⁾ Excluding tractor with mounted digging, land-improving and other machines.

16.1.10. Provision of agricultural organizations with tractors and combine harvesters

(end of year)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Tractors per 1 000 hectares of ploughland, units	20	19	15	12	11	10	10	10	9	9	9
Ploughland per tractor, hectares	49	52	69	84	95	98	100	104	106	109	117
Combines per 1 000 hectares of area under corresponding crops, units:											
grain combines	12	9	7	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5
potato combines	31	66	41	35	26	22	23	20	22	26	24
flax combines	32	33	23	17	14	15	16	12	12	13	13
beet combines	36	27	15	10	11	10	8	7	6	5	4
Area under corresponding crops per combine, hectares:											
grain combine	85	110	134	161	178	190	203	194	201	197	216
potato combine	33	15	24	28	39	46	43	49	46	38	41
flax combine	32	30	44	57	71	65	64	80	83	78	75
beet combine	28	37	68	99	92	104	120	146	173	203	244

16.1.11. Application of mineral fertilizers in agricultural organizations

(in terms of 100 percent nutrients)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total mineral fertilizers applied, thous. t	2 011	512	1 022	929	1 310	1 559	1 497	1 680	1 499	1 425	1 219
of which under agricultural crops	1 510	445	850	818	1 151	1 340	1 323	1 478	1 339	1 294	1 133
Per hectare of ploughland, kg	271	86	169	185	250	288	284	313	283	274	236
of which under crops:											
grains and legumes	277	109	200	213	253	287	293	313	271	275	239
sugar beet	397	219	324	435	424	460	468	474	468	454	427
flax	207	90	155	217	244	284	248	252	264	230	192
potatoes	329	151	245	279	314	331	333	356	332	330	302
vegetables	307	130	227	253	288	289	299	308	275	272	268
forage crops	256	55	130	130	201	229	220	242	216	199	161

16.1.12. Application of organic fertilizers in agricultural organizations

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total organic fertilizers applied, mln t	79,2	49,2	35,9	28,4	38,1	42,3	43,2	49,5	47,7	45,8	52,3
of which under agricultural crops	77,1	48,1	35,2	27,7	37,3	41,3	42,3	48,7	47,0	45,2	51,6
Per hectare of ploughland, tonnes	13,8	9,2	7,0	6,3	8,1	8,9	9,1	10,3	10,0	9,6	10,7
of which under crops:											
grains and legumes	6,0	5,2	2,3	2,0	3,5	3,7	4,3	5,6	5,4	5,8	5,2
sugar beet	80,3	78,9	70,5	46,3	42,8	43,4	42,8	42,3	40,5	39,0	38,5
potatoes	78,4	85,2	70,9	62,2	54,8	54,6	54,5	53,9	48,3	44,5	46,5
vegetables	56,6	47,9	38,4	22,8	19,7	18,0	18,1	16,9	14,9	10,3	10,8
forage crops	13,7	8,7	7,9	7,6	11,4	12,7	12,6	13,1	13,7	12,2	15,0

16.1.13. Soil liming in agricultural organizations

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Soil limed, thous. ha	1 011,0	396,4	293,4	522,7	401,8	418,1	408,0	347,0	326,5	235,2	271,0
Lime dust and other lime materials applied:											
total, thous. t	5 221,2	2 087,5	1 457,3	2 499,0	1 929,2	1 968,8	1 887,1	1 623,1	1 535,3	1 132,1	1 355,3
per hectare of limed area, tonnes	5,2	5,2	5,0	4,8	4,8	4,7	4,6	4,7	4,7	4,8	5,0

16.1.14. Power capacity of machinery in agricultural organizations

(end of year)

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total power capacity, mln. hp	36,4	32,9	25,5	19,7	19,1	19,5	19,9	19,8	19,9	20,0	19,6
per:											
worker, hp	42,2	52,9	53,7	48,2	49,9	50,8	53,2	55,8	57,6	64,1	66,2
100 hectares of sown area, hp	651	647	506	424	394	388	404	387	382	390	371

Plant-growing

16.1.15. Sown area under agricultural crops

(farms of all types; thousand hectares)

	1970	1980	1990	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total sown area	6 047	6 308	6 126	6 155	5 473	5 599	5 738	5 827	5 739	5 860
grains and legumes – total	2 505	3 139	2 645	2 537	2 314	2 577	2 632	2 723	2 627	2 639
of which:										
rye	858	1 074	917	723	537	352	335	399	333	323
wheat	442	209	140	452	361	611	653	720	697	745
triticale	–	–	–	99	363	444	419	493	451	528
barley	717	1 218	1 030	736	615	691	686	564	587	552
oats	277	391	360	285	232	184	166	134	137	152
grain maize	–	–	8	13	36	113	186	194	204	117
buckwheat	41	44	18	22	8	31	42	44	34	20
legumes	169	203	172	198	154	138	121	156	165	185
other grains	1	–	–	9	8	14	25	19	19	16
industrial crops	313	290	248	257	314	499	500	652	606	590
of which:										
flax	261	234	149	82	78	62	68	64	57	48
sugar beet	49	52	46	52	100	97	101	100	102	106
rape	–	–	49	110	128	326	318	439	417	414
potatoes	956	787	638	661	467	371	345	335	309	310
vegetables	48	54	41	98	89	86	73	65	66	70
forage crops	2 224	2 038	2 554	2 602	2 289	2 066	2 188	2 051	2 131	2 252
of which:										
maize for forage	125	195	469	435	450	699	795	880	849	959
forage root crops	79	143	139	105	54	34	35	33	24	20

16.1.16. Sown area under agricultural crops in 2014 by type of farm

(thousand hectares)

	Total sown area	Of which under				
		grains and legumes	industrial crops	potatoes	vegetables	forage crops
Farms of all types	5 860	2 639	590	310	70	2 252
of which:						
agricultural organizations	5 291	2 508	580	45	11	2 148
private (peasant) farms	100	49	9	13	10	18
household plots	469	82	–	253	49	86

16.1.17. Gross harvest of agricultural crops

(farms of all types; thousand tonnes)

	1970	1980	1990	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Grains and legumes	3 806	4 108	7 035	4 856	6 421	6 988	8 273	9 226	7 600	9 564
of which:										
rye	1 074	1 515	2 652	1 360	1 155	735	801	1 082	648	867
wheat	708	302	381	966	1 175	1 739	2 132	2 554	2 101	2 924
triticale	–	–	–	311	1 121	1 254	1 312	1 818	1 273	2 077
barley	1 358	1 693	2 908	1 378	1 864	1 966	1 979	1 917	1 673	1 988
oats	470	493	806	495	609	442	448	422	351	522
buckwheat	20	16	11	18	7	18	45	39	30	18
grain maize	–	–	25	30	144	551	1 213	954	1 120	599
legumes	173	90	252	291	331	262	292	398	367	530
of which peas	1	14	164	123	51	36	48	62	58	62
Flax fibre	102	61	52	37	50	46	46	52	45	48
Sugar beet	1 030	1 122	1 479	1 474	3 065	3 773	4 487	4 772	4 343	4 806
Rape	–	–	69	73	150	375	379	704	676	730
Potatoes	13 234	9 333	8 590	8 718	8 185	7 831	7 148	6 911	5 911	6 280
Vegetables	855	733	749	1 379	2 007	2 335	1 816	1 581	1 628	1 734
Maize for forage	1 595	3 616	10 463	7 723	9 227	17 849	25 224	22 755	23 689	20 019
Forage root crops	1 925	3 135	6 684	2 961	1 714	1 168	1 328	1 232	849	700

16.1.18. Yield capacity of agricultural crops

(farms of all types; centners per hectare)

	1970	1980	1990	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Grains and legumes	15,2	13,1	27,2	19,4	28,1	27,7	32,2	34,4	29,7	36,6
of which:										
rye	12,5	14,1	29,1	19,0	21,8	21,4	24,5	27,6	20,1	27,1
wheat	16,0	14,5	27,5	21,6	32,8	28,9	33,1	35,8	30,6	39,4
triticale	–	–	–	31,6	31,3	28,8	32,0	37,2	28,8	39,7
barley	18,9	13,9	28,7	19,0	30,7	28,9	29,5	34,4	29,4	36,4
oats	17,0	12,6	23,2	17,7	26,6	24,7	28,5	32,2	26,4	34,5
buckwheat	4,8	3,7	6,4	8,7	10,2	7,3	10,9	9,3	9,7	9,9
grain maize	–	–	35,4	23,3	40,0	49,3	65,9	50,4	55,7	53,6
legumes	10,3	4,4	16,4	15,1	21,9	20,5	25,8	26,1	23,4	29,2
of which peas	11,0	4,5	17,2	16,3	23,4	22,1	27,8	29,1	25,6	27,7
Flax fibre	3,9	2,6	4,6	4,8	7,0	7,7	7,5	9,0	8,4	10,7
Sugar beet	221	229	321	292	316	395	454	485	437	463
Rape	–	–	14,4	7,1	12,3	12,2	12,8	16,7	16,8	18,2
Potatoes	138	119	138	134	177	214	210	208	194	204
Vegetables	176	140	188	134	208	247	249	236	237	242
Maize for forage	127	185	237	181	208	257	320	262	281	211
Forage root crops	237	225	515	296	332	357	407	390	370	365

16.1.19. Fruit and berry plantations

(farms of all types)

	1970	1980	1990	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Area under fruit and berry plantations, thous. ha	171,0	161,7	130,5	98,5	100,6	107,5	106,6	105,9	104,5	103,0
of which at fruit-bearing age	128,6	135,5	117,1	90,7	91,8	92,5	90,9	89,4	89,1	89,0
Gross harvest of fruits and berries, thous. t	438,6	414,0	373,1	299,1	381,6	799,2	301,7	630,4	456,1	628,7
of which:										
pomaceous	415,3	373,6	305,0	244,7	268,7	599,1	210,5	529,0	343,2	530,6
drupaceous	10,3	31,4	42,4	39,4	74,7	132,7	33,4	25,1	50,0	26,1
berries	13,0	9,0	25,7	15,0	38,2	67,3	57,9	76,2	62,9	71,9
Yield capacity of fruits and berries, centners per hectare	34,1	30,6	31,9	32,9	41,6	86,3	33,2	70,5	51,2	70,6
of which:										
pomaceous	36,1	30,6	31,0	34,5	38,2	88,2	31,9	82,3	54,0	83,7
drupaceous	9,3	28,6	29,6	30,0	54,3	90,1	22,4	16,9	33,8	17,7
berries	46,6	37,7	57,8	21,8	49,6	68,2	58,0	74,3	58,5	65,9

Animal husbandry

16.1.20. Number of basic livestock and poultry by type of farm

(beginning of year; thousand heads)

Years	Cattle	Of which cows	Pigs	Sheep and goats	Horses	Poultry, mln heads
Farms of all types						
1941	2 844	1 956	2 520	2 578	1 170	14,7
1946	1 608	1 011	742	876	658	...
1951	2 746	1 382	1 623	1 409	721	13,0
1961	3 666	2 021	3 164	1 213	519	18,6
1966	4 704	2 331	3 688	846	389	20,6
1971	5 383	2 490	4 005	692	329	27,0
1976	6 406	2 680	3 999	565	271	31,9
1981	6 768	2 738	4 567	570	231	39,2
1986	7 535	2 683	5 014	660	229	44,3
1991	6 975	2 362	5 051	445	217	50,6
1992	6 577	2 314	4 703	424	212	51,7
1993	6 221	2 220	4 308	381	215	48,9
1994	5 851	2 199	4 181	323	215	33,2
1995	5 403	2 180	4 005	284	220	30,9
1996	5 054	2 137	3 895	262	229	26,4
1997	4 855	2 043	3 715	214	232	27,4
1998	4 802	1 999	3 686	186	233	27,5
1999	4 686	1 946	3 698	162	229	28,1
2000	4 326	1 885	3 566	150	221	27,4
2001	4 221	1 845	3 431	154	217	27,4
2002	4 085	1 784	3 372	149	209	26,2
2003	4 005	1 716	3 329	137	202	25,2
2004	3 924	1 658	3 287	126	192	24,5
2005	3 963	1 613	3 407	125	181	25,1
2006	3 980	1 565	3 545	121	168	28,5
2007	3 989	1 506	3 642	122	156	28,7
2008	4 007	1 459	3 598	124	147	29,4
2009	4 131	1 452	3 704	126	137	31,2
2010	4 151	1 445	3 782	127	125	34,1
2011	4 151	1 478	3 887	124	113	37,5
2012	4 247	1 477	3 989	125	100	39,9
2013	4 367	1 519	4 243	133	92	42,4
2014	4 321	1 525	3 267	131	82	45,7
2015	4 364	1 534	2 924	141	73	48,2

Continued

Years	Cattle	Of which cows	Pigs	Sheep and goats	Horses	Poultry, mln heads
Agricultural organizations						
1941	818	308	307	516	619	0,5
1946	261	68	31	166	275	...
1951	1 074	207	410	733	651	...
1961	2 184	806	1 476	713	512	2,5
1966	3 132	1 146	1 709	404	388	3,4
1971	4 017	1 351	2 250	396	328	6,8
1976	5 073	1 640	2 495	398	270	12,2
1981	5 685	1 848	2 938	397	231	19,8
1986	6 501	1 857	3 439	387	227	25,4
1991	6 200	1 699	3 545	210	206	29,1
1992	5 777	1 629	3 221	173	192	28,9
1993	5 411	1 516	2 839	136	186	25,9
1994	5 037	1 479	2 658	83	171	25,2
1995	4 589	1 447	2 458	58	165	22,8
1996	4 233	1 392	2 332	36	160	18,3
1997	4 061	1 315	2 221	20	151	19,7
1998	4 028	1 289	2 257	13	143	20,0
1999	3 944	1 271	2 329	10	133	20,9
2000	3 626	1 253	2 225	7	119	20,3
2001	3 553	1 245	2 141	6	109	20,4
2002	3 462	1 227	2 152	6	100	19,3
2003	3 429	1 205	2 202	6	92	18,5
2004	3 386	1 194	2 217	5	84	17,9
2005	3 460	1 190	2 345	5	77	18,5
2006	3 532	1 194	2 518	5	71	22,0
2007	3 611	1 195	2 644	6	66	22,4
2008	3 683	1 201	2 631	6	61	23,1
2009	3 842	1 222	2 760	6	57	25,0
2010	3 886	1 240	2 824	5	50	27,7
2011	3 930	1 306	2 955	6	45	31,1
2012	4 056	1 328	3 071	7	40	33,6
2013	4 191	1 384	3 319	8	36	36,3
2014	4 171	1 411	2 769	9	32	40,0
2015	4 230	1 433	2 466	9	28	42,7

Continued

Years	Cattle	Of which cows	Pigs	Sheep and goats	Horses	Poultry, mln heads
Private (peasant) farms						
1992	1,6	0,8	1,6	1,3	0,1	...
1993	4,3	2,2	4,2	3,3	0,2	...
1994	3,9	2,3	5,0	2,5	0,5	...
1995	3,8	2,5	5,5	2,1	0,6	...
1996	4,4	3,0	7,1	1,9	0,8	...
1997	4,1	3,0	6,7	1,8	0,8	...
1998	3,7	2,3	6,6	1,5	0,7	...
1999	3,6	2,2	7,2	1,2	0,7	...
2000	4,1	2,3	8,4	1,1	0,7	0,0
2001	4,2	2,4	15,3	1,5	0,7	0,0
2002	5,8	2,8	18,3	1,2	0,8	0,0
2003	17,0	7,3	23,9	1,4	0,9	0,1
2004	31,2	11,6	25,7	1,9	1,3	0,1
2005	31,7	12,0	19,8	1,8	1,3	0,1
2006	21,4	8,5	19,8	2,3	0,8	0,1
2007	18,8	7,2	24,4	3,2	0,8	0,0
2008	11,9	4,9	25,5	3,5	0,7	0,0
2009	10,0	4,1	29,6	3,8	0,6	0,0
2010	10,0	3,8	34,9	4,1	0,6	0,1
2011	10,3	3,7	36,1	4,9	0,6	0,1
2012	11,4	3,7	36,2	5,1	0,6	0,1
2013	11,7	3,7	40,6	7,4	0,8	0,1
2014	12,3	3,3	27,3	9,5	0,9	0,1
2015	13,6	3,7	25,0	12,8	0,9	0,2

Continued

Years	Cattle	Of which cows	Pigs	Sheep and goats	Horses	Poultry, mln heads
Household plots						
1941	2 026	1 648	2 214	2 062	552	14,2
1946	1 347	943	711	710	383	...
1951	1 672	1 174	1 213	676	70	...
1961	1 483	1 215	1 688	500	7	16,2
1966	1 572	1 185	1 978	442	1	17,2
1971	1 365	1 140	1 754	296	1	20,2
1976	1 334	1 040	1 504	167	1	19,7
1981	1 084	890	1 630	173	1	19,4
1986	1 034	825	1 575	273	2	18,9
1991	775	663	1 506	235	12	21,6
1992	798	684	1 480	250	20	22,8
1993	805	702	1 465	242	29	23,0
1994	810	718	1 518	238	43	8,0
1995	810	730	1 541	224	54	8,1
1996	816	742	1 556	224	68	8,1
1997	789	725	1 488	192	80	7,7
1998	770	708	1 422	172	90	7,5
1999	738	673	1 361	151	95	7,2
2000	696	630	1 333	142	102	7,1
2001	664	598	1 275	146	107	7,0
2002	617	554	1 202	142	108	6,9
2003	559	504	1 103	130	109	6,6
2004	507	452	1 044	119	107	6,5
2005	471	411	1 042	118	103	6,5
2006	427	363	1 007	114	96	6,4
2007	359	304	974	113	89	6,3
2008	312	253	941	115	85	6,3
2009	279	226	915	116	80	6,2
2010	255	202	923	118	75	6,3
2011	211	169	896	113	68	6,3
2012	180	145	882	113	60	6,1
2013	165	131	883	118	55	6,0
2014	137	111	470	113	49	5,6
2015	121	97	433	119	44	5,4

16.1.21. Structure of livestock and poultry population by type of farm

(beginning of year; percent of corresponding livestock and poultry population in farms of all types)

	1996	2001	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agricultural organizations											
Cattle	83,8	84,2	87,3	91,9	93,0	93,6	94,7	95,5	96,0	96,5	96,9
of which cows	65,1	67,5	73,8	82,3	84,2	85,8	88,3	89,9	91,1	92,5	93,4
Pigs	59,9	62,4	68,8	73,1	74,5	74,7	76,0	77,0	78,2	84,8	84,3
Horses	70,1	50,5	42,4	41,7	41,1	40,1	39,8	39,3	39,0	38,8	38,7
Poultry	69,3	74,6	73,8	78,5	80,0	81,2	82,9	84,3	85,6	87,4	88,4
Private (peasant) farms											
Cattle	0,1	0,1	0,8	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3
of which cows	0,1	0,1	0,7	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2
Pigs	0,2	0,4	0,6	0,7	0,8	0,9	0,9	0,9	1,0	0,8	0,9
Horses	0,4	0,3	0,7	0,5	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,6	0,9	1,0	1,3
Poultry	0,2	0,1	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,3
Household plots											
Cattle	16,1	15,7	11,9	7,8	6,8	6,1	5,1	4,2	3,8	3,2	2,8
of which cows	34,8	32,4	25,5	17,4	15,5	13,9	11,4	9,8	8,6	7,3	6,3
Pigs	39,9	37,2	30,6	26,2	24,7	24,4	23,1	22,1	20,8	14,4	14,8
Horses	29,5	49,2	56,9	57,8	58,5	59,4	59,7	60,1	60,2	60,1	60,1
Poultry	30,5	25,3	25,9	21,3	19,8	18,6	16,8	15,4	14,2	12,3	11,2

16.1.22. Production of basic animal husbandry products

(farms of all types)

Years	Sales of livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight), thous. t:	Of which by type:					Production		Average milk yield per cow, (average annual), kg
		cattle	pigs	poultry	sheep and goats	other	milk, thous. t	eggs, mln units	
1940	424	...	168,4	...	...	...	2 005	612	1 049
1950	364	...	98,6	...	...	...	1 643	568	1 186
1960	614	235,5	302,8	30,5	24,0	21,4	3 219	868	1 607
1970	999	532,8	393,5	44,0	17,2	11,4	5 264	1 669	2 130
1980	1 267	699,5	440,4	111,0	7,4	8,6	6 105	3 035	2 220
1990	1 758	977,2	555,1	197,7	15,6	12,5	7 457	3 657	3 058
1995	995	542,9	333,9	100,8	7,6	9,7	5 070	3 373	2 339
2000	854	356,9	373,4	109,4	5,2	9,3	4 490	3 288	2 413
2005	1 024	445,3	415,1	156,0	1,8	5,5	5 676	3 103	3 711
2006	1 121	468,7	448,7	196,8	1,8	5,4	5 896	3 337	4 006
2007	1 176	473,9	474,1	220,8	2,2	5,2	5 904	3 228	4 125
2008	1 209	463,5	481,8	255,8	2,4	5,6	6 225	3 312	4 438
2009	1 335	531,5	500,5	294,5	2,6	5,7	6 577	3 430	4 690
2010	1 400	533,1	511,5	346,8	2,9	5,5	6 624	3 536	4 630
2011	1 464	516,2	539,6	400,1	2,6	5,5	6 500	3 656	4 479
2012	1 557	507,5	573,0	470,3	1,7	4,1	6 766	3 778	4 638
2013	1 669	554,3	598,8	509,8	1,8	4,5	6 633	3 850	4 506
2014	1 548	519,2	460,2	562,8	1,9	4,1	6 705	3 953	4 510

16.1.23. Sales structure of livestock and poultry for slaughter by type

(farms of all types; percent of total sales)

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sales of livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
cattle	54,6	41,8	43,5	38,3	39,8	38,1	35,3	32,6	33,2	33,5
pigs	33,6	43,7	40,6	39,8	37,5	36,5	36,8	36,8	35,9	29,7
poultry	10,1	12,8	15,2	21,2	22,1	24,8	27,3	30,2	30,5	36,4
sheep and goats	0,8	0,6	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1
other	1,0	1,1	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,3

16.2. FORESTRY

The section presents data on forest resources of the Republic of Belarus, on the security and protection of forest resources.

Forest stock land is forest land and non-forest land within the boundaries of forest stock area allotted for forestry management.

Forest land is forest stock land covered with forest as well as not covered with forest but intended for its regeneration (cuttings, burned out areas, clearings, waste grounds, glades, lost timber stands, areas under nurseries, plantations and non-closed forest cultures) allotted for forestry management.

Forest-covered land is land of the forest covered with tree vegetation, either naturally growing or planted, and shrubs.

Percent forest cover is a ratio of the forest-covered area to the total land area of the country (region, district).

Forest management is the system of the forest inventory and recording, planning of activities designed for the rational and multipurpose use of forest stock; enhancement of forestry management efficiency; preservation of habitat-forming, water protective, protective, sanitary-hygienic, recreational and other forest functions; effective regeneration, preservation and protection of forest; and implementation of an integrated scientific and technological policy in forestry.

Reforestation refers to re-establishing forest plantations in areas not covered with forest, where forest was previously growing (cuttings, burnt-out areas, lost timber stands, clearings, waste grounds, glades). Reforestation includes forest planting and seeding, assistance to the natural forest regeneration, and preservation of undergrowth.

Afforestation is a set of activities to establish forest in the previously unforested areas.

Timber cut by all felling types includes final, intermediate, and other cutting.

Final cutting refers to cutting ripe and overripe stands for timber procurement.

16.2.1. Forest resources¹⁾

(beginning of year)

	Total area of forest stock, thous. ha	Of which forest-covered area, thous. ha	Percent forest cover
2004	9 103	7 881	38,0
2005	9 128	7 920	38,2
2006	9 185	7 952	38,3
2007	9 228	8 011	38,6
2008	9 196	8 011	38,6
2009	9 260	8 041	38,7
2010	9 264	8 064	38,8
2011	9 275	8 094	39,0
2012	9 294	8 123	39,1
2013	9 301	8 124	39,1
2014	9 321	8 180	39,4
2015	9 342	8 211	39,6

¹⁾ Data of the State Property Committee of the Republic of Belarus.

16.2.2. Main activities in forestry

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Forest management, thous. ha	5 025	7 564	1 168	1 179	1 250	1 144	1 442	915	919
Reforestation and afforestation, thous. ha	38,3	51,5	50,0	40,8	33,0	30,6	31,2	30,3	32,3
of which:									
forest planting and seeding	33,0	45,0	43,1	34,3	27,7	25,3	24,7	23,8	26,2
assistance to natural forest regeneration and preservation of undergrowth	5,3	6,4	6,9	6,4	5,3	5,2	6,4	6,5	6,1
Introduction of young growth into valuable tree plantation category, thous. ha	23,0	34,0	39,5	43,0	43,7	51,7	52,3	58,4	59,2
Seed harvesting of wood and bush, tonnes	32,3	208,8	193,7	95,9	231,0	67,5	184,9	174,5	86,1
Forest felling area ¹⁾ , thous. ha	415,4	441,0	488,0	402,7	462,4	578,3	545,0	535,3	523,9
of which final cutting	20,4	25,1	24,4	22,4	25,4	28,9	28,1	30,5	43,4
Marketable timber harvest by all types of cutting ¹⁾ , thous. m ³	10 787	14 109	15 056	13 218	15 473	17 670	18 059	18 521	19 559
of which final cutting	4 303	5 213	5 460	5 128	5 863	6 523	6 522	7 143	8 010

¹⁾ Starting from 2010 – data of the Ministry of Forestry of the Republic of Belarus.

16.2.3. Conservation and protection of forest

(thousand hectares)

Years	Forest loss		Forests pest and disease biological control	Forest fire control with the aid of aviation
	total	of which coniferous species		
1995	6,2	5,9	42,4	6 983
1996	18,3	17,7	26,5	7 213
1997	16,9	16,4	16,1	7 013
1998	10,3	9,5	18,2	7 039
1999	7,4	6,6	19,1	7 161
2000	8,4	8,1	19,3	7 277
2001	11,0	10,6	20,8	7 813
2002	17,3	16,3	30,4	8 519
2003	26,4	25,7	24,1	8 027
2004	21,9	21,4	22,6	8 470
2005	12,2	9,8	21,6	8 753
2006	5,1	4,3	22,3	9 324
2007	4,9	4,0	22,7	9 335
2008	6,0	4,8	22,6	9 313
2009	7,5	6,3	22,6	9 326
2010	13,5	10,7	22,7	9 367
2011	10,6	8,7	22,8	9 364
2012	9,8	8,8	23,7	9 375
2013	8,2	7,7	35,1	9 410
2014	8,6	7,7	23,9	9 420

16.2.4. Forest fires¹⁾

Years	Number of forest fires	Forest area affected by fires, ha	Standing timber burnt and damaged, thous. m ³
1980	833	193	0,6
1981	2 644	1 264	26,2
1982	1 452	226	2,8
1983	4 311	1 853	28,3
1984	4 883	5 373	169,2
1985	1 369	340	4,7
1986	2 454	2 866	24,9
1987	855	150	1,1
1988	1 769	832	24,6
1989	1 956	1 037	39,0
1990	2 471	1 022	11,0
1991	1 517	310	1,5
1992	8 121	20 412	1 077,3
1993	1 887	1 253	37,9
1994	3 052	2 106	44,0
1995	3 257	3 780	57,7
1996	4 123	7 043	170,3
1997	1 466	614	9,4
1998	876	552	7,5
1999	3 959	4 215	104,3
2000	2 569	1 760	38,5
2001	1 111	359	2,8
2002	5 274	10 108	199,8
2003	2 027	3 081	90,2
2004	1 121	560	9,4
2005	1 114	322	6,3
2006	3 252	2 508	39,9
2007	1 079	613	4,5
2008	673	411	14,5
2009	1 485	1 684	84,4
2010	607	423	2,2
2011	433	152	4,2
2012	544	176	7,7
2013	272	72	1,6
2014	687	345	13,7

¹⁾ Data are given for 1980-2011 as of November 1, for 2012-2014 – end of year.

17. CONSTRUCTION

Construction organizations include organizations, with principal economic activity is construction. The number of organizations in construction comprises legal entities of all types of ownership, separate subdivisions of a legal entity, small and micro entities with no departmental affiliation engaged in works under construction contracts (agreements) and classified in section F "Construction".

The volume of contract works performed in construction economic activity includes works under construction contracts (agreements) classified by economic activity in section F "Construction", as well as own construction of organizations with main economic activity "Construction". The value of contract works includes new construction, reconstruction, modernisation, renovation, as well as capital and current repairs, assembly (installation) works of equipment, which is used for supporting functional load in the building and is necessary for its maintenance.

All value indicators are given at actual prices and indices are calculated at constant prices.

Commissioning of total floor space of residential buildings includes total floor space of residential buildings, hostels and living quarters in other buildings intended for dwelling and which are subject to inclusion into the housing stock upon their commissioning.

Total floor space of residential buildings is calculated as a sum of total floor space of apartments in these houses. Total floor space of apartment covers floor spaces of habitable rooms, utility rooms, built-in closets as well as of summer rooms (loggias, balconies, verandas, terraces) and cold storerooms, to which reduction factors are applied.

Number of apartments built comprises apartments in commissioned residential buildings and hostels, apartments in non-residential buildings, in free-standing residential buildings built in cities, urban areas and rural areas.

More detailed statistical information is also provided in the statistical book "Investment and Construction in the Republic of Belarus".

17.1. Construction activity

17.1.1. Number of construction organizations by ownership type (end of year)

Years	Total number of construction organizations	Of which by ownership type		
		state	private	foreign
1990	3 799	...	...	...
1995	2 903	...	...	...
2000	3 968	774	3 185	9
2001	3 957	753	3 185	19
2002	4 174	759	3 383	32
2003	4 261	672	3 547	42
2004	4 360	554	3 767	39
2005	4 520	514	3 961	45
2006	4 822	513	4 253	56
2007	5 291	494	4 736	61
2008	6 184	478	5 639	67
2009	6 157	470	5 640	47
2010	6 853	428	6 344	81
2011	7 280	515	6 670	95
2012	7 318	506	6 725	87
2013	7 676	481	7 106	89
2014	7 873	474	7 316	83

17.1.2. Construction organizations by number of employees and ownership type as of January 1, 2015

	Total number of construction organizations	Of which by ownership type		
		state	private	foreign
Total organizations	7 873	474	7 316	83
of which with number of employees, persons:				
under 100	7 196	324	6 795	77
101-250	505	127	376	2
over 250	172	23	145	4
Percent of total	100	100	100	100
of which with number of employees, persons:				
under 100	91,4	68,3	92,9	92,8
101-250	6,4	26,8	5,1	2,4
over 250	2,2	4,9	2,0	4,8

17.1.3. Volume of contract works in "Construction" economic activity by ownership type

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BYR billion (actual prices)									
Total	1 021,3	7 459,4	18 725,5	21 083,0	26 412,6	39 841,9	68 729,9	94 360,6	104 807,4
of which:									
state	325,7	2 267,5	5 232,8	5 384,1	6 063,4	7 362,8	11 549,0	15 416,2	15 690,9
private	694,6	5 134,1	13 344,5	15 534,7	20 117,0	31 759,4	56 010,8	77 557,5	86 978,5
of which:									
mixed with state share	...	...	6 635,6	8 208,9	11 045,1	16 189,5	27 544,0	36 388,4	40 176,7
mixed with foreign share	...	...	498,3	458,8	732,2	2 296,2	4 409,3	5 079,7	5 686,7
foreign	1,0	57,8	148,2	164,2	232,2	719,7	1 170,1	1 386,9	2 138,0
Percent of previous year (constant prices)									
Total	88,2	112,1	121,1	104,6	112,9	106,7	91,4	104,6	94,3
of which:									
state	87,4	114,2	118,1	105,5	113,0	93,0	83,1	103,2	88,1
private	88,5	110,9	126,4	104,2	112,7	109,7	93,0	105,1	94,8
of which:									
mixed with state share	...	...	118,5	108,9	112,2	103,4	88,0	97,8	96,5
mixed with foreign share	...	...	116,7	88,2	111,0	106,0	95,5	91,9	92,4
foreign	—	161,8	110,6	115,7	129,3	154,8	110,8	97,7	135,3

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Percent of total									
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:									
state	31,9	30,4	27,9	25,5	22,9	18,5	16,8	16,3	15,0
private	68,0	68,8	71,3	73,7	76,2	79,7	81,5	82,2	83,0
of which:									
mixed with state share	...	...	35,4	38,9	41,8	40,6	40,1	38,6	38,3
mixed with foreign share	...	...	2,7	2,2	2,8	5,8	6,4	5,4	5,4
foreign	0,1	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,9	1,8	1,7	1,5	2,0

17.1.4. Investment in production facilities of construction organizations

Years	BYR billion (actual prices)	Percent of total investment
2000	25,0	1,4
2005	455,9	3,0
2008	1 711,4	4,6
2009	1 591,7	3,7
2010	2 271,4	4,1
2011	2 122,8	2,1
2012	3 329,5	2,2
2013	4 939,3	2,4
2014	4 494,7	2,0

17.2. Commissioning of selected production capacities, construction of dwelling, social and cultural construction

17.2.1. Commissioning of production capacities

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Production capacities:									
meat, t per shift	50,0	–	30,0	50,0	78,0	–	36,7	188,6	–
sausages, t per shift	–	8,1	–	22,9	3,0	42,5	–	51,4	5,9
whole-milk products, t per shift	6,5	2,4	9,3	72,0	122,5	191,0	28,0	8,0	111,2
bread and bakery products, t per 24 hours	15,9	6,0	4,2	24,4	2,0	43,0	2,0	1,0	7,0
confectionery, thous. t	0,2	–	2,8	0,5	0,5	2,1	7,7	2,3	7,1
granulated sugar, thous. centners of beet processed per 24 hours	1,5	62,0	6,0	5,0	–	2,0	6,0	5,0	1,0
canned fruit and vegetables, mln standard cans	–	5,0	10,6	14,5	–	8,0	–	–	–
soft drinks, thous. dal	–	910,8	1 349,6	–	–	–	4 072,5	806,1	–

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Commissioned:									
heat supply backbone networks, km	6,1	10,4	26,5	21,2	16,2	12,5	14,5	37,3	28,1
oil wells, units	13	22	28	35	32	35	30	38	30
livestock premises (including complexes), thous. livestock unit places:									
for cattle	7,9	15,8	31,1	129,1	113,3	92,1	160,6	125,6	84,7
for pigs	8,2	13,9	43,4	32,9	43,1	75,1	63,0	31,9	82,9
store houses for potatoes, vegetables and fruit, capacity in thous. t	9,6	8,4	33,1	29,5	51,2	175,7	92,5	53,5	64,4
greenhouses, thous. m ²									
under glass	0,6	–	13,3	43,5	9,4	127,5	47,7	110,7	43,0
under plastic film	–	–	0,8	–	4,2	3,9	11,3	7,9	22,7
store houses for mineral fertilizers, pesticides and herbicides, capacity in thous. t	0,7	5,4	1,0	4,2	4,5	13,7	2,0	6,0	29,0

17.2.2. Melioration construction

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Drained lands put into use, thous. ha	7,3	0,2	0,3	0,03	2,8	0,9	5,2	3,1	1,3
Land clearing works in agricultural land areas not requiring drainage, thous. ha	2,1	0,7	0,2	0,2	0,4	–	0,6	–	–
Fixed capital investment in land improvement (actual prices), BYR bn	8,4	90,9	105,3	121,5	278,4	371,0	844,3	1 243,3	966,0

17.2.3. Number of projects not completed by construction¹⁾

(as of January 1)

	2001	2006	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total number of projects	20 550	15 019	14 129	14 027	13 262	12 268	11 388	11 029	9 368
of which:									
suspended or temporarily closed	3 658	4 227	3 109	2 650	2 059	1 752	1 695	1 547	1 260
residential buildings ²⁾	7 318	3 183	2 583	3 459	3 460	2 540	2 141	1 848	1 637

¹⁾ Excluding free-standing residential buildings, micro and small entities with no departmental affiliation.

²⁾ Beginning from 2011 including micro and small entities with no departmental affiliation.

17.2.4. Commissioning of residential buildings

Years	Residential buildings commissioned, thous. m ² of total floor space	Of which		Of which free-standing residential buildings	
		in urban areas	in rural areas	in urban areas	in rural areas
1970	4 328	2 672	1 656	316	1 271
1975	4 346	2 921	1 425	299	842
1980	4 291	3 358	933	223	341
1985	5 106	3 567	1 539	202	197
1990	5 282	3 970	1 312	234	165
1991	5 392	3 709	1 683	224	147
1992	4 444	3 517	927	195	152
1993	3 823	2 998	825	233	179
1994	3 403	2 832	571	351	218
1995	1 948,8	1 500,5	448,3	323,5	217,9
1996	2 626,9	2 242,2	384,7	298,0	203,9
1997	3 359,8	2 654,0	705,8	435,3	369,4
1998	3 634,9	2 743,2	891,7	585,2	578,1
1999	2 916,5	2 030,5	886,0	673,1	551,7
2000	3 528,5	2 447,4	1 081,1	943,2	660,0
2001	3 008,9	2 071,3	937,6	801,5	623,9
2002	2 810,5	1 917,3	893,2	804,9	647,0
2003	3 019,2	2 116,0	903,2	738,8	718,1
2004	3 501,5	2 286,9	1 214,6	691,2	522,5
2005	3 785,5	2 549,1	1 236,4	816,3	584,9
2006	4 087,5	2 708,2	1 379,3	822,1	710,2
2007	4 660,7	3 170,5	1 490,2	930,8	776,0
2008	5 082,9	3 626,7	1 456,2	968,6	762,4
2009	5 710,5	4 287,1	1 423,4	1 031,2	889,4
2010	6 629,9	5 040,3	1 589,6	1 035,7	833,4
2011	5 480,1	4 195,7	1 284,4	923,5	766,8
2012	4 482,8	3 518,1	964,7	768,1	646,7
2013	5 220,4	3 835,1	1 385,3	1 021,7	883,4
2014	5 523,1	4 210,1	1 312,9	1 047,3	843,0

17.2.5. Commissioning of residential buildings by ownership type

Years	Residential buildings commissioned	Of which by ownership type			
		state	of which		private
			republican	community	
Thousand square metres of total floor space					
2000	3 528,5	716,0	207,8	508,2	2 812,5
2001	3 008,9	513,0	138,5	374,5	2 481,1
2002	2 810,5	455,3	142,1	313,2	2 355,2
2003	3 019,2	473,0	143,5	329,5	2 528,0
2004	3 501,5	741,6	126,3	615,3	2 735,9
2005	3 785,5	700,7	157,9	542,8	3 075,3
2006	4 087,5	800,4	117,8	682,6	3 278,4
2007	4 660,7	702,7	157,1	545,6	3 943,8
2008	5 082,9	679,7	125,2	554,5	4 392,0
2009	5 710,5	2 868,0	205,1	2 662,9	2 816,1
2010	6 629,9	3 651,5	110,9	3 540,6	2 924,6
2011	5 480,1	2 972,2	98,3	2 873,9	2 421,0
2012	4 482,8	2 172,9	79,7	2 093,2	2 260,8
2013	5 220,4	2 343,0	65,3	2 277,6	2 756,4
2014	5 523,1	2 406,2	124,8	2 281,4	3 042,0
Share in total floor space commissioned, percent					
2000	100	20,3	5,9	14,4	79,7
2001	100	17,0	4,6	12,4	82,5
2002	100	16,2	5,1	11,1	83,8
2003	100	15,7	4,8	10,9	83,7
2004	100	21,2	3,6	17,6	78,1
2005	100	18,5	4,2	14,3	81,2
2006	100	19,6	2,9	16,7	80,2
2007	100	15,1	3,4	11,7	84,6
2008	100	13,4	2,5	10,9	86,4
2009	100	50,2	3,6	46,6	49,3
2010	100	55,1	1,7	53,4	44,1
2011	100	54,2	1,8	52,4	44,2
2012	100	48,5	1,8	46,7	50,4
2013	100	44,9	1,3	43,6	52,8
2014	100	43,6	2,3	41,3	55,1

17.2.6. Commissioning of residential buildings by source of financing

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Thousand square metres of total floor space								
Total residential buildings commissioned by all sources of financing	3 785,5	5 082,9	5 710,5	6 629,9	5 480,1	4 482,8	5 220,4	5 523,1
of which by source of financing:								
consolidated budget	248,0	255,0	281,6	263,7	257,4	211,8	245,7	396,0
own funds of organizations	218,8	273,3	221,8	270,3	175,2	176,2	261,0	234,3
funds of individuals	1 921,3	2 342,8	2 639,6	2 495,1	2 151,3	2 102,5	2 549,1	2 821,4
foreign investment (excluding foreign bank credits (loans))	4,9	10,9	14,8	12,9	42,4	55,6	33,4	61,0
bank credits (loans)	1 386,4	2 195,1	2 546,7	3 568,4	2 826,1	1 866,8	2 025,2	1 865,4
of which preferential credits	1 349,9	1 926,8	2 447,5	3 450,3	2 747,7	1 797,2	1 899,2	1 800,7
Share in total floor space commissioned, percent								
Total residential buildings commissioned by all sources of financing	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by source of financing:								
consolidated budget	6,5	5,0	4,9	4,0	4,7	4,7	4,7	7,2
own funds of organizations	5,8	5,4	3,9	4,1	3,2	3,9	5,0	4,2
funds of individuals	50,8	46,1	46,2	37,6	39,3	46,9	48,8	51,1
foreign investment (excluding foreign bank credits (loans))	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,8	1,2	0,6	1,1
bank credits (loans)	36,6	43,2	44,6	53,8	51,6	41,6	38,8	33,8
of which preferential credits	35,7	37,9	42,9	52,0	50,1	40,1	36,4	32,6

17.2.7. Commissioning of residential buildings according to walling material¹⁾

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Thousand square metres of total floor space								
Total residential buildings (excluding hostels)	3 453,3	4 853,3	5 483,7	6 376,3	5 221,3	4 216,8	5 006,3	5 294,6
of which:								
large-panel	1 050,2	1 732,4	2 041,0	2 170,2	1 758,2	1 441,7	1 618,6	1 710,7
brick, large-blocks and of foam mortar	1 892,0	2 189,6	2 429,0	3 170,9	2 451,7	1 823,0	2 172,3	2 218,6
frame	63,9	257,3	318,1	254,4	279,8	347,7	340,9	464,9
cast-in-place concrete and reinforced concrete	63,2	179,3	157,7	257,0	309,3	280,1	352,6	457,9
wooden and of other walling materials	384,0	494,7	537,9	523,8	422,3	324,3	521,8	442,4
Units								
Total residential buildings (excluding hostels)	15 978	17 110	16 995	17 080	13 606	9 454	12 687	12 272
of which:								
large-panel	1 390	1 957	2 417	2 370	1 921	1 489	1 955	1 640
brick, large-blocks and of foam mortar	10 387	10 506	9 322	9 743	7 777	5 208	7 301	7 512
frame	31	251	353	343	268	205	233	171
cast-in-place concrete and reinforced concrete	22	43	113	55	65	54	75	93
wooden and of other walling materials	4 148	4 353	4 790	4 569	3 575	2 498	3 123	2 856

¹⁾ Excluding bulkheads, building extensions, residential buildings converted from non-residential and residential premises converted to non-residential buildings.

17.2.8. Commissioning of residential buildings and hostels according to number of floors and provision of amenities¹⁾

	2000	2005	2008	2009 ²⁾	2010 ²⁾	2011	2012	2013	2014
Thousand square metres of total floor space									
Total residential buildings and hostels	3 510,0	3 455,4	4 882,0	3 772,1	4 739,4	5 292,9	4 294,6	5 039,0	5 325,3
of which with a number of floors:									
1	1 122,7	1 183,8	1 311,4	400,1	423,0	1 020,5	653,5	903,4	870,2
2	749,1	633,0	783,6	52,5	59,4	744,6	678,3	910,6	902,9
3-4	188,8	49,4	116,8	97,2	133,4	99,1	96,1	153,0	103,1
5	332,3	228,3	438,9	664,0	1 052,5	753,0	553,9	545,2	505,7
6-8	101,8	97,5	186,2	207,3	185,0	112,0	79,7	125,0	102,2
9	1 015,3 ³⁾	1 263,4 ³⁾	1 292,5	1 370,7	1 704,4	1 354,6	948,0	918,2	864,3
10-13	...	...	468,5	661,8	735,8	810,6	728,6	860,8	1 224,1
14 and higher	...	...	284,1	318,5	445,9	398,5	556,5	622,7	752,9
Equipped with:									
water supply	2 825,1	3 176,4	4 579,9	3 754,7	4 739,2	4 768,0	3 677,6	4 265,5	5 217,7
central heating	2 619,1	2 891,0	4 503,0	3 731,5	4 734,4	4 703,8	3 622,8	4 189,6	5 183,3
Units									
Total residential buildings and hostels	14 488	15 980	17 117	5 471	5 962	13 619	9 472	12 694	12 280
of which with a number of floors:									
1	10 240	13 136	12 971	4 635	4 879	9 210	5 754	7 620	7 219
2	3 729	2 508	3 476	169	180	3 576	3 084	4 342	4 311
3-4	197	51	193	62	82	169	127	200	172
5	131	75	136	211	337	258	185	177	164
6-8	26	20	38	42	50	26	19	27	23
9	165 ³⁾	190 ³⁾	202	215	261	204	141	141	131
10-13	...	...	64	99	122	133	104	122	186
14 and over	...	...	37	38	51	43	58	65	74
Equipped with:									
water supply	8 787	13 037	14 448	5 424	5 960	11 640	8 052	11 175	11 252
central heating	7 408	11 380	14 013	5 369	5 912	11 135	7 777	10 659	10 933

¹⁾ Excluding bulkheads, building extensions and residential buildings converted from non-residential and residential premises converted to non-residential buildings.

²⁾ Excluding free-standing residential buildings.

³⁾ 9 floors and higher.

17.2.9. Main characteristics of apartments built

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total									
Number of apartments built, thous.	39,4	43,3	59,8	69,6	84,7	69,8	57,2	63,7	69,3
Average size of apartments, m ² of total floor space	89,6	87,5	85,0	82,1	78,3	78,6	78,4	82,0	79,7
Apartments by number of rooms, percent of total apartments commissioned:									
one-room	10,8	13,2	17,3	18,8	20,9	23,2	28,0	26,6	27,7
two-room	24,9	27,0	32,3	34,7	36,9	36,5	37,5	35,4	37,1
three-room	41,4	45,7	38,7	35,7	33,6	31,2	25,2	26,6	24,7
four-room and over	22,9	14,1	11,7	10,8	8,6	9,1	9,3	11,4	10,5
By housing-construction cooperatives									
Number of apartments built, thous.	10,4	12,3	23,0	31,5	44,3	35,3	26,2	26,9	18,4
Average size of apartments, m ² of total floor space	63,3	64,6	64,7	63,6	62,9	62,1	61,2	62,4	60,8
Free-standing residential buildings									
Number of apartments built, thous.	11,7	7,9	10,1	11,7	11,2	10,1	8,2	11,2	11,1
Average size of apartments, m ² of total floor space	131,5	157,4	155,4	150,4	147,8	150,3	151,9	157,1	155,7

17.2.10. Commissioning of residential buildings and apartments built per 1 000 population

Years	Residential buildings commissioned, m ² of total floor space	Of which		Number of apartments built, units	Of which	
		in urban areas	in rural areas		in urban areas	in rural areas
2000	354	351	360	3,9	4,2	3,3
2001	303	297	318	3,3	3,5	2,8
2002	285	275	309	2,9	3,1	2,5
2003	308	304	320	3,3	3,6	2,4
2004	360	328	440	4,2	3,9	4,8
2005	392	366	457	4,5	4,3	4,9
2006	426	389	522	4,7	4,7	4,9
2007	487	454	577	5,6	5,6	5,5
2008	533	517	578	6,3	6,5	5,6
2009	601	608	580	7,3	8,0	5,3
2010	699	710	665	8,9	9,7	6,7
2011	578	587	553	7,4	8,1	5,2
2012	474	489	426	6,0	6,7	3,9
2013	551	529	625	6,7	7,0	5,8
2014	583	577	604	7,3	7,8	5,7

17.2.11. Commissioning of social and cultural facilities

Year	Institutions providing pre-school education, places	General education institutions, pupil places	Hospital organizations, beds	Out-patient and polyclinic organizations, visits per shift	Club institutions, seats
Total					
2000	156	3 678	480	1 010	3 100
2005	515	6 169	210	1 282	380
2006	454	4 047	165	451	1 148
2007	530	5 210	463	692	842
2008	1 035	2 431	6	1 125	1 631
2009	1 379	4 655	252	2 300	1 653
2010	1 840	5 145	584	1 128	987
2011	1 276	3 639	710	2 271	868
2012	2 978	3 872	1 027	370	2 945
2013	1 718	2 437	–	70	–
2014	2 420	3 485	687	1 328	524
In urban areas					
2000	156	3 162	430	1 010	2 700
2005	515	4 727	185	807	80
2006	420	3 199	145	308	430
2007	400	3 468	463	539	–
2008	970	2 055	6	820	–
2009	1 280	4 225	252	2 240	–
2010	1 710	4 061	422	965	520
2011	1 090	2 970	710	2 130	348
2012	2 325	3 200	1 021	250	2 526
2013	1 493	2 221	–	70	–
2014	2 225	3 435	677	1 240	424
In rural areas					
2000	–	516	50	–	400
2005	–	1 442	25	475	300
2006	34	848	20	143	718
2007	130	1 742	–	153	842
2008	65	376	–	305	1 631
2009	99	430	–	60	1 653
2010	130	1 084	162	163	467
2011	186	669	–	141	520
2012	653	672	6	120	419
2013	225	216	–	–	–
2014	195	50	10	88	100

18. TRANSPORT

The section presents data on the performance of transport.

Freights transported (volume of freight transportation) is the quantity of freights in tonnes carried by railway, motor road, air, inland water and pipeline transport.

Freight turnover is the volume of work of transport to carry freights. The unit of measurement here is tonne-kilometre, i.e. carriage of 1 tonne of freight over a distance of 1 kilometre. It is measured by multiplying the weight of each consignment by the transportation distance and summing up the products of all trips.

Freight turnover of pipeline transport is the volume of work on the handling of oil, petroleum products and gas via main pipelines. It is measured by summing up the volumes of products (oil, petroleum products and gas) received at the border of the Republic of Belarus in gross tonnes (cubic metres) multiplied by the distance of transportation via the territory of the Republic of Belarus to filling point, oil depot, oil refinery plant, or gas distribution system.

Passengers transported (volume of passenger transportation) is the number of passengers transported over a definite period of time. Data on passenger transportation include passengers with the right to free travel.

Passenger turnover is a volume of work of transport to carry passengers. The unit of measurement here is a passenger-kilometre, i.e. transportation of a passenger over a distance of 1 kilometre. It is measured by multiplying the number of passengers for each transportation position by transportation distance and summing up the products of all trips.

Operating length of general use railway tracks is the length of railway lines of the Belarusian Railways (in kilometres) measured along the axis of the main-line track, and for multi-track lines it is the length of the shortest main track between the axes of operation points (stations, crossing loops, passing stations) which limit the line.

Public motor roads comprise roads for any person with regard to requirements of the legislation of the Republic of Belarus. The length of the streets is included in the length of public motor roads on the territory of the republic since 2012.

18.1. Main indicators of transport

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General use railway tracks, km	5 564	5 533	5 518	5 511	5 511	5 503	5 503	5 483	5 490	5 491
of which electrified	894	874	897	897	898	898	899	899	1 013	1 012
Public motor roads – total, thous. km	51,6	74,4	83,0	85,7	86,3	86,4	86,5	100,4	101,0	101,5
of which hard surface roads	50,8	66,2	72,2	74,3	74,5	74,7	74,8	86,0	86,9	87,2
Tramway tracks (in two-way terms), km	100,5	100,5	102,1	102,1	93,6	78,1	83,6	93,6	78,7	78,7
Trolleybus lines (in two-way terms), km	446,7	466,6	468,1	478,3	568,8	576,6	607,4	564,8	759,6	768,3
Metro tracks (in two-way terms), km	18,5	21,9	27,6	43,1	43,1	43,1	43,1	48,4	48,4	51,1

Continued

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Main pipelines, km	9 593	10 703	12 237	11 512	11 280	11 262	11 235	11 264	11 571	11 635
Freight transported – total, mln t	...	285,4	393,5	435,4	420,1	456,0	493,3	484,4	471,2	467,5
of which:										
pipeline transport	...	131,3	164,6	152,2	146,7	143,0	142,8	137,4	134,2	130,6
railway transport	73,4	88,0	125,1	147,2	134,0	139,9	152,8	153,7	140,0	141,4
motor road transport ¹⁾	...	64,4	100,7	130,9	133,9	166,9	191,0	189,3	192,5	191,7
Freight turnover – total, mln tkm	...	89 154	127 320	130 796	121 172	128 144	134 269	131 684	130 752	131 402
of which:										
pipeline transport	...	52 659	74 261	67 871	64 785	65 743	65 258	61 134	61 220	59 704
railway transport	25 510	31 425	43 559	48 994	42 742	46 224	49 406	48 351	43 818	44 997
motor road transport ¹⁾	...	5 026	9 351	13 742	13 512	16 023	19 436	22 031	25 603	26 587
Passengers transported – total, mln	2 213,6	2 830,6	2 540,3	2 278,4	2 209,7	2 395,8	2 438,5	2 453,2	2 451,2	2 255,4
of which:										
railway transport	147,4	167,8	104,5	88,0	83,5	83,6	89,0	100,5	99,4	91,6
bus transport	1 305,0	1 499,6	1 509,9	1 298,8	1 257,0	1 410,0	1 440,3	1 435,8	1 415,5	1 304,4
tramway, trolleybus and metro	750,5	1 156,2	923,7	882,0	856,8	892,3	899,5	906,6	920,6	844,5
Passenger turnover – total, mln pkm	25 989	32 449	24 354	21 699	19 932	23 498	23 671	25 295	26 618	25 092
of which:										
railway transport	12 505	17 722	10 351	8 188	7 401	7 578	7 941	8 977	8 998	7 796
bus transport	9 308	9 235	9 231	8 184	7 247	10 194	9 923	10 016	10 546	9 946
tramway, trolleybus and metro	2 818	4 886	4 067	3 920	3 828	4 025	4 032	4 130	4 373	4 088

¹⁾ Hereinafter data in tables 18.4, 18.5 since 2011 the data on sole proprietorships engaged in freight transportation are included.

18.2. Density of routes of communication

(end of year; kilometres per 1 000 square kilometres of territory)

	Public railway tracks	Public hard-surface motor roads	Main pipelines
1995	26,8	244,9	46,2
1996	26,8	248,2	46,6
1997	26,8	252,5	48,0
1998	26,7	291,7	48,7
1999	26,7	301,4	50,6
2000	26,7	319,1	51,6
2001	26,6	321,9	53,1
2002	26,7	334,0	54,8
2003	26,6	338,1	56,1
2004	26,6	341,9	58,3
2005	26,6	347,7	58,9
2006	26,6	352,1	57,0
2007	26,6	356,2	57,3
2008	26,5	357,7	55,5
2009	26,5	359,0	54,3
2010	26,5	359,6	54,2
2011	26,5	360,5	54,1
2012	26,4	414,2	54,3
2013	26,4	418,4	55,7
2014	26,5	420,1	56,0

18.3. Availability of motor vehicles

(end of year; units)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Corporate motor vehicles									
motor vehicles ¹⁾	415 857	367 628	403 561	405 771	411 213	412 945	421 700	426 579	436 588
freight	...	...	...	269 378	277 204	275 328	279 841	285 388	285 556
passenger cars	...	...	...	102 820	100 215	104 048	107 775	107 318	115 403
buses	38 254	29 870	34 601	33 573	33 794	33 569	34 084	33 873	35 629
trolleybuses	1 745	1 782	1 792	1 734	1 772	1 775	1 741	1 752	1 749
tramway cars	355	341	333	284	280	276	273	283	284
metro cars	168	223	249	272	302	302	337	336	361

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
inland water transport									
transport ships in common use (including tug boats and pushboats)	...	258	246	259	257	245	242	237	245
auxiliary ship	...	154	187	220	218	211	224	220	210
passenger ships in common use	...	10	12	10	11	12	12	14	12
Privately owned motor vehicles ¹⁾									
freight motor vehicles	49 350	77 091	99 779	114 288	119 402	121 133	123 274	128 805	135 632
passenger cars, thous. units	1 385,9	1 737,1	2 191,3	2 339,8	2 501,2	2 646,5	2 640,8	2 670,6	2 827,2
buses	12 518	11 631	10 695	10 781	10 863	9 509	10 799	10 876	11 400

¹⁾ Data of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Belarus.

18.4. Freight transportation by mode of transport

(million tonnes)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
All modes of transport	285,4	393,5	435,4	420,1	456,0	493,3	484,4	471,2	467,5
of which:									
pipeline	131,3	164,6	152,2	146,7	143,0	142,8	137,4	134,2	130,6
of which transit	...	129,3	113,7	108,6	110,4	103,6	96,3	96,6	91,4
railway	88,0	125,1	147,2	134,0	139,9	152,8	153,7	140,0	141,4
of which in foreign traffic	60,2	90,2	99,3	86,1	90,4	108,0	107,9	95,9	100,0
of which transit	28,8	43,5	50,6	43,4	45,6	50,5	45,4	46,7	45,1
motor road	64,4	100,7	130,9	133,9	166,9	191,0	189,3	192,5	191,7
of which in foreign traffic	...	4,8	5,8	5,2	6,8	7,6	9,2	10,6	11,6
of which transit	...	...	1,5	1,5	1,7	1,9	2,4	2,7	2,6
inland water	1,7	3,0	5,1	5,5	6,2	6,7	4,0	4,5	3,8
air	0,0	0,01	0,02	0,03	0,02	0,01	0,01	0,01	0,04
of which in foreign traffic	0,0	0,01	0,02	0,03	0,02	0,01	0,01	0,01	0,04

18.5. Freight turnover by mode of transport

(million tonne-kilometres)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
All modes of transport	89 154	127 320	130 796	121 172	128 144	134 269	131 684	130 752	131 402
of which:									
pipeline	52 659	74 261	67 871	64 785	65 743	65 258	61 134	61 220	59 704
of which transit	...	63 490	56 522	53 542	56 283	53 825	50 445	50 165	48 065
railway	31 425	43 559	48 994	42 742	46 224	49 406	48 351	43 818	44 997
of which in foreign traffic	23 425	33 339	35 053	28 743	31 667	36 192	34 461	30 865	32 404
of which transit	12 016	17 339	19 726	16 433	18 499	19 875	17 341	17 312	16 430
motor road	5 026	9 351	13 742	13 512	16 023	19 436	22 031	25 603	26 587
inland water	26	90	132	83	110	143	134	84	49
air	18	59	57	50	44	27	34	27	65
of which in foreign traffic	18	59	57	50	44	27	34	27	65

18.6. Intensity of cargo transportation

(thousands tonne-kilometres per one kilometre of length of the paths)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Public railway tracks	5 680	7 894	8 890	7 756	8 400	8 978	8 818	7 981	8 195
Public motor roads	68	113	160	156	185	225	219	253	262
Main pipelines	4 920	6 069	5 896	5 743	5 838	5 808	5 427	5 291	5 131

18.7. Logistics centers

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of logistics centers	11	11	11	17
Floor space of logistics centers, thous. m ²	376,5	435,8	907,4	1 138,5
Services provided by logistics center, BYR bn	1 333,3 ¹⁾	741,1 ¹⁾	768,3	935,0

¹⁾ Volume of transport and logistics services.

18.8. Passenger transportation by mode of transport and transport service type

(million persons)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Volume of passenger transportation by	2 830,6	2 540,3	2 278,4	2 209,7	2 395,8	2 438,5	2 453,2	2 451,2	2 255,4
railway	167,8	104,5	88,0	83,5	83,6	89,0	100,5	99,4	91,6
of which by transport service type:									
international	8,2	8,4	8,6	7,0	7,4	7,4	7,7	7,1	5,1
regional of economy class and urban	149,8	89,1	71,9	68,9	67,9	72,5	80,5	78,7	73,7
of which urban	–	–	–	–	–	–	1,6	2,0	2,6
interregional and regional of business class	9,8	7,0	7,5	7,6	8,3	9,1	12,3	13,6	12,8
bus	1 499,6	1 509,9	1 298,8	1 257,0	1 410,0	1 440,3	1 435,8	1 415,5	1 304,4
of which by transport service type ¹⁾ :									
international	1,2	0,7	0,7	0,7	0,8	0,8	1,0	1,0	0,9
intercity	17,4	14,2	12,7	11,1	11,7	11,7	10,0	9,4	8,2
local	199,0	193,0	118,4	91,0	89,0	87,9	80,6	80,0	75,1
urban	1 271,5	1 287,0	1 145,2	1 144,0	1 205,8	1 255,5	1 269,8	1 241,6	1 137,5
inland water	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3
of which by transport service type :									
local	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,04	0,04
urban	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
air (international)	0,3	0,5	0,8	0,8	1,0	1,0	1,3	1,6	2,0
tramway	139,5	90,7	96,8	82,7	83,7	85,3	89,2	84,1	78,7
trolleybus	758,5	582,6	541,0	519,9	535,0	546,2	536,0	508,2	447,3
metro	258,2	250,4	244,2	254,2	273,6	268,0	281,4	328,3	318,5
taxi	6,6	1,5	8,6	11,5	8,7	8,4	8,7	13,7	12,6

¹⁾ Data for scheduled bus service (excluding small and micro entities with no departmental affiliation).

18.9. Passenger turnover by mode of transport and transport service type

(million passenger-kilometres)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Passenger turnover	32 449	24 354	21 699	19 932	23 498	23 671	25 295	26 618	25 092
railway	17 722	10 351	8 188	7 401	7 578	7 941	8 977	8 998	7 796
of which by transport service type:									
international	2 211	2 671	2 791	2 273	2 423	2 335	2 338	2 173	1 469
regional of economy class and urban	12 857	5 800	3 416	3 124	2 987	3 198	3 543	3 465	3 184
of which urban	–	–	–	–	–	–	32	42	57
interregional and regional of business class	2 654	1 880	1 981	2 004	2 168	2 408	3 097	3 359	3 143
bus	9 235	9 231	8 184	7 247	10 194	9 923	10 016	10 546	9 946
of which by transport service type ¹⁾ :									
international	212	135	132	119	149	184	227	239	220
intercity	1 221	1 021	978	812	871	902	786	748	624
local	2 718	2 587	1 716	1 343	1 310	1 338	1 232	1 247	1 144
urban	4 519	4 889	4 339	4 333	4 585	4 783	4 958	4 940	4 706
inland water	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	3	3,2
of which by transport service type:									
local	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,5	0,5
urban	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	2,5	2,7
air	513	684	1 281	1 284	1 571	1 643	2 036	2 490	3 070
of which international	513	683	1 281	1 284	1 570	1 643	2 035	2 490	3 070
tramway	553	352	387	298	301	305	320	300	281
trolleybus	2 655	2 037	1 897	1 826	1 891	1 931	1 925	1 873	1 673
metro	1 678	1 678	1 636	1 703	1 833	1 796	1 885	2 200	2 134
taxi	91	19	123	170	127	128	133	208	189

¹⁾ Data for scheduled bus service (excluding small and micro entities with no departmental affiliation).

18.10. Electricity consumption by transport organization

(million kilowatt-hours)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Transport – total	1 777	1 603	1 729	1 684	1 611	1 533	1 546
of which:							
railway transport	608	577	622	616	620	599	628
of which for electric traction of railway trains	462	434	478	473	478	462	401
bus	148	138	132	128	125	119	120
inland water	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
air	10	9	9	8	2	2	2
tramway	2	1	1	1	1	1	17
trolleybus	101	95	94	86	83	77	58
metro	92	93	97	96	98	115	125
taxi	0,0	0,0	1	1	1	0,0	0,0
main pipeline	708	596	685	672	607	539	516
of which for:							
oil transportation	407	453	474	445	345	285	276
gas transportation	300	137	177	181	211	207	196

18.11. Fuel consumption by motor vehicle

(thousand tonnes)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Organizations of all types of economic activity						
Motor spirit	474	458	421	395	374	361
Diesel fuel	1 015	972	1 153	1 197	1 339	1 190
Biodiesel fuel	–	264	136	122	56	63
Compressed gas	17	18	15	13	11	11
Liquefied hydrocarbon gases	50	49	46	48	44	38
Transport organizations						
Motor spirit	39	39	32	28	25	25
Diesel fuel	354	336	437	500	565	559
Biodiesel fuel	–	103	29	3	0,4	0,9
Compressed gas	8	7	6	5	4	2
Liquefied hydrocarbon gases	10	10	6	5	4	6

19. COMMUNICATIONS

Postal service is a type of communications related to a uniform production technological complex of technical and transportation facilities ensuring the receipt, processing, storage, transportation and (hand-) delivery of postal items as well as provision of other postal services.

Data transmission services are telecommunication services of receipt, transmission, processing and storage of data.

Telematic services are telecommunication services of receipt, transmission, processing and storage of telematic service messages.

Television programme broadcasting services are television transmission services of television programme broadcasting to a wide range of geographically distributed users of telecommunication service.

Mobile cellular telecommunication services are telecommunication services provided to users of telecommunication services by telecommunication operator via mobile cellular telecommunication network.

Mobile cellular telecommunication subscriptions cover the mobile cellular telecommunication users who concluded contracts on the provision of such services with a subscriber number or a unique identification code assigned.

Fixed telephone lines connected to general use telecommunication network include telephone lines connected to the network of the national telecommunication operator and lines connected to technological telecommunication networks linked to general use telecommunication network. The total number of telephone lines includes main (individual and shared), coupled, telephones installed in organizations and at home. Home telephone lines, i.e. telephones installed in apartments (residential buildings) are distinguished separately. Beginning from 2011 are included just telephone lines connected to the network of the national telecommunication operator.

Revenue from communication services comprises revenue accrued for the total volume of provided communication services according to actual tariffs for the reference period (irrespective of time of payment for the services).

19.1. Main indicators of communications

	1995	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Dispatched, mln										
written correspondence	133,8	132,4	161,1	146,9	160,3	166,9	172,9	231,3	268,4	259,5
print mass media	568,4	530,6	380,0	350,5	332,5	313,0	306,9	295,7	272,4	251,1
parcels	0,6	0,7	2,1	2,2	2,4	3,3	3,9	4,8	5,6	5,8
telegrams	2,4	1,5	1,1	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,2
money transfers	3,9	3,9	5,7	6,7	6,9	6,7	6,3	7,1	7,8	7,8
Pension and benefit payouts, mln	28,9	26,1	23,4	22,5	20,3	19,5	20,0	18,1	17,0	16,0
Long-distance and international connections, mln	248,3	528,6	1 066,9	920,6	894,4	882,4	806,3	731,1	657,7	574,6
Interurban and international phone traffic, mln hours	...	...	...	57,1	57,4	57,4	54,7	50,7	47,9	43,9
Fixed telephone lines connected to general use telecommunication network (at year-end) – total, thous.	2 159,6	2 962,0	3 503,0	3 894,1	4 121,7	4 245,3	4 203,0	4 283,1	4 359,9	4 417,2
of which urban network	1 745,1	2 422,1	2 821,0	3 080,6	3 209,2	3 282,0	3 223,8	3 300,1	3 369,6	3 423,7
Of total fixed telephone lines – home telephones, thous.	1 581,7	2 338,8	2 828,3	3 106,0	3 312,3	3 438,8	3 519,9	3 587,1	3 649,5	3 701,0
Home telephone lines connected to general use telecommunication network per 1 000 population, units	153	235	294	326	349	363	372	379	385	390
of which:										
urban network	182	275	324	343	356	364	370	377	381	385
rural network	89	142	214	281	328	358	378	387	399	408
Revenue of organizations from communication services (at actually effective prices), BYR bn	2 914,5	175,8	2 170,3	3 947,0	4 711,3	5 433,4	7 247,9	12 136,9	15 285,9	19 226,6

19.2. Revenue from communication services

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Communication services – total	175,8	2 170,3	3 947,0	4 711,3	5 433,4	7 247,9	12 136,9 ¹⁾	15 285,9	19 226,6
of which:									
postal	31,7	199,4	321,9	353,7	423,8	581,2	1 074,8	1 555,6	1 916,2
courier	...	...	...	...	...	11,9	22,7	33,2	35,0
telecommunication	144,1	1 970,9	3 625,1	4 357,6	5 009,6	6 654,8	10 907,9	13 477,1	16 997,2
of which:									
data transmission and telematic services	5,5	78,4	266,4	424,1	787,5	1 303,3	2 440,7	3 519,8	4 883,9
of which Internet access	4,1	71,4	241,7	380,9	531,6	735,7	1 170,7	1 699,8	2 171,9
long-distance and international telephone communications	85,8	509,8	668,0	784,8	896,6	1 230,9	2 027,3	2 175,6	2 339,1
local telephone communications in urban and rural telephone networks	42,6	266,8	356,5	371,9	376,3	400,4	599,1	694,3	1 134,9
mobile cellular telecommunications	...	989,8	1 807,9	2 115,6	2 146,6	2 779,0	4 481,0	5 503,6	6 594,6
traffic connection and transmission	...	...	278,9	384,4	479,3	532,4	766,9	866,8	1 208,5
television programme broadcasting	2,6	80,9	169,9	196,5	235,1	337,5	494,4	595,4	700,4
of which in cable television	...	...	133,0	162,8	195,0	278,7	386,9	471,3	543,8

¹⁾ Beginning from 2012 including revenue of micro entities not distributed by type of services.**19.3. Main indicators of mobile cellular telecommunications**

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Mobile cellular telecommunication subscriptions, thous.	49,2	4 098,0	8 127,9	9 686,3	10 332,9	10 694,9	10 676,5	11 114,4	11 401,9
Territorial coverage of the Republic of Belarus with mobile cellular telecommunication services, percent	...	65,0	93,5	97,2	97,8	98,1	98,2	98,4	97,6

19.4. Indicators of data transmission network

(end of year)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total subscribers of all types of data transmission, thous.	3 825,9	3 403,7	4 790,9	6 012,7	7 528,3	9 218,3	10 320,3	10 526,8
of which:								
without Internet access	1 030,8	303,0	354,1	580,5	723,5	857,8	887,2	836,0
with Internet access	2 795,1	3 100,7	4 436,8	5 432,2	6 804,8	8 360,5	9 433,1	9 690,8
individuals	2 654,5	2 848,5	3 985,1	4 808,8	6 062,2	7 469,3	8 407,0	8 624,9
via dial-up access	1 514,7	1 062,9	495,4	348,7	143,0	88,2	54,9	32,3
via fixed (anytime) access	169,8	444,2	1 047,7	1 600,7	2 020,0	2 435,4	2 688,3	2 558,2
via wireless access	969,3	1 339,7	2 440,6	2 858,0	3 898,7	4 945,5	5 663,6	6 034,2
via other access	0,7	1,7	1,4	1,4	0,5	0,2	0,2	0,2
legal entities and sole proprietorships	140,6	252,2	451,7	623,4	742,6	891,2	1 026,1	1 065,9
via dial-up access	48,0	50,2	36,5	29,5	20,8	14,9	9,7	7,4
via fixed (anytime) access	21,0	33,6	44,6	65,2	78,8	96,2	116,8	131,1
via wireless access	68,3	163,1	365,7	523,6	639,1	777,5	897,4	925,2
via other access	3,3	5,3	4,9	5,1	3,9	2,6	2,2	2,2
Internet subscribers per 1 000 population	293	326	467	573	719	883	996	1 022
Bandwidth capacity of external Internet access channels, Gb/s	3	7	23	67	200	350	480	783
Number of multiuser outlets providing Internet access, units	948	1 262	1 468	1 625	1 626	1 583	1 468	1 239

20. INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

The section contains data of the state statistical observation on the use of information and communication technologies and production of computing techniques, software and provision of related services. The observation has covered 8,3 thousand of organizations.

Information and communication technology (ICT) – information processes and methods of working with information using telecommunication facilities and computing machinery.

Internet is a system of interconnected international data communication networks based on the Internet Protocol Suite (TCP/IP) and using the interconnect address space.

Intranet is a distributed corporate computer network based on the Internet technology and designed for the access of the personnel to corporate electronic information resources.

Extranet is an Intranet extension which has selection space accessible by external users.

More detailed statistical information on information and communication technology is provided in statistical book of Belstat "Information society in the Republic of Belarus".

20.1. Main indicators of ICT use in organizations

	Total				Of which percent of total organizations surveyed			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Organizations surveyed	7 469	7 259	7 990	8 316	100	100	100	100
of which:								
used								
electronic mail	6 953	6 903	7 707	8 065	93,1	95,1	96,5	97,0
local area network	5 505	5 549	6 281	6 751	73,7	76,4	78,6	81,2
Internet	7 062	7 030	7 793	8 089	94,6	96,8	97,5	97,3
Intranet	1 355	1 338	1 718	1 877	18,1	18,4	21,5	22,6
Extranet	437	386	561	677	5,9	5,3	7,0	8,1
had Internet website	3 748	3 719	4 556	5 175	50,2	51,2	57,0	62,2

20.2. Organizations that used ICT by economic activity

(percent of total organizations surveyed)

	Organizations that used								Organizations that had website			
	local area network				Internet							
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	73,7	76,4	78,6	81,2	94,6	96,8	97,5	97,3	50,2	51,2	57,0	62,2
of which:												
agriculture, hunting and forestry	51,8	60,7	65,0	66,2	93,5	97,8	98,2	98,9	14,2	19,9	24,9	26,4
fishing and fish farming	66,7	50,0	60,0	66,7	100	100	100	100	33,3	50,0	60,0	66,7
mining and quarrying	85,7	81,0	85,7	90,5	100	100	100	100	61,9	61,9	85,7	85,7
manufacturing	86,3	88,7	87,8	90,1	97,6	98,7	98,8	98,9	76,8	77,8	80,2	82,5
electricity, gas and water supply	94,1	95,9	97,0	95,8	100	100	100	100	42,9	52,4	57,9	62,3
construction	82,1	86,6	88,3	90,1	99,3	99,7	99,7	100	36,5	40,2	44,2	50,5
trade, repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	74,6	75,9	75,8	80,1	92,7	95,1	96,3	95,9	50,5	48,4	55,7	61,2
hotels and restaurants	89,4	90,1	93,9	97,7	97,6	98,9	100	100	62,4	62,6	64,6	68,2
transport and communications	71,9	73,5	74,9	76,8	91,5	95,6	96,5	96,7	47,4	49,6	53,7	59,4
financial activities	97,6	97,5	97,8	97,7	100	100	100	100	97,6	97,5	95,7	97,7
real estate, renting and business services	70,6	70,1	75,5	75,5	91,4	94,2	96,0	94,3	56,1	52,9	60,4	62,9
community, social and personal services	85,1	90,7	93,3	95,3	100	99,2	99,3	100	58,2	66,9	67,2	77,3

20.3. Expenditure on ICT by economic activity

(at actually effective prices; BYR million)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	2 650 320	4 074 516	5 660 628	6 649 567
of which:				
agriculture, hunting and forestry	35 304	57 705	60 049	71 606
fishing and fish farming	254	468	518	392
mining and quarrying	50 881	204 718	310 063	308 027
manufacturing	375 191	650 152	891 903	905 132
electricity, gas and water supply	42 641	80 930	110 381	142 002
construction	45 540	70 582	93 329	116 128
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	152 090	301 078	462 982	647 759
hotels and restaurants	6 942	12 960	17 127	39 088
transport and communications	746 880	642 785	1 171 924	1 405 570
financial activities	512 487	922 672	1 322 547	1 602 786
real estate, renting and business services	669 488	1 105 687	1 182 339	1 164 082
community, social and personal services	12 621	24 779	37 204	59 559

20.4. Expenditure of ICT sector on information and communication technology

(percent of total)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	100	100	100	100
of which on:				
acquisition of computing machinery (including installation and adjustment)	41,7	17,1	23,7	26,6
of which manufactured in the Republic of Belarus	22,1	4,8	6,5	2,8
acquisition of software	4,3	5,8	11,1	14,8
of which designed in the Republic of Belarus	0,7	3,0	1,2	4,8
payment for telecommunication services	17,6	19,0	24,0	19,0
of which – Internet access	2,4	3,8	5,6	5,6
training of employees in the development and use of ICT	0,3	0,5	0,5	0,4
payment for ICT-related services of other organizations	4,3	6,2	9,2	18,5
other expenditure on ICT	31,8	51,4	31,5	20,7

20.5. Expenditure of organizations of the ICT sector on research and development by economic activity

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total, BYR mln	68 932	131 079	246 216	189 382
of which:				
manufacture of electronic computers and other processing equipment (without installation)	–	308	750	1 574
manufacture of electronic and radio components	41 004	57 006	150 130	92 362
manufacture of television and radio apparatus for industrial use	1 068	910	1 361	387
manufacture of apparatus for line telephony and telegraphy	5 020	10 856	6 868	420
assembly, adjustment, repair and maintenance of transmission apparatus	137	291	–	759
manufacture of sound or video receiving, recording and reproducing apparatus	3 738	6 338	7 848	6 010
manufacture of instruments and appliances for measuring and checking	2 499	6 979	23 641	11 798
software publishing	260	520	682	–
software design and related consultancy	7 682	42 215	49 797	67 854
database activities	656	2 130	–	2 200
other computer related activities	4	504	1 011	153
Percentage share of R&D expenditure in total expenditure on production of goods (works, services)	0,6	0,7	1,0	0,6
of which:				
manufacture of electronic computers and other processing equipment (without installation)	–	0,05	0,1	0,3
manufacture of electronic and radio components	8,4	7,6	15,5	7,8
manufacture of television and radio apparatus for industrial use	1,6	0,7	1,1	0,3
manufacture of apparatus for line telephony and telegraphy	3,8	3,5	1,9	0,1
assembly, adjustment, repair and maintenance of transmission apparatus	0,2	0,3	–	0,7
manufacture of sound or video receiving, recording and reproducing apparatus	0,8	0,4	1,0	1,7
manufacture of instruments and appliances for measuring and checking	0,6	1,2	2,8	1,2
software publishing	0,7	1,5	1,8	–
software design and related consultancy	0,5	1,4	1,0	1,0
database activities	0,5	1,0	–	0,4
other computer related activities	0,0	0,5	0,5	0,1

20.6. Access of households to Internet services

(data based on sample household living standards survey;
percent of total households)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Share of households with personal computer	46,4	51,7	54,9	59,9
Share of households with Internet access from home computer	31,2	40,3	51,9	57,1

20.7. Access to Internet by population¹⁾(data based on sample household living standards survey;
percent of total population of corresponding group)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Population using Internet	31,8	39,6	54,2	59,0
of which:				
residing in:				
urban areas	37,9	45,6	59,8	64,2
rural areas	14,6	22,7	38,7	44,5
by age group:				
6-15	–	–	76,9	79,7
16-24	71,0	81,5	96,4	96,2
25-54	37,3	48,9	67,4	74,0
55-64	10,8	13,3	26,5	33,3
65 and over	1,4	2,9	6,1	10,6
by completed education:				
general basic, without education	–	–	57,4	61,4
general secondary	27,8	32,1	42,2	44,1
vocational technical	20,4	27,6	44,4	49,6
secondary specialized	28,6	39,9	50,8	57,4
higher	58,3	65,9	73,5	78,0

¹⁾ Hereinafter in 2011-2012 the tables 20.7-20.8 cover population using Internet aged 16 and over, from 2013 – aged 6 and over. Data for 2011-2012 are provided as of beginning of year.

20.8. Internet users by frequency and the main place of Internet access

(data based on sample household living standards survey; percent of total Internet users)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Internet users by frequency of Internet access				
daily	52,7	60,9	64,3	64,6
at least once a week	21,5	16,3	19,0	19,7
occasionally	25,8	22,8	16,7	15,7
Internet users by the main place of Internet access				
home	81,5	87,9	86,3	86,9
place of work (study)	11,8	7,8	5,8	4,8
friend's, relative's, acquaintance's place	3,2	1,1	3,0	1,9
in computer club, Internet café	1,5	0,7	0,1	0,0
other	2,0	2,5	4,8	6,4

21. TRADE AND SERVICES

The section presents statistical data characterising the activity of retail and wholesale organizations, public catering, and the consumption of services provided on a fee basis.

Retail turnover is the sum of retail turnover of trade organizations and retail turnover at markets and shopping centres.

Retail turnover comprises retail turnover of food products, beverages and tobacco (hereinafter – food goods) and retail turnover of non-food goods.

Retail turnover of trade organizations is the value of goods sold to the population for personal, family, household or other similar use not related to entrepreneurial activities, for cash or paid by bank cards, electronic money, bank transfers from personal accounts, or by other cashless method of payment.

Retail turnover at markets and shopping centres is the value of consumer goods sold to the population at markets and in shopping centres for personal consumption or household use.

Catering turnover is the value of catering products as well as bought-in goods sold to the population, legal entities and sole proprietorships for cash and/or by cashless method of payment in catering facilities or outside catering facilities to orders.

Volume indexes of retail trade turnover and catering turnover is a relative measure of dynamics expressed as percentage which characterizes changes in the turnover over time assuming that the prices in the reference period did not change compared with base period.

Commodity stocks comprise the quantity of goods in money value or physical terms available in retail trade facilities.

Commodity stocks in days of turnover is a relative measure of the provision of trade with commodity stocks as of specific date showing for how many days of trade the commodity stocks are available.

Retail trade network is represented by the following trade outlets: shops, pavilions, pharmacies, shopping centres (onwards shops), tents for trade, kiosks.

Catering network is represented by restaurants, cafes, canteens, bars, snack bars, fast food restaurants, mini-cafes, cafeterias and other outlets.

Wholesale turnover is the value of sales of goods (products) of non-own production in their initial state actually shipped to outside organizations and sole proprietorships for further resale or own use (processing).

Wholesale organizations – are organizations engaged in wholesale trade in goods of non-own production the main economic activity of which is wholesale trade.

Volume index of wholesale turnover is a relative measure of dynamics expressed as percentage which characterizes changes in the wholesale turnover over time assuming that the prices in the reference period did not change as compared with the base period.

Commodity stocks comprise the quantity of goods in money value or physical terms available in trade facilities.

Commodity stocks in days of turnover is a relative measure of the provision of trade with commodity stocks as of specific date showing for how many days of trade the commodity stocks are available.

Paid services for population cover the following services: personal, transport, communications, housing and utilities, cultural, tourism and excursion, hotel and similar accommodation facilities, physical training and sports, medical, sanatorium and health improvement, education and other services.

Volume of paid services for population reflects the volume of consumption by population of various services and is measured as an amount of money paid by an individual or by a legal entity or its separate unit where he works (out of profit) for the services provided to him.

More detailed information on trade statistics is provided in the following statistical books of Belstat: "Retail and wholesale trade, public catering in the Republic of Belarus".

Trade

21.1. Main indicators of organizations with the main economic activity "Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods"

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	36 802	37 777	40 620	44 069	44 658
Average annual payroll number of employees, thous. persons	457,7	459,9	470,6	488,1	493,1
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries, BYR thous.	1 041,9	1 669,5	3 237,7	4 555,1	5 563,4
Revenue from sales of goods, products, works and services, BYR bn	146 642,4	317 576,0	534 419,8	603 460,0	626 979,0 ¹⁾
Net profit, loss (-), BYR bn	2 729,0	7 477,2	15 887,6	12 170,9	12 095,3 ¹⁾

¹⁾ Data on micro entities are given only by organizations included in the sample of respondents.

21.2. Number of organizations with the main economic activity "Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods"

	Number of organizations					Percent of total				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	36 802	37 777	40 620	44 069	44 658	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
trade in motor vehicles and motorcycles, their maintenance and repair	4 480	4 939	5 465	6 044	6 006	12,2	13,1	13,5	13,7	13,4
wholesale trade and entrepot through agents, excluding trade in motor vehicles and motorcycles	15 508	15 967	17 760	19 683	20 359	42,1	42,3	43,7	44,7	45,6
retail trade, excluding trade in motor vehicles and motorcycles; repair of household and personal goods	16 814	16 871	17 395	18 342	18 293	45,7	44,6	42,8	41,6	41,0

21.3. Revenue from sales of products, goods, works, services of organizations with the main economic activity "Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods"

	BYR trillion					Percent of total				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	146,6	317,6	534,4	603,5	627,0 ¹⁾	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
trade in motor vehicles and motorcycles, their maintenance and repair	14,4	34,1	58,8	78,2	82,6	9,8	10,7	11,0	13,0	13,2
wholesale trade and entrepot through agents, excluding trade in motor vehicles and motorcycles	91,3	211,7	339,8	347,8	348,8	62,3	66,7	63,6	57,6	55,6
retail trade, excluding trade in motor vehicles and motorcycles; repair of household and personal goods	41,0	71,8	135,7	177,4	195,6	27,9	22,6	25,4	29,4	31,2

¹⁾ Data on micro entities are given only by organizations included in the sample of respondents.

21.4. Structure of production costs of products, works, services of organizations with the main economic activity "Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods"¹⁾

(at actually effective prices; percent of total)

	Trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods				Of which											
					trade in motor vehicles and motorcycles, their maintenance and repair				wholesale trade and entropot through agents, excluding trade in motor vehicles and motorcycles				retail trade, excluding trade in motor vehicles and motorcycles; repair of household and personal goods			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Production costs of products (works, services)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:																
material costs	38,1	41,1	30,7	26,6	44,3	49,1	32,7	26,3	49,4	58,4	45,2	36,8	25,8	24,3	21,8	20,9
labor costs	26,0	28,6	34,4	35,2	19,9	18,2	25,9	28,2	14,7	17,0	23,6	24,8	38,5	40,9	42,3	42,1
fringe benefit expenses	9,0	9,6	11,5	11,8	6,8	5,8	8,5	9,2	4,9	5,5	7,7	8,1	13,5	14,0	14,3	14,2
depreciation of fixed and intangible assets used in entrepreneurial activity	3,8	4,8	5,7	6,0	6,5	6,9	9,9	10,0	3,0	4,4	5,6	5,9	4,1	4,8	5,0	5,5
other costs	23,1	15,9	17,7	20,4	22,5	20,0	23,0	26,3	28,0	14,7	17,9	24,4	18,1	16,0	16,6	17,3

¹⁾ Data exclude non-profit organizations, small and micro entities with no departmental affiliation.

21.5. Main indicators of retail facilities of public catering

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations	1 861	1 991	2 120	2 304	2 515
Average annual payroll number of employees ¹⁾ , thous. persons	73,2	72,2	71,6	71,6	66,2
Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries ¹⁾ , BYR thous.	757,3	1 203,6	2 408,2	3 470,0	4 337,2
Revenue from sales of products, goods, works, services, BYR bn	1 862,1	2 955,8	5 483,1	7 686,8	8 530,4 ²⁾
Net profit, loss (-), BYR bn	28,9	76,9	172,3	169,0	176,0 ²⁾

¹⁾ Data are given by employees in public catering.

²⁾ Data on micro entities are given only by organizations included in the sample of respondents.

Retail trade

21.6. Retail trade facilities

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Retail trade objects – total, thous.	30,8	34,2	41,0	43,4	45,7	47,1	47,8	49,2	53,6
per 10 000 population, outlets	31	35	43	45	48	50	51	52	57
Trade area of shops, thous. m ²	2 695,5	2 856,3	3 307,4	3 495,6	3 705,2	3 940,5	4 164,5	4 504,2	5 004,8
per 10 000 population, thous. m ²	2,7	3,0	3,5	3,7	3,9	4,2	4,4	4,8	5,3
Internet-shops	...	...	...	...	1 198	1 253	1 744	1 988	3 072

21.7. Retail trade facilities by ownership type

(end of year)

	Number of retail trade facilities							Percent of total						
	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	30 762	34 237	45 657	47 149	47 819	49 228	53 628	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by ownership type:														
state	7 735	6 172	5 425	5 201	5 249	4 977	4 643	25,1	18,0	11,9	11,0	11,0	10,1	8,6
private	22 970	27 868	39 676	41 337	41 825	43 159	47 504	74,7	81,4	86,9	87,7	87,5	87,7	88,6
of which														
with state share	1 563	2 447	3 479	3 641	3 698	3 772	4 106	5,1	7,1	7,6	7,7	7,7	7,7	7,7
with foreign share	337	452	819	1 202	1 379	1 595	2 035	1,1	1,3	1,8	2,5	2,9	3,2	3,8
foreign	57	197	556	611	745	1 092	1 481	0,2	0,6	1,2	1,3	1,5	2,2	2,8

21.8. Retail turnover

Year	BYR billion (at actually effective prices)	Percent of previous year (at constant prices)	Year	BYR billion (at actually effective prices)	Percent of previous year (at constant prices)
1970	4,8	107,6	2006	29 488,1	117,5
1980	9,1	105,4	2007	36 271,5	115,0
1990	17,2	114,7	2008	48 201,6	119,7
2000	3 936,0	111,9	2009	52 033,0	103,5
2001	7 697,4	129,1	2010	64 864,9	115,7
2002	11 273,2	111,9	2011	112 898,8	109,0
2003	14 400,1	110,4	2012	202 309,0	114,1
2004	18 431,9	111,4	2013	268 018,7	118,0
2005	23 951,4	120,4	2014	318 100,0	106,0

21.9. Retail turnover by sector of realization

Year	Retail turnover – total	Of which	
		in trade organizations	at markets and shopping centers
BYR billion			
(at actually effective prices)			
1995	43 686,5	34 997,6	8 691,9
2000	3 936,0	2 758,2	1 177,8
2001	7 697,4	4 895,5	2 801,9
2002	11 273,2	6 961,1	4 312,1
2003	14 400,1	8 635,4	5 764,7
2004	18 431,9	11 339,8	7 092,1
2005	23 951,4	14 664,3	9 287,1
2006	29 488,1	18 822,8	10 665,3
2007	36 271,5	23 624,4	12 647,1
2008	48 201,6	32 504,1	15 697,5
2009	52 033,0	37 811,4	14 221,6
2010	64 864,9	47 584,0	17 280,9
2011	112 898,8	87 033,8	25 865,0
2012	202 309,0	157 641,8	44 667,2
2013	268 018,7	210 299,4	57 719,3
2014	318 100,0	254 646,6	63 453,4
Percent of total			
1995	100	80,1	19,9
2000	100	70,1	29,9
2001	100	63,6	36,4
2002	100	61,7	38,3
2003	100	60,0	40,0
2004	100	61,5	38,5
2005	100	61,2	38,8
2006	100	63,8	36,2
2007	100	65,1	34,9
2008	100	67,4	32,6
2009	100	72,7	27,3
2010	100	73,4	26,6
2011	100	77,1	22,9
2012	100	77,9	22,1
2013	100	78,5	21,5
2014	100	80,1	19,9
Percent of previous year (at constant prices)			
1995	77,1	75,7	82,7
2000	111,9	105,0	129,4
2001	129,1	116,7	158,2
2002	111,9	108,3	118,3
2003	110,4	109,0	112,5
2004	111,4	113,5	108,3
2005	120,4	119,8	121,5
2006	117,5	122,3	109,9
2007	115,0	116,9	111,6
2008	119,7	123,4	112,7
2009	103,5	103,4	103,6
2010	115,7	117,0	112,4
2011	109,0	115,3	91,7
2012	114,1	114,8	111,7
2013	118,0	117,7	119,2
2014	106,0	106,3	104,5

21.10. Indices of retail turnover

(at constant prices; percent of previous year)

Year	Retail turnover – total	Of which			
		food goods	of which		non-food goods
			food stuffs	alcoholic beverages	
2000	111,9	112,8	111,5	116,8	110,8
2001	129,1	126,9	124,9	125,9	132,5
2002	111,9	110,3	107,4	119,7	114,5
2003	110,4	109,5	109,2	107,6	111,7
2004	111,4	100,0	97,2	108,7	129,5
2005	120,4	112,6	116,7	110,9	130,8
2006	117,5	111,6	109,6	119,3	124,6
2007	115,0	110,3	110,4	121,6	120,2
2008	119,7	111,7	109,9	111,2	128,1
2009	103,5	105,0	106,5	97,5	101,9
2010	115,7	111,8	113,1	105,7	120,0
2011	109,0	99,6	96,0	112,9	118,7
2012	114,1	112,7	116,6	99,4	115,2
2013	118,0	111,7	117,0	98,2	124,0
2014	106,0	103,9	106,4	99,2	107,9

21.11. Retail turnover per capita

Year	BYR thousand (at actually effective prices)			Percent of previous year (at constant prices)		
	total	of which		total	food goods	non-food goods
		food goods	non-food goods			
2000	394,4	239,9	154,5	112,5	113,4	111,4
2005	2 478,4	1 352,9	1 125,5	121,2	113,4	131,7
2006	3 070,0	1 608,7	1 461,3	118,2	112,3	125,4
2007	3 793,7	1 950,7	1 843,0	115,6	110,9	120,8
2008	5 058,9	2 538,5	2 520,4	120,1	112,0	128,5
2009	5 473,3	2 851,9	2 621,4	103,7	105,2	102,1
2010	6 834,7	3 469,4	3 365,3	115,9	112,0	120,2
2011	11 917,7	5 556,5	6 361,2	109,2	99,8	118,9
2012	21 375,6	10 361,0	11 014,6	114,2	112,8	115,3
2013	28 313,8	13 588,3	14 725,5	118,0	111,7	124,0
2014	33 574,3	16 542,0	17 032,3	105,9	103,8	107,8

21.12. Retail turnover by ownership type

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BYR billion (at actually effective prices)									
Retail turnover	3 936	23 951	48 202	52 033	64 865	112 899	202 309	268 019	318 100
of which by ownership type:									
state	941	3 566	6 740	7 196	7 703	12 829	21 372	24 814	27 263
private	2 971	19 871	39 911	43 036	53 992	93 668	168 538	210 805	244 096
of which:									
with state share	294	2 308	4 330	4 651	6 388	12 155	20 566	23 822	26 742
with foreign share	108	799	2 408	2 787	4 274	11 228	23 633	23 844	29 488
foreign	24	514	1 551	1 801	3 170	6 402	12 399	32 400	46 741
Percent of total									
Retail turnover	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by ownership type:									
state	23,9	14,9	14,0	13,8	11,9	11,4	10,6	9,2	8,6
private	75,5	83,0	82,8	82,7	83,2	82,9	83,3	78,7	76,7
of which:									
with state share	7,5	9,6	9,0	8,9	9,8	10,8	10,2	8,9	8,4
with foreign share	2,8	3,3	5,0	5,4	6,6	9,9	11,7	10,8	9,3
foreign	0,6	2,1	3,2	3,5	4,9	5,7	6,1	12,1	14,7

21.13. Retail turnover by economic entity

	BYR billion (at actually effective prices)					Percent of total				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Retail turnover – total	64 864,9	112 898,8	202 309,0	268 018,7	318 100,0	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
large organizations	26 292,0	54 630,7	107 595,6	138 750,6	172 567,0	40,5	48,4	53,2	51,8	54,3
medium-sized business entities	5 843,4	8 896,7	13 425,1	19 451,5	18 596,6	9,0	7,9	6,6	7,3	5,8
small-sized business entities	13 602,1	23 831,4	41 084,9	56 391,4	65 614,9	21,0	21,1	20,3	21,0	20,6
sole proprietorships	19 127,4	25 540,0	40 203,4	53 425,2	61 321,5	29,5	22,6	19,9	19,9	19,3
Share of retail turnover of Internet shops in retail turnover of trade organizations	0,8	1,0	1,3	1,5	1,3	–	–	–	–	–

21.14. Commodity structure of retail turnover

	BYR billion				Percent of total			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	112 898,8	202 309,0	268 018,7	318 100,0	100	100	100	100
of which by commodity:								
Food goods	52 637,9	98 061,3	128 626,4	156 727,3	46,6	48,5	48,0	49,3
of which:								
fruits	2 092,9	4 256,3	5 473,4	6 329,9	1,9	2,1	2,0	2,0
vegetables	1 472,9	2 304,9	3 504,9	4 697,4	1,3	1,1	1,3	1,4
meat, including poultry and meat products	11 990,8	22 762,3	27 216,5	33 470,0	10,6	11,3	10,2	10,5
meat products	6 758,1	13 169,3	15 927,7	19 322,9	6,0	6,5	5,9	6,1
canned meat	299,4	501,3	651,2	779,9	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,3
fish, crustaceans and molluscs	2 258,5	4 212,8	5 364,5	6 470,7	2,0	2,1	2,0	2,0
canned and preserved fish and seafood	466,1	951,5	1 207,0	1 419,0	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,4
bread, cakes and bakery products	3 393,1	6 292,2	8 573,7	10 725,2	3,0	3,1	3,2	3,4
sugar confectionary	2 825,1	5 354,0	6 890,3	8 338,7	2,5	2,7	2,7	2,6
beverages, including alcoholic	9 258,8	18 815,2	24 711,9	29 168,0	8,2	9,3	9,2	9,2
vine	2 413,5	4 550,7	6 113,1	7 149,4	2,1	2,2	2,3	2,2
vodka	3 334,5	7 281,6	9 445,2	11 028,8	2,9	3,6	3,5	3,5
cognac, brandy drinks and brandy	296,4	534,1	878,7	1 242,6	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,4
beer	2 331,9	4 784,8	6 242,9	7 410,7	2,1	2,4	2,3	2,3
liqueur and vodka beverages	882,5	1 664,0	2 032,0	2 336,4	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,7
alcohol-free beverages	1 709,1	3 291,2	4 515,3	5 673,4	1,5	1,6	1,7	1,8
tobacco products	3 552,6	6 057,0	8 585,9	10 219,7	3,2	3,0	3,2	3,2
dairy products	4 760,3	9 139,1	12 098,5	15 755,9	4,2	4,5	4,5	5,0
eggs	581,1	1 049,4	1 264,9	1 487,6	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
dried and preserved nuts, vegetables and fruits	940,6	1 780,0	2 503,6	3 075,0	0,8	0,9	0,9	1,0
tea, coffee, cocoa, spices	1 215,7	2 174,7	2 767,7	3 392,1	1,1	1,1	1,0	1,1
edible oils and fats	1 210,0	2 051,6	2 377,7	3 052,1	1,1	1,0	0,9	1,0
flour	257,5	431,5	571,5	686,0	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
salt	53,3	81,4	106,1	126,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
sugar	965,6	1 371,2	1 448,8	1 563,8	0,9	0,7	0,5	0,5
groats	724,5	934,9	1 070,3	1 308,0	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,4
pasta products	433,5	597,4	762,8	934,8	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,3
other food products	2 942,0	5 104,2	8 818,1	10 253,0	2,6	2,5	3,3	3,2

Continued

	BYR billion				Percent of total			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
Non-food goods	60 260,9	104 247,7	139 392,3	161 372,7	53,4	51,5	52,0	50,7
of which:								
motor vehicles	6 264,2	8 344,3	11 848,6	12 693,9	5,5	4,1	4,4	4,0
parts and accessories for motor vehicles	1 589,9	4 933,2	6 135,9	7 019,6	1,4	2,4	2,3	2,2
motorcycles and related parts and accessories	52,2	117,3	184,1	169,8	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,1
petrol	9 088,5	15 879,7	19 841,6	21 889,6	8,1	7,9	7,5	6,9
pharmaceuticals	2 950,7	5 666,2	7 883,8	9 937,3	2,6	2,8	2,9	3,1
medical and orthopedic goods	296,6	571,9	770,2	976,5	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3
perfumery and beauty products, toiletries	2 387,0	4 518,6	6 392,3	8 102,0	2,1	2,2	2,4	2,5
textiles	729,1	1 199,3	1 750,6	2 000,9	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6
haberdashery	447,2	844,1	1 085,3	971,2	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,3
fur and leather clothing	215,2	178,0	261,5	438,6	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1
outer garments	3 891,4	6 681,5	8 806,7	8 060,0	3,5	3,3	3,3	2,5
underwear	900,8	2 007,5	2 736,3	3 076,3	0,8	1,0	1,0	1,0
sportswear	162,2	299,8	491,9	649,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,2
knitwear	2 224,1	3 155,0	4 496,1	4 193,4	2,0	1,6	1,7	1,3
hosiery	556,0	964,2	1 200,1	1 432,6	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,5
headdress	121,0	223,8	296,8	330,7	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
clothing accessories	158,7	345,8	411,8	365,1	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,1
footwear	3 415,7	5 502,3	7 160,3	8 676,9	3,0	2,7	2,7	2,7
leather goods and travel accessories	442,3	700,9	936,4	1 043,0	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,3
household furniture	2 708,0	4 325,1	5 948,1	7 179,0	2,4	2,2	2,3	2,3
houseware, cutlery, crockery, glassware, china and pottery	1 060,2	1 856,3	2 415,9	2 703,9	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,9
articles for lighting	280,1	522,1	700,2	867,6	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3
curtains, net curtains and diverse household articles of textile materials	419,3	519,8	665,0	709,8	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2
woodwork, cork goods and wickerwork	24,7	37,2	76,0	85,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
household non-electrical appliances, wares and equipment, not included in other groupings	324,7	583,9	776,4	826,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3
household electrical appliances	2 394,1	3 878,3	4 751,1	5 683,7	2,1	1,9	1,8	1,8
audio and video equipment	811,3	1 601,8	1 910,6	2 467,4	0,7	0,8	0,7	0,8

Continued

	BYR billion				Percent of total			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
audio and video tapes with or without records, cassettes and compact discs, digital video disks, gramophone records	67,0	103,8	104,1	117,5	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0
musical instruments and musical score	10,2	27,6	35,2	41,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
hardware	274,3	440,8	734,7	918,7	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,3
paints, varnishes and enamels, lacquers	433,9	639,2	810,7	1 043,8	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,3
glass	30,1	41,4	63,7	49,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
do-it-yourself materials and equipment	1,1	8,5	23,4	38,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
sanitary fittings	257,5	456,5	576,9	931,8	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3
construction materials not included in other groupings	2 478,4	4 211,5	6 158,7	9 187,1	2,2	2,1	2,3	2,9
books	229,3	389,4	553,8	626,0	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
newspapers and magazines	698,3	1 103,8	1 606,2	1 809,2	0,6	0,6	0,7	0,6
office supplies	528,8	875,8	1 203,5	1 459,9	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,5
office furniture	40,0	52,0	63,8	37,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
office machinery and equipment	23,7	50,1	65,0	137,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
computers and software, not adapted to the individual requirements of the customer	541,7	1 240,8	1 532,6	1 483,3	0,5	0,6	0,6	0,5
photographic, optical and precision instruments and equipment	100,9	251,7	396,1	435,0	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
telecommunication equipment	404,7	972,2	1 536,0	3 469,5	0,4	0,5	0,6	1,1
watches and jewelry	918,3	1 512,1	2 296,9	2 594,7	0,8	0,7	0,8	0,8
sports goods, including bicycles	169,6	337,8	448,2	610,7	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2
games and toys	517,5	966,3	1 432,0	1 671,9	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
cleaning materials, wallpapers and floor coverings	1 397,8	2 649,2	3 293,0	4 311,4	1,2	1,3	1,2	1,4
flowers, plants, seeds and fertilizers	204,7	456,3	716,6	944,1	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3
pet animals and food for them	255,1	620,1	873,6	1 829,0	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,6
souvenirs, handicrafts and articles of cultic and religious purposes	93,4	216,1	275,7	408,9	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1
household fuel, bottled gas, coal, wood	14,5	40,3	62,1	281,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,1
postage stamps and coins	1,4	2,5	3,5	5,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
works of art	5,9	4,3	3,6	5,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
non-food goods not included in other groupings	6 581,7	10 978,4	14 452,6	14 057,2	5,8	5,4	5,4	4,4
second-hand goods	65,9	141,3	136,5	317,8	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1

21.15. Indices of retail trade of selected goods

(at constant prices; percent of previous year)

	2012	2013	2014		2012	2013	2014
Total	114,1	118,0	106,0	Non-food goods	115,2	124,0	107,9
of which by commodities:				of which:			
Food goods	112,7	111,7	103,9	motor vehicles	89,3	132,3	99,2
of which:				parts and accessories for motor vehicles	210,0	122,9	106,3
fruits	149,6	116,6	102,8	motorcycles and related parts and accessories	138,9	145,2	89,3
vegetables	113,9	109,2	125,1	petrol	109,6	104,5	90,1
meat, including poultry and meat products	112,2	112,0	101,7	pharmaceuticals	107,8	121,8	107,5
meat products	116,2	112,2	106,2	medical and orthopedic goods	106,8	134,6	118,7
canned meat	98,0	115,9	113,1	perfumery and beauty products, toiletries	125,7	134,3	116,4
fish, crustaceans and molluscs	118,3	123,9	104,1	textiles	102,6	135,7	108,9
canned and preserved fish and seafood	116,1	117,9	105,5	haberdashery	125,0	120,6	88,6
bread, cakes and bakery products	116,2	110,7	110,7	fur and leather clothing	51,8	132,0	165,5
sugar confectionary	114,6	113,3	103,2	outer garments	119,4	126,8	93,5
beverages, including alcoholic	99,4	98,2	99,2	underwear	145,6	126,4	108,1
vine	106,6	107,0	102,9	sportswear	130,3	155,5	133,8
vodka	96,1	88,9	93,4	knitwear	92,6	132,2	92,5
cognac, brandy drinks and brandy	124,0	153,4	130,6	hosiery	110,7	117,1	110,1
beer	96,3	101,3	99,8	headdress	121,4	122,6	110,7
liqueur and vodka beverages	92,2	88,5	99,7	clothing accessories	135,7	110,2	87,8
alcohol-free beverages	115,3	119,7	106,9	footwear	114,1	125,8	122,7
tobacco products	103,4	89,1	89,9	leather goods and travel accessories	107,4	126,0	111,1
dairy products	124,4	116,6	114,4	household furniture	115,7	129,6	115,7
eggs	106,3	101,6	102,0	houseware, cutlery, crockery, glassware, china and pottery	105,7	117,8	105,6
dried and preserved nuts, vegetables and fruits	126,5	131,2	111,1	articles for lighting	122,9	128,4	119,8
tea, coffee, cocoa, spices	131,1	127,6	111,2	curtains, net curtains and diverse household articles of textile materials	82,6	120,8	103,6
edible oils and fats	106,7	104,9	108,1	woodwork, cork goods and wickerwork	87,7	193,9	103,5
flour	103,7	89,9	87,8	household non-electrical appliances, wares and equipment, not included in other groupings	118,0	125,4	101,7
salt	99,1	108,7	90,6	household electrical appliances	125,8	119,4	114,7
sugar	93,7	99,2	92,3	audio and video equipment	167,1	123,0	133,1
groats	106,5	112,6	108,2	audio and video tapes with or without records, cassettes and compact discs, digital video disks, gramophone records	103,0	96,1	105,6
pasta	111,9	107,1	97,5				
other food products	111,1	155,6	105,3				

Continued

	2012	2013	2014		2012	2013	2014
musical instruments and musical score	196,5	120,8	109,9	telecommunication equipment	200,3	162,0	233,6
hardware	99,9	154,0	119,5				
paints, varnishes and lacquers	90,3	118,4	121,3	watches and jewelry	102,9	144,8	113,9
glass	96,6	135,3	77,1	sports goods, including bicycles	133,1	124,9	129,7
do-it-yourself materials and equipment	490,2	262,0	148,1	games and toys	122,8	133,6	108,1
sanitary fittings	118,6	122,0	156,9	cleaning materials, wallpapers and floor coverings	133,8	117,8	122,1
construction materials not included in other groupings	108,8	132,7	140,8	flowers, plants, seeds and fertilizers	130,5	141,3	119,3
books	124,2	127,9	105,7	pet animals and food for them	169,4	148,8	192,0
newspapers and magazines	94,1	114,4	90,0	souvenirs, handicrafts and articles of cultic and religious purposes	150,9	122,0	136,6
office supplies	106,5	124,0	110,1	household fuel, bottled gas, coal, wood	212,5	137,1	377,6
office furniture	92,8	115,2	55,5	postage stamps and coins	111,9	113,8	116,5
office machinery and equipment	168,6	124,1	192,6	works of art	47,3	80,1	145,7
computers and software, not adapted to the individual requirements of the customer	187,3	121,1	95,0	non-food goods not included in other groupings	110,3	125,9	92,6
photographic, optical and precision equipment and instruments	206,5	155,5	110,2	second-hand goods	140,0	92,4	212,4

21.16. Sales of selected consumer goods

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Thousand tonnes									
Meat and meat products	532	655	683	688	756	775	797	841	842
Butter	41	37	36	32	33	34	34	32	30
Cheese	19	27	36	35	41	44	43	44	44
Oil	101	100	87	74	81	90	90	92	90
Eggs, mln pieces	1 387	1 387	1 451	1 251	1 278	1 377	1 432	1 408	1 392
Sugar	231	172	170	175	177	227	188	186	172
Breads (in flour equivalent)	1 155	877	710	712	706	714	717	648	620
Potatoe	203	163	149	144	169	146	142	139	140
Vegetables	227	260	254	279	300	260	285	312	324
Fruits	213	233	232	249	255	241	304	347	394
Thousand units									
Color TV sets	143	455	382	258	246	237	262	281	316
Refrigerators and freezers	182	206	269	209	223	293	297	305	250
Washing machines	76	129	177	128	131	235	201	192	194
Passenger cars	39	96	163	107	165	118	88	114	108
Furniture, BYR bn	56,4	374,3	851,8	995,4	1 304,1	2 747,9	4 325,1	6 011,9	7 216,3

21.17. Sales of alcoholic beverages and tobacco products

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Alcoholic beverages									
in terms of absolute alcohol content:									
total, thous. dal	8 798	9 032	11 923	11 395	11 678	12 559	11 788	10 403	9 784
per capita, litres	8,8	9,3	12,5	12,0	12,3	13,3	12,5	11,0	10,4
in quantity terms, thous. dal:									
vodka, liqueur and vodka beverages	10 199	8 447	14 077	13 833	13 818	16 395	16 612	12 770	11 726
grape and fruit wines	25 712	24 316	23 547	21 959	23 327	22 323	18 079	17 990	17 042
brandies	534	201	312	242	264	303	288	449	509
sparkling wines, including champagne	779	963	1 184	1 238	1 379	1 549	1 644	1 618	1 604
beer	19 240	30 094	47 311	44 825	47 584	49 852	47 656	48 750	47 323
Tobacco products									
total, mln units	15 692	16 032	20 742	21 863	25 509	28 555	27 568	25 927	23 962
per capita, units	1 572	1 659	2 177	2 300	2 688	3 014	2 913	2 739	2 529

21.18. Share of domestic and foreign production in retail turnover

(at actually effective prices; percent of total)

Year	Total goods	Of which	
		domestic production	foreign
2005	100	69,1	30,9
2006	100	70,7	29,3
2007	100	69,6	30,4
2008	100	70,8	29,2
2009	100	71,8	28,2
2010	100	70,2	29,8
2011	100	68,7	31,3
2012	100	69,4	30,6
2013	100	64,3	35,7
2014	100	62,6	37,4

Public catering

21.19. Public catering facilities

(end of year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of public catering facilities	8 721	10 531	11 422	11 651	11 965	12 029	12 065	12 011	12 179
of which:									
restaurants	351	423	471	452	437	463	480	505	543
cafes	1 014	1 677	1 422	1 512	1 582	1 641	1 700	1 753	1 857
canteens	4 819	5 239	5 141	5 060	5 009	4 873	4 826	4 695	4 649
bars	802	954	1 051	1 108	1 168	1 198	1 221	1 218	1 255
other outlets	1 735	2 238	3 337	3 519	3 769	3 854	3 838	3 840	3 875
Number of public catering outlets per 10 000 of population	9	11	12	12	13	13	13	13	13
Number of seats in public catering facilities, thous.	634,1	689,9	720,9	724,0	741,0	744,5	749,3	753,5	763,2
of which:									
restaurants	43,4	48,0	55,9	49,5	50,3	51,9	52,4	56,5	60,1
cafes	44,8	68,4	75,0	82,0	88,7	94,9	99,1	103,1	109,2
canteens	479,8	494,7	484,9	480,5	482,2	471,8	467,7	461,0	459,7
bars	25,3	33,4	37,3	39,7	42,7	44,1	45,1	46,4	47,0
other outlets	40,8	45,4	67,8	72,3	77,1	81,8	85,0	86,5	87,2
Number of public catering outlets per 10 000 of population	637	716	758	762	779	787	792	796	805

21.20. Public catering facilities by ownership type

(end of year)

	Number of public catering facilities							Percent of total						
	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	8 721	10 531	11 965	12 029	12 065	12 011	12 179	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by ownership type:														
state	2 951	4 254	4 308	4 326	4 385	4 264	4 197	33,8	40,4	36,0	36,0	36,3	35,5	34,5
private	5 749	6 220	7 554	7 572	7 504	7 527	7 684	65,9	59,1	63,1	62,9	62,2	62,7	63,1
of which														
with state share	435	1 001	1 452	1 489	1 541	1 537	1 627	5,0	9,5	12,1	12,4	12,8	12,8	13,4
with foreign share	101	133	255	365	400	511	546	1,2	1,3	2,1	3,0	3,3	4,3	4,5
foreign	21	57	103	131	176	220	298	0,3	0,5	0,9	1,1	1,5	1,8	2,4

21.21. Catering turnover

Year	BYR billion (at actually effective prices)	Percent of previous year (at constant prices)	Year	BYR billion (at actually effective prices)	Percent of previous year (at constant prices)
1970	0,5	110,3	2006	1 573,7	115,5
1980	0,8	102,1	2007	1 896,8	110,4
1990	1,5	107,5	2008	2 449,1	111,0
2000	260,5	109,0	2009	2 702,6	98,1
2001	473,8	113,7	2010	3 270,7	110,9
2002	636,3	104,5	2011	5 573,4	100,9
2003	770,1	108,5	2012	10 319,6	110,4
2004	1 020,2	112,5	2013	13 550,8	111,2
2005	1 279,0	111,7	2014	15 910,3	101,6

21.22. Catering turnover by ownership type

(end of year)

	BYR billion					Percent of total				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	3 270,7	5 573,4	10 319,6	13 550,8	15 910,3	100	100	100	100	100
of which by ownership type:										
state	756,8	1 304,9	2 337,0	2 967,9	3 565,0	23,1	23,4	22,6	21,9	22,4
private	2 313,3	3 926,7	7 346,5	9 707,3	11 089,3	70,8	70,5	71,2	71,6	69,7
of which:										
with state share	574,6	958,2	1 819,4	2 218,6	2 571,9	17,6	17,2	17,6	16,4	16,2
with foreign share	154,8	333,1	697,7	1 280,7	1 627,1	4,7	6,0	6,8	9,5	10,2
foreign	200,6	341,8	636,1	875,6	1 256,0	6,1	6,1	6,2	6,5	7,9

21.23. Catering turnover by type of economic entities

	BYR billion (at actually effective prices)					Percent of total				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Catering turnover – total	3 270,7	5 573,4	10 319,6	13 550,8	15 910,3	100	100	100	100	100
of which:										
large organizations	2 021,2	3 557,7	6 621,0	8 471,6	9 488,4	61,8	63,9	64,2	62,5	59,6
medium-sized business entities	478,0	721,8	1 342,0	1 755,2	1 834,6	14,6	12,9	12,9	13,0	11,5
small-sized business entities	765,9	1 283,0	2 341,7	3 305,4	4 562,6	23,4	23,0	22,8	24,4	28,7
sole proprietorships	5,6	10,9	14,9	18,6	24,7	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,2

Wholesale trade

21.24. Wholesale turnover

Year	BYR billion (at actually effective prices)	Percent of previous year (at constant prices)	Year	BYR billion (at actually effective prices)	Percent of previous year (at constant prices)
2000	4 372,7	...	2008	65 889,9	114,1
2001	7 615,3	109,5	2009	67 087,1	91,1
2002	10 051,0	99,6	2010	85 800,4	109,4
2003	14 505,1	109,0	2011	209 947,4	124,1
2004	20 625,7	114,4	2012	351 808,8	80,0
2005	26 351,7	115,8	2013	332 949,1	103,9
2006	41 608,7	129,1	2014	393 652,0	110,2
2007	50 470,5	99,9			

21.25. Wholesale turnover by ownership type

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BYR billion									
Retail turnover	4 372,7	26 351,7	65 889,9	67 087,1	85 800,4	209 947,4	351 808,8	332 949,1	393 652,0
of which by ownership type:									
state	1 343,4	3 355,6	5 821,5	5 051,4	6 558,9	10 542,6	31 055,4	23 732,4	31 363,4
republican	1 093,3	2 777,0	4 377,4	3 842,7	5 063,2	8 415,3	27 365,5	20 271,3	27 269,4
community	250,1	578,6	1 444,1	1 208,7	1 495,7	2 127,3	3 689,9	3 461,1	4 094,0
private	2 921,1	19 567,3	51 491,4	55 350,1	72 628,3	190 078,2	264 731,6	261 462,3	307 782,8
with state share	112,1	2 033,9	2 810,3	2 980,2	4 859,0	8 663,5	79 967,7	70 080,4	92 336,9
with foreign share	211,6	1 619,1	13 823,4	9 814,0	17 673,2	39 572,2	58 938,5	53 837,6	58 898,0
foreign	108,2	3 428,8	8 577,0	6 685,6	6 613,2	9 326,6	56 021,8	47 754,4	54 505,8
Percent of total									
Retail turnover	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by ownership type:									
state	30,7	12,7	8,8	7,5	7,6	5,0	8,8	7,1	8,0
republican	25,0	10,5	6,6	5,7	5,9	4,0	7,8	6,1	6,9
community	5,7	2,2	2,2	1,8	1,7	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,1
private	66,8	74,3	78,2	82,5	84,7	90,5	75,3	78,5	78,2
with state share	2,6	7,7	4,3	4,4	5,7	4,1	22,7	21,1	23,5
with foreign share	4,8	6,1	21,0	14,6	20,6	18,8	16,7	16,2	15,0
foreign	2,5	13,0	13,0	10,0	7,7	4,5	15,9	14,4	13,8

21.26. Warehousing and trading network of wholesale organizations

(end of year)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Warehouses in special premises	5 724	8 352	8 947	9 367	8 809	9 131	9 401	10 341
storage area, mln m ²	2,2	2,4	2,6	2,7	2,6	2,7	2,9	2,7
storage capacity, mln m ³	11,4	12,7	13,9	14,4	14,1	15,1	15,7	15,0
Out of total warehouses – food warehouses	667	877	908	887	807	856	828	824
storage area, mln m ²	0,4	0,5	0,6	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
storage capacity, mln m ³	2,4	3,1	3,3	3,3	3,0	3,0	2,9	2,9
Cash and carry warehouses	61	82	84	93	98	97	152	159
storage area, mln m ²	21,7	18,1	21,5	20,8	22,0	24,9	32,2	37,9
storage capacity, mln m ³	125,9	93,8	114,8	112,4	119,1	144,4	177,7	202,4
Refrigerated warehouses	112	183	174	214	166	162	194	171
volume of lumpsum storage of goods, thous. t	61,0	141,6	95,5	102,0	103,2	109,9	117,0	98,9
Storage warehouses for potato, vegetables and fruits	54	32	34	31	32	52	37	45
volume of lumpsum storage of goods, thous. t	86,9	53,4	52,1	50,4	46,3	51,8	47,8	53,2

21.27. Sales and stocks of selected products (goods) by wholesale organization

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sales									
Steel pipes, thous. t	119,5	144,7	228,2	176,1	219,5	175,2	219,9	253,9	223,7
Commercial timber, thous. m ³	246,5	90,9	1,0	1,1	3,8	14,2	13,7	8,7	34,4
Sawn wood, thous. m ³	249,6	495,0	92,1	60,1	84,1	84,9	86,4	73,9	80,0
Cement, thous. t	371,0	348,9	251,6	296,6	476,9	497,9	696,6	852,9	1 009,9
Tobacco products, mln pcs	7 845,0	11 421,0	14 707,7	16 417,8	18 408,9	16 715,4	18 799,6	19 112,0	18 439,4
Meat, poultry and game meat, thous. t	60,9	75,2	53,1	61,3	67,8	65,0	71,2	98,4	105,1
Sugar, thous. t	228,5	144,9	124,3	152,2	138,4	126,3	141,5	136,8	107,6
Pasta, thous. t	12,1	27,9	40,1	41,2	41,9	41,0	37,3	39,2	33,9
Flour, thous. t	123,5	71,6	48,3	57,8	101,2	113,6	71,6	100,2	97,5
Groats, thous. t	54,7	83,3	93,9	87,5	86,5	80,3	71,1	73,1	71,3
Fish, crustaceans and molluscs, thous. t	57,5	86,3	76,0	63,1	56,6	45,7	53,3	65,2	64,6

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Stocks (end of year)									
Steel pipes, thous. t	11,3	13,7	28,3	25,1	26,1	24,5	31,2	39,5	35,8
Commercial timber, thous. m ³	6,3	1,0	0,02	–	0,02	1,7	0,3	1,7	3,6
Sawn wood, thous. m ³	11,4	7,6	5,5	4,1	9,7	8,2	11,8	8,3	18,5
Cement, thous. t	6,1	6,0	9,2	11,8	14,1	7,2	14,5	13,3	17,5
Tobacco products, mln pcs	620,2	855,0	1 381,9	1 079,5	1 331,9	1 069,2	1 774,7	1 696,6	1 575,5
Meat, poultry and game meat, thous. t	4,3	4,4	3,0	3,2	2,3	2,6	9,6	2,6	4,2
Sugar, thous. t	13,5	9,8	5,7	4,4	4,9	5,2	4,2	5,6	7,9
Pasta, thous. t	1,2	3,8	3,2	4,7	6,7	4,8	4,5	4,0	5,1
Flour, thous. t	5,8	4,2	2,5	5,3	5,2	5,2	3,9	4,5	5,8
Groats, thous. t	6,2	6,9	16,2	14,8	14,7	14,5	11,1	12,6	14,3
Fish, crustaceans and molluscs, thous. t	6,0	9,2	9,4	11,5	10,3	7,6	7,2	7,9	9,5

21.28. Exchange activity

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Stock-exchange turnover on committed transactions, BYR bn	91 204,7	137 590,4	305 896,0	340 839,0	390 543,0
of which:					
on commodity market	3 445,7	6 977,4	12 656,0	15 411,8	15 965,6
of which by type:					
metal products	1 992,1	3 599,0	5 229,8	5 926,8	5 848,5
forest products	903,0	2 154,0	3 430,0	4 216,2	5 325,9
agricultural products	379,9	625,9	2 954,8	3 817,0	3 218,5
other	142,2	456,5	647,7	948,7	959,8
on exchange market	63 278,0	87 420,0	250 661,0	282 903,0	308 012,1
on stock market	24 440,1	43 147,9	42 527,1	42 435,3	66 383,1
on time market	40,9	45,1	51,9	88,9	182,2
Transactions concluded on the stock exchange	213 062	215 704	263 166	283 268	298 255
of which:					
on commodity market	172 287	164 241	214 807	245 414	259 762
of which by type:					
metal products	150 473	135 116	180 776	206 337	212 617
forest products	17 369	20 110	22 292	20 986	20 063
agricultural products	1 457	910	2 446	3 736	2 485
other	1 140	2 144	3 036	6 320	10 693
on exchange market	19 185	20 778	24 200	25 321	24 835
on stock market	21 534	30 649	23 961	10 432	9 693
on time market	56	36	198	2 101	3 965

Services

21.29. Total amount of paid services for population

Year	Paid services		Year	Paid services	
	at actually effective prices, BYR billion	percent of previous year (at constant prices)		at actually effective prices, BYR billion	percent of previous year (at constant prices)
1995	7 673,4	95,0	2005	6 776,2	115,3
1996	13 516,2	105,7	2006	8 307,2	111,2
1997	25 904,5	107,8	2007	9 988,2	111,5
1998	43 358,5	111,0	2008	12 607,6	113,9
1999	174 045,5	113,3	2009	14 223,4	102,8
2000	632,6	104,9	2010	15 690,8	111,5
2001	1 367,3	109,0	2011	21 519,7	105,7
2002	2 495,7	108,7	2012	37 233,3	107,6
2003	4 048,7	111,2	2013	53 941,4	107,9
2004	5 212,4	112,9	2014	75 454,6	100,1

21.30. Structure of paid services for population by type

(percent of total)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Paid services for population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:									
personal	17,1	12,4	13,3	14,0	13,9	15,9	14,8	15,3	18,7
transport	28,1	16,5	15,2	13,6	13,3	14,2	13,9	12,8	12,5
communications	12,6	21,7	21,2	21,1	22,1	20,6	20,1	21,3	18,8
housing and utilities	14,2	28,0	24,7	26,3	24,9	22,3	17,6	17,8	16,8
cultural	2,0	1,3	1,3	1,4	1,6	1,7	2,1	2,2	2,1
tourism and excursion	1,2	0,5	2,6	2,6	3,0	2,7	3,9	4,5	4,6
hotels and similar accommodation facilities	2,1	1,3	1,5	1,5	0,8	0,8	1,1	2,1	5,5
physical culture and sports	0,5	0,5	0,8	0,9	1,0	1,1	1,2	1,2	1,0
medical and sanatorium and health improvement	9,8	6,0	6,1	4,9	4,5	5,3	6,3	6,1	5,5
education	8,5	8,5	8,2	8,1	8,9	8,3	8,3	7,3	6,6
other	3,9	3,3	5,1	5,6	6,0	7,1	10,7	9,4	7,9

21.31. Indices of paid services for population by type

(at constant prices; percent of previous year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Paid services for population	104,9	115,3	113,9	102,8	111,5	105,7	107,6	107,9	100,1
of which:									
personal	113,0	130,0	125,8	116,4	121,7	111,7	95,2	104,9	99,7
transport	100,7	101,4	109,1	92,5	105,6	95,4	103,9	101,2	88,5
communications	126,2	135,2	117,3	103,2	111,5	114,8	108,2	123,3	102,4
housing and utilities	101,2	106,6	99,0	100,1	105,7	103,4	102,3	105,0	98,3
cultural	85,7	116,9	122,1	118,9	125,4	114,7	136,2	111,0	107,6
tourism and excursion	72,9	137,8	156,2	86,4	135,0	57,3	197,0	146,3	121,0
hotels and similar accommodation facilities	68,7	116,7	112,0	97,9	108,0	102,5	107,6	99,2	105,4
physical culture and sports	...	127,4	131,0	108,4	121,9	111,0	103,8	98,2	120,2
medical	128,0	110,6	132,1	119,5	131,0	127,6	108,1	114,2	109,3 ¹⁾
sanatorium and health improvement	102,6	97,4	104,9	107,0	107,6	103,9	92,1	84,2	...
education	...	114,0	121,4	106,8	104,2	98,6	94,0	95,2	93,0

¹⁾ Data are given by medical and sanatorium and health improvement services.**21.32. Total amount of paid services for population per capita**

(at actually effective prices, BYR thousand)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Paid services for population	63,4	701,2	1 323,2	1 496,1	1 653,3	2 271,6	3 934,0	5 698,4	7 964,0
of which:									
personal	10,9	86,8	175,4	208,9	230,1	360,1	582,8	869,5	1 485,3
transport	17,8	115,7	201,7	202,9	219,9	321,9	547,3	731,1	992,5
communications	8,0	151,9	280,5	315,5	364,9	468,7	790,6	1 215,6	1 496,6
housing and utilities	9,0	196,1	326,3	394,0	412,5	507,1	690,6	1 011,5	1 341,6
cultural	1,3	9,0	17,3	20,9	25,7	38,2	83,0	126,3	163,2
tourism and excursion	0,8	3,8	34,7	39,2	50,0	61,4	152,9	255,8	368,8
hotels and similar accommodation facilities	1,4	9,0	19,7	22,9	13,8	19,1	41,5	118,9	440,2
physical culture and sports	0,3	4,0	10,8	13,4	17,3	25,4	48,9	67,8	78,5
medical and sanatorium and health improvement	6,2	42,1	81,0	73,7	74,6	120,4	245,9	349,7	439,9
education	5,4	59,7	108,8	121,9	147,6	188,9	325,4	415,4	527,3
other	2,3	23,1	67,0	82,8	96,9	160,4	425,1	536,8	530,1

21.33. Total amount of personal services for population

Year	Personal services		Year	Personal services	
	at actually effective prices, BYR billion	percent of previous year (at constant prices)		at actually effective prices, BYR billion	percent of previous year (at constant prices)
1995	1 330,7	79,8	2005	839,1	130,0
1996	2 002,6	93,9	2006	1 020,3	121,2
1997	4 540,5	116,8	2007	1 307,7	121,9
1998	7 301,5	113,9	2008	1 671,4	125,8
1999	32 013,2	108,6	2009	1 985,7	116,4
2000	108,4	113,0	2010	2 184,1	121,7
2001	208,4	114,0	2011	3 411,7	111,7
2002	348,0	122,6	2012	5 516,2	95,2
2003	445,2	113,6	2013	8 230,8	104,9
2004	597,2	116,3	2014	14 072,4	99,7

21.34. Structure of personal services for population by type

(percent of total)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Personal services for population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:									
repair and tailoring of footwear	5,3	4,1	2,7	2,6	2,4	2,2	2,1	1,5	0,9
repair and tailoring of clothing	7,6	5,1	2,9	3,2	3,4	3,4	4,9	4,3	1,3
repair, tailoring and knitting of knitwear	2,3	0,3	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,0
repair and maintenance of household radioelectronic appliances, household machines and appliances, repair and manufacture of metal ware	6,1	4,7	3,7	3,9	4,0	4,4	4,5	4,8	5,3
maintenance and repair of motor vehicles, machinery and equipment	17,4	22,1	29,9	26,5	21,4	24,1	23,4	21,0	17,1
manufacture and repair of furniture	2,6	5,1	4,6	4,7	3,7	5,4	5,6	6,5	3,8
dry-cleaning and dyeing	1,5	1,2	0,9	0,9	0,9	1,0	1,1	1,1	0,7
laundry services	7,0	4,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,2
repair and construction of dwellings and other buildings	14,7	17,2	22,1	25,9	32,2	28,6	24,9	23,4	44,3
services of photographic studios and photo and cinema laboratories	5,5	3,4	2,4	1,8	1,5	1,3	1,5	1,3	1,0
services of steam bath and shower houses	1,8	1,9	1,7	1,8	1,7	1,5	1,6	1,6	2,8
hairdressing services	10,2	12,5	10,9	11,0	11,7	11,4	10,9	11,3	8,5
rental services	1,9	1,7	1,5	1,1	0,8	0,8	0,7	1,0	2,3
funeral services	7,3	8,6	8,8	8,9	8,6	8,4	9,0	9,6	6,2
other	8,8	7,9	7,6	7,4	7,3	7,1	9,3	12,3	5,6

21.35. Indices of personal services for population by type

(at constant prices; percent of previous year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Personal services for population	113,0	130,0	125,8	116,4	121,7	111,7	95,2	104,9	99,7
of which:									
repair and tailoring of footwear	119,1	141,7	135,7	121,2	115,2	101,7	122,8	88,7	85,4
repair and tailoring of clothing	99,5	123,4	121,2	115,0	115,2	109,2	97,1	102,7	96,9
repair, tailoring and knitting of knitwear	86,4	99,2	108,6	103,4	115,6	118,9	81,0	95,1	97,4
repair and maintenance of household radioelectronic appliances, household machines and appliances, repair and manufacture of metal ware	79,9	126,9	130,0	121,4	126,4	121,7	98,4	108,4	91,9
maintenance and repair of motor vehicles, machinery and equipment	109,3	133,3	125,9	116,7	125,2	112,8	99,8	112,9	109,2
manufacture and repair of furniture	140,9	137,0	145,0	124,7	112,4	97,4	117,0	121,6	108,9
dry-cleaning and dyeing	119,2	107,4	111,0	101,8	112,5	107,4	99,9	105,2	92,2
laundry services	95,1	109,5	106,5	103,2	106,4	109,4	104,6	104,3	99,5
repair and construction of dwellings and other buildings	...	...	122,5	119,7	125,8	118,9	79,4	91,0	95,3
services of photographic studios and photo and cinema laboratories	90,3	107,1	133,3	97,4	107,0	92,2	93,0	106,5	97,3
services of steam bath and shower houses	91,9	105,7	114,0	101,2	102,6	112,5	100,5	101,4	104,8
hairdressing services	156,5	121,4	127,1	112,1	118,2	111,7	96,9	102,6	97,7
rental services	131,5	142,2	124,4	116,2	84,7	105,3	93,8	91,9	112,3
funeral services	93,0	123,4	127,5	121,2	116,9	106,4	103,1	116,4	109,8

21.36. Total amount of personal services for population per capita

(at actually effective prices; BYR thousand)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Personal services for population	10,9	86,8	175,4	208,9	230,1	360,1	582,8	869,5	1 485,3
of which:									
repair and tailoring of footwear	0,6	3,6	4,8	5,3	5,5	7,8	12,5	12,7	13,3
repair and tailoring of clothing	0,8	4,4	5,0	6,8	7,8	12,3	28,4	37,2	19,7
repair, tailoring and knitting of knitwear	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,6	1,0	1,1	0,4
repair and maintenance of household radioelectronic appliances, household machines and appliances, repair and manufacture of metal ware	0,7	4,1	6,4	8,1	9,3	15,7	26,5	41,6	79,0
maintenance and repair of motor vehicles, machinery and equipment	1,9	19,2	52,4	55,3	49,1	87,0	136,3	182,4	254,1
manufacture and repair of furniture	0,3	4,4	8,1	9,9	8,4	19,6	32,4	56,1	56,7
dry-cleaning and dyeing	0,2	1,1	1,6	1,8	2,2	3,5	6,6	9,9	10,4
laundry services	0,8	3,6	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,7	1,6	2,0	2,3
repair and construction of dwellings and other buildings	1,6	14,9	38,7	54,2	74,1	103,0	145,4	203,2	657,3
services of photographic studios and photo and cinema laboratories	0,6	2,9	4,1	3,7	3,4	4,6	8,5	11,1	14,5
services of steam bath and shower houses	0,2	1,7	3,0	3,7	3,9	5,4	9,5	13,8	41,0
hairdressing services	1,1	10,9	19,2	23,0	27,0	40,9	63,3	97,9	125,4
rental services	0,2	1,5	2,6	2,4	1,9	2,8	4,3	9,0	34,8
funeral services	0,8	7,5	15,5	18,5	19,8	30,2	52,5	83,1	92,8
other	0,9	6,7	13,3	15,5	16,8	26,0	54,0	108,4	83,6

22. RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

The statistical survey of science statistics covers organizations engaged in scientific research and experimental development (R&D). From 2009 including data on small and micro entities.

Organizations engaged in R&D are classified by the following sectors of performance: government sector, financial institutions sector (entrepreneurial), higher education sector, and non-profit institutions sector.

Government sector comprises government authorities and non-profit institutions subordinated to the government authorities and other state organizations, except organizations classified under higher education sector.

The financial institutions sector (entrepreneurial sector) comprises organizations seeking gain as the main purpose of their activity and/or distributing the gain received among partners; organizations whose activity is connected with the market production of goods (works, services) or provision of services (other than services of the higher education sector) for commercial purposes, including organizations whose property or a share in the statutory fund is owned by the state.

The higher education sector composes the educational institutions implementing higher education programmes (i.e. a classic university, a specialised university (academy), an institute, a higher college), organizations engaged in R&D under the jurisdiction of higher education establishments and/or the Ministry of Education, medical institutions affiliated with higher education establishments.

The non-profit institutions sector comprises organizations not seeking gain as their purpose and not distributing the gain received among partners, except non-profit institutions classified under the government and higher education sectors.

R&D personnel are defined as total persons whose creative work undertaken on a systematic basis is intended to increase the stock of knowledge, and the use of this stock of knowledge to devise new applications, as well as persons engaged in the provision of direct services related to R&D. In statistics, R&D personnel are recorded as the payroll number of employees who carried out research and development, as of the end of the reference year.

R&D personnel are grouped into following categories: researchers, technicians, and supporting staff.

Researchers are R&D professionals directly engaged in the creation of new knowledge, products, processes, methods and systems, and in the management of the above activities.

Technicians participate in R&D by performing technical tasks, normally under the supervision of researchers (operation and servicing of scientific instruments, laboratory equipment and computer machinery, preparation of materials and drawings, conducting of experiments, trials and analyses, and the like).

Supporting staff are workers fulfilling supporting tasks associated with research and development (staff of planning and economic, financial departments, patent services, scientific and technical information units, scientific and technical libraries; workers performing assembly, adjustment, servicing and repairs of scientific equipment and instruments; workers of experimental production units; laboratory assistants having no higher or secondary specialized education), and also workers performing tasks that are a direct service to research and development (workers of accounting, personnel, chancellery, logistics divisions).

Domestic expenditure (current and capital) on R&D is actual expenditure in money terms on research and development performed in the national territory (including R&D funded from abroad, but excluding payments made abroad for R&D). The domestic R&D expenditure is measured on the basis of statistical recording of intramural expenditure on R&D performed by organizations during a reference year, whatever the source of funds.

Current expenditure comprises compensation of labour, social contributions, acquisition of special equipment, other material costs (costs of raw stuffs, materials, components, semi-finished products, fuels, energy, industrial works and services, etc. purchased from outside), and other current expenditure.

Capital expenditure comprises acquisition of land sites, construction or purchase of buildings, acquisition of equipment to be included into fixed assets, etc.

Sources of funds for R&D are defined on the basis of the fact of direct funds transfer from sponsoring organization to implementing organization.

In general, funds of reporting organizations for R&D are classified into own funds of organizations and funds received from other sources (budgetary funds; extra-budgetary funds; funds of foreign investors including credits and loans; credits and loans; and funds of other organizations).

The state statistical survey of innovation statistics covers legal entities and their local kind-of-activity units with separate balance, whose principal economic activity is the production of goods in mining and quarrying and manufacturing; electricity, gas and water supply; communications and computer-related activities.

An **innovation** is the introduced in the civilian circulation or used for own purposes new or improved product, new or improved technology, new service, new organizational engineering solution of industrial, administrative, commercial or other nature.

An **innovation-active organization** is an organization that incurs expenditure on technological innovations.

Organizations carrying out technological innovations are organizations that develop and implement new or improved products and technological processes.

Technological innovations comprise product and / or process innovations.

A **product innovation** is the introduction of a product or service that is new or significantly improved with respect to its characteristics or intended uses.

A **process innovation** is the implementation of a new or significantly improved production (service provision) method.

Innovative products (works, services) are new products (works, services) or products (works, services) that underwent significant technological changes during last three years.

New products (works, services) that have no analogues in the Republic of Belarus or abroad.

Products (works, services) that underwent significant technological changes over the past three years. These products (works, services) already exist in the Republic of Belarus but received a new designation or name in connection with a significant improvement or modification of their properties, parameters, attributes or characteristics, as well as a changed field of application, new or significantly different composition of applied materials and components compared with previously produced products (works, services).

The following changes are not classified as technological innovations in the industrial production:

aesthetic alterations in products (in colour, decor and the like);

minor technical or exterior alterations in a product that leave its constructional design unchanged and have no significant effect on the parameters, properties and cost of the product as well as on the materials and components used;

product differentiation by introducing products (possibly non-core) that were not produced by a given organization before, but are sufficiently known on sales markets, in order to satisfy momentary demand and gain profit;

expansion of production capacities using additional machines of the already known model, or by replacing machines with the later modifications of the same model (reconstruction, modernisation);

regular seasonal or other recurrent variations (in apparel, footwear and similar manufacture) when products or services vary seasonally, with the changes occurring in the product appearance. E.g. manufacture and sales of new seasonal models of apparel, unless manufactured of the fabric with significantly improved properties.

Technology is the information and «know-how» expressed in the form of models, prototypes, drawings, diagrams, projects, instructions, software, or intangibly as training, technical support (services) required for the development, production and use of a good.

New technology is a system of production and other operations, methods and processes with higher qualitative characteristics as compared with the best analogues available on the market, in a definite market segment or niche, for which this technology is new.

High technology is a system of production and other operations, methods and processes with the highest qualitative characteristics as compared with the best world analogues which meets the emerging or future needs of an individual and the society.

More detailed information on research activities in the country is provided in the statistical book "Science and Innovation Activity in the Republic of Belarus".

Organizations engaged in research and development

22.1. R&D organizations by sector of performance

Years	Total	Of which by sector of performance		
		government	financial institutions (entrepreneurial sector)	higher education
2000	307	106	151	50
2005	322	122	144	56
2008	329	127	140	62
2009	446	102	277	62
2010	468	95	304	63
2011	501	96	331	70
2012	530	104	352	70
2013	482	98	317	64
2014	457	94	294	66

22.2. R&D personnel by sector of performance (persons)

Years	Total personnel	Of which by sector of performance		
		government	financial institutions (entrepreneurial sector)	higher education
2000	32 926	11 432	18 472	3 022
2005	30 222	12 720	14 585	2 917
2008	31 473	13 875	14 311	3 287
2009	32 441	9 885	19 551	2 995
2010	31 712	8 294	20 510	2 902
2011	31 194	8 150	19 995	3 046
2012	30 437	8 041	19 479	2 908
2013	28 937	7 533	18 690	2 705
2014	27 208	7 135	17 313	2 749

22.3. Number of R&D personnel (persons)

Years	Total personnel	Of which		
		researchers	technicians	supporting staff
2000	32 926	19 707	2 574	6 751
2005	30 222	18 267	2 112	5 763
2008	31 473	18 455	2 278	6 466
2009	32 441	20 543	2 312	9 586
2010	31 712	19 879	2 248	9 585
2011	31 194	19 668	2 236	9 290
2012	30 437	19 315	2 202	8 920
2013	28 937	18 353	2 162	8 422
2014	27 208	17 372	1 854	7 982

22.4. Number of researchers by field of science

(persons)

	Total researchers	Of which by field of science					
		natural	engineering	medical	agricultural	socio- economic and social	humanities
Researchers							
2000	19 707	4 684	10 730	1 244	1 126	1 383	540
2005	18 267	4 089	10 380	836	1 255	1 203	504
2008	18 455	3 640	10 977	954	1 183	1 324	377
2009	20 543	3 794	12 620	962	1 208	1 549	410
2010	19 879	3 702	12 257	924	1 206	1 401	389
2011	19 668	3 596	12 051	1 045	1 179	1 341	456
2012	19 315	3 657	11 601	994	1 137	1 458	468
2013	18 353	3 411	11 195	876	1 057	1 380	434
2014	17 372	3 335	10 435	957	982	1 165	498
of which with an academic degree:							
Doctor of Science							
2000	819	318	197	110	62	54	78
2005	780	305	196	91	74	41	73
2008	725	277	191	90	72	43	52
2009	737	282	192	89	70	51	53
2010	746	275	205	79	74	61	52
2011	741	273	192	90	71	53	62
2012	719	279	162	96	70	53	59
2013	703	267	174	86	68	52	56
2014	671	255	164	82	59	49	62
Candidate of Science							
2000	3 847	1 496	1 103	368	355	297	228
2005	3 232	1 220	923	275	392	219	203
2008	3 112	1 092	921	312	374	255	158
2009	3 184	1 100	926	317	392	279	170
2010	3 143	1 052	945	304	399	281	162
2011	3 150	1 054	887	339	397	272	201
2012	3 071	1 044	829	304	379	321	194
2013	2 946	1 007	792	280	363	306	198
2014	2 867	983	767	294	353	273	197

Funding of science

22.5. Funding of science from the republican budget¹⁾

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenditure of republican budget for scientific, scientific-technical and innovative activity									
BYR billion									
at actually effective prices	35,7	245,2	421,3	428,9	508,3	773,8	1 291,4	2 026,5	1 931,8
at constant prices of 2000	35,7	49,3	55,9	53,9	57,4	51,1	48,6	62,9	50,8
as percent of GDP	0,39	0,38	0,32	0,31	0,31	0,26	0,24	0,31	0,25

¹⁾ Data of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Belarus.

22.6. Domestic R&D expenditure

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Domestic R&D expenditure									
BYR billion									
at actually effective prices	66,0	441,5	962,4	883,3	1 140,6	2 081,9	3 537,8	4 372,3	4 073,1
at constant prices of 2000	66,0	88,7	127,7	110,9	128,9	137,4	133,2	135,8	107,2
as percent of GDP	0,72	0,68	0,74	0,64	0,69	0,70	0,67	0,67	0,52

22.7. Domestic R&D expenditure by sector of performance

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

Years	Total domestic expenditure	Of which by sector of performance		
		government	financial institutions (entrepreneurial sector)	higher education
2000	66,0	19,0	35,9	11,1
2005	441,5	170,2	196,2	75,1
2008	962,4	306,1	520,4	135,9
2009	883,3	264,7	498,1	120,3
2010	1 140,6	304,2	692,1	144,1
2011	2 081,9	427,1	1 454,7	199,6
2012	3 537,8	738,4	2 444,5	354,1
2013	4 372,3	1 041,5	2 855,8	474,0
2014	4 073,1	1 074,6	2 522,2	475,5

22.8. Domestic R&D expenditure by type

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total domestic expenditure	66,0	441,5	962,4	883,3	1 140,6	2 081,9	3 537,8	4 372,3	4 073,1
of which:									
current expenditure	62,8	402,1	774,8	839,9	1 072,6	1 619,1	3 059,7	4 111,1	3 809,3
compensation of labour	25,7	193,9	364,5	404,7	490,6	671,3	1 248,2	1 593,9	1 698,9
social contributions	9,3	68,9	127,9	134,2	162,4	218,6	411,2	524,6	556,9
special equipment	2,6	8,7	11,6	12,5	22,2	23,4	76,1	51,8	44,5
other tangible costs	14,0	63,9	166,7	158,6	235,5	378,0	834,1	1 354,0	906,3
other expenditure	11,2	66,7	104,1	129,9	161,9	327,8	490,1	586,8	602,6
capital expenditure	3,2	39,4	187,6	43,4	68,0	462,8	478,1	261,2	263,8
land and buildings	0,1	3,2	0,4	1,4	0,7	3,3	16,1	6,1	16,4
equipment	2,9	34,6	43,7	29,2	47,8	61,6	129,4	189,9	202,4
other capital expenditure	0,2	1,6	143,5	12,8	19,5	397,9	332,6	65,2	45,1

22.9. Domestic R&D expenditure by source of funding

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

Years	Total domestic expenditure	of which by source of funding				
		own funds	budgetary funds	extra-budgetary funds	funds of foreign investors, including foreign credits and loans	funds of other organizations
2000	66,0	8,4	29,7	4,5	8,2	15,0
2005	441,5	54,8	256,5	22,4	27,6	80,2
2008	962,4	264,0	508,9	10,6	53,1	125,7
2009	883,3	111,9	547,0	5,6	75,0	142,7
2010	1 140,6	140,1	659,8	9,9	154,8	169,1
2011	2 081,9	573,9	936,4	10,1	182,0	374,5
2012	3 537,8	939,7	1 542,6	9,5	336,3	699,4
2013	4 372,3	954,8	2 079,7	30,4	347,5	652,1
2014	4 073,1	728,9	1 954,3	47,7	504,4	831,4

22.10. Current domestic R&D expenditure by type of activity

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

Years	Total current expenditure	Of which by type of activity		
		basic research	applied research	experimental development
2000	62,8	11,9	15,0	35,9
2005	402,1	82,2	116,5	203,4
2008	774,8	114,2	201,8	458,8
2009	839,9	129,5	225,6	484,8
2010	1 072,6	176,6	277,8	618,2
2011	1 619,1	255,1	504,4	859,6
2012	3 059,7	441,6	1 126,9	1 491,2
2013	4 111,1	585,2	1 072,6	2 453,3
2014	3 809,3	650,0	1 122,1	2 037,3

R&D effectiveness

22.11. Patent applications filed and patents granted¹⁾

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total patent applications filed	1 198	1 340	1 730	1 926	1 933	1 871	1 871	1 634	757
of which from applicants:									
national	994	1 166	1 510	1 753	1 759	1 725	1 681	1 489	652
foreign	204	174	220	173	174	146	190	145	105
Invention patents granted	537	955	1 252	1 297	1 222	1 474	1 291	1 117	980
of which to applicants:									
national	339	811	1 139	1 188	1 126	1 365	1 186	1 027	887
foreign	183	144	113	109	96	109	105	90	93
Valid patents	2 213	3 794	4 140	4 666	4 444	4 842	4 694	4 478	3 913

¹⁾ Data of the State Committee on Science and Technology of the Republic of Belarus.

Technological innovations of industrial enterprises

22.12. Number of enterprises engaged in technological innovations by type of innovation activity

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	318	371	234	324	443	437	411	383
of which carrying out:								
research and development of new products, services and methods of their production (transfer), of new industrial processes	153	157	149	191	249	115	113	110
acquisition of machinery and equipment related to technological innovation	227	266	145	203	242	241	240	203
acquisition of new and high technologies	35	17	14	20	11	13	16	12
of which acquisition of property rights to inventions, useful models, industrial designs, topology of integral circuits under assignment agreements; acquisition of rights to their use under licence agreements	12	5	4	4	3	4	6	8
acquisition of computer software and databases related to technological innovation	53	52	23	38	29	30	34	23
industrial designing, other types of new product preproduction, implementation of new services or methods of their production (transfer)	114	137	101	136	169	229	195	206
training and advanced training of personal linked to technological innovations	50	48	39	47	58	60	51	40
marketing research related to technological innovation	60	54	38	39	39	41	43	38
other expenditure on technological innovation	46	45	34	16	21	13	24	34

22.13. Innovation activity of enterprises by economic activity

	Number of enterprises carrying out technological innovation					Percentage share of enterprises carrying out technological innovation in total industrial enterprises, percent				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	324	443	437	411	383	15,4	22,7	22,8	21,7	20,9
of which:										
mining and quarrying	5	5	5	6	6	15,6	16,7	17,2	21,4	20,7
extraction of fossil fuels	2	2	2	3	3	11,8	12,5	12,5	18,8	18,8
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	3	3	3	3	3	20,0	21,4	23,1	25,0	23,1
manufacturing	313	433	428	399	369	16,6	25,0	25,1	23,7	22,7
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	38	63	73	53	60	9,7	17,2	20,7	15,6	18,5
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	27	38	38	37	25	8,9	13,8	14,2	14,4	10,5
manufacture of leather, products of leather, and footwear	6	11	11	9	9	13,0	27,5	26,8	23,1	23,7
manufacture of wood and products of wood	5	11	7	6	7	5,6	13,3	8,9	7,7	9,7
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	2	9	9	9	6	1,5	13,0	14,3	15,0	10,2
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	2	2	3	3	3	66,7	40,0	42,9	50,0	60,0
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	24	28	27	24	27	44,4	56,0	50,0	46,2	52,9
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	8	12	10	13	9	15,4	20,0	17,2	22,4	15,5
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	19	27	28	23	26	12,2	18,2	19,3	16,7	19,3
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	22	41	39	31	25	15,3	28,7	28,9	22,0	18,5
manufacture of machinery and equipment	72	88	91	93	78	32,7	41,3	40,3	41,9	35,5
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	57	61	61	55	57	43,5	50,0	51,7	45,5	47,1
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	23	26	20	30	25	41,8	44,8	35,7	52,6	42,4
other manufacturing	8	16	11	13	12	7,5	16,0	10,8	11,5	10,8
electricity, gas and water supply	6	5	4	6	8	3,1	2,7	2,2	3,3	4,5

22.14. Expenditure of industrial enterprises on technological innovation by type of innovation activity and economic activity in 2014

(at actually effective prices; BYR million)

	Expenditures on technological innovation	Of which						
		research and development	acquisition of machinery and equipment	acquisition of new and high technologies	acquisition of computer software and databases	industrial designing	training and advanced training linked to technological innovations	marketing research
Total	10 281 912	693 472	6 840 112	82 711	10 381	2 626 188	8 391	12 508
of which:								
mining and quarrying	286 933	22 451	232 859	–	161	30 444	–	–
extraction of fossil fuels	270 745	22 451	217 155	–	–	30 212	–	–
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	16 188	–	15 704	–	161	232	–	–
manufacturing	9 721 826	670 547	6 342 437	82 711	10 217	2 587 884	8 391	12 508
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	574 717	3 527	383 320	292	247	184 733	111	1 389
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	97 038	1 325	72 208	–	91	23 325	4	72
manufacture of leather, products of leather, and footwear	23 384	–	2 526	–	210	20 636	–	–
manufacture of wood and products of wood	151 006	–	139 954	–	–	11 029	–	13
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	106 764	4 250	59 490	–	–	42 979	–	–
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	3 172 019	1 286	1 676 211	34 475	305	1 459 199	543	–
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	183 559	38 634	119 138	890	–	17 209	337	4 502
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	121 112	33 529	56 581	–	–	30 952	50	–
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	603 901	40	369 985	177	–	233 616	5	1
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	1 578 045	6 035	1 535 267	–	2 661	30 333	3 069	679
manufacture of machinery and equipment	1 784 338	314 815	1 152 041	44 957	1 157	267 538	375	2 978
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	412 249	132 469	168 786	351	4 695	100 027	3 304	2 565
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	771 380	134 473	532 824	1 569	441	101 326	473	274
other manufacturing	142 314	164	74 106	–	410	64 982	120	35
electricity, gas and water supply	273 153	474	264 816	–	3	7 860	–	–

22.15. Expenditure of industrial enterprises on technological innovations by source of funding and economic activity in 2014

(at actually effective prices; BYR million)

	Funding of expenditure on technological innovations	Of which					
		own funds	republican budget	local budget	credits and loans	foreign investment including foreign credits and loans	other
Total	10 281 912	5 566 559	641 469	140 274	2 668 765	1 151 377	62 475
of which:							
mining and quarrying	286 933	245 965	11 898	–	–	–	–
extraction of fossil fuels	270 745	230 061	11 614	–	–	–	–
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	16 188	15 904	284	–	–	–	–
manufacturing	9 721 826	5 275 826	537 996	133 475	2 538 754	1 151 377	62 475
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	574 717	139 584	3 003	48 903	381 196	924	477
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	97 038	70 143	4 983	3 601	18 226	–	–
manufacture of leather, of products of leather and manufacture of footwear	23 384	23 124	–	–	260	–	–
manufacture of wood and of wood	151 006	97 379	–	–	107	53 520	–
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	106 764	5 197	4 696	–	96 871	–	–
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	3 172 019	2 414 267	842	–	709 921	46 989	–
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	183 559	114 980	28 330	949	38 200	–	1 100
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	121 112	52 241	46 575	–	6 698	–	15 598
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	603 901	261 535	217 899	–	114 139	–	10 328
manufacture of basic metals and of fabricated metal products	1 578 045	91 303	4 829	–	624 350	839 321	18 242
manufacture of machinery and equipment	1 784 338	1 244 403	129 661	9 036	385 481	15 649	–
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	412 249	264 524	32 608	64 494	3 200	14 021	13 789
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	771 380	354 832	64 570	6 492	160 105	180 953	2 941
other manufacture	142 314	142 314	–	–	–	–	–
electricity, gas and water supply	273 153	44 768	91 575	6 799	130 011	–	–

22.16. Innovative products shipped by industrial enterprises by economic activity

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BYR million					
Innovative products shipped – total	18 609 492	36 723 378	81 510 140	82 903 730	70 111 439
of which:					
mining and quarrying	27 016	65 620	191 669	283 641	36 859
extraction of fossil fuels	046	8 315	–	8	15
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	19 970	57 305	191 669	283 633	36 844
manufacturing	18 582 476	36 657 749	81 317 319	82 618 103	70 070 381
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	123 631	2 241 927	6 388 384	5 698 075	5 748 938
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	342 791	325 914	691 388	680 313	771 690
manufacture of leather, products of leather, and footwear	10 588	65 279	140 438	266 900	286 177
manufacture of wood and products of wood	59 635	165 025	254 541	234 497	120 196
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	21 038	165 872	345 590	312 831	224 800
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	4 862 314	5 446 162	23 754 067	29 628 256	27 703 813
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	1 785 985	2 998 944	3 526 975	3 235 923	4 234 272
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	160 306	842 380	1 563 204	923 833	856 127
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	414 234	1 565 874	3 436 713	3 050 865	3 966 923
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	1 522 333	2 981 775	4 982 260	4 315 545	3 928 469
manufacture of machinery and equipment	5 217 012	8 967 342	21 976 007	19 270 027	9 824 704
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	790 377	1 937 943	4 639 518	4 125 140	3 365 357
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	3 229 570	8 799 475	9 291 872	10 685 667	8 886 935
other manufacturing	42 662	153 837	326 362	190 231	151 980
electricity, gas and water supply	–	9	1 152	1 986	4 199

Continued

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Percent of total products shipped					
Total	14,5	14,4	17,8	17,8	13,9
of which:					
mining and quarrying	1,9	1,3	2,0	2,5	0,3
extraction of fossil fuels	0,9	0,2	–	0,0	0,0
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	3,2	5,4	9,4	10,9	1,3
manufacturing	17,1	16,3	20,0	20,3	16,0
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	0,5	4,7	7,3	5,5	4,8
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	8,3	4,6	5,9	5,5	6,1
manufacture of leather, products of leather, and footwear	0,9	2,8	3,8	6,6	6,8
manufacture of wood and products of wood	4,3	6,5	6,7	4,5	2,0
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	1,1	5,5	7,0	6,5	4,5
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	35,2	14,5	31,2	47,4	41,2
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	14,2	9,8	6,6	7,6	7,3
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	4,3	10,0	11,1	6,2	6,3
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	6,5	14,4	17,3	13,1	16,5
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	19,4	17,7	17,9	15,0	13,4
manufacture of machinery and equipment	38,0	37,6	42,5	37,8	21,8
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	18,5	23,4	32,3	26,5	22,7
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	38,1	45,1	35,4	42,7	39,0
other manufacturing	1,5	2,4	2,9	1,5	1,1
electricity, gas and water supply	–	0,0	0,003	0,004	0,01

22.17. Share of exports in total volume of innovative products shipped by industrial enterprises by economic activity

(percent)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	50,7	62,3	64,3	60,1	59,7
of which:					
mining and quarrying	1,5	14,0	0,9	0,6	6,6
extraction of fossil fuels	4,7	–	–	–	–
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	0,3	16,0	0,9	0,6	6,6
manufacturing	50,8	62,3	64,5	60,3	59,8
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	18,9	27,0	26,5	22,8	27,6
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	50,6	60,0	48,7	49,7	74,4
manufacture of leather, of products of leather and manufacture of footwear	47,6	47,4	39,5	30,8	19,3
manufacture of wood and products of wood	36,4	43,0	49,8	54,4	44,4
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	39,1	22,7	21,5	28,6	41,2
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	54,6	68,3	68,5	61,5	59,1
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	23,2	40,0	58,6	61,2	76,0
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	55,4	61,3	59,6	65,4	66,0
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	40,7	33,8	37,0	31,4	39,3
manufacture of basic metals and of fabricated metal products	60,4	63,9	74,5	65,2	87,2
manufacture of machinery and equipment	49,2	68,9	77,0	70,2	65,1
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	43,0	55,2	65,2	59,1	58,9
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	63,0	76,3	61,5	67,7	66,5
other manufacture	27,8	50,6	65,1	70,0	62,1
To the CIS countries	29,4	44,4	45,7	43,8	39,3
mining and quarrying	1,4	13,8	0,9	0,5	6,1
extraction of fossil fuels	4,4	–	–	–	–
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	0,3	15,8	0,9	0,5	6,1
manufacturing	29,4	44,5	45,8	43,9	39,3
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	17,8	18,1	23,6	21,1	25,8
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	40,8	48,5	42,8	44,1	54,2
manufacture of leather, of products of leather and manufacture of footwear	41,4	28,9	37,8	29,6	18,4
manufacture of wood and products of wood	26,6	25,8	40,2	43,2	41,8
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	36,4	19,0	17,0	19,6	23,3
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	13,6	30,7	34,2	35,9	32,2
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	13,6	22,9	27,1	20,9	16,2

Continued

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	40,4	43,6	46,9	60,3	65,5
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	36,1	31,0	36,2	30,9	3,7
manufacture of basic metals and of fabricated metal products	9,9	22,2	28,0	14,8	8,3
manufacture of machinery and equipment	38,7	55,5	64,9	60,0	60,4
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	34,4	50,7	59,5	54,9	50,3
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	52,9	65,4	59,7	67,0	65,3
other manufacture	7,3	39,4	48,9	69,5	61,7

22.18. Industrial enterprises that implemented innovations improving the environment or preventing negative environmental impacts in 2014

	Number of enterprises that implemented innovations improving the environment or preventing negative environmental impacts	Enterprises that implemented environmental innovations as percent of total industrial enterprises
Increased environmental safety in the process of production of products (works, services)		
reduced tangible costs per unit of product (works, services)	171	9,3
reduced energy consumption per unit of product (works, services)	172	9,4
reduced carbon dioxide (CO ₂) emission	55	3,0
raw materials and supplies replaced with non-hazardous or less hazardous	59	3,2
lower environmental pollution (ambient air, land, water; noise reduction)	126	6,9
recycling (recirculation) of industrial waste, water or materials	85	4,6
Environmental safety improvement as a result of using innovative products (works, services) by consumer		
reduced energy consumption or energy loss	113	6,2
lower air, land or water pollution, reduced noise	89	4,8
better recycling (recirculation) of products after use	35	1,9
Purpose of environmental innovation		
comply with up-to-date technical regulations, rules and standards (requirements of environmental legislation)	174	9,5
comply with expected strengthening of legal provisions	80	4,4
availability of government grants, subsidies and other financial incentives for implementing environmental innovations	27	1,5
meet market (consumer) demands urging to implement environmental innovations	96	5,2
follow voluntarily general principles of environmental protection	183	10,0

23. FINANCE AND CREDIT

The section presents statistics of government and corporate finance, and monetary and credit system.

The information basis of government finance statistics is formed using the reports on the execution of the consolidated, republican and local budgets provided by the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Belarus.

Budget is the plan of formation and spending of funds to provide functions and tasks of the state.

The budgetary system of the Republic of Belarus includes, as independent parts, the republican and local budgets.

Consolidated budget is the code of budgets on the corresponding area, excluding interbudgetary transfers, budgetary credits and interests on it.

Consolidated budget of the Republic of Belarus consists of the republican budget and consolidated budgets of regions and Minsk city.

Budget revenue is admission to budget funds, excluding resources which are the sources for financing budget deficit according to the Fiscal Code of the Republic of Belarus and other Acts of budgetary legislation; as well as budget credits, funds from budgetary loan repayments and budgetary loans.

Tax revenue comprises taxes on profits and income, property taxes, taxes on goods (works, services), tax revenue from external economic activity, other taxes, duties (levies) and other derived from taxes.

Non-tax revenue comprises revenue from the use of government-owned property, revenue from entrepreneurial and other income-generating activities, fines, deductions and other non-tax receipts.

Budget expenditure is the funds allocated for financing of government tasks and functions. Budget expenditure is determined taking into account the programmes of socioeconomic development of the Republic of Belarus and corresponding administrative-territorial units, fiscal capacity, and are undertaken in compliance with the Budget Code of the Republic of Belarus in the amounts specified by the National Budget Law for a relevant financial year and decisions of local Councils of Deputies as related to the budget for a relevant financial year. The financial year for all budgets in the territory of the Republic of Belarus starts from January 1 and ends on December 31 of the calendar year.

Budget deficit means the excess of budgetary expenditure over budgetary revenue.

Budget surplus means the excess of budgetary revenue over budgetary expenditure.

From 2005 to 2009, the republican budget includes funds of the Social Protection Fund of the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of the Republic of Belarus.

Data on revenue and expenditure of the consolidated budget are shown in accordance with the laws of the corresponding years.

Arrears on taxes and duties are the amounts of taxes, duties and other compulsory payments that have not been paid to the budget in due term fixed by the legislation. Data on the arrears on taxes and duties are provided by the Ministry of Taxes and Duties of the Republic of Belarus.

The statistics of monetary and credit system are compiled based on data of the National Bank of the Republic of Belarus.

Cash money in circulation (M0) is the most liquid part of money supply which is available for immediate use as a means of payment. It includes banknotes and coins in circulation.

Ruble money supply (M2*) comprises M0 aggregate plus funds of legal and natural persons in securities (except shares) in Belarusian rubles, issued by the banks of the Republic of Belarus.

Bank crediting of the economy and population is the balance on credits extended to the economy and population by the banking system.

Insurance (insurance premiums) are amounts payable by an insurant to an insurer for insurance unless otherwise provided by the legislation.

Insurance claims are amounts payable by an insurer to an insurant (insured party or beneficiary) upon the occurrence of an insured event.

Privatization of government property is a sale privatization objects to privatisation subjects according to the procedure and under the terms and conditions prescribed by the legislation of the Republic of Belarus.

Corporate finance statistics contains indicators reflecting results of financial activity, solvency, financial standing, and status of accounts in organizations.

Indicators of financial activity cover the following types of legal entities and their separate units with an individual balance:

for-profit organizations (except banks and insurance organizations, private (peasant) farms) that are not small business entities; small organizations subordinated to (affiliated with) the state bodies (organizations) as well as small entities, the stocks (shares in the statutory fund) of which are owned by the government and are placed under the management of the state bodies (organizations);

non-profit organizations (except budgetary organizations) that manufacture products, provision of works and services for sale, with the average number of employees 16 or more persons during a year.

State statistical financial reports are filled in on the basis of the accounting reports data.

Net profit, loss (-) is the amount of financial results from activities of organizations in a reference period.

Loss-making organization is an organization that had net loss in a reference period.

Share of loss-making organizations in the total number of organizations is the ratio of loss-making organizations to the total number of organizations.

Production costs of products (works and services) are the costs of resources used and/or acquired by organization during the manufacture of products, performing works, and providing services.

Items of production costs of products (works and services) comprise material costs, labour costs, social contributions, depreciation of fixed and intangible assets used in business activity, and other costs.

Material costs comprise costs of purchases from other organizations of raw stuff and/or materials, components to be assembled and/or semifinished goods to be further processed; of all types of fuels and energy; of natural resources; of industrial works and services performed by other organizations or individual entrepreneurs; of losses due to deficiencies and/or damage of commodity stocks and supplies within the rates of natural loss.

Labour costs comprise wage payments for work actually done and hours worked; incentive and compensatory payments; payments for non-working time; other payments granted in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Belarus; payments for vacation periods granted in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Belarus to graduates of the public educational institutions who received job referrals; paid leaves for employees who study at evening and/or correspondence departments of institutions providing vocational technical, secondary specialized and higher education; the value of clothing with logotypes, uniform, military uniform provided in accordance with the legislation of the Republic

of Belarus to employees free of charge, this clothing then remaining in their permanent personal use (or difference in the cost due to its sale to employees at reduced price).

Social contributions are compulsory insurance premiums, premiums on procupational insurance to the state extra-budgetary Social Protection Fund of the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of the Republic of Belarus.

Depreciation of fixed and intangible assets used in business activites is the depreciation deductions on fixed and intangible assets used in business activities made in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Belarus, as well as depreciation deductions from the value of fixed assets (premises) provided free of charge to public catering organizations serving the corporate staff; from the value of premises and implements provided by an organization to medical institutions for first-aid rooms to run directly within the organization.

Other costs are costs other than above-mentioned cost items.

Current liquidity ratio characterises the general provision of organizations with proprietary current assets to carry out business activities and to repay term liabilities in due time. It is calculated as the ratio of the value of short-term assets to the short-term liabilities.

Working capital financed by equity to total assets ratio characterizes the availability of working capital required for financial soundness. It is calculated as the ratio of the sum of owned capital and long-term liabilities, less the value of long-term assets, to the value of short-term assets.

Profitability of sales is the ratio of the profit from sales of products, goods, works and services to the sales revenue. A negative financial result from sales means operating at a loss.

Profitability of products, goods, works and services sold is calculated as the ratio of profit from sales of products, goods, works and services to the net cost of products, goods, works and services sold. A negative financial result from sales of products, goods, works and services means operating at a loss.

Return on assets is the ratio of net profit or net loss to the average value of assets.

Effective debt on liabilities includes accounts payable and indebtedness under credits and loans.

Accounts payable are debts to suppliers and contractors for tangible assets received, works done and services provided; on advance payments received; with affiliated organizations, with employees on wage payments, with budget and extrabadgetary funds, and other creditors.

Payables to suppliers are debts to suppliers and contractors for tangible assets received, works done and services provided, including those covered by bills of exchange issued and advance payments received.

Accounts receivable are debts of customers for goods, works and services, on bills of exchange received, with affiliated organizations, budget, personnel, and other debtors (including debts of accountable entities, advance payments granted to suppliers and contractors, and of other debtors).

Receivables from customers are debts for goods shipped, works commissioned, and services provided, including those under bills of exchange received and advance payments granted.

Overdue indebtedness is indebtedness not repaid in terms specified by contracts and legislative acts.

Financial investment is investment in securities (of state and other organizations), including shares and bonds, in statutory funds of other organizations, loans provided to other organizations.

More detailed information on finance statistics is provided in the statistical book of Belstat "Finances of the Republic of Belarus".

Government finance

23.1. Consolidated budget

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenue of the consolidated budget¹⁾	3 181	30 825	65 663	62 808	48 754	85 608	157 956	189 232	219 281
of which:									
republican budget	1 647	21 293	49 052	46 819	30 270	54 190	95 182	105 804	128 202
local budgets	1 808	12 049	23 360	21 988	27 976	48 400	91 141	119 530	133 611
Expenditure of the consolidated budget¹⁾	3 236	31 257	63 811	63 766	52 980	79 428	155 169	187 751	211 154
of which:									
republican budget	1 723	21 438	48 131	46 326	34 282	51 950	95 884	108 062	122 780
local budgets	1 787	12 274	23 049	23 446	28 367	43 946	88 011	115 637	131 018
Surplus / deficit (-) of the consolidated budget	-55	-432	1 852	-958	-4 226	6 180	2 787	1 481	8 127
of which:									
republican budget	-76	-145	921	493	-4 012	2 240	-702	-2 258	5 422
local budgets	21	-225	311	-1 458	-391	4 454	3 130	3 893	2 593

¹⁾ Including mutual settlements.

**23.2. Revenue and expenditure of the consolidated budget
by level of budgetary system**
(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Consolidated budget								
Revenue¹⁾	30 825	65 663	62 808	48 754	85 608	157 956	189 232	219 281
of which:								
tax revenue	17 063	46 808	41 305	44 875	73 446	138 013	164 922	189 017
of which:								
taxes on income and profit	4 828	11 176	9 631	11 822	18 564	39 805	50 058	53 751
of which:								
income tax on individuals	1 882	4 183	4 305	5 381	9 316	19 319	26 992	32 092
profit tax	2 366	5 993	4 608	5 580	8 689	19 535	21 525	19 994
property taxes	1 149	2 005	1 627	1 850	2 549	5 188	7 591	9 618
taxes on goods (works, services)	8 666	20 489	19 907	22 981	34 755	63 093	81 702	102 148
of which:								
value added tax	5 895	11 399	12 083	16 226	26 499	45 457	56 223	69 829
excise taxes	1 368	3 901	3 637	4 350	5 599	11 191	17 519	21 231
environmental tax	112	479	624	439	350	642	838	1 478
tax revenue from external economic activity	1 682	10 613	7 970	5 776	15 147	25 475	23 328	18 415
state social insurance contributions	7 405	14 497	15 799	...	...	...	...	...
non-tax revenue ¹⁾	1 234	4 358	5 703	3 770	12 001	19 601	24 018	29 077
Expenditure¹⁾	31 257	63 811	63 766	52 980	79 428	155 169	187 751	211 154
of which on:								
general government activities ¹⁾	...	10 708	8 054	10 188	15 843	34 609	45 560	47 508
of which:								
general government	749	1 366	1 337	1 675	2 490	4 651	6 029	7 077
international activities	163	281	351	382	744	1 292	1 422	1 707
national economy	...	16 495	16 360	12 412	15 517	29 894	31 163	33 568
of which:								
industry, construction and architecture	93 ²⁾	8 472 ³⁾	1 218	1 120	1 325	2 949	2 746	4 545
agriculture and fishery	1 180	4 499	5 426	5 314	7 978	13 758	16 538	15 884
road maintenance, transport and communications	416	3 016	3 104	3 150	4 253	6 179	7 534	8 680
fuels and energy	...	...	6 107	2 292	1 221	5 653	2 636	2 619
environmental protection ¹⁾	220	537	397	496	557	862	730	794
housing, utilities and residential construction	1 349	3 110	3 043	3 896	6 208	12 084	15 894	17 305
social sector	9 115	29 263	32 155	21 504	34 288	64 517	78 576	90 524
Surplus / deficit (-)	-432	1 852	-958	-4 226	6 180	2 787	1 481	8 127

Continued

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Republican budget								
Revenue¹⁾	21 293	49 052	46 819	30 270	54 190	95 182	105 804	128 202
of which:								
tax revenue	9 096	31 367	26 471	27 823	44 578	80 297	89 570	102 317
of which:								
taxes on income and profit	1 741	3 539	2 881	3 535	2 820	5 492	5 247	6 584
of which:								
income tax on individuals	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
profit tax	1 536	3 286	2 713	3 329	2 812	5 482	5 233	6 567
property taxes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
taxes on goods (works, services)	5 271	15 111	13 848	16 550	24 759	45 669	59 303	73 658
of which:								
value added tax	4 111	8 067	8 198	11 785	18 702	32 298	39 356	48 182
excise taxes	1 116	3 731	3 475	4 349	5 597	11 191	17 519	21 231
environmental tax	4	381	458	96	140	257	335	887
tax revenue from external economic activity	1 682	10 613	7 970	5 776	15 147	25 475	23 328	18 415
state social insurance contributions	7 405	14 497	15 799	...	...	...	...	...
non-tax revenue ¹⁾	855	3 188	4 549	2 434	9 612	14 885	16 233	19 471
Expenditure¹⁾	21 438	48 131	46 326	34 282	51 950	95 884	108 062	122 780
of which on:								
general government activities ¹⁾	...	12 086	8 732	14 287	24 995	43 966	52 680	56 923
of which:								
general government	391	660	682	834	1 239	2 348	3 013	3 607
international activities	163	281	351	382	744	1 292	1 422	1 707
national economy	...	14 424	13 528	8 750	9 311	19 294	16 906	18 834
of which:								
industry, construction and architecture	17 ²⁾	8 522 ³⁾	1 196	1 095	1 297	2 918	2 694	4 371
agriculture and fishery	316	3 193	3 583	3 484	4 262	7 029	7 596	7 067
road maintenance, transport and communications	21	2 300	2 258	1 508	2 011	2 704	2 729	3 430
fuels and energy	...	...	6 045	2 193	1 072	5 399	2 284	2 245
environmental protection ¹⁾	220	555	403	243	346	546	536	622
housing, utilities and residential construction	3	23	24	32	42	75	80	97
social sector	2 854	17 719	20 262	6 671	10 486	19 245	22 651	25 539
Surplus / deficit (-)	-145	921	493	-4 012	2 240	-702	-2 258	5 422

Continued

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Local budgets								
Revenue¹⁾	12 049	23 360	21 988	27 976	48 400	91 141	119 530	133 611
of which:								
tax revenue	7 967	15 441	14 834	17 052	28 868	57 716	75 352	86 699
of which:								
taxes on income and profit	3 087	7 638	6 749	8 287	15 744	34 313	44 811	47 167
of which:								
income tax on individuals	1 882	4 183	4 305	5 381	9 316	19 319	26 992	32 092
profit tax	830	2 708	1 895	2 251	5 877	14 053	16 292	13 427
property taxes	1 149	2 005	1 627	1 850	2 549	5 188	7 591	9 618
taxes on goods (works, services)	3 395	5 379	6 059	6 431	9 996	17 424	22 399	28 490
of which:								
value added tax	1 784	3 333	3 885	4 441	7 797	13 159	16 867	21 647
excise taxes	252	170	162	1	2	–	–	–
environmental tax	108	98	166	343	210	385	503	591
tax revenue from external economic activity	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
state social insurance contributions	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
non-tax revenue ¹⁾	379	1 170	1 155	1 336	2 390	4 718	7 787	9 607
Expenditure¹⁾	12 274	23 049	23 446	28 367	43 946	88 011	115 637	131 018
of which on:								
general government activities ¹⁾	...	5 537	5 020	5 557	7 317	19 368	28 827	33 228
of which:								
general government	358	706	655	841	1 251	2 303	3 016	3 470
national economy	...	2 335	2 884	3 662	6 206	10 600	14 257	14 734
of which:								
industry, construction and architecture	76 ²⁾	93 ³⁾	21	25	28	32	52	174
agriculture and fishery	864	1 339	1 844	1 830	3 716	6 729	8 942	8 817
road maintenance, transport and communications	395	799	899	1 642	2 242	3 475	4 805	5 250
fuels and energy	...	...	62	99	149	254	352	374
environmental protection ¹⁾	–	63	136	267	211	317	194	172
housing, utilities and residential construction	1 346	3 087	3 018	3 864	6 166	12 009	15 813	17 208
social sector	6 261	11 651	12 007	14 833	23 802	45 271	55 925	64 984
Surplus / deficit (-)	-225	311	-1 458	-391	4 454	3 130	3 893	2 593

¹⁾ Including mutual settlements.²⁾ Industry, energy, and construction sector.³⁾ Industry, energy, construction and architecture.

**23.3. Structure of revenue and expenditure
of the consolidated budget by level of budgetary system¹⁾**
(percent of consolidated budget)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Republican budget								
Revenue	69,1	74,7	74,5	62,1	63,3	60,3	55,9	58,5
of which:								
tax revenue	53,3	67,0	64,1	62,0	60,7	58,2	54,3	54,1
of which:								
taxes on income and profit	36,1	31,7	29,9	29,9	15,2	13,8	10,5	12,2
of which profit tax	64,9	54,8	58,9	59,7	32,4	28,1	24,3	32,8
taxes on goods (works, services)	60,8	73,7	69,6	72,0	71,2	72,4	72,6	72,1
of which:								
value added tax	69,7	70,8	67,8	72,6	70,6	71,1	70,0	69,0
excise taxes	81,6	95,6	95,5	99,97	99,95	100	100	100
environmental tax	3,6	79,5	73,4	21,8	40,1	40,1	40,0	60,0
tax revenue from external economic activity	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
state social insurance contributions ²⁾	100	100	100	...	...	...	...	...
non-tax revenue	69,3	73,2	79,7	64,6	80,1	75,9	67,6	67,0
Expenditure	60,7	63,9	63,2	46,5	44,7	43,3	38,4	38,0
of which on:								
general government activities	...	48,3	37,7	45,5	53,8	44,0	36,7	30,1
of which:								
general government	52,2	48,3	51,0	49,8	49,8	50,5	50,0	51,0
international activities	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100,0
national economy	...	85,8	82,4	70,5	60,0	64,5	54,3	56,1
of which:								
industry, construction and architecture	18,0 ³⁾	98,9 ⁴⁾	98,2	97,8	97,9	98,9	98,1	96,2
agriculture and fishery	26,8	70,2	66,0	65,6	53,4	51,1	45,9	44,5
road maintenance, transport and communications	5,2	73,5	71,0	47,9	47,3	43,8	36,2	39,5
fuel and energy	...	...	99,0	95,7	87,8	95,5	86,7	85,7
housing, utilities and residential construction	0,2	0,7	0,8	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,6
social sector	31,3	60,2	62,7	31,0	30,6	29,8	28,8	28,2

Continued

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Local budgets								
Revenue	30,9	25,3	25,5	37,9	36,7	39,7	44,1	41,5
of which:								
tax revenue	46,7	33,0	35,9	38,0	39,3	41,8	45,7	45,9
of which:								
taxes on income and profit	63,9	68,3	70,1	70,1	84,8	86,2	89,5	87,8
of which:								
income tax on individuals	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
profit tax	35,1	45,2	41,1	40,3	67,6	71,9	75,7	67,2
property taxes	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
taxes on goods (works, services)	39,2	26,3	30,4	28,0	28,8	27,6	27,4	27,9
of which:								
value added tax	30,3	29,2	32,2	27,4	29,4	28,9	30,0	31,0
excise taxes	18,4	4,4	4,5	0,03	0,05	–	–	–
environmental tax	96,4	20,5	26,6	78,2	59,9	59,9	60,0	40,0
non-tax revenue	30,7	26,8	20,3	35,4	19,9	24,1	32,4	33,0
Expenditure	39,3	36,1	36,8	53,5	55,3	56,7	61,6	62,0
of which on:								
general government activities	...	51,7	62,3	54,5	46,2	56,0	63,3	69,9
of which general government	47,8	51,7	49,0	50,2	50,2	49,5	50,0	49,0
national economy	...	14,2	17,6	29,5	40,0	35,5	45,7	43,9
of which:								
industry, construction and architecture	82,0 ³⁾	1,1 ⁴⁾	1,8	2,2	2,1	1,1	1,9	3,8
agriculture and fishery	73,2	29,8	34,0	34,4	46,6	48,9	54,1	55,5
road maintenance, transport and communications	94,8	26,5	29,0	52,1	52,7	56,2	63,8	60,5
fuels and energy	...	...	1,0	4,3	12,2	4,5	13,3	14,3
housing, utilities and residential construction	99,8	99,3	99,2	99,2	99,3	99,4	99,5	99,4
social sector	68,7	39,8	37,3	69,0	69,4	70,2	71,2	71,8

¹⁾ Excluding mutual settlements.

²⁾ In 2005–2009 – revenue of the Social Protection Fund of the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of the Republic of Belarus.

³⁾ Industry, energy, and construction sector.

⁴⁾ Industry, energy, construction and architecture.

23.4. Expenditure of the consolidated budget on social sector

(at actually effective prices)

	BYR billion						Percent of total					
	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenditure	9 115	21 504	34 288	64 517	78 576	90 524	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which on:												
health	2 964	6 462	10 382	20 371	25 256	29 678	32,5	30,1	30,3	31,6	32,1	32,8
education	4 060	8 342	13 711	25 974	32 238	36 816	44,6	38,8	40,0	40,3	41,0	40,7
social policy	1 396	4 969	7 600	13 011	15 040	17 182	15,3	23,1	22,1	20,2	19,1	19,0
physical training, sports, culture and mass media	695	1 731	2 595	5 160	6 043	6 848	7,6	8,0	7,6	8,0	7,7	7,6

23.5. Execution of the republican budget in 2014

	Revised plan for 2014, BYR billion	Actual execution		
		BYR billion	percent to	
			revised plan	GDP
Revenue¹⁾	122 950	128 202	104,3	16,5
of which:				
tax revenue	99 127	102 317	103,2	13,1
of which:				
taxes on income and profit	6 591	6 584	99,9	0,8
of which profit tax	6 574	6 567	99,9	0,8
taxes on goods (works, services)	72 756	73 658	101,2	9,5
of which:				
value added tax	47 717	48 182	101,0	6,2
excise taxes	21 092	21 231	100,7	2,7
environmental tax	841	887	105,5	0,1
tax revenue from external economic activity	17 248	18 415	106,8	2,4
non-tax revenue	17 453	19 471	111,6	2,5
Expenditure¹⁾	125 447	122 780	97,9	15,8
of which on:				
general government activities	58 400	56 923	97,5	7,3
of which:				
general government	3 810	3 607	94,7	0,5
international activities	1 904	1 707	89,6	0,2
national economy	19 571	18 834	96,2	2,4
of which:				
industry, construction and architecture	4 897	4 371	89,3	0,6
agriculture and fishery	7 123	7 067	99,2	0,9
road maintenance, transport and communications	3 491	3 430	98,2	0,4
fuels and energy	2 307	2 245	97,3	0,3
environmental protection	635	622	98,0	0,1
housing, utilities and residential construction	97	97	99,6	0,01
health	5 443	5 416	99,5	0,7
education	6 426	6 301	98,1	0,8
social policy	11 659	11 592	99,4	1,5
physical training, sports, culture and mass media	2 299	2 230	97,0	0,3
Deficit (-)	-2 497	5 422	x	0,7

¹⁾ Including mutual settlements.

23.6. Tax and duty liabilities

(data of the Ministry of Taxes and Duties of the Republic of Belarus;
beginning of year; BYR million)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Tax and duty liabilities	9 186	235 225	149 516	58 531	58 720	32 045	27 946	32 551	65 664	183 601
of which:										
value added tax	1 804	76 322	62 550	24 474	28 393	13 078	16 636	17 159	42 425	86 867
taxes on income and profit	1 464	5 790	6 098	3 204	3 944	2 654	4 304	7 045	3 807	59 797
excise taxes	152	59 959	8 429	3 488	2 147	906	1 477	—	750	11 929
real estate tax	126	12 467	11 080	3 935	4 873	4 048	830	1 612	6 917	11 019
land tax	305	9 084	7 965	3 573	4 315	4 752	1 495	1 736	6 307	7 567
single tax for agricultural producers	35	3 271	5 425	1 839	465	9	3	—	120	373
payments to the republican budget on revenue from sales of goods (works, services)	...	42 606 ¹⁾	20 205	5 853	4 952	...	...	...	...	...
Deferred debts (paid by installments)	7 530	273 809	308 847	291 563	271 699	257 560	210 445	159 835	105 192	64 411

¹⁾ On payments to the republican and local budgets on revenue from sales of goods (works, services).

Money and credit

23.7. Currency circulation

(beginning of year; BYR billion)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Ruble money supply (M2*)	267,7	5 388,3	16 764,6	20 541,7	20 737,0	26 425,0	43 354,6	68 669,5	79 331,2	90 844,5
of which:										
cash money in circulation (M0)	86,9	1 339,4	3 323,2	3 836,2	3 647,2	4 493,9	6 711,8	11 307,3	12 302,0	13 923,8
non-cash resources	180,8	4 048,9	13 441,4	16 705,5	17 089,8	21 931,1	36 642,8	57 362,2	67 029,2	76 920,7
Percentage share of M0 in M2*, percent	32,5	24,9	19,8	18,7	17,6	17,0	15,5	16,5	15,5	15,3

23.8. Bank crediting of the economy and population

(end of year; BYR billion)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total outstanding credit balance	1 397,9	12 496,5	44 830,8	63 724,3	88 921,9	148 020,6	202 129,8	259 554,9	314 138,4
of which:									
short-term credits	847,9	6 064,0	12 172,0	17 837,7	22 209,1	36 139,4	55 126,4	66 785,5	84 844,0
percent of total	60,7	48,5	27,2	28,0	25,0	24,4	27,3	25,7	27,0
long-term credits	550,0	6 432,5	32 658,8	45 886,6	66 712,8	111 881,2	147 003,4	192 769,4	229 294,4
percent of total	39,3	51,5	72,8	72,0	75,0	75,6	72,7	74,3	73,0

**23.9. Main indicators of government securities
(bonds for legal and natural persons)**

(data of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Belarus; BYR billion)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Value of emission	2 136,6	3 427,9	93,6	95,0	15 142,6	21 507,3	29 551,6	13 261,9
Floatation value	1 827,8	3 192,9	93,6	95,0	15 142,6	21 507,3	28 448,5	9 756,3
Value of repayment	875,0	1 452,7	3 452,9	392,6	162,7	13 611,6	20 764,2	2 330,0

**23.10. The official exchange rate of the Belarusian ruble
against foreign currencies**

(end of year)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Exchange rate of Belarussian ruble against:								
Russian ruble, BYR per 1 RUB	74,86	76,89	94,66	98,44	261,00	282,00	290,50	214,50
US dollar, BYR per 1 USD	2 152,00	2 200,00	2 863,00	3 000,00	8 350,00	8 570,00	9 510,00	11 850,00
Euro, BYR per 1 EUR	2 546,35	3 077,14	4 106,11	3 972,60	10 800,00	11 340,00	13 080,00	14 380,00

23.11. Purchase and sale of foreign currency in cash

(USD million equivalent)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Purchase	3 171,4	7 177,4	6 493,8	7 695,8	4 048,9	6 319,4	9 193,1	10 959,9
Sale	2 619,1	6 309,7	5 984,5	6 664,0	4 519,0	6 483,0	7 830,7	9 574,9
Balance (+, -)	552,3	867,7	509,3	1 031,8	-470,1	-163,6	1 362,4	1 385,0

23.12. Main indicators of insurance organizations

(data of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Belarus)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of active insurance organizations	26	24	23	24	25	25	25	24
Authorized capital, BYR bn	38,8	1 221,8	1 656,1	1 703,1	1 790,2	9 388,6	9 649,1	10 042,3
Number of insurance contracts concluded, mln	7,4	8,9	9,8	10,5	11,0	11,4	11,9	11,4
of which voluntary insurance	3,7	4,5	4,2	4,6	4,7	5,1	5,4	5,1
Amounts insured under voluntary insurance contracts, BYR trln	100,5	166,8	205,8	264,4	573,6	1 076,6	1 612,6	1 688,3
Insurance premiums, BYR bn	479,5	939,7	1 115,2	1 342,0	2 365,6	4 337,6	6 645,1	7 267,3
of which:								
voluntary insurance	154,9	413,8	518,0	669,4	1 142,9	2 123,9	3 632,3	3 932,0
personal insurance	37,2	89,1	122,2	168,6	274,4	533,8	962,6	1 447,9
property insurance	98,0	293,5	361,7	455,8	772,8	1 451,6	2 432,3	2 222,1
responsibility insurance	19,7	31,2	34,1	45,0	95,8	138,5	237,4	262,1
compulsory insurance	324,6	525,9	597,3	672,6	1 222,7	2 213,7	3 012,8	3 335,3
Insurance claims paid out, BYR bn	201,8	460,7	632,0	804,4	1 338,7	2 064,8	2 761,3	3 281,4
of which:								
voluntary insurance	47,0	191,9	297,1	364,4	596,0	902,1	1 157,2	1494,5
personal insurance	8,3	18,7	33,1	42,9	83,4	126,2	214,8	379,6
property insurance	35,9	166,6	256,8	314,7	494,5	741,8	901,8	1 064,2
responsibility insurance	2,7	6,6	7,2	6,8	18,1	34,1	40,5	50,7
compulsory insurance	154,8	268,8	334,9	440,1	742,7	1 162,7	1 604,2	1 786,9
Profit, BYR bn	57,8	73,7	118,5	92,1	446,0	694,2	1 165,9	1 070,1

In 2013 the ratio of claims paid out was 41,6%, and in 2014 it was 45,2%.

23.13. Structure of insurance premiums and claims by type of insurance

(percent of total)

	Insurance premiums						Insurance claims					
	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:												
voluntary insurance	32,3	49,9	48,3	49,0	54,7	54,1	23,3	45,3	44,5	43,7	41,9	45,5
of which:												
personal insurance	7,8	12,6	11,6	12,3	14,5	19,9	4,1	5,3	6,2	6,1	7,8	11,6
property insurance	20,4	34,0	32,7	33,5	36,6	30,6	17,8	39,1	36,9	35,9	32,7	32,4
responsibility insurance	4,1	3,3	4,0	3,2	3,6	3,6	1,4	0,9	1,4	1,7	1,5	1,5
compulsory insurance	67,7	50,1	51,7	51,0	45,3	45,9	76,7	54,7	55,5	56,3	58,1	54,5

23.14. Privatization of state-owned organizations (facilities)

(data of the State Property Committee of the Republic of Belarus)

	Since the beginning of privatization (1991-2014)	2014
Reformed organizations (facilities) – total	5 126	54
of which by method of privatization:		
transformation of state-owned organizations into joint-stock companies	2 941	37
purchase of leased property by lessee	724	–
sales at auctions and under competitive tenders	1 425	–

Corporate financial activities**23.15. Revenue from sales of products, goods, works
and services by economic activity**

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services	119 805,7	271 546,1	284 670,7	334 820,1	652 819,6	1 152 406,0	1 271 162,3	1 419 838,8
of which:								
agriculture, hunting and forestry	6 108,9	14 176,7	15 100,6	17 685,2	32 286,4	64 426,0	72 975,5	90 723,0
fishing and fish farming	20,9	59,3	72,9	82,6	197,4	243,2	290,1	276,3
industry	60 692,4	135 283,1	128 577,2	176 014,7	359 880,0	623 982,4	648 588,7	683 343,0
mining and quarrying	2 715,3	5 799,4	5 195,4	7 330,0	18 220,3	33 920,4	27 708,7	31 100,9
extraction of fossil fuels	2 492,8	5 254,0	4 504,5	6 524,5	16 916,6	31 430,3	24 590,5	27 868,8
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	222,5	545,4	691,0	805,5	1 303,7	2 490,1	3 118,2	3 232,1
manufacturing	49 077,8	108 213,3	97 946,8	131 888,1	274 250,5	482 883,0	504 031,5	523 414,6
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	9 641,4	22 278,9	26 339,5	33 586,4	59 448,6	110 511,4	137 914,1	158 075,4
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	1 364,8	3 239,0	3 882,4	5 144,1	8 077,2	13 354,5	15 358,0	14 863,4
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	354,3	861,6	980,6	1 287,3	2 595,7	4 278,5	4 918,6	5 130,8
manufacture of wood and products of wood	637,6	1 438,2	1 397,6	1 757,6	3 096,8	4 754,6	5 833,6	6 789,8

Continued

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	786,9	1 798,3	1 883,3	2 286,6	4 146,6	7 032,8	7 399,9	7 708,6
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	9 193,9	19 062,5	15 042,0	17 551,6	44 382,2	93 629,1	82 928,1	82 603,5
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	6 470,0	14 288,5	8 659,1	15 131,4	45 211,0	62 828,8	50 880,8	62 326,2
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	1 397,9	3 094,0	2 853,9	4 129,5	9 318,7	15 581,4	16 804,6	15 552,6
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	2 521,0	5 722,3	5 540,0	7 052,0	12 159,2	21 087,6	24 432,6	23 475,6
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	3 476,9	7 381,1	5 941,8	8 712,5	18 652,1	30 765,3	32 626,0	32 563,1
manufacture of machinery and equipment	6 122,8	13 257,7	12 867,9	16 709,2	27 913,1	59 663,6	60 426,8	52 986,1
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	1 658,4	3 740,3	3 425,5	5 066,8	9 371,8	16 510,7	18 348,8	17 428,5
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	4 066,5	8 922,1	6 247,5	9 474,1	21 255,4	27 964,3	28 328,2	25 099,2
other manufacturing	1 385,6	3 128,9	2 885,6	3 998,9	8 622,2	14 920,2	17 891,3	18 811,7
electricity, gas and water supply	8 899,3	21 270,4	25 435,0	36 796,6	67 409,2	107 179,1	116 848,5	128 827,5
construction	7 405,3	17 971,3	21 256,2	25 720,3	36 596,0	61 952,4	80 945,7	89 993,2
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	31 326,4	70 346,1	81 015,7	68 326,9	141 772,2	263 832,7	308 434,5	362 583,4
hotels and restaurants	639,6	1 509,9	1 639,2	1 405,2	2 126,7	4 313,9	5 606,8	6 820,3
transport and communications	9 547,6	22 428,1	25 513,7	34 218,2	58 757,8	100 713,3	109 577,5	128 915,4
financial activities	717,5	1 665,7	1 619,3	99,0	446,4	288,4	297,7	835,7
real estate, renting and business services	2 494,0	6 058,1	7 133,4	8 292,1	15 966,9	24 117,0	32 897,9	41 578,1
education	104,6	253,0	298,6	285,5	386,4	711,8	885,9	1 191,5
health and social work	171,3	413,2	528,3	600,8	933,7	1 879,0	2 574,6	3 432,8
community, social and personal services	577,1	1 381,6	1 914,4	2 089,2	3 423,7	5 889,1	7 988,0	10 035,8

23.16. Revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services per payroll employee by economic activity

(BYR million)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total revenue from sales of products, goods, works and services per payroll employee	280,3	509,2	569,4	651,2
of which:				
agriculture, hunting and forestry	80,2	164,7	194,3	250,9
fishing and fish farming	108,2	136,8	164,7	170,4
industry	369,7	647,6	692,3	764,8
mining and quarrying	873,0	1 604,8	1 330,4	1 590,8
extraction of fossil fuels	1 181,5	2 142,5	1 705,0	2 084,1
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	198,9	385,1	486,9	523,1
manufacturing	342,1	611,2	656,7	724,5
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	396,0	740,6	923,2	1 070,5
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	99,6	170,6	212,0	225,8
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	159,0	259,8	318,4	340,1
manufacture of wood and products of wood	129,0	220,6	284,2	352,3
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	197,4	335,0	385,0	428,3
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	2 635,8	5 230,4	4 664,9	4 936,9
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	756,6	1 044,7	874,3	1 178,9
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	337,4	593,3	648,8	622,6
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	222,7	409,3	482,4	488,2
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	403,0	679,9	687,8	730,3
manufacture of machinery and equipment	207,2	409,6	440,3	419,0
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	145,0	271,2	325,6	328,3
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	294,7	448,5	462,3	456,7
other manufacturing	258,9	429,2	484,6	522,2
electricity, gas and water supply	445,9	703,7	785,9	850,1
construction	134,8	266,0	356,3	396,2
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	593,1	1 068,2	1 213,8	1 359,3
hotels and restaurants	97,0	185,6	240,3	278,8
transport and communications	267,3	471,2	496,8	600,7
financial activities	945,7	473,6	535,4	1 519,3
real estate, renting and business services	126,6	200,5	265,0	343,8
education	43,4	80,9	105,8	174,0
health and social work	66,0	135,9	183,2	227,3
community, social and personal services	69,5	122,7	166,1	205,8

23.17. Net corporate profit, loss (-) by economic activity

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total net profit, loss (-) – total	6 400	15 254	10 815	13 607	39 671	70 926	40 850	43 361
of which:								
agriculture, hunting and forestry	756	1 838	1 243	1 387	4 591	9 337	36 142	5 066
fishing and fish farming	1	3	0,3	-11	24	12	-81	-110
industry	3 823	8 514	4 958	6 975	24 604	42 821	18 532	15 172
mining and quarrying	246	511	620	595	2 266	2 589	1 973	1 449
extraction of fossil fuels	240	486	557	568	2 137	2 424	1 771	1 262
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	6	25	64	27	129	165	202	187
manufacturing	3 436	7 643	4 113	6 353	26 378	35 995	15 944	11 533
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	244	425	506	1 516	3 397	3 013	3 306	2 058
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	37	107	166	257	1 139	1 243	251	155
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	19	51	62	123	339	459	266	69
manufacture wood and products of wood	19	35	17	37	291	190	48	106
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	30	70	50	89	269	130	-97	-265
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	295	871	251	124	148	7 660	3 084	5 434
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	1 498	3 384	1 524	1 771	9 076	10 325	2 767	8 210
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	35	51	88	133	449	1 355	1 284	143
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	174	425	144	83	616	445	-186	-968
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	316	539	128	246	1 525	1 053	612	-802
manufacture of machinery and equipment	345	679	612	960	3 031	5 809	2 449	-2 160
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	83	210	130	206	1 062	1 070	585	242
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	211	503	213	533	4 046	1 906	535	-1 422
other manufacturing	131	294	221	274	987	1 338	1 042	733
electricity, gas and water supply	141	359	225	28	-4 040	4 237	616	2 190
construction	285	805	892	886	803	1 876	2 395	3 396
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	532	1 473	1 023	1 312	3 649	6 198	5 352	6 536
hotels and restaurants	20	47	57	56	120	200	141	161
transport and communications	766	1 934	1 712	2 135	2 473	6 617	6 391	7 078
financial activities	23	60	89	11	326	333	336	662
real estate, renting and business services	163	482	738	703	2 636	2 740	3 459	4 499
education	4	16	27	29	36	98	69	199
health and social work	6	17	37	47	109	287	224	234
community, social and personal services	20	65	38	78	285	403	399	448

23.18. Share of loss-making organizations by economic activity

(percent of total organizations)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	5,1	7,6	5,5	5,4	5,5	10,6	15,2
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	1,3	2,7	2,5	1,4	1,6	9,5	11,0
fishing and fish farming	5,9	5,9	42,1	–	–	63,2	63,2
industry	10,8	13,9	10,0	8,0	9,2	17,4	26,5
mining and quarrying	–	9,1	6,5	3,3	3,4	17,9	28,6
extraction of fossil fuels	–	16,7	11,8	–	6,3	25,0	43,8
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	–	–	–	7,1	–	8,3	8,3
manufacturing	11,8	15,1	10,8	7,8	9,7	18,7	28,5
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	18,5	18,5	8,4	3,3	14,5	19,8	25,7
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	16,4	16,8	15,9	12,7	11,2	27,9	31,4
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	24,4	15,9	11,1	7,7	7,3	21,1	34,2
manufacture of wood and products of wood	15,8	16,3	16,3	9,6	14,8	20,0	21,3
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	5,3	9,0	9,7	13,1	8,0	14,4	14,9
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	25,0	–	33,3	25,0	14,3	–	–
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	7,7	11,3	9,4	10,0	11,5	17,3	15,7
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	7,1	13,6	11,8	1,7	1,8	6,9	24,1
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	6,2	10,5	9,1	15,0	16,4	30,4	36,3
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	5,6	17,9	11,3	4,9	6,7	20,6	38,7
manufacture of machinery and equipment	7,5	12,1	6,8	6,6	4,4	14,4	34,2
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	5,7	12,7	9,1	2,5	2,5	8,1	27,5
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	8,5	27,9	19,0	8,8	10,7	15,8	40,7
other manufacturing	11,0	12,4	8,5	6,0	4,9	9,6	19,3
electricity, gas and water supply	2,6	2,6	3,7	10,1	5,3	5,5	7,2
construction	3,8	7,0	5,2	10,3	8,1	8,6	11,5
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	3,9	7,4	4,6	3,7	4,3	8,7	15,1
hotels and restaurants	8,7	11,3	7,3	4,9	7,1	15,6	16,3
transport and communications	4,5	5,0	3,0	2,8	5,7	8,4	14,2
financial activities	–	10,3	14,3	16,7	–	–	12,5
real estate, renting and business services	3,1	4,7	3,1	3,6	3,2	5,5	7,1
education	5,4	3,5	1,2	3,3	2,2	7,5	10,9
health and social work	4,9	7,0	6,3	8,8	4,5	2,2	4,3
community, social and personal services	5,1	8,8	7,0	5,8	4,0	6,5	8,6

23.19. Profitability of sales by economic activity

(percent)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	8,3	8,0	5,8	6,0	10,4	9,6	6,6	7,0
of which:								
agriculture, hunting and forestry	7,2	5,0	0,1	-0,2	12,0	14,1	3,9	5,6
fishing and fish farming	3,3	-3,6	-4,1	-20,2	3,0	8,5	-11,7	-20,3
industry	11,0	10,2	6,7	6,8	12,4	11,2	7,4	7,7
mining and quarrying	15,8	14,1	16,6	15,1	14,4	11,5	12,4	9,8
extraction of fossil fuels	16,5	14,5	16,7	15,9	14,3	11,2	11,8	9,1
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	8,1	10,4	15,6	8,3	15,3	14,2	16,8	16,0
manufacturing	12,0	11,2	7,3	8,0	16,6	12,7	8,4	8,6
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	4,9	4,1	4,7	7,3	11,8	8,0	8,6	8,1
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	6,7	7,4	8,1	7,5	20,9	14,0	8,6	5,6
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	8,5	9,5	12,9	14,4	27,4	16,8	11,3	10,0
manufacture of wood and products of wood	6,4	5,2	1,3	2,8	13,0	5,2	2,5	1,5
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	7,6	7,6	7,5	7,7	14,9	7,3	5,6	4,4
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	5,0	6,3	3,7	2,4	9,2	13,5	5,3	9,1
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	37,0	33,6	20,0	17,2	26,5	22,9	13,4	23,1
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	6,3	5,9	6,3	5,7	17,7	14,6	12,7	4,8
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	12,4	12,4	5,4	3,4	8,5	6,5	5,7	4,1
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	15,0	12,9	5,7	6,8	17,2	9,9	5,7	2,6
manufacture of machinery and equipment	10,8	9,8	9,1	9,6	17,2	14,2	10,3	5,8
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	8,8	7,9	7,3	6,8	17,8	10,8	7,4	5,2
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	9,4	9,1	7,6	8,8	24,7	12,6	6,4	2,3
other manufacturing	14,7	13,0	10,7	9,6	18,0	13,1	9,7	7,8
electricity, gas and water supply	4,1	3,9	2,4	1,0	-5,5	4,2	1,9	3,3
construction	7,3	8,0	7,5	6,4	4,4	6,3	6,9	8,1
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	2,8	3,3	2,8	2,7	5,4	4,3	3,3	3,6
hotels and restaurants	4,9	5,0	4,5	5,9	7,6	7,9	5,6	4,3
transport and communications	10,2	10,7	10,9	9,4	8,7	10,5	9,8	10,4
financial activities	2,4	1,6	-1,5	15,2	61,6	29,3	24,5	17,9
real estate, renting and business services	13,2	14,5	17,4	14,9	23,6	16,8	16,0	16,2
education	7,2	9,5	11,9	11,4	9,1	10,3	6,3	18,8
health and social work	6,2	6,1	8,1	9,4	11,2	14,6	11,2	11,5
community, social and personal services	2,9	3,0	1,8	1,9	8,6	8,1	6,2	5,6

23.20. Profitability of products, goods, works and services sold by economic activity

(percent)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	13,5	14,0	9,9	9,6	13,3	12,2	8,2	8,7
of which:								
agriculture, hunting and forestry	9,0	6,4	0,2	-0,3	15,5	18,6	4,6	6,7
fishing and fish farming	3,6	-3,9	-4,5	-18,6	3,5	10,5	-11,5	-18,3
industry	14,3	14,1	8,8	8,9	16,5	14,6	9,4	9,7
mining and quarrying	42,8	40,2	48,1	31,2	24,4	18,3	21,1	15,9
extraction of fossil fuels	49,4	45,9	56,4	35,3	24,7	18,2	20,6	15,0
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	10,6	15,2	23,7	11,2	21,2	19,4	24,0	22,3
manufacturing	15,5	15,6	9,6	10,5	23,0	16,6	10,5	10,8
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	6,2	5,5	6,4	10,0	15,7	10,3	11,6	10,7
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	7,6	9,1	9,9	9,1	29,7	17,9	10,4	6,5
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	10,2	12,3	17,4	19,8	45,3	23,4	14,7	12,7
manufacture of wood and products of wood	7,9	6,9	1,7	3,5	16,9	6,1	2,8	1,7
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	9,4	10,0	9,6	10,0	20,6	9,1	6,8	5,3
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	6,6	9,0	5,0	3,0	11,8	17,3	6,5	12,2
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	67,1	63,8	28,6	25,8	44,1	34,9	18,4	32,2
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	7,1	7,1	7,5	6,7	23,8	18,7	15,8	5,5
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	16,1	17,2	6,9	4,1	10,9	8,0	7,0	4,9
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	18,4	16,6	6,8	8,1	22,7	11,9	6,6	2,9
manufacture of machinery and equipment	13,6	13,2	12,1	12,8	23,2	18,2	12,6	6,7
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	10,5	10,1	9,1	8,6	24,0	13,2	8,8	6,0
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	10,6	11,1	9,3	10,7	35,1	15,5	7,4	2,6
other manufacturing	21,7	20,1	16,1	14,3	25,5	17,3	12,2	9,5
electricity, gas and water supply	4,6	4,7	2,9	1,2	-6,0	5,3	2,4	4,1
construction	8,9	10,5	9,6	8,0	5,2	7,8	8,6	10,1
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	12,8	16,3	11,5	14,0	6,5	5,3	4,0	4,3
hotels and restaurants	13,0	14,1	8,5	8,5	9,4	9,7	6,7	5,0
transport and communications	18,6	21,2	21,8	20,6	10,7	13,2	12,3	13,1
financial activities	3,0	2,1	-1,5	29,0	273,8	50,9	40,4	24,2
real estate, renting and business services	18,6	22,1	26,5	21,9	35,0	22,4	21,7	21,7
education	8,5	12,4	14,7	13,4	10,3	11,8	6,9	23,8
health and social work	6,9	7,4	9,7	11,1	13,2	17,8	13,1	13,5
community, social and personal services	3,1	3,5	2,1	2,1	10,2	9,6	7,2	6,4

23.21. Return of asserts of organizations by economic activity

(percent)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	5,6	3,3	3,5	5,8	6,4	2,8	2,5
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	3,9	2,2	2,0	4,5	5,9	1,7	2,0
fishing and fish farming	1,7	0,1	-3,7	5,7	1,8	-9,2	-11,2
industry	8,0	3,9	4,5	8,3	8,6	2,9	2,0
mining and quarrying	11,5	11,8	9,5	19,1	12,7	7,1	4,6
extraction of fossil fuels	12,4	12,0	10,2	20,4	13,4	7,2	4,5
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	4,7	10,2	3,6	9,2	7,1	6,9	5,5
manufacturing	9,9	4,5	5,6	12,3	9,9	3,3	2,0
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	2,9	2,8	6,7	8,4	4,4	3,5	1,8
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	2,8	3,2	4,1	13,2	9,1	1,5	0,8
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	7,6	8,0	12,6	19,4	14,4	6,4	1,3
manufacture of wood and products of wood	3,0	0,8	1,4	5,4	2,2	0,3	0,6
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	4,4	3,1	4,6	8,0	1,6	-0,8	-1,6
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	12,5	2,7	1,1	0,8	21,7	7,0	11,4
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	27,6	12,0	12,0	24,9	16,7	3,7	10,1
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	2,0	3,0	3,9	7,0	14,1	10,0	0,9
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	8,8	2,2	0,9	3,3	1,4	-0,4	-2,0
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	10,3	2,1	3,3	10,2	4,2	1,8	-2,1
manufacture of machinery and equipment	7,0	5,3	6,8	12,5	11,8	3,8	-2,8
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	5,0	3,0	3,9	11,4	7,1	3,0	1,1
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	7,2	2,6	5,3	22,0	8,3	1,8	-4,1
other manufacturing	14,9	9,6	9,2	15,9	11,7	6,2	3,3
electricity, gas and water supply	1,5	0,8	0,1	-5,8	3,7	0,4	1,3
construction	3,5	3,0	2,4	1,3	1,9	1,8	2,2
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	7,8	3,8	4,7	7,5	7,2	5,0	4,8
hotels and restaurants	4,2	3,9	4,0	4,7	3,6	1,7	1,5
transport and communications	3,9	3,2	3,4	2,3	4,1	3,1	2,9
financial activities	1,7	2,2	0,4	8,4	7,7	7,5	12,4
real estate, renting and business services	2,5	3,1	2,4	5,5	3,8	3,2	3,0
education	4,8	5,1	4,2	3,0	5,1	2,8	13,4
health and social work	2,2	3,6	3,6	5,1	8,2	4,3	3,6
community, social and personal services	1,8	0,8	1,5	3,3	2,7	2,0	1,9

**23.22. Structure of production costs of products,
works and services by economic activity**
(percent of total)

	Total costs	Of which			
		material costs	of which		
			raw stuff and materials, purchased parts and semi-finished products	fuels	energy
Total					
2010	100	67,2	48,9	8,5	4,3
2013	100	64,0	47,3	7,6	4,1
2014	100	61,8	44,9	7,6	4,2
agriculture, hunting and forestry					
2010	100	69,0	56,0	7,7	2,1
2013	100	68,8	56,6	7,0	2,0
2014	100	68,6	56,4	6,9	1,9
industry					
2010	100	77,2	58,8	9,9	5,1
2013	100	73,8	57,2	8,6	5,0
2014	100	72,5	55,2	8,9	5,2
mining and quarrying					
2010	100	59,0	19,8	8,9	10,4
2013	100	60,8	32,2	6,2	6,3
2014	100	61,2	33,0	5,9	5,9
manufacturing					
2010	100	75,7	63,4	3,5	5,8
2013	100	75,5	65,0	3,1	5,1
2014	100	74,5	63,5	3,3	5,3
electricity, gas and water supply					
2010	100	83,2	45,4	32,0	2,6
2013	100	63,8	4,4	49,2	4,8
2014	100	61,6	4,1	46,8	4,5
construction					
2010	100	59,5	44,1	4,3	1,1
2013	100	55,6	41,5	4,0	1,1
2014	100	52,0	37,8	3,9	1,1
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods					
2010	100	34,6	8,5	2,1	3,9
2013	100	30,7	10,4	1,8	3,9
2014	100	26,6	9,5	1,8	4,0
hotels and restaurants					
2010	100	46,1	36,6	0,6	5,0
2013	100	45,0	36,2	0,5	4,2
2014	100	42,5	33,6	0,4	4,3
transport and communications					
2010	100	34,0	8,0	11,7	5,3
2013	100	34,2	8,4	12,7	4,6
2014	100	33,2	7,2	12,2	4,6
real estate, renting and business services					
2010	100	29,9	10,5	2,2	3,4
2013	100	28,5	12,5	1,4	3,5
2014	100	27,0	11,0	1,0	3,7
community, social and personal services					
2010	100	25,3	8,2	3,2	5,3
2013	100	24,5	7,9	3,4	4,9
2014	100	24,1	7,8	3,2	4,7

Continued

	Of which			
	labour costs	social contributions	depreciation of fixed and intangible assets	other costs
Total				
2010	15,1	5,3	5,2	7,2
2013	17,7	5,8	6,3	6,2
2014	18,6	6,1	6,8	6,7
agriculture, hunting and forestry				
2010	15,2	4,8	8,8	2,2
2013	17,1	5,0	7,8	1,3
2014	17,0	5,0	8,1	1,3
industry				
2010	10,4	3,8	3,7	4,9
2013	12,5	4,2	5,2	4,3
2014	13,0	4,5	5,8	4,2
mining and quarrying				
2010	13,0	4,8	14,9	8,3
2013	10,0	3,4	14,3	11,5
2014	9,5	3,3	15,7	10,3
manufacturing				
2010	11,4	4,1	3,3	5,5
2013	12,1	4,1	4,3	4,0
2014	12,7	4,3	4,7	3,8
electricity, gas and water supply				
2010	7,0	2,6	4,1	3,1
2013	15,3	5,2	10,0	5,7
2014	16,0	5,4	11,0	6,0
construction				
2010	22,6	8,0	3,2	6,7
2013	26,4	8,9	3,9	5,2
2014	28,3	9,5	4,0	6,2
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods				
2010	29,5	10,4	5,0	20,5
2013	34,4	11,5	5,7	17,7
2014	35,2	11,8	6,0	20,4
hotels and restaurants				
2010	29,8	10,6	4,0	9,5
2013	30,9	10,2	3,9	10,0
2014	32,7	10,4	4,1	10,3
transport and communications				
2010	23,2	8,4	15,2	19,2
2013	24,3	8,2	15,4	17,9
2014	24,7	8,4	15,2	18,5
real estate, renting and business services				
2010	36,9	12,7	5,2	15,3
2013	40,1	11,7	8,7	11,0
2014	40,9	11,5	7,9	12,7
community, social and personal services				
2010	30,1	9,9	6,7	28,0
2013	32,8	10,6	6,1	26,0
2014	31,6	10,4	6,0	27,9

**23.23. Selected indicators of financial solvency of organizations
by economic activity¹⁾**
(end of year; percent)

	Current liquidity ratio					Working capital financed by equity to total assets ratio				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	167,2	153,4	133,3	123,9	114,2	-2,6	-6,1	25,0	19,3	12,4
of which:										
agriculture, hunting and forestry	154,4	166,5	142,8	120,4	116,1	-56,2	-39,1	30,0	16,9	13,8
fishing and fish farming	238,8	285,2	266,1	161,0	156,3	20,5	32,4	62,4	37,9	36,0
industry	174,2	157,2	136,5	126,7	109,4	5,2	-3,9	26,7	21,1	8,6
mining and quarrying	262,0	197,9	139,6	170,4	120,4	53,7	37,3	28,4	41,3	17,0
extraction of fossil fuels	281,4	206,0	140,8	182,5	113,8	62,8	50,8	29,0	45,2	12,1
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	179,0	147,8	132,3	123,1	159,6	-7,8	-78,4	24,4	18,8	37,4
manufacturing	176,5	166,1	139,8	124,6	110,3	6,1	2,6	28,5	19,8	9,3
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	132,2	131,6	112,3	111,8	105,0	-13,7	-13,5	10,9	10,5	4,8
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	201,5	196,9	173,4	151,2	109,8	3,5	18,0	42,3	33,9	8,9
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	232,3	183,2	140,6	172,8	151,4	32,3	27,8	28,9	42,1	33,9
manufacture of wood and products of wood	174,6	143,1	104,5	79,4	63,0	-94,4	-171,6	4,3	-25,9	-58,8
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	159,6	145,2	107,7	79,2	47,5	-4,8	-20,8	7,2	-26,2	-110,5
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	115,9	106,9	148,2	108,3	120,7	-1,7	-14,4	32,5	7,6	17,1
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	274,6	166,4	183,9	154,0	176,1	26,9	13,3	45,6	35,1	43,2
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	236,0	255,5	150,8	143,0	112,2	10,6	-2,4	33,7	30,0	10,9
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	214,5	169,6	101,4	86,3	72,0	-65,4	-142,0	1,3	-15,8	-38,9
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	134,4	143,5	98,3	81,4	59,0	-27,2	-10,3	-1,7	-22,8	-69,4
manufacture of machinery and equipment	198,0	204,7	179,7	164,3	140,6	31,4	32,5	44,4	39,1	28,9
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	214,1	228,0	151,6	151,6	139,4	35,9	37,2	34,0	34,1	28,3
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	276,7	269,9	158,3	143,1	120,6	47,0	47,9	36,8	30,1	17,1
other manufacturing	194,8	186,1	184,1	155,0	135,3	25,5	17,1	45,7	35,5	26,1
electricity, gas and water supply	140,0	102,1	103,1	139,9	94,7	-19,5	-74,1	3,0	28,5	-5,6
construction	139,6	128,0	119,3	116,6	122,3	4,3	-3,9	16,2	14,2	18,2
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	148,5	133,5	119,7	112,0	113,7	4,8	3,5	16,5	10,7	12,0
hotels and restaurants	110,4	288,6	181,6	134,9	117,3	-105,6	-56,2	44,9	25,9	14,7
transport and communications	139,7	120,4	122,3	109,2	100,8	-0,3	-13,3	18,2	8,4	0,8
financial activities	638,1	659,6	327,5	300,4	281,4	45,2	46,5	69,5	66,7	64,5
real estate, renting and business services	239,7	225,3	142,7	150,3	135,7	21,8	4,5	29,9	33,5	26,3
education	180,0	160,1	174,5	151,6	160,5	38,5	34,4	42,7	34,1	37,7
health and social work	171,1	187,7	147,6	130,8	137,7	27,0	28,4	32,2	23,6	27,4
community, social and personal services	182,4	162,7	169,7	152,2	172,3	16,1	4,1	41,1	34,3	42,0

¹⁾ Data presented in accordance with the methodology on the corresponding date.

23.24. Corporate indebtedness by economic activity as of January 1, 2015

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	Effective debt		Of which			
	total	of which overdue	credit liabilities	of which overdue	debts under credits and loans	of which overdue
Total	662 660	44 869	284 048	38 293	378 612	6 576
of which:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	95 578	12 845	47 544	10 777	48 034	2 069
industry	325 068	19 483	104 127	16 704	220 941	2 779
mining and quarrying	5 490	126	1 342	126	4 148	0,2
extraction of fossil fuels	4 576	23	950	23	3 626	0,2
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	914	103	392	103	522	–
manufacturing	289 882	18 924	93 848	16 145	196 034	2 779
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	74 636	4 951	25 154	3 988	49 482	963
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	8 799	1 604	4 331	1 208	4 468	396
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	2 957	226	1 242	196	1 714	29
manufacture wood and products of wood	15 923	206	3 756	169	12 167	37
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	13 030	507	2 826	505	10 204	2
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	13 695	4	5 994	3	7 702	1
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	23 849	677	5 018	656	18 831	20
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	9 121	379	2 591	374	6 530	6
manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	27 506	2 771	6 217	2 219	21 288	551
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	25 416	1 063	8 124	907	17 292	156
manufacture of machinery and equipment	36 803	2 997	12 590	2 779	24 213	218
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	6 886	1 024	3 477	904	3 409	121
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	17 559	2 064	8 643	1 794	8 917	270
other manufacturing	13 704	451	3 886	443	9 818	8
of electricity, gas, steam and water supply	29 695	433	8 937	433	20 758	0,02
construction	28 174	3 898	21 624	3 507	6 550	392
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	92 340	5 317	53 197	4 033	39 143	1 284
hotels and restaurants	4 626	59	809	59	3 817	1
transport and communications	34 043	1 197	19 655	1 184	14 388	13
real estate, renting and business services	77 841	1 946	34 946	1 909	42 895	37
community, social and personal services	1 638	84	931	84	707	1

**23.25. Structure of corporate effective debt by economic activity
as of January 1, 2015**
(percent of total)

	Effective debt			Of which overdue		
	total	of which		total	of which	
		accounts payable	debts under credits and loans		accounts payable	debts under credits and loans
Total	100	42,9	57,1	100	85,3	14,7
of which:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	100	49,7	50,3	100	83,9	16,1
industry	100	32,0	68,0	100	85,7	14,3
mining and quarrying	100	24,4	75,6	100	99,9	0,1
extraction of fossil fuels	100	20,8	79,2	100	99,3	0,7
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	100	42,9	57,1	100	100,0	–
manufacturing	100	32,4	67,6	100	85,3	14,7
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	100	33,7	66,3	100	80,6	19,4
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	100	49,2	50,8	100	75,3	24,7
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	100	42,0	58,0	100	86,9	13,1
manufacture of wood and products of wood	100	23,6	76,4	100	81,8	18,2
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	100	21,7	78,3	100	99,5	0,5
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	100	43,8	56,2	100	79,3	20,7
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	100	21,0	79,0	100	97,0	3,0
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	100	28,4	71,6	100	98,5	1,5
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	100	22,6	77,4	100	80,1	19,9
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	100	32,0	68,0	100	85,3	14,7
manufacture of machinery and equipment	100	34,2	65,8	100	92,7	7,3
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	100	50,5	49,5	100	88,2	11,8
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	100	49,2	50,8	100	86,9	13,1
other manufacturing	100	28,4	71,6	100	98,3	1,7
electricity, gas, steam and water supply	100	30,1	69,9	100	100,0	–
construction	100	76,8	23,2	100	90,0	10,0
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	100	57,6	42,4	100	75,8	24,2
hotels and restaurants	100	17,5	82,5	100	99,1	0,9
transport and communications	100	57,7	42,3	100	99,0	1,0
real estate, renting and business services	100	44,9	55,1	100	98,1	1,9
community, social and personal services	100	56,8	43,2	100	99,2	0,8

23.26. Accounts receivable of companies by economic activity as of January 1, 2015

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	Accounts receivable	Of which overdue	Overdue accounts receivable as percent of total accounts receivable
Total	218 746	40 477	18,5
of which:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	8 171	1 889	23,1
industry	102 779	21 120	20,5
mining and quarrying	1 343	487	36,3
extraction of fossil fuels	956	266	27,8
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	387	222	57,4
manufacturing	93 806	18 312	19,5
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	27 330	5 308	19,4
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	2 226	585	26,3
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	1 692	309	18,3
manufacture of wood and products of wood	1 292	139	10,7
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	2 182	243	11,1
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	7 129	161	2,3
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	9 421	1 926	20,4
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	3 452	890	25,8
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	3 420	1 417	41,4
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	3 885	450	11,6
manufacture of machinery and equipment	19 817	3 672	18,5
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	2 891	540	18,7
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	6 456	2 296	35,6
other manufacturing	2 614	377	14,4
electricity, gas, steam and water supply	7 629	2 321	30,4
construction	18 288	4 728	25,9
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	40 987	7 930	19,3
hotels and restaurants	223	19	8,4
transport and communications	13 753	1 037	7,5
real estate, renting and business services	28 500	2 992	10,5
community, social and personal services	841	155	18,5

23.27. Accounts payable of companies by economic activity as of January 1, 2015

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	Accounts payable	Of which overdue	Overdue accounts payable as percent of total accounts payable
Total	284 048	38 293	13,5
of which:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	47 544	10 777	22,7
industry	104 127	16 704	16,0
mining and quarrying	1 342	126	9,4
extraction of fossil fuels	950	23	2,4
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	392	103	26,2
manufacturing	93 848	16 145	17,2
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	25 154	3 988	15,9
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	4 331	1 208	27,9
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	1 242	196	15,8
manufacture of wood and products of wood	3 756	169	4,5
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	2 826	505	17,9
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	5 994	3	0,1
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	5 018	656	13,1
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	2 591	374	14,4
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	6 217	2 219	35,7
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	8 124	907	11,2
manufacture of machinery and equipment	12 590	2 779	22,1
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	3 477	904	26,0
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	8 643	1 794	20,8
other manufacturing	3 886	443	11,4
electricity, gas, steam and water supply	8 937	433	4,8
construction	21 624	3 507	16,2
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	53 197	4 033	7,6
hotels and restaurants	809	59	7,3
transport and communications	19 655	1 184	6,0
real estate, renting and business services	34 946	1 909	5,5
community, social and personal services	931	84	9,0

23.28. External receivables of organizations by economic activity as of January 1, 2015

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	External accounts receivable	Of which overdue	Overdue external accounts receivable as percent of total external accounts receivable
Total	51 029	5 901	11,6
of which:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	256	71	27,8
industry	30 593	5 374	17,6
mining and quarrying	358	171	47,8
extraction of fossil fuels	344	171	49,7
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	14	0,2	1,3
manufacturing	29 013	5 202	17,9
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	2 630	359	13,6
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	703	167	23,7
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	99	23	23,2
manufacture of wood and products of wood	151	6	4,2
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	1 260	27	2,1
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	2 813	0,1	0,004
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	1 097	66	6,0
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	1 745	222	12,7
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	701	252	36,0
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	1 047	81	7,8
manufacture of machinery and equipment	11 636	2 395	20,6
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	968	65	6,7
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	3 614	1 515	41,9
other manufacturing	547	22	4,1
electricity, gas, steam and water supply	1 222	1	0,1
construction	1 166	69	6,0
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	5 210	84	1,6
hotels and restaurants	24	2	6,2
transport and communications	2 907	121	4,1
real estate, renting and business services	9 555	106	1,1
community, social and personal services	23	4	15,1

23.29. External accounts payable of organizations by economic activity as of January 1, 2015

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	External accounts payable	Of which overdue	Overdue external accounts payable as percent of total external accounts payable
Total	63 333	7 684	12,1
of which:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	1 241	300	24,2
industry	30 679	5 770	18,8
mining and quarrying	149	3	1,7
extraction of fossil fuels	130	2	1,2
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	20	1	4,8
manufacturing	30 251	5 752	19,0
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	4 570	776	17,0
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	1 021	353	34,5
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	268	110	41,0
manufacture of wood and products of wood	1 157	12	1,0
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	1 566	78	5,0
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	759	1	0,2
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	2 925	514	17,6
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	1 459	199	13,6
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	590	199	33,7
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	4 547	410	9,0
manufacture of machinery and equipment	3 738	1 285	34,4
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	1 522	493	32,4
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	5 323	1 232	23,1
other manufacturing	806	91	11,3
electricity, gas, steam and water supply	279	16	5,6
construction	652	18	2,8
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	13 512	877	6,5
hotels and restaurants	47	2	3,4
transport and communications	8 430	431	5,1
real estate, renting and business services	8 534	284	3,3
community, social and personal services	59	2	3,5

23.30. Status of corporate accounts of the Republic of Belarus with other countries as of January 1, 2015

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	Corporate accounts payable of the Republic of Belarus		Corporate accounts receivable of the Republic of Belarus		Excess of corporate accounts payable over corporate accounts receivable	
	total	of which overdue	total	of which overdue	total	of which overdue
Total	63 333	7 684	51 029	5 901	12 304	1 783
of which						
CIS countries	27 022	2 363	27 337	4 005	-315	-1 642
Armenia	52	33	12	1	40	32
Azerbaijan	858	2	262	32	596	-30
Kazakhstan	84	6	2 355	433	-2 271	-427
Kyrgyzstan	64	7	1 182	273	-1 118	-266
Moldova	299	82	89	10	210	72
Russia	22 643	1 938	21 966	2 842	677	-904
Tajikistan	9	4	11	2	-2	2
Turkmenistan	1 855	2	141	7	1 714	-5
Ukraine	1 144	288	1 267	395	-123	-107
Uzbekistan	12	0,0	52	9	-40	-9
non-CIS countries	36 311	5 321	23 692	1 896	12 619	3 425
Estonia	318	33	167	9	151	24
Georgia	61	4	36	2	25	2
Latvia	873	206	149	9	724	197
Lithuania	2 222	169	433	113	1 789	56
Other countries	32 838	4 908	22 907	1 763	9 931	3 145

23.31. Organizations with accounts receivable by economic activity as of January 1, 2015

	Number of organizations with accounts receivable	Of which overdue	
		number of entities	percent of total number of organizations
Total	8 010	5 764	72,0
of which:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	1 577	1 157	73,4
industry	1 909	1 599	83,8
mining and quarrying	28	28	100,0
extraction of fossil fuels	16	16	100,0
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	12	12	100,0
manufacturing	1 700	1 394	82,0
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	334	303	90,7
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	235	174	74,0
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	38	30	78,9
manufacture of wood and products of wood	74	56	75,7
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	121	75	62,0
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	5	4	80,0
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	51	44	86,3
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	59	48	81,4
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	135	123	91,1
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	137	108	78,8
manufacture of machinery and equipment	222	200	90,1
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	120	101	84,2
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	59	47	79,7
other manufacturing	110	81	73,6
electricity, gas, steam and water supply	181	177	97,8
construction	1 283	1 086	84,6
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	1 065	596	56,0
hotels and restaurants	155	61	39,4
transport and communications	606	478	78,9
real estate, renting and business services	818	528	64,5
community, social and personal services	382	171	44,8

23.32. Organizations with accounts payable by economic activity as of January 1, 2015

	Number of organizations with accounts payable, entities	Of which overdue	
		number of entities	percent of total number of organizations
Total	8 040	5 017	62,4
of which:			
agriculture, hunting and forestry	1 581	1 378	87,2
industry	1 915	1 370	71,5
mining and quarrying	28	20	71,4
extraction of fossil fuels	16	11	68,8
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	12	9	75,0
manufacturing	1 706	1 201	70,4
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	335	259	77,3
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	239	167	69,9
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	38	30	78,9
manufacture of wood and products of wood	74	52	70,3
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	121	45	37,2
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	5	4	80,0
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	51	34	66,7
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	59	37	62,7
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	135	112	83,0
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	138	91	65,9
manufacture of machinery and equipment	222	169	76,1
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	120	81	67,5
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	59	45	76,3
other manufacturing	110	75	68,2
electricity, gas, steam and water supply	181	149	82,3
construction	1 285	967	75,3
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	1 068	456	42,7
hotels and restaurants	155	45	29,0
transport and communications	606	355	58,6
real estate, renting and business services	818	300	36,7
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	395	98	24,8

23.33. Corporate financial investment by economic activity

(at actually effective prices; end of year; BYR million)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	8 623 423	22 755 836	34 272 150	43 590 649	55 682 623
of which:					
agriculture, hunting and forestry	212 746	271 680	6 507 091	7 322 916	8 173 364
fishing and fish farming	425	113	2 529	113	713
industry	2 663 773	14 696 925	20 265 381	26 176 100	31 810 846
mining and quarrying	308 689	783 909	1 134 324	2 258 558	2 454 877
extraction of fossil fuels	307 356	778 350	1 122 981	2 251 185	2 444 853
extraction of minerals, except fossil fuels	1 333	5 559	11 343	7 373	10 024
manufacturing	2 340 856	13 895 834	19 108 390	23 449 657	28 850 877
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	463 682	787 142	1 459 619	2 452 765	3 559 409
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	52 560	153 271	191 283	512 585	444 458
manufacture of leather, articles of leather, and footwear	48 454	202 450	403 823	108 092	125 827
manufacture of wood and products of wood	6 837	14 698	36 116	34 879	40 442
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	31 516	48 138	56 827	79 437	106 551
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	263 485	269 150	1 935 926	2 317 138	512 773
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	263 137	9 999 309	9 548 379	10 537 604	10 874 370
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	14 143	35 318	47 378	90 159	149 769
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	36 228	194 300	152 734	191 083	1 052 610
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	66 854	94 042	1 506 436	2 103 631	2 988 783
manufacture of machinery and equipment	131 030	229 266	1 485 743	2 040 724	4 977 776
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	166 456	815 525	867 650	1 176 312	1 682 343
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	705 072	944 473	932 225	1 307 183	1 554 652
other manufacturing	91 402	108 752	484 251	498 065	781 114
electricity, gas and water supply	14 228	17 182	22 667	467 885	505 092
construction	106 554	166 392	221 311	397 267	737 460
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	1 416 784	2 866 963	3 069 127	2 513 269	4 451 358
hotels and restaurants	5 499	14 883	20 625	38 207	62 919
transport and communications	1 042 066	669 082	969 695	2 757 948	1 582 707
financial activities	15 026	183 841	607 442	483 500	437 446
real estate, renting and business services	3 090 168	3 768 735	2 416 989	3 677 464	8 205 300
education	11 188	25 749	11 519	18 319	30 728
health and social work	4 808	11 859	13 944	11 010	9 038
community, social and personal services	54 386	76 114	161 042	183 423	168 097

24. INVESTMENT

Investment in fixed capital represents total costs invested in acquisition, reproduction and creation of new fixed assets.

According to their technological structure, investment in fixed capital is classified as following kinds of works and costs: building and assembly works (including installation of equipment); acquisition costs of machinery, equipment, transport vehicles, instruments and gear; other works and costs.

Investment in fixed capital from foreign sources includes foreign investment in fixed capital and investment in fixed capital out of credits under foreign credit lines.

Foreign investment in fixed capital is funds directly received from abroad from foreign investor, including funds received as gratuitous aid from non-residents of the Republic of Belarus; equipment leased from abroad under closed-end leasing contracts; contributions to the authorised capital of an organization made by a foreign investor in the form of machinery, equipment and transport vehicles; undistributed part of net profit of foreign investor, reinvested into objects of investment activity (acquisition, reproduction and creation of new fixed assets); and credits (loans) of foreign banks (credits (loans) by direct contracts both on the security of the Government of the Republic of Belarus, on the security of banks, charged upon property, under guarantee and against other security received not from direct investors are defined as credits (loans), under which liabilities to non-residents are taken into account in the organization's balance sheet).

Credits under foreign credit lines are defined as credits of banks under the foreign credit lines received by an organization for the implementation of the investment projects through the banks of the Republic of Belarus from non-resident banks of the Republic of Belarus.

Fixed capital investment is broken down by economic activity based on the purpose of fixed assets, i.e. that sphere of activity, where it is to function.

Foreign investment statistics is given by legal entities, excluding banks and budget organizations, according to the methodology of corresponding years.

Foreign investment is a placement of capital by foreign investors. Investment can be direct, portfolio, or other.

Foreign direct investment is investment made by direct investors, whose share is at least 10 percent of stocks and / or shares in the authorised capital of an organization.

Foreign portfolio investment is investment in the form of stocks and / or shares making up less than 10 percent of the authorised capital of an organization, bills of exchange (excluding commodity-backed bills) and other debt securities.

Other foreign investment comprise foreign credits and loans, and financial leasing, accounts and deposits. Foreign credits and loans received from non-residents of the Republic of Belarus (provided to non-residents of the Republic of Belarus) and not related to direct investment.

Net foreign investment is an excess of foreign investment over disinvestment.

Net foreign disinvestment (-) is an excess of foreign disinvestment over investment.

Organizations with foreign investment are legal persons of the Republic of Belarus (excluding banks) with investment of foreign legal entities and individuals in the statutory funds.

Joint organization is commercial organizations of mixed ownership type with the participation of foreign capital.

Foreign organization is commercial organization that is fully owned by foreign investors.

More detailed statistical information on investment is also provided in the statistical book of Belstat "Investment and Construction in the Republic of Belarus" and "Finance of the Republic of Belarus".

Fixed capital investment

24.1. Fixed capital investment in production and services sector

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BYR billion (at actually effective prices)									
Fixed capital investment	1 809,0	15 095,8	37 202,3	43 377,6	55 380,8	98 664,9	154 442,4	209 574,6	225 658,9
of which:									
production sector	764,4	7 299,1	19 286,8	22 998,5	28 487,7	54 795,5	81 426,4	110 045,7	109 054,2
services sector	1 044,6	7 796,7	17 915,5	20 379,1	26 893,1	43 869,4	73 016,1	99 528,9	116 604,7
Percent of total									
Fixed capital investment	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:									
production sector	42,3	48,3	51,9	53,0	51,4	55,5	52,7	52,5	48,3
services sector	57,7	51,7	48,1	47,0	48,6	44,5	47,3	47,5	51,7
Percent of previous year (at constant prices)									
Fixed capital investment	102,1	120,0	123,5	104,7	115,8	117,9	88,3	109,3	94,2
of which:									
production sector	...	125,0	129,5	107,1	112,3	127,3	83,8	111,2	87,4
services sector	...	115,7	117,5	102,1	119,7	107,9	93,9	108,2	102,7

24.2. Technological structure of fixed capital investment

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BYR billion (at actually effective prices)								
Total fixed capital investment	15 095,8	37 202,3	43 377,6	55 380,8	98 664,9	154 442,4	209 574,6	225 658,9
of which:								
building and assembly works	6 459,0	16 070,7	21 240,7	27 787,4	44 358,0	76 226,7	109 195,6	124 078,6
machinery, equipment, transport vehicles	7 060,3	16 339,1	16 991,2	21 275,4	44 672,3	63 601,4	77 202,2	76 422,2
other works and costs	1 576,5	4 792,5	5 145,7	6 318,0	9 634,6	14 614,4	23 176,8	25 158,0
Percent of total								
Total fixed capital investment	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:								
building and assembly works	42,8	43,2	49,0	50,2	45,0	49,4	52,1	55,0
machinery, equipment, transport vehicles	46,8	43,9	39,2	38,4	45,3	41,2	36,8	33,9
other works and costs	10,4	12,9	11,8	11,4	9,7	9,4	11,1	11,1

24.3. Fixed capital investment by source of financing

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BYR billion (at actually effective prices)								
Total fixed capital investment	15 095,8	37 202,3	43 377,6	55 380,8	98 664,9	154 442,4	209 574,6	225 658,9
of which out of:								
consolidated budget	3 890,4	9 690,2	9 648,4	10 380,0	12 196,2	24 800,5	43 437,1	35 577,3
extra-budgetary funds	30,9	83,8	84,9	98,1	24,6	66,5	323,3	545,7
own funds of organizations	6 641,6	14 332,6	15 929,2	18 193,2	37 254,9	61 746,4	79 168,8	86 824,4
funds borrowed from other organizations	307,3	626,0	488,1	558,0	630,8	2 352,7	2 526,0	3 423,2
funds of individuals	1 193,8	2 566,5	3 443,6	4 201,0	5 838,3	10 506,1	17 387,0	22 524,4
foreign investment (excluding foreign bank credits (loans))	240,4	618,6	866,1	1 176,4	2 914,3	4 960,0	6 654,2	8 438,2
bank credits (loans)	2 261,4	7 942,7	11 451,1	17 869,0	35 332,8	40 917,2	50 770,2	59 998,9
of which out of foreign bank credits (loans)	180,4	297,7	340,7	1 263,7	6 673,4	5 055,9	8 737,8	18 502,3
other sources	530,0	1 341,9	1 466,2	2 905,1	4 473,0	9 093,0	9 308,0	8 326,8
Percent of total								
Total fixed capital investment	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which out of:								
consolidated budget	25,8	26,1	22,2	18,7	12,4	16,1	20,7	15,8
extra-budgetary funds	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,02	0,04	0,2	0,2
own funds of organizations	44,0	38,5	36,7	32,9	37,8	40,0	37,8	38,5
funds borrowed from other organizations	2,0	1,7	1,1	1,0	0,6	1,5	1,2	1,5
funds of individuals	7,9	6,9	8,0	7,6	5,9	6,8	8,3	10,0
foreign investment (excluding foreign bank credits (loans))	1,6	1,7	2,0	2,1	3,0	3,2	3,2	3,7
bank credits (loans)	15,0	21,3	26,4	32,3	35,8	26,5	24,2	26,6
of which out of foreign bank credits (loans)	1,2	0,8	0,8	2,3	6,7	3,3	4,2	8,2
other sources	3,5	3,6	3,4	5,2	4,5	5,9	4,4	3,7

24.4. Fixed capital investment by ownership type

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
BYR billion (at actually effective prices)								
Total fixed capital investment	15 095,8	37 202,3	43 377,6	55 380,8	98 664,9	154 442,4	209 574,6	225 658,9
of which by ownership type:								
state	7 725,4	17 585,1	22 331,5	27 691,9	45 630,4	61 780,1	88 971,1	83 399,8
of which:								
republican	4 829,9	9 860,3	10 180,3	11 356,0	24 541,3	30 694,2	43 575,5	40 477,4
community	2 895,5	7 724,8	12 151,2	16 335,9	21 089,1	31 085,8	45 395,6	42 922,4
private	7 024,5	18 586,1	20 053,1	26 345,2	47 640,4	83 191,1	107 649,3	122 325,1
of which:								
with state share	2 901,9	6 854,1	9 626,0	13 196,2	26 910,5	44 378,6	53 966,8	59 789,9
with foreign share	1 000,3	1 930,0	2 082,2	3 538,6	12 444,6	17 302,0	24 644,8	32 564,3
foreign	345,9	1 031,1	993,0	1 343,7	5 394,1	9 471,2	12 954,2	19 934,0
Percent of total								
Total fixed capital investment	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which by ownership type:								
state	51,2	47,3	51,5	50,0	46,2	40,0	42,5	37,0
of which:								
republican	32,0	26,5	23,5	20,5	24,9	19,9	20,8	17,9
community	19,2	20,8	28,0	29,5	21,3	20,1	21,7	19,0
private	46,6	49,9	46,2	47,6	48,3	53,9	51,4	54,2
of which:								
with state share	19,2	18,4	22,2	23,8	27,3	28,7	25,8	26,5
with foreign share	6,6	5,2	4,8	6,4	12,6	11,2	11,8	14,4
foreign	2,2	2,8	2,3	2,4	5,5	6,1	6,2	8,8

24.5. Fixed capital investment by economic activity

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total fixed capital investment	1 809,0	15 095,8	37 202,3	43 377,6	55 380,8	98 664,9	154 442,4	209 574,6	225 658,9
of which:									
agriculture, hunting and forestry	129,9	2 059,2	5 805,2	8 225,9	9 880,0	12 820,7	24 823,8	29 465,2	22 474,6
fishing and fish farming	0,3	2,9	19,8	10,4	14,5	19,3	133,5	58,4	46,6
mining and quarrying	48,7	344,5	734,8	608,4	967,1	2 928,5	3 709,2	3 900,9	3 313,1

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
manufacturing	428,2	3 329,2	8 348,3	9 469,3	10 744,3	28 200,4	41 204,9	49 445,3	61 610,0
of which:									
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	61,2	672,8	1 662,0	1 746,6	1 992,1	4 859,6	7 037,2	8 209,5	10 349,4
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	16,4	81,7	281,1	432,2	410,1	733,1	1 033,8	1 474,5	2 410,6
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	4,5	10,9	24,0	16,9	27,1	42,6	79,4	86,0	126,7
manufacture of wood and products of wood	8,3	93,6	177,7	209,3	639,2	1 767,0	4 676,2	6 468,3	10 236,0
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	8,3	99,8	285,8	211,2	358,2	550,8	1 352,1	2 521,9	6 618,8
manufacture of coke, petroleum products and nuclear materials	31,9	285,4	735,4	1 214,4	997,3	2 284,7	2 983,0	4 721,9	6 636,1
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	100,5	901,7	1 741,1	1 758,7	2 090,5	5 605,4	7 605,4	6 226,3	6 028,0
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	0,7	22,8	304,8	264,9	324,3	910,2	1 336,0	1 709,5	2 641,6
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	25,4	250,1	1 036,2	1 583,4	1 723,7	6 177,0	5 975,8	3 456,6	3 164,1
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	38,9	250,4	457,8	555,4	398,6	1 035,6	1 971,5	4 767,7	5 584,8
manufacture of machinery and equipment	48,1	250,4	682,8	614,7	771,3	1 813,3	2 120,4	2 528,0	2 603,9
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	10,3	102,7	334,8	256,9	296,5	524,5	915,2	1 142,2	1 051,2
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	63,6	187,6	383,3	410,1	429,5	1 058,8	2 212,9	3 870,5	2 584,2
other manufacturing	10,1	119,3	241,5	194,6	285,9	837,8	1 906,1	2 262,6	1 574,5
electricity, gas and water supply	132,3	1 107,4	2 667,3	3 092,8	4 610,4	8 703,8	8 225,5	22 236,6	17 115,1
construction	25,0	455,9	1 711,4	1 591,7	2 271,4	2 122,8	3 329,5	4 939,3	4 494,7
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	44,6	555,2	1 628,0	1 512,8	1 972,0	4 340,7	7 745,7	10 693,3	12 473,2
hotels and restaurants	9,4	88,9	198,9	136,5	244,6	621,3	1 641,5	2 922,8	3 646,0
transport and communications	242,8	2 269,8	4 264,1	3 873,3	5 455,9	10 827,6	19 462,9	19 975,5	22 913,6
financial activities	33,3	163,4	410,5	470,8	485,8	911,0	1 603,4	1 878,9	2 180,0
real estate, renting and business services	521,3	2 975,3	8 081,1	10 726,2	14 311,0	20 988,8	31 434,5	47 145,9	58 464,0
public administration	14,0	161,5	348,9	445,6	523,1	1 107,0	2 079,7	4 047,3	3 170,1
education	25,6	222,1	484,2	593,5	844,9	1 007,6	1 660,8	2 473,8	3 033,0
health and social work	47,8	396,8	871,6	973,6	1 193,7	1 773,8	3 160,2	3 977,8	4 753,2
community, social and personal service	105,8	963,7	1 628,2	1 646,8	1 862,1	2 291,6	4 227,4	6 413,5	5 971,7

24.6. Structure of fixed capital investment by economic activity

(percent of total)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total fixed capital investment	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:									
agriculture, hunting and forestry	7,2	13,6	15,6	19,0	17,8	13,0	16,1	14,1	10,0
fishing and fish farming	0,02	0,02	0,1	0,02	0,03	0,02	0,1	0,03	0,02
mining and quarrying	2,7	2,3	2,0	1,4	1,8	3,0	2,4	1,9	1,5
manufacturing	23,7	22,1	22,4	21,8	19,4	28,6	26,7	23,6	27,3
of which:									
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	3,4	4,4	4,4	4,0	3,6	4,9	4,6	3,9	4,6
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	0,9	0,5	0,8	1,0	0,8	0,7	0,7	0,7	1,1
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	0,3	0,1	0,1	0,04	0,05	0,04	0,1	0,04	0,1
manufacture of wood and products of wood	0,4	0,6	0,5	0,5	1,2	1,8	3,0	3,1	4,5
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	0,4	0,6	0,8	0,5	0,6	0,6	0,9	1,2	2,9
manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear materials	1,8	1,9	2,0	2,8	1,8	2,3	1,9	2,3	2,9
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	5,6	6,0	4,7	4,1	3,8	5,7	4,9	3,0	2,7
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	0,0	0,2	0,8	0,6	0,6	0,9	0,9	0,8	1,2
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	1,4	1,7	2,8	3,7	3,1	6,3	3,9	1,6	1,4
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	2,1	1,7	1,2	1,3	0,7	1,1	1,3	2,3	2,5
manufacture of machinery and equipment	2,7	1,7	1,8	1,4	1,4	1,8	1,4	1,2	1,2
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	0,6	0,7	0,9	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,6	0,5	0,5
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	3,5	1,2	1,0	0,9	0,8	1,1	1,4	1,8	1,1
other manufacturing	0,6	0,8	0,6	0,4	0,5	0,9	1,2	1,1	0,7
electricity, gas and water supply	7,3	7,3	7,2	7,1	8,3	8,8	5,3	10,6	7,6
construction	1,4	3,0	4,6	3,7	4,1	2,1	2,2	2,4	2,0
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	2,5	3,7	4,4	3,5	3,6	4,4	5,0	5,1	5,5
hotels and restaurants	0,5	0,6	0,5	0,3	0,4	0,6	1,1	1,4	1,6
transport and communications	13,4	15,0	11,5	8,9	9,9	11,0	12,6	9,5	10,2
financial activities	1,8	1,1	1,1	1,1	0,9	0,9	1,0	0,9	1,0
real estate, renting and business services	28,8	19,7	21,7	24,7	25,8	21,3	20,4	22,5	25,9
public administration	0,8	1,1	0,9	1,0	0,9	1,1	1,3	1,9	1,4
education	1,4	1,5	1,3	1,4	1,5	1,0	1,1	1,2	1,3
health and social work	2,6	2,6	2,3	2,3	2,2	1,8	2,0	1,9	2,1
community, social and personal services	5,9	6,4	4,4	3,8	3,4	2,4	2,7	3,1	2,6

24.7. Indices of fixed capital investment by economic activity

(at constant prices; percent of previous year)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total fixed capital investment	120,0	123,5	104,7	115,8	117,9	88,3	109,3	94,2
of which:								
agriculture, hunting and forestry	185,2	128,3	127,2	108,9	85,9	109,2	94,6	65,9
fishing and fish farming	в 3,3p.	141,9	47,1	126,9	88,1	в 3,9p.	36,4	70,4
mining and quarrying	99,9	130,3	74,3	144,1	200,4	71,5	86,7	75,8
manufacturing	111,0	123,3	101,8	102,9	173,7	82,4	101,0	111,0
of which:								
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	104,0	118,8	94,4	103,4	161,4	81,7	98,2	112,3
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	120,4	182,3	138,0	86,0	118,3	79,6	120,1	145,7
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	89,0	85,7	63,1	145,8	103,8	105,2	91,3	131,3
manufacture of wood and products of wood	80,9	135,5	105,7	276,9	182,9	149,3	116,5	141,0
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	138,7	87,0	66,4	153,8	101,8	138,5	157,1	233,9
manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear materials	75,7	145,8	148,3	74,5	151,6	73,7	133,3	125,2
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	148,4	116,0	90,7	107,8	177,4	76,6	68,9	86,3
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	26,9	247,6	78,0	111,0	185,7	82,8	107,8	137,7
manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	105,8	189,9	137,2	98,7	237,1	54,6	48,7	81,6
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	180,9	60,8	108,9	65,1	171,9	107,4	203,6	104,4
manufacture of machinery and equipment	89,1	163,6	80,8	113,8	155,5	66,0	100,4	91,8
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	86,1	104,9	68,9	104,6	117,1	98,4	105,1	82,0
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	133,5	97,7	96,1	95,0	163,1	117,9	147,3	59,5
other manufacturing	118,3	138,9	72,3	133,2	193,9	128,4	100,0	62,0
electricity, gas and water supply	109,5	141,2	104,1	135,2	124,9	53,3	215,4	66,9

Continued

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
construction	124,0	151,6	83,5	129,4	61,8	88,5	125,7	80,9
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	113,4	146,2	83,4	118,2	145,6	100,7	112,2	102,9
hotels and restaurants	122,3	98,0	61,6	162,5	168,1	149,1	135,8	108,2
transport and communications	108,2	108,6	81,6	127,7	131,3	101,4	85,4	100,8
financial activities	76,5	123,6	103,0	93,6	124,1	99,3	96,5	103,6
real estate, renting and business services	122,7	129,5	119,2	121,0	97,0	84,5	113,1	106,8
public administration	136,1	113,3	114,7	106,4	140,0	106,0	153,4	68,8
education	137,2	105,8	110,1	129,1	78,9	93,0	115,3	106,4
health and social work	123,1	106,9	100,3	111,2	98,3	100,5	102,3	105,7
community, social and personal services	115,0	88,2	90,8	102,5	81,4	104,1	119,6	81,7

24.8. Fixed capital investment from foreign sources by economic activity

(at actually effective prices; BYR billion)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total fixed capital investment	13 432,9	15 315,0	19 941,1	32 476,9
of which:				
agriculture, hunting and forestry	316,5	610,6	569,2	472,4
fishing and fish farming	0,9	36,9	2,2	1,3
mining and quarrying	337,5	58,5	295,6	51,9
manufacturing	5 944,2	7 778,2	7 136,4	14 960,9
electricity, gas and water supply	3 597,8	1 021,4	4 341,7	6 104,9
construction	164,6	12,7	38,8	94,9
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	125,1	90,0	349,1	925,1
hotels and restaurants	11,8	499,8	1 199,0	1 415,9
transport and communications	1 941,5	2 626,2	3 734,3	4 722,3
financial activities	3,3	2,5	16,4	1,6
real estate, renting and business services	901,1	2 475,9	1 881,4	2 970,2
public administration	67,4	1,8	44,3	128,9
education	2,5	0,7	3,1	16,4
health and social work	4,2	33,9	8,5	26,6
community, social and personal services	14,5	65,8	321,0	583,6

Foreign investment

24.9. Foreign investment in the real sector of the economy by type

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
USD million								
Total foreign investment – total	1 816,2	6 525,9	9 303,7	9 085,5	18 878,6	14 329,8	14 974,3	15 084,4
of which:								
direct investment	451,3	2 279,8	4 821,1	5 569,4	13 248,0	10 358,4	11 083,4	10 168,9
of which:								
contribution to the authorized fund	54,2	281,4	299,1	174,6	417,8	281,8	321,5	355,2
credits and loans received from direct investors	325,3	1 528,0	586,4	259,9	412,9	460,8	747,7	661,4
finance lease	1,3	2,2	4,5	8,0	2,7	9,5	1,0	0,4
other direct investment	70,5	468,3	3 931,1	5 126,8	12 414,6	9 606,3	10 013,3	9 151,8
portfolio investment	0,2	1,7	1,9	1,8	2,3	23,4	12,2	10,6
other investment	1 364,6	4 244,3	4 480,8	3 514,2	5 628,3	3 948,0	3 878,7	4 904,9
Percent of total								
Total foreign investment – total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:								
direct investment	24,8	34,9	51,8	61,3	70,2	72,3	74,0	67,4
of which:								
contribution to the authorized fund	3,0	4,3	3,2	1,9	2,2	2,0	2,1	2,4
credits and loans received from direct investors	17,9	23,4	6,3	2,9	2,2	3,2	5,0	4,4
finance lease	0,1	0,03	0,05	0,1	0,01	0,1	0,01	0,003
other direct investment	3,9	7,2	42,3	56,4	65,8	67,0	66,9	60,7
portfolio investment	0,01	0,03	0,02	0,02	0,01	0,2	0,1	0,1
other investment	75,1	65,0	48,2	38,7	29,8	27,6	25,9	32,5

24.10. Foreign investment in real sector of the economy by economic activity

(USD million)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	6 525,9	9 303,7	9 085,5	18 878,6	14 329,8	14 974,3	15 084,4
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	33,6	26,0	15,9	32,5	62,7	79,2	64,7
fishing and fish farming	0,3	0,2	0,6	0,5	0,2	0,3	0,01
industry	2 790,5	2 808,8	2 055,1	4 932,7	3 502,8	3 502,5	3 412,8
mining and quarrying	350,0	183,5	33,8	82,5	150,1	486,6	203,8
mining of fuel and energy mineral resources	345,8	183,5	33,7	48,5	132,0	464,9	198,8
mining of mineral resources excluding fuel and energy	4,2	0,001	0,1	34,0	18,1	21,7	4,9
manufacturing	2 198,3	2 562,8	1 921,1	4 771,4	3 270,5	2 967,2	3 131,7
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	174,8	134,2	123,5	206,7	138,5	219,8	353,1
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	45,7	50,6	10,3	35,6	33,0	24,7	45,0
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	12,4	3,6	4,1	8,4	8,3	12,1	7,7
manufacture of wood and products of wood	15,0	4,1	8,4	32,0	232,8	292,8	287,6
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	9,4	5,6	2,4	18,9	19,4	21,4	18,1
manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear materials	1 371,2	2 029,1	1 265,0	1 568,9	519,1	728,2	919,3
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	46,1	85,5	103,6	1 976,7	1 178,4	236,2	210,6
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	64,3	60,3	49,6	121,2	109,9	122,1	116,2
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	92,0	11,3	20,8	74,9	49,2	33,7	60,7
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	124,9	91,7	172,3	243,8	357,1	477,5	463,6
manufacture of machinery and equipment	67,3	22,3	90,8	168,1	310,3	374,0	332,9
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	25,6	17,4	42,4	54,2	61,1	65,0	60,7
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	127,3	39,8	13,9	200,9	128,6	267,0	198,9
other manufacturing	22,2	7,2	13,8	61,2	124,8	92,6	57,6
electricity, gas and water supply	242,1	62,5	100,2	78,8	82,2	48,7	77,3
construction	49,6	40,6	30,6	103,7	134,7	141,1	157,5
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	2 454,6	2 392,1	1 632,1	6 712,4	5 622,6	5 208,2	4 402,1
hotels and restaurants	13,4	34,4	9,7	20,5	50,6	219,8	160,6
transport and communications	681,7	3 728,7	5 046,6	6 231,5	4 280,3	4 834,8	5 661,3
financial activities	218,8	51,8	101,6	181,0	157,1	150,9	243,1
real estate, renting and business services	251,2	201,3	172,3	632,2	486,5	795,6	935,8
education	0,2	0,03	–	0,3	0,4	0,2	0,03
health and social work	0,6	2,9	2,7	1,8	2,4	5,1	9,1
community, social and personal services	31,4	16,9	18,3	29,5	29,5	36,4	37,3

24.11. Foreign investment in real sector of the economy by main investing country

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
USD million								
Total	1 816,2	6 525,9	9 303,7	9 085,5	18 878,6	14 329,8	14 974,3	15 084,4
of which:								
Austria	178,4	945,6	931,7	912,3	955,2	576,0	501,9	526,1
China	1,3	57,9	2,4	71,4	125,1	127,6	146,7	300,1
Cyprus	50,3	555,7	536,5	316,3	1 238,7	923,4	1 059,5	930,9
Germany	149,4	116,8	59,7	70,9	176,0	185,2	163,4	379,7
Latvia	129,3	97,7	58,9	52,3	119,5	129,3	177,3	193,0
Lithuania	10,7	16,3	33,0	49,5	114,4	173,0	178,5	233,5
Netherlands	71,1	118,6	439,3	315,6	219,9	407,9	741,1	1 962,1
Poland	19,7	21,7	22,1	27,9	85,6	128,2	179,8	157,7
Russia	531,5	2 167,0	6 076,6	6 555,0	9 440,3	6 691,0	7 281,2	6 274,7
Switzerland	319,3	1 225,4	371,2	103,6	172,6	43,3	148,3	152,5
United Kingdom	83,2	713,9	467,7	280,2	4 391,7	3 617,8	3 202,1	2 809,0
Percent of total								
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:								
Austria	9,8	14,5	10,0	10,0	5,1	4,0	3,4	3,5
China	0,1	0,9	0,03	0,8	0,7	0,9	1,0	2,0
Cyprus	2,8	8,5	5,8	3,5	6,6	6,4	7,1	6,2
Germany	8,2	1,8	0,6	0,8	0,9	1,3	1,1	2,5
Latvia	7,1	1,5	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,9	1,2	1,3
Lithuania	0,6	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6	1,2	1,2	1,5
Netherlands	3,9	1,8	4,7	3,5	1,2	2,8	4,9	13,0
Poland	1,1	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,5	0,9	1,2	1,0
Russia	29,3	33,2	65,3	72,1	50,0	46,7	48,6	41,6
Switzerland	17,6	18,8	4,0	1,1	0,9	0,3	1,0	1,0
United Kingdom	4,6	10,9	5,0	3,1	23,3	25,2	21,4	18,6

24.12. Foreign direct investment in real sector of the economy by economic activity

(USD million)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	2 279,8	4 821,1	5 569,4	13 248,0	10 358,4	11 083,4	10 168,9
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	23,9	17,4	8,7	26,5	44,1	59,8	51,5
fishing and fish farming	0,3	0,1	0,1	0,5	0,1	0,2	0,01
industry	422,8	251,4	292,4	929,0	1 023,2	1 230,4	1 235,6
mining and quarrying	0,01	0,001	0,1	33,5	18,0	21,8	4,9
mining of fuel and energy mineral resources	–	0,001	0,01	–	0,1	0,9	0,8
mining of mineral resources excluding fuel and energy	0,01	0,001	0,1	33,5	17,9	20,8	4,2
manufacturing	422,2	250,6	291,9	893,9	1 002,5	1 204,2	1 223,9
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	78,0	80,4	38,1	138,1	115,1	120,1	209,8
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	39,1	48,4	7,6	28,2	28,5	16,3	35,1
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	6,1	1,8	3,6	5,8	7,7	10,5	6,6
manufacture of wood and products of wood	12,6	3,5	5,8	20,8	81,8	90,2	100,8
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	7,4	4,9	1,0	12,1	13,4	17,7	7,2
manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear materials	51,8	–	4,3	17,9	49,1	165,0	85,5
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	10,5	9,0	46,0	90,0	106,1	197,4	162,2
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	53,0	48,5	44,3	101,4	103,3	111,7	97,3
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	51,1	5,8	13,4	42,5	19,0	25,8	43,8
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	23,1	13,4	32,2	107,2	92,1	135,2	89,9
manufacture of machinery and equipment	37,5	14,3	49,3	107,6	246,6	112,3	140,7
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	11,7	7,4	37,4	38,8	52,8	50,9	39,1
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	20,3	10,7	5,1	145,2	54,6	90,3	165,8
other manufacturing	19,9	2,4	3,8	38,3	32,7	60,9	40,0
electricity, gas and water supply	0,6	0,8	0,4	1,6	2,6	4,4	6,7
construction	31,1	27,2	22,2	78,1	96,4	105,0	126,1
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	1 390,5	1 220,2	813,6	5 964,5	4 898,9	4 584,5	3 851,5
hotels and restaurants	7,8	3,0	6,0	10,3	25,0	73,5	56,2
transport and communications	281,8	3 127,6	4 319,1	5 849,7	3 913,2	4 418,9	4 222,5
financial activities	22,7	30,8	24,4	33,0	50,6	108,6	123,5
real estate, renting and business services	83,5	131,9	68,6	328,2	283,8	475,0	469,0
education	0,2	0,03	–	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,03
health and social work	0,4	2,8	2,5	1,4	0,5	1,1	3,8
community, social and personal services	14,9	8,8	11,7	26,5	22,1	26,3	29,2

24.13. Foreign direct investment in real sector of the economy by main investing country

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
USD million								
Total	451,3	2 279,8	4 821,1	5 569,4	13 248,0	10 358,4	11 083,4	10 168,9
of which:								
Austria	4,5	38,1	7,0	4,9	43,5	105,5	247,2	194,3
China	–	2,1	0,2	28,3	44,3	78,9	77,8	163,8
Cyprus	7,9	263,1	102,0	59,4	346,1	481,5	754,0	710,5
Germany	6,0	93,7	51,6	58,8	141,9	140,7	150,9	362,1
Lithuania	3,7	10,9	28,7	42,5	89,2	126,1	105,7	190,1
Netherlands	8,6	26,7	38,8	6,0	75,0	48,5	71,5	156,2
Poland	7,3	19,9	20,4	27,0	84,5	126,8	178,0	134,2
Russia	39,3	328,5	4 026,5	5 055,1	7 206,4	5 035,1	5 815,7	5 114,8
Switzerland	303,7	1 215,7	353,1	40,1	34,1	23,2	115,3	128,2
United Kingdom	16,5	42,2	50,8	53,6	4 021,7	3 317,9	2 804,6	2 420,3
Percent of total								
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:								
Austria	1,0	1,7	0,1	0,1	0,3	1,0	2,2	1,9
China	–	0,1	0,003	0,5	0,3	0,8	0,7	1,6
Cyprus	1,8	11,5	2,1	1,1	2,6	4,6	6,8	7,0
Germany	1,3	4,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,4	1,4	3,6
Lithuania	0,8	0,5	0,6	0,8	0,7	1,2	1,0	1,9
Netherlands	1,9	1,2	0,8	0,1	0,6	0,5	0,6	1,5
Poland	1,6	0,9	0,4	0,5	0,6	1,2	1,6	1,3
Russia	8,7	14,4	83,5	90,8	54,4	48,6	52,5	50,3
Switzerland	67,3	53,3	7,3	0,7	0,3	0,2	1,0	1,3
United Kingdom	3,6	1,9	1,1	1,0	30,4	32,0	25,3	23,8

24.14. Net foreign investment, disinvestment (-) by economic activity

(USD million)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	845,6	725,1	425,2	4 053,4	417,9	3 173,1	1 900,1
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	25,2	19,3	2,4	9,3	33,6	34,0	33,2
fishing and fish farming	0,2	0,1	0,6	0,4	0,2	0,2	-0,1
industry	324,0	253,9	-11,4	1 941,4	563,9	1 668,1	692,9
mining and quarrying	-44,6	20,9	-33,9	67,2	17,6	333,6	11,1
mining of fuel and energy mineral resources	-48,8	20,9	-34,0	33,2	-0,5	312,1	6,6
mining of mineral resources excluding fuel and energy	4,2	0,001	0,1	34,0	18,1	21,6	4,5
manufacturing	343,9	312,0	-49,8	1 845,9	511,2	1 327,5	630,0
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	143,1	39,1	23,1	122,7	58,2	115,8	164,6
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	37,1	-4,9	-1,9	12,2	4,8	9,9	-4,6
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	10,8	2,1	1,2	3,3	5,5	8,8	4,2
manufacture of wood and products of wood	7,9	-6,6	5,9	21,0	225,5	281,0	265,6
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	3,0	3,3	-2,3	8,2	11,8	13,2	11,1
manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear materials	-15,4	293,6	-229,4	-40,6	-46,9	376,5	17,2
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	11,7	21,3	39,8	1 394,6	-91,1	-88,8	-115,2
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	28,0	26,9	-5,4	46,5	13,3	43,9	48,7
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	49,2	1,1	3,7	36,1	16,3	-27,6	15,7
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	-21,7	-48,1	34,0	3,3	104,9	149,9	107,8
manufacture of machinery and equipment	47,3	-9,4	41,8	51,5	-27,9	245,8	53,4
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	-8,4	-5,8	25,2	25,0	27,2	21,7	15,8
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	41,3	-3,5	5,7	122,0	104,9	103,2	16,5
other manufacturing	10,1	3,0	8,9	40,1	104,6	74,0	29,2
electricity, gas and water supply	24,7	-79,0	72,3	28,3	35,0	7,0	51,7
construction	27,5	26,3	13,1	76,6	82,5	75,3	93,8
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	-35,9	128,5	-44,0	701,3	-99,1	438,5	210,6
hotels and restaurants	3,6	15,3	7,2	9,3	42,8	204,9	147,0
transport and communications	122,6	256,3	428,2	843,0	-441,9	294,6	133,4
financial activities	184,6	-94,8	25,2	105,8	54,0	12,2	105,8
real estate, renting and business services	174,9	119,1	2,4	360,0	176,5	422,2	461,7
education	0,2	0,03	–	0,1	0,2	0,04	-0,2
health and social work	0,1	2,0	1,5	1,5	0,5	3,6	7,9
community, social and personal services	18,5	-1,0	-0,01	4,7	4,7	19,5	14,1

24.15. Net foreign direct investment, disinvestment (-)
by economic activity
(USD million)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	682,7	420,9	360,6	2 159,3	-88,8	1 707,3	1 230,7
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	19,8	14,1	0,6	10,4	21,8	44,1	26,0
fishing and fish farming	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,4	0,1	0,1	-0,1
industry	358,2	103,8	111,8	431,2	312,4	675,6	600,6
mining and quarrying	0,01	0,001	0,1	33,5	18,0	21,8	4,5
mining of fuel and energy mineral resources	–	0,001	0,01	–	0,1	0,9	0,8
mining of mineral resources excluding fuel and energy	0,01	0,001	0,1	33,5	17,9	20,8	3,8
manufacturing	357,5	103,0	111,3	396,3	291,8	652,6	590,0
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	71,5	51,0	5,3	86,4	66,5	59,1	134,9
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	37,0	-0,03	1,3	9,5	4,2	5,6	-4,4
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	5,1	0,7	2,4	2,9	5,3	7,6	3,5
manufacture of wood and products of wood	7,2	-5,7	4,1	15,8	77,7	80,5	95,0
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	3,1	3,3	-2,0	5,4	8,9	10,8	1,6
manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear materials	51,8	-0,5	0,3	10,3	-1,3	140,2	64,1
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	8,1	6,8	20,7	35,5	30,3	75,5	64,6
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	42,3	23,2	1,6	32,4	24,8	38,0	43,7
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	48,4	4,8	7,0	22,9	6,9	10,4	21,9
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	19,6	11,9	21,3	21,5	20,4	41,4	21,3
manufacture of machinery and equipment	32,7	7,1	22,0	39,9	-40,8	49,4	48,3
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	7,6	-0,3	24,7	16,6	29,3	19,8	11,8
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	13,1	-0,2	1,7	70,1	38,7	66,5	64,1
other manufacturing	10,0	1,0	0,8	27,3	20,9	47,9	19,6
electricity, gas and water supply	0,6	0,8	0,4	1,5	2,6	1,3	6,1
construction	20,0	22,0	13,6	54,7	70,3	56,1	87,6
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	99,6	55,1	-29,9	703,9	-245,9	265,1	105,7
hotels and restaurants	2,6	1,4	4,6	7,7	19,1	62,0	50,8
transport and communications	106,8	119,7	251,1	674,3	-442,2	222,1	88,9
financial activities	5,3	-9,5	-5,4	19,8	31,0	70,0	59,2
real estate, renting and business services	59,9	107,9	10,8	250,3	144,4	299,9	195,9
education	0,2	0,03	–	0,1	0,1	0,04	-0,2
health and social work	0,4	2,0	1,6	1,2	-0,8	0,9	3,6
community, social and personal services	9,8	4,4	1,7	5,2	0,9	11,4	12,5

24.16. Investment of organizations placed in the Republic of Belarus in the economy of foreign countries by type

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
USD million								
Placed investment	351,1	1 909,9	2 353,7	2 537,2	5 490,1	6 086,7	6 341,2	5 985,0
of which:								
direct investment	5,2	21,4	485,1	1 420,5	3 001,0	4 129,8	4 670,6	4 188,7
portfolio investment	0,6	2,9	0,1	0,001	0,1	2,2	0,2	0,8
other investment	345,3	1 885,6	1 868,5	1 116,7	2 489,0	1 954,7	1 670,3	1 795,5
Percent of total								
Placed investment	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
of which:								
direct investment	1,5	1,1	20,6	56,0	54,7	67,8	73,7	70,0
portfolio investment	0,2	0,2	0,004	0,00005	0,001	0,04	0,004	0,01
other investment	98,3	98,7	79,4	44,0	45,3	32,1	26,3	30,0

24.17. Investment of organizations placed in the Republic of Belarus in the economy of foreign countries by economic activity

(USD million)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	1 909,9	2 353,7	2 537,2	5 490,1	6 086,7	6 341,2	5 985,0
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	0,1	–	–	0,003	5,7	18,9	47,6
fishing and fish farming	0,02	–	–	–	–	–	–
industry	623,5	993,3	1 428,3	2 011,4	2 195,9	2 529,3	1 999,1
mining and quarrying	42,1	44,4	64,8	182,1	119,5	171,0	101,7
mining of fuel and energy mineral resources	42,1	42,7	64,8	168,5	116,8	152,2	79,9
mining of mineral resources excluding fuel and energy	–	1,8	–	13,6	2,8	18,8	21,8
manufacturing	581,3	948,9	1 363,6	1 829,4	2 076,4	2 358,3	1 897,3
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	19,7	29,5	30,5	85,4	376,2	480,6	394,8
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	15,5	38,0	67,6	74,5	92,9	82,9	40,7
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	8,6	15,8	16,6	4,6	5,3	4,1	4,1
manufacture of wood and products of wood	0,1	0,9	0,9	0,8	0,1	17,8	8,6
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	0,8	0,5	0,02	0,1	0,1	0,03	0,004
manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear materials	1,3	6,2	13,6	15,3	2,7	11,9	3,4
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	0,2	0,3	0,2	9,5	12,8	57,8	22,3
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	5,8	183,3	270,5	390,2	450,1	465,5	305,2
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	0,3	11,8	25,0	20,5	38,4	56,0	36,0
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	211,0	198,9	209,3	234,6	202,3	170,1	116,8
manufacture of machinery and equipment	307,6	229,2	221,9	227,0	770,5	645,2	537,2

Continued

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	0,4	32,2	49,7	76,3	74,5	67,3	37,8
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	4,9	173,8	443,4	687,5	34,2	251,4	350,9
other manufacturing	5,2	28,4	14,1	3,2	16,3	47,6	39,7
electricity, gas and water supply	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
construction	31,9	12,1	12,6	16,9	36,6	35,3	31,6
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	1 183,0	1 297,3	553,5	2 947,5	3 228,8	3 009,9	3 190,6
hotels and restaurants	0,005	0,2	–	–	0,1	0,2	–
transport and communications	41,0	38,0	520,4	495,8	567,9	640,0	631,3
financial activities	0,3	0,9	2,2	0,2	27,9	60,9	37,3
real estate, renting and business services	27,9	11,6	20,0	18,0	24,0	34,4	42,3
education	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
health and social work	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
community, social and personal services	2,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,04	12,3	5,2

24.18. Investment of organizations placed in the Republic of Belarus in the economy of foreign countries by main investing country

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
USD million								
Total	351,1	1 909,9	2 353,7	2 537,2	5 490,1	6 086,7	6 341,2	5 985,0
Austria	7,6	70,9	49,3	84,1	576,8	233,9	266,1	114,3
Equador	–	–	–	–	–	0,02	27,8	65,3
Germany	54,5	69,5	58,5	71,9	441,7	499,3	75,3	56,0
Kazakhstan	1,0	1,7	23,5	48,3	78,2	99,1	164,6	117,3
Netherlands	–	1 207,6	1 314,5	524,7	797,2	586,7	917,2	1 225,0
Poland	1,1	2,7	1,4	1,5	7,1	21,9	18,6	41,1
Russia	265,4	430,3	738,6	1 615,5	1 916,1	2 178,7	2 622,8	2 253,7
Ukraine	1,1	23,4	52,9	51,8	358,1	840,6	858,4	822,2
United Kingdom	4,7	4,1	4,6	3,6	781,2	1 005,0	1 101,7	1 090,6
Venezuela	–	0,4	0,5	1,3	36,3	77,7	28,8	42,1
Percent of total								
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Austria	2,2	3,7	2,1	3,3	10,5	3,8	4,2	1,9
Equador	–	–	–	–	–	0,0003	0,4	1,1
Germany	15,5	3,6	2,5	2,8	8,0	8,2	1,2	0,9
Kazakhstan	0,3	0,1	1,0	1,9	1,4	1,6	2,6	2,0
Netherlands	–	63,2	55,9	20,7	14,5	9,6	14,5	20,5
Poland	0,3	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,4	0,3	0,7
Russia	75,6	22,5	31,4	63,7	34,9	35,8	41,4	37,7
Ukraine	0,3	1,2	2,2	2,0	6,5	13,8	13,5	13,7
United Kingdom	1,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	14,2	16,5	17,4	18,2
Venezuela	–	0,02	0,02	0,1	0,7	1,3	0,5	0,7

24.19. Net investment, disinvestment (-) in the economy of foreign countries by economic activity

(USD million)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	-7,7	124,5	-94,2	196,8	228,2	352,5	312,0
of which:							
agriculture, hunting and forestry	0,1	-0,1	–	0,003	4,7	1,7	-7,5
fishing and fish farming	0,02	–	–	–	–	–	–
industry	25,1	127,9	-0,9	173,0	100,5	353,2	258,8
mining and quarrying	4,9	7,3	18,7	89,6	39,3	122,7	19,9
mining of fuel and energy mineral resources	4,9	7,3	18,7	89,4	39,7	122,9	20,3
mining of mineral resources excluding fuel and energy	–	0,04	–	0,2	-0,4	-0,2	-0,4
manufacturing	20,3	120,6	-19,6	83,4	61,2	230,5	238,9
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	8,6	14,1	8,7	5,7	6,5	-17,4	1,7
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	9,0	0,2	-5,1	-3,5	-5,7	11,5	1,8
manufacture of leather, products of leather and footwear	0,1	-0,4	-0,7	-0,7	0,3	-0,2	0,7
manufacture of wood and products of wood	-0,1	0,3	0,4	-0,05	-0,3	1,7	0,2
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	0,3	0,05	-0,7	0,002	-0,03	0,0001	0,0003
manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear materials	1,1	0,05	0,1	-0,1	0,1	0,2	-0,1
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	-0,5	0,003	-0,03	1,7	-0,04	40,0	2,5
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	0,8	10,6	1,2	13,7	10,2	32,3	48,3
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	-0,4	0,3	0,8	0,03	1,7	3,8	1,3
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	-1,6	-0,2	0,1	1,4	3,0	4,5	2,4
manufacture of machinery and equipment	2,8	2,4	-0,1	-5,7	37,1	92,1	110,7
manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment	0,2	1,4	-0,5	6,8	5,1	1,1	-1,6
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	-0,04	78,2	-26,7	65,1	1,0	61,8	71,2
other manufacturing	0,03	13,6	2,9	-1,1	2,4	-0,9	-0,2
construction	-1,6	-1,2	-0,4	1,3	1,3	0,1	-0,2
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	-42,1	8,0	-66,9	27,9	82,2	-24,4	43,9
hotels and restaurants	0,0002	0,1	-0,1	–	0,1	0,2	-0,03
transport and communications	0,6	-0,3	-25,4	-6,3	10,9	3,4	-2,1
financial activities	0,1	0,1	1,2	-0,6	26,9	14,3	13,8
real estate, renting and business services	11,0	-10,1	-1,7	1,5	1,7	4,1	5,2
community, social and personal services	-0,9	0,002	-0,001	0,001	-0,002	–	0,1

24.20. Main indicators of organizations with foreign investment

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of organizations (end of year), entities	4 880	5 176	5 876	5 759	6 925	7 172	7 099
joint	2 704	2 819	3 168	3 227	3 860	4 133	4 052
foreign	2 176	2 357	2 708	2 373	2 901	3 003	3 018
Contribution of foreign investors in authorised capital (end of year), USD million	1 179,4	1 291,1	1 416,5	1 629,5	2 103,2	2 521,5	2 648,0
joint	748,7	767,1	852,9	874,8	1 172,8	1 224,5	1 267,8
foreign	430,7	524,0	563,6	747,9	919,9	1 295,6	1 337,0
Payroll number of employees on average per year, thous. persons	301,9	291,6	309,8	328,4	352,9	377,4	423,5
joint	229,3	220,8	212,6	217,8	231,7	262,2	280,1
foreign	72,6	70,8	97,2	80,6	87,4	110,6	137,3
Revenue from sales of goods, works, services, BYR billion	75 898,5	79 376,6	99 271,8	208 673,9	378 565,9	417 672,2	477 700,4
joint	51 085,2	54 439,9	71 371,1	125 023,7	207 647,6	239 441,1	261 723,3
foreign	24 813,3	24 936,7	27 898,7	74 039,7	155 020,4	175 958,9	214 375,9
Merchandise exports, million USD	10 074,1	4 734,0	3 876,5	9 422,4	13 740,4	11 383,5	10 522,6
joint	6 416,4	2 752,7	2 796,3	7 608,3	7 741,2	7 135,0	6 218,4
foreign	3 657,7	1 981,3	1 080,2	1 116,4	5 034,1	4 204,3	4 298,1
Merchandise imports, million USD	13 680,1	12 110,1	12 920,8	17 444,4	18 666,1	17 826,5	18 318,0
joint	7 306,4	7 404,1	9 208,9	7 773,3	8 769,2	7 586,7	7 496,3
foreign	6 373,7	4 706,0	3 711,9	9 210,0	9 528,8	10 221,5	10 807,3
Wholesale turnover, BYR billion	22 400,4	16 499,6	24 763,6	46 718,6	111 993,3	96 743,4	106 957,1
joint	13 823,4	9 814,0	16 372,8	37 664,0	56 486,9	49 817,0	53 251,6
foreign	8 577,0	6 685,6	8 390,8	8 243,1	54 719,0	46 851,8	53 660,6

**24.21. Number of organizations with foreign investment
by economic activity**
(end of year)

	2013			2014		
	total	of which		total	of which	
		joint	foreign		joint	foreign
Total	7 172	4 133	3 003	7 099	4 052	3 018
of which:						
agriculture, hunting and forestry	105	58	47	127	64	63
fishing and fish farming	6	4	2	5	3	2
industry	1754	1197	552	1 645	1 122	514
mining and quarrying	14	11	3	12	8	3
manufacturing	1 710	1 169	536	1 598	1 096	494
electricity, gas and water supply	30	17	13	35	18	17
construction	366	207	154	341	201	140
trade; repair of motor vehicles and household and personal goods	2 375	1 292	1 070	2 326	1 258	1 056
hotels and restaurants	217	112	103	227	118	109
transport and communications	536	304	226	553	302	250
real estate, renting and business services	1 513	779	730	1 578	809	762
community, social and personal services	181	100	80	178	99	79

**24.22. Number of organizations with foreign investment
by selected country**
(end of year)

	2013			2014		
	total	of which		total	of which	
		joint	foreign		joint	foreign
CIS countries						
Armenia	63	25	38	69	24	44
Azerbaijan	58	18	40	60	17	43
Kazakhstan	31	12	17	35	13	22
Moldova, Republic of	26	15	11	24	14	10
Russia	2 746	1 704	1 024	2 712	1 668	1 034
Ukraine	244	153	90	274	145	127
Uzbekistan	18	8	9	13	6	6
Non-CIS countries						
Austria	114	72	41	101	66	34
Cyprus	541	288	251	539	281	253
Czech Republic	123	76	47	125	72	52
Estonia	189	129	58	204	144	58
Germany	351	193	156	333	188	142
Italy	118	78	40	109	66	42
Latvia	355	190	164	355	189	163
Lithuania	618	322	294	627	329	298
Poland	365	238	126	347	230	116
Switzerland	105	47	58	108	47	61
Turkey	138	51	87	141	43	98
United Kingdom	286	167	117	272	161	110
United States	258	127	130	216	108	108

25. PRICES AND TARIFFS

The section presents statistical data on the level and indices of prices/tariffs for goods and services in the consumer market, as well as for the output of material production sector.

The system of price indices produced by the bodies of state statistics comprises price and tariff indices for goods and services in the consumer market, producer price indices in industry and agriculture, and freight and communication services tariff indices. The price indices are constructed on the basis of data of state statistical surveys of the prices of representative commodities/services.

Along with the prices/tariffs recorded and price/tariff indices constructed for specific representative commodities/services, average prices/tariffs of representative commodities/services and changes in average prices/tariffs by commodity/services groups are also calculated.

Consumer Price Index (CPI) characterizes changes over time in general price/tariff level for goods and services purchased by population for non-productive consumption. It is one of the key indicators characterizing the rate of inflation and is used to analyse and forecast price processes in the economy, solve legal issues, and convert a number of variables of the system of national accounts at current prices into those at constant prices. The CPI is calculated on the basis of more than 450 goods and services selected to represent the structure of consumption expenditure in the country.

State statistical survey covers 31 towns of the country selected to represent the socio-economic situation in the regions and the level of consumer market saturation with goods and services. Prices are collected from the shops of state and non-state trade, urban and informal markets, services-providing organizations of all ownership types, and sole proprietorships carrying out activities in retail trade and services sector.

The structure of actual consumption expenditure in the country is estimated on the basis of data on household spending on goods and services obtained from statistical household sample survey.

The source data for CPI construction are data on prices/tariffs recorded for specific goods and services, on the basis of which average comparable prices/tariffs of both reference and previous periods are estimated. A price/tariff is considered comparable if it is recorded at the same trading/services-providing organization for the same or similar in quality good/service.

On the basis of individual price indices/tariffs for towns included into state statistical observation and territorial weights, aggregate price/tariff indices of individual goods/services and commodity groups are calculated for the region as a whole. As a territorial weight, a share of population resident in the surveyed territory in the total population of the country is used.

Based on aggregate price/tariff indices of goods and services for the region as a whole and the share of expenditure on purchasing these goods and services in consumer expenditure of the population, the total price/tariff indices for the groups of food, non-food items and services, and also the consumer price index for the country as a whole are calculated.

Average price in the housing market is defined as the price of one square metre of total floor space in the primary and secondary housing market. Average prices and price index of one square metre of total floor space are giving the opportunity to study price processes in the real estate market. The calculation of average prices and indices of one square metre of total floor space in the primary and secondary markets is based on the data of the State Property Committee of the Republic of Belarus. The prices on the housing sold in rural areas, and the prices on cottages and wooden houses are not included in the calculation of average prices.

Industrial producer price index reflects price dynamics in commodities as sold by industrial organizations and shipped in the domestic market, net of value added tax and excise taxes.

State statistical survey of changes in industrial producer prices is carried out for the sampled network of reference (base) organizations that are the most typical for the industry of the country and to the fullest extent reflect the existing structure.

At present, the sample comprises more than 1 640 industrial organizations of the country. Prices for 5 300 particular product items are surveyed within the scope of state statistical observation.

Goods are regarded representative if they are typical for a specific economic activity, make up the largest share in the total output of goods, and have been produced during a long period of time.

Industrial producer composite price index is constructed for the industry as a whole, by economic activity, as well as separately for investment, intermediate and consumer goods.

To calculate industrial producer price index, data on the volume of production in value terms are applied as weights.

Fixed capital investment price index describes changes in prices on material and technical resources used in investment activities on fixed capital investment. Price index in building is calculated by the Ministry of Architecture and Construction of the Republic of Belarus on the basis of composite price index of building and assembly works including price index of assembly and installation of technological equipment, composite price index of equipment and price index of other works and costs measured by a share of elements of fixed capital investment technological structure.

Price index for construction and assembly works - reflects a general change of prices in the construction of new facilities and buildings of various economic activities.

The information basis for the calculation of price indices of investment is the monitoring of prices in manufacturing organizations, contractors, purchasing materials, goods and structures for their own needs and in organizations-consumers which do procurements at exchange auctions. The Ministry of Architecture and Construction of the Republic of Belarus monitors and calculates price indices for construction and assembly works.

The price index for construction and assembly works calculate by following cost elements:

- the base wages;
- operation of construction machinery and mechanisms;
- constructional materials, goods and structures;
- transportation costs;
- burden costs;
- planned accumulation;
- temporary buildings and structures;
- winter appreciation;
- additional payments and supplements to wages and salaries;
- deductions for social insurance;
- costs of movable work and roving commission, transportation and assignments of the employees of contractors.

In addition to the monitoring of the prices, to calculate the price index for construction and assembly works used the data of Belstat (wages, price indices of manufacturers of industrial products for production and technical purposes, indices of tariffs for carriage of cargo by road and railway); Ministry of Finance (per diem rate in travel expenses), Concern «Belneftekhim» (price changes for gasoline and fuel) and concern «Belenergo» (price changes for electric and heat energy).

Freight tariff indices allow for the estimation of changes in freight transportation tariffs over the current period irrespective of changes in the structure of cargoes shipped by various characteristics, i.e. type and size of consignment, speed of delivery, distance to be covered by carriers, territory of transportation, type of rolling stock, utilization of freight carrying capacity, etc. For each mode of transport, tariff of the representative service is recorded. Shipping of one tonne of the most bulk cargo over a specified distance is taken as a representative service of freight transportation by different modes of transport. The state statistical survey covers 147 motor transport organizations, the state association "Belarusian Railway", the Belarusian State Concern on Oil and Chemistry, the open joint-stock company "Gazprom transgaz Belarus", the private unitary enterprise "Zapad-Transnefteproduct", the republican transport unitary enterprise "Belarusian River Steamship Company", and the republican unitary enterprise "National Airlines "Belavia". Revenue of the particular mode of transport from freight transportation over the base period is used as weights.

Tariff indices of communication services provided to natural persons, to legal persons and sole proprietorships are calculated on the basis of communication services tariffs for selected representative services. The state statistical survey over the changes in communication services tariffs covers the republican unitary telecommunication enterprise "Beltelecom", the republican unitary enterprise "Belpochta", the republican unitary enterprise "Belarusian Radio-Television Broadcasting Centre", the foreign privately-owned unitary service-providing enterprise "Velcom", and the joint limited liability company "Mobile TeleSystems". Revenue from general-use communication services by types of communication is used as weights for the computation of tariff index of communication services.

Agricultural producer price index reflects the dynamics of prices on agricultural products produced by the organizations of the country, sold in the domestic market and calculated excluding VAT, shipping costs, handling charges, but including quality allowance and bonus.

State sample statistical observation on agricultural producer prices is carried out on the basis of sample of base agricultural organizations. Sample of core agricultural organizations includes main producers of agricultural production with substantial share in the volume of agricultural production sold and definite speciality.

At present, the sample includes around 850 organizations. State sample statistical observation on agricultural producer prices covers more than 9 600 kinds of specific products.

Agricultural producer composite price index is calculated by economic activity as well as particularly by types (subtypes) of agricultural production. Agricultural producer composite price index is computed by regions and at the level of the country.

To exclude the effect of structural shifts of production and sales of agricultural production caused by biological and climatic factors, the base period is counted as an average volume of products sold for three years previous to reference period.

25.1. Consumer and producer price indices

(percent)

	1992	1995	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
December to December of previous year										
Consumer price index	1 659,1	344,0	207,5	108,0	110,1	109,9	208,7	121,8	116,5	116,2
Industrial producer price index	3 374,9	221,8	262,6	111,0	111,3	118,9	249,6	120,6	110,7	113,5
Agricultural producer price index ¹⁾	210	111	100,6	125,4	274,4	130,2	114,9	117,8
Price index in construction	...	...	...	112,1	105,7	117,9	213,8	127,2	117,8	108,0
Price index of building and assembly works	...	275,2	337,2	113,8	104,1	119,2	197,6	142,8	122,2	108,1
Freight tariff index	3 554,8	291,0	420,0	106,4	118,2	130,0	250,3	143,0	115,2	105,3
Tariff index of communication services for legal persons and sole proprietorships	...	...	165,5	106,7	102,4	101,8	138,6	131,2	111,0	119,3
Of previous year										
Consumer price index	1 070,8	809,3	268,6	110,3	113,0	107,8	153,2	159,2	118,3	118,1
Industrial producer price index	2 039,2	561,5	286,8	112,1	113,6	113,6	171,4	176,0	113,6	112,8
Agricultural producer price index ¹⁾	860	649	279	115	103,8	117,6	185,4	191,2	112,9	120,7
Price index in construction	14,3 times	705,8	283,8	116,6	111,4	110,3	151,1	177,2	124,2	114,3
Price index of building and assembly works	...	693,6	332,8	117,7	111,4	111,2	140,7	192,7	133,3	115,7
Freight tariff index	1 518,3	646,0	361,6	106,7	133,2	139,3	154,7	193,9	121,9	109,5
Tariff index of communication services for legal persons and sole proprietorships	...	...	236,1	105,3	104,0	99,9	110,3	147,3	120,8	113,9

¹⁾ For 2000, 2005-2010 – Price indices of agricultural products sold.

25.2. Consumer and producer price indices in 2014

(to December of previous year; percent)

	Consumer price index	Industrial producer price index	Agricultural producer price index	Price index of building and assembly works	Freight tariff index	Tariff index of communication services for legal persons and sole proprietorships
January	101,6	101,3	104,0	102,6	100,8	101,3
February	103,6	102,2	106,9	96,6	101,8	101,3
March	104,9	103,0	109,2	98,0	102,4	103,0
April	106,6	104,1	110,9	104,5	103,2	104,5
May	108,9	105,1	111,7	106,7	104,0	104,5
June	110,2	106,1	112,4	109,7	104,5	108,9
July	111,1	107,9	113,7	111,7	105,1	109,0
August	112,0	109,1	112,8	110,9	105,3	111,6
September	113,4	111,1	114,1	112,1	105,7	112,3
October	114,8	112,3	115,9	111,4	105,9	117,6
November	115,5	112,7	117,2	112,2	105,9	117,6
December	116,2	113,5	117,8	108,1	105,3	119,3

**Consumer price indices and average consumer prices
for goods and services**

25.3. Consumer price indices for goods and services

(percent of previous year)

	Goods and services	Of which			
		goods			services
		total	food	non-food	
1992	1 070,8	1 084,5	1 153,6	1 022,1	923,2
1993	1 290,2	1 270,1	1 515,1	1 017,9	1 538,8
1994	2 321,0	2 324,4	2 473,5	2 018,1	2 284,1
1995	809,3	764,2	761,8	772,9	1 349,5
1996	152,7	150,2	149,6	151,8	167,3
1997	163,8	165,2	169,9	147,7	155,7
1998	173,0	175,6	175,9	173,8	155,8

Continued

	Goods and services	Of which			
		goods			services
		total	food	non-food	
1999	393,7	404,2	412,7	374,0	311,8
2000	268,6	262,2	264,9	252,2	354,6
2001	161,1	155,5	156,8	151,1	216,8
2002	142,6	135,8	138,9	124,9	193,5
2003	128,4	121,6	122,8	119,0	162,0
2004	118,1	117,4	119,6	111,2	121,2
2005	110,3	109,9	111,9	104,5	112,1
2006	107,0	105,4	106,1	103,4	113,2
2007	108,4	108,4	109,8	105,5	108,8
2008	114,8	113,9	117,7	106,9	118,2
2009	113,0	112,8	114,0	110,4	113,9
2010	107,8	108,5	109,2	107,3	105,0
2011	153,2	159,5	162,2	155,0	129,6
2012	159,2	160,6	168,0	149,5	153,2
2013	118,3	114,1	118,8	107,2	138,0
2014	118,1	114,2	118,6	108,0	135,2

25.4. Consumer price indices for goods and services in 2014

(to December of previous year; percent)

	Goods and services	Of which			
		goods			services
		total	food	non-food	
January	101,6	101,6	102,3	100,6	101,6
February	103,6	102,8	104,2	100,9	107,9
March	104,9	104,2	106,2	101,4	108,8
April	106,6	105,6	108,3	101,8	111,8
May	108,9	108,0	112,0	102,3	114,0
June	110,2	109,2	113,8	102,6	115,8
July	111,1	110,2	114,8	103,6	116,5
August	112,0	111,0	115,2	104,9	117,8
September	113,4	112,3	116,6	106,1	119,7
October	114,8	113,4	117,8	107,1	122,6
November	115,5	113,8	118,2	107,5	124,9
December	116,2	114,2	118,5	108,1	127,5

**25.5. Consumer price indices
for selected food goods**
(December to December of previous year; percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Food, alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages and tobacco	197,2	108,4	115,9	109,4	113,1	225,0	125,1	113,4	118,5
beef (excluding boneless meat)	195,4	111,1	124,5	107,3	115,6	271,4	131,8	101,2	133,9
pork (excluding boneless meat)	223,1	107,8	124,3	103,6	110,8	282,0	119,3	97,2	159,7
poultry (chicken, including broilers)	178,5	112,3	113,1	105,1	109,2	269,7	108,6	106,1	106,1
cooked sausage of highest grade	223,7	110,2	119,6	102,7	111,8	199,4	113,6	101,5	119,1
semi-smoked sausage	243,1	113,0	118,6	105,8	109,9	221,8	119,5	104,3	123,6
canned meat	176,4	106,1	113,3	106,0	106,6	207,9	119,7	105,3	108,2
fresh fish	209,7	106,1	116,6	93,5	111,6	257,1	120,2	96,7	127,7
frozen fish	191,8	109,1	109,5	111,1	103,3	286,9	93,0	102,4	117,2
salted herring	162,9	109,6	115,6	112,5	102,3	323,2	106,2	106,5	114,4
salted and smoked fish	174,8	119,0	115,9	114,7	108,1	274,6	105,9	109,5	113,9
canned fish	148,6	107,2	111,7	114,2	109,0	285,9	111,1	111,9	109,2
animal butter	148,2	105,3	120,6	113,1	134,8	218,3	131,1	112,2	112,2
vegetable oil (excluding olive oil)	132,2	104,3	91,2	93,9	137,8	257,0	99,2	94,9	103,2
margarine	154,3	105,6	124,5	106,2	120,1	261,2	113,4	106,5	116,3
milk	204,4	105,7	125,7	103,7	115,0	159,9	121,8	109,9	107,7
sour cream	211,6	105,4	127,8	102,5	115,8	158,2	120,4	105,8	109,7
high-fat cottage cheese	215,4	108,6	131,3	104,2	114,0	175,4	119,4	107,3	112,2
ice cream	212,9	103,8	116,0	113,7	122,9	209,6	138,6	126,2	121,9
hard cheese	208,2	104,4	115,1	104,0	119,1	204,4	123,3	110,1	117,8
hen's eggs	170,7	107,4	115,3	111,7	114,1	246,1	107,9	128,6	110,3
sugar	224,4	110,9	110,7	110,6	127,8	235,1	114,8	105,0	123,2
rye-bread and mixed rye-wheat bread	319,8	104,1	118,1	104,4	104,0	142,1	144,4	116,7	103,5
bread and roll products (long loaf), of highest grade wheat flour	309,4	102,2	118,0	104,6	104,3	164,0	140,6	117,9	104,9
biscuits	178,1	106,0	124,5	106,1	109,9	263,7	118,4	109,3	110,1
gingerbread	197,3	104,8	111,0	104,4	110,5	227,5	121,8	116,7	117,0
polished rice	110,0	112,1	152,7	99,5	106,6	221,8	96,0	104,5	118,6
buckwheat	107,8	101,1	106,2	97,7	224,9	167,5	80,9	92,7	131,8
pearl barley	201,3	101,9	121,0	103,6	103,2	219,1	112,1	131,4	117,8
pasta	189,8	100,4	125,3	102,3	102,4	179,3	107,9	126,8	113,8
wheat flour	194,2	97,0	133,0	102,5	100,4	180,3	143,4	152,6	106,7
black tea	150,0	107,5	110,5	130,3	110,3	241,8	98,3	109,5	118,8
instant coffee	126,5	106,2	111,3	117,8	104,6	284,9	92,8	100,6	113,2
chocolate	149,2	111,8	115,1	113,2	126,9	246,5	107,1	102,2	120,3

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
potatoes	123,6	201,7	120,4	139,8	158,7	100,4	125,6	191,1	102,1
vegetables	214,9	117,9	104,9	136,8	114,4	225,3	110,9	122,3	100,5
canned vegetables	155,5	104,1	112,7	108,5	105,0	186,2	112,2	106,7	112,3
fruits	135,2	105,3	109,8	108,3	125,1	248,8	106,5	107,9	105,8
canned fruits and berries	127,5	101,5	108,1	114,5	102,8	211,0	112,1	107,9	113,5
mayonnaise	173,7	112,1	126,6	108,2	117,5	257,5	114,0	110,8	111,6
salt	304,9	108,6	124,2	111,6	110,7	183,2	131,1	116,9	137,7
non-alcoholic beverages	269,4	111,7	114,5	119,0	115,5	220,9	126,2	119,7	118,1
alcoholic beverages	251,9	104,9	111,8	114,7	109,1	232,2	162,3	120,8	123,2
vodka	251,6	102,3	108,3	118,7	109,1	246,4	166,4	122,5	126,2
beer	257,5	108,8	120,6	111,9	113,0	227,2	160,6	119,0	119,4
grape wine, table	162,5	105,9	108,4	105,9	102,6	173,4	114,9	114,3	112,3
tobacco products	197,4	102,8	107,1	113,7	102,5	228,2	129,4	159,0	121,6
public catering	205,6	110,6	114,6	103,8	118,8	217,2	134,0	122,8	128,0

25.6. Consumer price indices for selected non-food goods

(December to December of previous year; percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Non-food items	207,7	103,2	106,8	110,1	107,4	212,0	110,3	107,6	108,1
men's clothing	180,6	101,9	103,9	105,2	104,5	188,4	113,0	102,3	102,8
women's clothing	170,9	101,6	104,6	108,2	104,8	187,5	109,5	103,4	104,3
children's clothing	201,2	102,7	103,6	104,0	103,8	172,2	110,7	103,3	103,6
fabrics	172,1	99,3	104,5	107,7	107,8	201,7	110,3	105,6	105,6
men's footwear	185,6	100,9	104,5	111,1	105,7	201,8	110,6	103,6	102,3
women's footwear	184,4	98,9	100,8	101,7	101,9	170,1	104,4	103,2	96,2
children's footwear	194,9	103,3	102,7	103,8	102,7	168,3	108,3	102,6	101,6
furniture	174,0	103,2	105,4	104,1	107,6	194,7	106,1	104,7	105,2
carpets and rugs	226,5	107,5	104,1	107,2	100,5	175,9	113,7	104,6	105,1
household electric appliances	193,3	102,4	102,7	106,6	105,2	204,8	101,6	103,8	106,2
kitchenware, cutlery	199,0	104,1	105,1	110,2	105,9	191,7	110,6	105,4	106,4
medicaments	211,8	94,4	116,5	124,2	109,8	192,3	127,8	112,1	126,5
petrol	276,9	106,6	105,0	109,9	117,0	209,2	123,3	126,5	120,3
colour television set	138,5	95,8	103,6	106,5	103,5	194,8	96,1	97,9	98,1
building materials	243,4	105,7	111,0	107,0	109,3	238,0	109,9	107,6	108,0
printed matter	232,9	112,9	110,5	115,7	108,5	185,2	131,1	123,1	121,8
perfumery and cosmetics	157,5	107,8	109,9	123,1	106,3	238,4	107,6	107,3	110,3
synthetic detergents	182,9	110,0	115,0	117,0	105,5	243,0	104,6	108,3	114,3
laundry soap	168,0	107,0	125,5	106,2	109,6	257,5	114,5	105,5	119,5
firewood	208,5	118,8	124,8	126,3	113,0	148,1	123,0	109,3	126,5
peat	254,7	115,7	112,8	117,3	110,4	150,6	123,9	109,9	128,4

25.7. Consumer price / tariff indices for selected services

(December to December of previous year; percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Services	321,9	111,5	116,2	111,9	106,0	164,9	136,1	139,1	127,5
personal	301,9	112,1	117,5	111,3	113,0	180,7	150,2	130,9	124,3
housing and utilities	544,8	110,9	127,5	117,3	101,7	142,5	127,9	147,8	133,7
passenger transport	310,1	115,2	106,7	109,1	114,2	205,6	127,3	152,4	121,2
communications	186,9	107,3	103,4	107,3	101,2	139,0	138,5	142,4	122,9
culture	291,2	107,7	103,5	104,2	109,5	158,3	159,2	131,5	124,0
sanatorium and health-improvement	288,0	110,6	127,3	117,7	117,1	178,5	189,6	125,4	123,0
medical	223,6	111,9	105,8	103,9	102,7	190,5	141,6	124,0	132,6
tourism	281,3	106,5	117,7	124,4	100,1	260,8	110,3	121,2	126,0
physical culture and sport	...	109,3	113,5	110,4	109,9	166,5	153,7	140,6	132,1
higher education	281,4	117,6	117,2	105,2	114,7	168,4	169,0	118,6	118,6
pre-school institutions	248,1	104,2	113,0	110,0	110,8	288,8	115,4	191,4	194,4

25.8. Price indices for personal services provided to population

(December to December of previous year; percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total personal services	301,9	112,1	117,5	111,3	113,0	180,7	150,2	130,9	124,3
shoe repair	288,8	108,4	119,1	112,0	117,5	205,0	136,3	129,3	123,1
custom shoe tailoring	193,5	104,4	106,8	114,8	105,3	218,3	132,3	125,1	115,0
apparel repair ¹⁾	281,1	108,2	120,1	113,3	111,7	225,2	141,8	127,8	128,0
custom tailoring of apparel, fur and leather articles, headwear ¹⁾	290,5	107,9	114,7	108,7	118,6	196,8	142,8	119,4	113,0
custom knitwear manufacturing ¹⁾	261,4	111,7	110,8	115,1	109,1	181,1	155,0	116,5	107,5
repair of household radio-electronic appliances ¹⁾	336,5	103,7	102,3	105,8	106,3	155,2	135,8	122,8	119,2
repair of refrigerators ¹⁾	301,7	104,3	107,0	108,6	106,1	208,7	150,3	116,3	112,7
repair of washing machines ¹⁾	...	107,5	108,4	110,2	108,8	196,9	141,6	116,7	114,0
repair of watches and clocks	296,4	106,0	118,7	126,9	104,1	165,3	192,3	122,3	151,8
technical maintenance of personal passenger cars ¹⁾	262,8	122,4	114,7	118,3	110,9	212,5	128,4	123,5	122,4
furniture repair ¹⁾	228,2	109,6	114,2	107,1	109,4	223,4	138,3	120,8	113,4
furniture manufacture ¹⁾	227,1	111,2	114,4	109,3	108,1	236,6	114,2	119,1	109,1
dry cleaning of clothing	317,5	107,4	111,5	114,5	110,8	202,8	149,4	135,6	119,8
laundry services	364,6	107,7	113,1	103,0	123,3	191,8	138,4	123,2	119,0
repair of dwellings ¹⁾	440,0	107,2	126,0	104,3	124,3	169,6	176,0	132,0	130,7
photostudio services	285,5	102,6	105,7	117,7	107,1	220,0	153,9	130,8	121,9
public steam bath and washhouse services	366,0	108,0	117,0	112,4	110,0	160,8	169,1	117,9	168,2
hairdressing services	311,9	107,3	116,2	114,5	110,3	187,0	156,3	145,5	126,8
services of rental agencies	322,3	107,5	108,6	107,4	107,6	165,2	164,6	119,9	112,9
ceremonial services	311,0	113,4	114,2	108,1	108,0	199,1	139,0	117,2	114,5

¹⁾ For years 2000-2008, prices of services do not include cost of materials.

25.9. Price / tariff indices for passenger transportation services

(December to December of previous year; percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total passenger transportation services	310,1	115,2	106,7	109,1	114,2	205,6	127,3	152,4	121,2
urban	200,0	132,4	100,0	100,0	119,1	183,9	128,1	188,4	134,9
motor road									
suburban	357,8	123,8	127,6	100,0	115,4	187,9	120,0	156,3	117,7
intercity	334,2	120,0	127,6	99,8	114,2	201,2	134,5	135,8	112,5
passenger transportation by taxi	253,7	113,9	115,2	102,5	107,3	219,6	146,3	126,7	113,4
railway									
regional of economy class	400,0	120,0	100,0	94,5	100,0	113,7	120,0	150,2	133,0
interregional	399,8	110,0	100,0	99,3	121,4	100,4	120,3	183,0	131,8
international	381,1	91,5	96,0	139,9	115,3	295,1	131,9	118,4	112,6
air	182,0	107,5	106,1	133,7	97,8	262,1	104,2	115,1	100,2

25.10. Price / tariff indices for housing and utilities

(December to December of previous year; percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total payment for housing and utilities	544,8	110,9	127,5	117,3	101,7	142,5	127,9	147,8	133,7
dwelling maintenance	405,1	116,9	117,6	111,9	100,0	118,2	142,9	100,0	134,1
water supply	515,0	120,2	116,0	124,6	100,7	135,9	141,9	118,3	127,1
cold water and sewerage	...	139,2	138,0	123,1	99,3	151,6	171,7	109,2	133,0
hot water	...	109,8	101,8	125,5	101,6	124,8	115,1	131,2	118,4
electricity	1 000,6	118,0	129,4	119,3	100,0	137,9	123,7	214,0	134,5
gas	439,9	118,0	190,9	102,8	100,0	188,1	100,8	152,9	144,2
heating	739,9	89,4	100,1	121,3	107,8	124,4	115,3	117,3	128,4

25.11. Average prices of selected food items in retail trade organizations

(December; BYR per kilogram)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Beef (excluding boneless meat)	1 501	6 166	10 257	10 955	13 628	30 386	44 139	39 452	64 795
Pork (excluding boneless meat)	2 359	6 601	9 704	10 014	11 707	32 988	41 365	38 628	69 090
Poultry (chicken, including broilers)	1 728	5 455	7 695	8 113	8 867	24 727	26 671	28 467	30 983
Cooked sausage, of highest grade	2 762	8 362	12 179	12 911	14 145	32 712	45 229	45 941	58 064
Whole fish (cod species), frozen	1 526	2 203	3 996	4 525	4 965	18 776	16 857	15 290	16 654
Sweet butter	1 886	7 377	12 161	13 642	19 047	42 975	59 679	73 121	92 291
Sunflower oil	1 021	3 288	5 412	4 451	6 106	20 372	17 515	16 899	17 686
Pasteurized drinking milk (fat content – 2,5% -3,5%), per litre	201	792	1 326	1 447	1 679	3 320	6 251	7 318	9 167
Hard cheese	2 447	8 771	13 985	14 983	18 800	44 987	63 513	75 778	99 632
Dietary hen's eggs, per 10 pieces	656	1 991	2 689	3 037	3 537	9 259	10 081	13 402	15 783
Granulated sugar	571	1 464	1 987	2 203	2 843	6 792	7 874	8 277	10 419
Black tea	6 918	22 329	33 107	41 841	47 078	134 823	146 875	167 507	207 668
Wheat flour, of highest grade	414	1 145	1 846	1 903	1 910	3 646	5 112	8 207	8 957
Rye, rye-and-wheat bread	317	911	1 449	1 597	1 864	3 422	6 320	8 682	10 428
Bread, of highest grade wheat flour	561	1 504	2 525	2 757	2 999	6 155	10 409	14 265	16 132
Rice, polished	482	1 881	4 513	4 229	4 639	12 155	11 241	11 885	14 157
Pasta	565	1 810	2 986	3 128	3 157	6 459	7 122	9 651	11 448
Potatoes	104	540	735	984	1 560	1 568	1 735	3 826	4 118
Cabbage, fresh	91	672	683	994	1 754	1 067	2 624	3 792	3 881
Onions	215	916	1 242	1 229	2 154	3 162	3 613	5 521	5 583
Apples	277	1 777	2 711	2 365	3 617	9 942	5 789	8 030	7 600
Vodka, per litre	2 885	9 958	12 683	15 126	16 480	42 686	73 594	92 152	122 537
Cognac, per litre	14 717	46 517	45 965	48 888	50 619	203 513	172 710	201 863	229 849
Champagne, per litre	3 439	9 237	13 278	15 790	16 280	33 585	51 237	55 303	61 167
Beer, per litre	461	1 876	2 640	2 956	3 409	8 039	13 422	16 310	19 199

25.12. Average retail prices for selected consumer durables

(December; BYR thousand per unit)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Colour television set ¹⁾	212,5	353,4	379,6	417,4	491,9	1 433,7	1 600,0	3 202,0	3 291,1
Photocamera ²⁾	22,2	89,2	118,0	113,0	169,6	485,0	1 375,8	1 604,5	1 628,2
Two-compartment refrigerator	248,3	741,8	851,5	1 030,6	1 191,5	3 092,6	3 051,0	3 123,3	3 457,7
Washing machine ³⁾	136,4	448,5	493,1	1 079,7	1 121,9	2 560,7	2 957,5	3 618,0	4 099,4
Electric vacuum cleaner	76,2	168,0	196,6	199,9	213,7	739,5	777,1	912,4	1 033,5
Watches	5,6	16,9	23,6	31,0	36,2	101,9	181,6	269,6	333,9
Upholstery range	319,5	1 018,9	1 560,8	1 760,1	2 175,7	6 174,9	7 944,7	10 179,9	11 325,3
Sofa bed	115,0	377,8	671,7	787,8	1 002,1	3 320,5	4 541,0	5 668,1	5 630,0
One-pedestal writing table	42,7	141,0	202,8	222,8	240,9	615,0	897,9	1 164,6	1 279,0
Sewing machine	118,7	347,1	543,8	653,2	676,2	1 863,0	1 868,9	1 773,4	1 870,8
Road motorcycle without side-car	403,1	1 410,0	2 856,1	3 327,9	4 132,9	10 278,2	11 664,3	15 369,4	13 612,6
Bicycle	55,1	165,9	215,9	262,7	310,2	813,4	1 154,3	1 389,2	1 439,7

¹⁾ LCD screen TV set since 2013.

²⁾ Digital still camera since 2012.

³⁾ Automatic washers since 2009.

25.13. Average prices / tariffs for selected services provided to population

(December; BYR per service)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Personal services									
dress tailoring	8 787	33 946	46 108	52 120	61 821	139 129	244 089	293 491	391 792
tailoring of suit jacket with lining	17 463	69 387	95 873	110 148	129 984	277 690	477 774	572 437	718 307
men's trousers repair, of all fabrics (shortening, lengthening, bottom repair)	545	3 098	4 969	5 958	7 778	16 360	25 165	32 002	40 846
shoe heeling, per pair	818	4 184	5 595	6 403	7 973	17 168	24 514	31 386	38 734
shoe soling with porous rubber or wear-resistant material, of any fixture, with sole fitting, per pair	917	4 566	7 347	8 309	9 637	21 694	31 343	40 334	50 848
mechanical watch repair	1 538	5 419	9 406	12 688	14 314	24 522	47 654	62 853	92 155
winter coat or short winter coat dry cleaning	2 724	12 886	17 466	19 961	23 506	48 155	72 838	103 881	118 749
laundry and ironing of bed linen, per kg	291	1 037	1 506	1 716	2 020	4 213	6 418	7 938	9 840
public bath service	295	2 333	3 722	4 133	4 526	6 983	11 982	15 036	27 187
women's fashion haircut (incl. hair wash, blow dry and brushing)	1 927	9 951	12 799	15 077	17 312	32 553	50 115	72 942	95 331
men's fashion haircut (incl. hair wash)	1 258	6 541	7 845	9 156	10 443	19 076	30 343	43 669	57 123
refrigerator lease (over 90 days), per day	57	300	469	526	635	1 335	2 055	2 654	3 257

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Housing and utilities									
charge for dwelling maintenance, per m ² of total floor space	9	180	265	296	296	350	500	500	671
electricity charge in residential houses not equipped with electric range, per 100 kWh	1 440	8 810	14 500	17 300	17 300	23 850	29 500	63 040	85 734
cold water and sewerage charge, monthly per person	396	2 827	4 258	5 256	5 216	3 659 ¹⁾	6 276	12 318	16 186
hot water charge in residential houses/flats not equipped with group/individual water and heat energy meters, monthly per person	396	6 884	8 571	10 538	10 781	13 538	15 716	20 512	24 253
gas charge in residential houses flats not equipped with group individual natural gas meters, monthly per person	154	1 522	3 696	3 696	3 696	7 469	7 469	11 750	17 000
heating charge, per m ² of total floor space	70	587	722	889	973	1 191	1 340	1 589	1 964
Passenger transportation									
intraurban bus, per ride	40	387	514	514	614	1 129	1 443	2 743	3 643
interurban bus, per km	14	72	111	113	125	253	345	475	534
suburban bus, per km	8	69	111	113	130	245	294	461	542
regional train of economy class ²⁾ , per 48 km	40	360	440	2 330	2 330	2 650	3 180	4 800	6 400
long-distance train (ride to Moscow, per 100 km)	2 128	9 128	20 749	23 550	22 666	83 890	116 708	136 806	151 471
air flight (to Moscow, per 1 000 km), BYR thous.	100,96	304,85	449,61	599,33	576,34	1 623,58	1 851,94	2 131,05	2 200,00

¹⁾ Computation procedure has changed (in 2011, the indicator was calculated on the basis of consumption rate and average actual monthly consumption of cold water per person; before 2011, the indicator was calculated on the basis of sanitary consumption rate).

²⁾ In 2000-2008 per zone.

Price indices and average prices in housing market

25.14. Price indices in housing market

(percent of previous year)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Housing market – total					
All apartments	108,5	127,8	162,4	117,7	122,8
of which:					
one-room	106,6	127,8	161,3	125,3	124,5
two-room	106,4	127,9	160,1	117,6	122,3
three-room	112,7	126,1	166,0	114,0	121,8
four- and more-room	111,6	129,3	165,5	104,3	124,7
Primary housing market					
All apartments	118,4	120,5	178,5	121,2	118,9
of which:					
one-room	117,3	116,7	158,7	133,6	117,6
two-room	113,6	125,6	178,6	120,3	115,2
three-room	123,0	114,9	173,9	105,7	123,2
four- and more-room	118,4	131,5	146,6	151,3	127,0
Secondary housing market					
All apartments	106,7	128,7	160,8	117,6	124,3
of which:					
one-room	105,2	129,2	162,2	124,6	126,1
two-room	105,6	129,3	158,0	117,4	124,8
three-room	109,8	127,7	160,2	115,7	121,8
four- and more-room	110,5	126,7	173,8	100,7	124,2

25.15. Average prices in primary and secondary housing markets

(thousand BYR per one square metre of total floor space)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Housing market – total					
All apartments	2 681,8	4 540,9	7 667,0	8 976,3	11 039,3
of which:					
one-room	2 819,4	4 870,1	8 024,4	10 012,1	12 481,0
two-room	2 567,5	4 453,5	7 415,2	8 663,0	10 779,2
three-room	2 657,1	4 359,4	7 564,6	8 584,0	10 218,1
four- and more-room	2 828,6	4 582,5	8 208,0	8 531,7	10 427,1
Primary housing market					
All apartments	2 934,3	4 264,2	8 569,8	10 082,5	9 558,1
of which:					
one-room	3 131,4	5 186,8	8 806,7	11 560,1	11 063,2
two-room	2 838,9	4 199,6	8 440,6	9 748,2	9 480,9
three-room	2 863,4	3 686,1	8 665,2	9 274,0	8 815,9
four- and more-room	3 226,2	4 653,5	8 030,5	9 649,5	8 201,7
Secondary housing market					
All apartments	2 636,5	4 594,0	7 559,3	8 859,8	11 480,4
of which:					
one-room	2 776,0	4 827,3	7 950,0	9 846,3	12 832,6
two-room	2 547,6	4 494,0	7 302,6	8 554,2	11 173,5
three-room	2 605,4	4 523,7	7 388,8	8 515,2	10 717,3
four- and more-room	2 752,7	4 561,2	8 226,9	8 364,6	10 918,9

Price indices and average producer prices

25.16. Producer price indices by economic activity

(December to December of previous year; percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total industry	262,6	111,0	115,4	111,3	118,9	249,6	120,6	110,7	113,5
of which:									
mining and quarrying	348,9	89,3	147,0	112,0	127,8	212,9	132,0	119,8	115,5
fuel and energy mining operations	341,5	84,6	139,9	124,5	138,4	252,1	98,4	120,5	122,2
mining operations excluding fuel and energy	365,6	110,0	156,2	100,7	114,0	186,7	162,0	119,1	111,2
manufacturing	250,5	110,2	114,4	108,5	115,5	250,4	124,1	110,0	112,3
manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco	227,8	107,9	116,5	107,5	112,9	225,8	133,8	109,7	116,3
manufacture of textiles and textile articles	233,6	106,2	110,5	105,0	115,6	272,2	118,5	106,8	109,7
manufacture of leather, of products of leather and manufacture of footwear	206,0	109,0	107,3	109,5	112,9	266,2	111,6	110,8	103,7
manufacture of wood and of products of wood	259,3	117,8	121,2	103,8	114,4	246,2	124,6	114,2	107,7
manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products. Publishing	226,6	109,4	109,5	110,8	118,9	228,1	119,1	107,6	110,4
manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear materials	302,3	113,3	99,7	120,1	122,3	281,6	118,1	107,7	124,6
manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	322,8	107,1	121,3	106,4	131,6	265,9	123,1	125,8	109,9
manufacture of rubber and plastics products	217,1	110,8	108,8	104,9	125,7	297,6	112,0	110,9	108,3
manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	264,1	108,6	133,6	106,3	119,1	250,0	123,4	109,6	105,3
manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	242,2	111,0	127,8	101,6	114,2	293,5	110,2	105,9	107,1
manufacture of machinery and equipment	238,4	109,8	112,4	108,5	110,1	231,2	132,1	111,0	107,2
manufacture of electrical machinery, electronic and optical equipment	201,0	104,8	106,2	113,9	114,5	263,5	114,8	109,1	107,1
manufacture of motor vehicles and equipment	280,2	109,8	109,2	105,9	112,0	250,1	116,2	101,8	104,8
other manufacturing	232,2	106,1	94,6	130,0	114,1	301,4	111,9	107,9	100,5
electricity, gas and water supply	373,8	114,0	117,5	125,2	132,4	248,8	103,6	115,0	119,6

25.17. Producer price indices by selected industrial commodity

(December to December of previous year; percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Fuel and energy mining operations									
peat briquettes	319,2	109,2	123,9	118,1	127,6	170,4	142,4	127,3	123,4
Mining operations excluding fuel and energy									
dolomite flour	381,1	129,5	114,8	112,0	144,3	233,8	126,2	122,8	121,5
crushed stone	350,6	110,8	173,0	99,8	107,3	185,4	182,1	114,0	104,4
table salt	412,3	101,0	123,6	109,0	106,1	228,5	114,1	113,3	130,0
Manufacture of food products, including beverages, and tobacco									
beef	187,5	115,9	131,7	106,3	122,3	174,0	170,1	100,1	149,7
pork	248,4	114,9	123,0	102,3	115,1	200,8	154,4	100,1	140,1
cooked sausage of highest grade	232,4	110,5	116,1	105,1	112,0	213,7	119,6	103,4	119,3
vegetable and fruit juices	153,7	107,5	123,3	106,6	106,2	194,5	121,6	119,6	112,1
canned vegetables	172,5	104,9	123,4	119,6	116,2	227,3	143,4	106,9	120,4
margarine	152,1	105,2	115,9	104,5	125,3	314,7	105,0	98,5	103,8
animal butter	158,4	106,7	120,3	110,3	137,0	217,5	131,6	108,6	111,9
milk	221,7	104,9	118,8	109,9	117,8	141,6	150,8	106,1	107,2
sour cream	241,2	104,9	120,2	108,5	115,3	137,9	131,8	105,8	108,7
hard cheese	236,6	105,3	118,2	103,3	118,9	223,2	137,3	107,7	112,3
processed cheese	227,0	105,4	117,8	100,4	117,2	219,0	130,1	112,9	112,6
curds	205,3	106,8	120,9	108,3	117,0	168,8	145,7	109,3	111,5
wheat flour	368,8	106,8	124,1	101,7	100,2	159,5	180,0	156,0	101,4
rye flour	400,6	106,8	119,1	107,7	101,2	172,3	179,3	138,7	103,9
buckwheat	321,2	100,2	120,6	89,6	313,0	224,8	84,3	99,5	104,9
oatmeal	301,4	105,8	115,4	107,7	114,5	183,6	116,6	118,4	145,4
dry potato starch	122,3	109,1	104,5	98,7	154,6	256,0	99,2	122,2	128,4
bread of mixed flour blending	365,3	104,3	118,2	102,7	109,1	144,5	147,8	117,3	103,8
rolls and buns of highest grade flour	331,0	102,3	116,7	104,4	110,2	151,5	142,8	118,4	106,4
bread of wholemeal, medium, and patent rye flour	324,8	104,1	118,5	106,9	110,8	140,0	150,7	128,9	104,3
biscuits	194,4	111,7	122,3	109,6	109,6	248,4	121,0	111,4	113,9
gingerbread	204,7	107,7	113,9	109,7	121,5	235,0	122,6	118,6	124,0
waffles	169,5	109,0	115,4	105,3	127,4	231,4	118,3	108,2	108,8
granulated sugar	200,1	110,2	110,5	110,2	129,9	280,5	114,3	103,0	123,1
soft sweets, chocolate-glazed	225,1	109,3	115,3	114,5	127,9	261,0	114,6	104,9	116,1
caramels with fruit and berry filling	232,7	106,2	106,5	89,5	131,4	299,0	111,6	109,6	111,1
pasta	204,6	100,7	131,8	98,8	105,1	197,1	124,3	144,1	108,1
mayonnaise	194,4	105,7	122,1	106,5	118,2	284,8	112,4	109,5	111,4
vodka and liquor and vodka beverages	120,9	107,5	113,9	112,2	108,7	310,8	161,9	92,4	146,1
cognac	188,9	106,4	100,5	101,2	97,7	337,6	125,3	76,0	109,7
rectified spirit	226,5	100,2	137,8	120,8	110,9	231,8	166,8	102,7	112,2
champagne	195,5	120,5	114,0	111,2	106,2	246,2	158,5	98,1	115,8

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
fruit and berry wine	205,2	107,2	104,2	102,1	97,9	255,1	133,9	113,3	116,2
beer	256,3	110,6	117,5	112,8	116,0	187,9	151,4	141,2	127,2
mineral water	248,9	111,4	111,7	121,7	129,4	219,9	129,0	123,4	116,8
filter cigarettes	229,9	115,7	107,8	113,7	102,9	216,4	136,7	107,1	118,6
non-filter cigarettes	181,0	108,8	117,6	114,8	111,1	237,2	124,4	103,1	117,5
Manufacture of textiles and textile articles									
cotton yarn	305,0	100,7	115,1	105,2	147,5	272,7	99,8	100,6	101,7
cotton fabrics, finished	248,2	102,7	114,5	106,2	137,4	266,1	103,0	101,0	105,1
wool fabrics, finished	218,1	129,3	116,7	108,9	105,1	264,5	138,8	99,7	125,4
silk fabrics, finished	238,1	101,8	111,8	125,2	124,1	281,7	105,9	114,6	110,3
flax fabrics	273,6	102,5	111,8	109,0	131,3	280,1	129,3	103,6	113,0
carpets and rugs	218,2	108,5	113,9	104,1	107,2	283,5	106,7	107,6	110,7
oilcloth of PVC, fabric-based (table cover)	209,6	111,7	97,6	104,3	111,7	351,3	100,9	100,0	118,5
cord fabric	277,0	104,7	102,6	102,1	108,7	380,2	132,5	100,1	105,1
artificial fur	294,0	109,0	106,8	109,6	128,4	311,4	102,4	109,0	105,2
women's pantyhose	214,4	100,2	112,9	106,4	97,1	186,9	109,2	101,7	103,3
children's pantyhose	262,2	101,9	102,4	102,1	124,8	197,2	102,9	92,1	107,0
men's socks	236,1	114,1	109,1	101,5	120,6	255,0	104,9	100,2	107,3
men's pullover	285,5	101,5	109,4	111,0	124,3	221,9	138,8	102,2	112,4
women's pullover	262,4	100,1	116,6	103,5	109,6	229,7	110,9	127,2	145,6
men's trousers	197,6	115,3	101,0	105,6	100,3	196,6	132,8	118,6	105,1
bed linen	218,7	106,2	111,4	107,1	123,1	246,7	106,5	103,9	103,2
children's cold-weather jackets	201,8	100,1	108,2	101,5	145,3	165,3	115,5	102,6	105,2
women's jackets of mixed fabric	205,9	104,8	108,5	103,1	108,0	162,6	125,2	110,3	116,9
women's skirts	255,9	103,1	111,8	94,1	116,8	177,0	135,0	111,8	140,4
men's shirts	245,4	98,4	102,9	108,2	107,5	245,1	109,6	144,8	101,9
men's underwear, knitted	265,1	101,5	102,0	99,4	106,4	203,6	103,0	108,2	105,9
women's underwear, knitted	213,4	104,8	103,1	102,7	104,2	237,4	103,0	115,3	106,4
children's underwear, knitted	258,0	107,0	106,0	100,9	129,9	148,2	101,1	102,4	103,9
Manufacture of leather, of products of leather and manufacture of footwear									
rigid leather goods	315,5	103,7	107,4	90,9	140,6	292,4	110,4	111,6	110,0
yuft leather goods	283,6	110,7	107,0	90,3	138,8	261,2	125,9	105,9	118,1
chrome-tanned leather goods	242,2	105,2	103,9	106,2	120,7	175,0	104,7	103,0	103,4
men's winter footwear	209,8	109,5	106,9	105,1	114,7	291,8	104,7	111,7	100,8
men's in-between-season footwear	173,2	108,2	104,0	112,2	113,8	264,1	116,5	111,5	100,1
women's winter footwear	186,7	112,6	112,7	121,5	111,6	319,7	100,4	119,1	103,0
women's in-between-season footwear	190,5	105,1	125,8	106,9	113,2	223,5	111,2	109,8	108,9
children's winter footwear	176,2	122,7	106,4	114,0	117,5	258,2	188,8	105,4	102,6
children's in-between-season footwear	202,4	104,6	111,0	105,4	123,3	211,7	128,5	101,3	96,3

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood									
square-edged timber	194,9	131,2	132,8	113,2	111,8	209,3	140,0	114,8	107,5
unedged timber	227,5	120,3	140,5	112,2	110,4	203,7	143,8	115,4	106,9
fibreboard	273,3	115,4	135,6	100,3	121,2	309,2	114,0	111,5	116,4
particle board	279,1	111,8	111,3	100,9	119,5	322,0	109,1	104,7	101,2
plywood	277,3	115,3	118,3	101,3	129,1	265,8	120,3	109,0	105,6
window and frame units	211,9	112,6	112,0	101,3	112,8	255,5	119,5	115,8	106,8
door and frame units	235,2	115,7	113,0	102,0	116,6	277,2	120,6	115,2	105,5
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products.									
Publishing									
paper	170,1	107,8	113,2	103,9	130,0	260,7	117,1	109,2	103,6
cardboard	238,6	108,4	114,5	105,3	142,0	266,3	111,1	104,9	105,3
wallpaper	290,6	109,9	119,7	111,4	119,6	288,9	114,0	117,7	107,5
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear materials									
motor gasoline	231,8	107,2	105,7	110,7	117,8	267,8	116,4	107,0	128,8
diesel fuel	318,7	110,3	103,8	119,5	124,4	248,7	125,3	107,9	129,2
residual fuel oil	390,5	115,7	124,5	103,0	120,7	322,5	120,6	109,4	123,1
petroleum bitumen, paving	379,1	142,0	115,3	105,9	121,9	288,2	120,7	105,0	109,5
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products									
potassium fertilizers	608,3	100,6	100,0	100,0	100,4	110,5	171,0	573,2	102,2
nitrogenous fertilizers	193,9	110,5	130,3	144,8	143,4	174,2	181,4	120,2	100,0
phosphatic fertilizers	320,0	110,8	291,7	61,8	133,8	211,5	151,6	95,0	108,1
enamels	181,2	115,4	126,0	112,4	110,9	263,6	117,2	102,8	103,6
varnishes and lacquers	130,2	123,3	114,0	102,3	119,4	282,4	121,0	102,7	101,2
synthetic detergents	203,5	108,6	125,0	117,2	104,6	243,4	113,1	114,3	114,5
laundry soap	189,5	108,0	114,3	102,4	119,4	278,2	116,1	107,9	108,9
toilet soap	182,4	121,4	115,6	104,2	122,0	247,8	111,0	105,8	111,8
synthetic fibres	292,4	105,3	104,0	109,0	122,1	345,7	100,3	114,1	106,1
synthetic filaments	306,0	105,3	107,2	103,5	121,0	326,6	99,8	103,6	106,1
Manufacture of rubber and plastics products									
tyres for trucks	247,9	113,3	110,9	100,9	137,8	338,0	104,6	102,5	100,1
tyres for agricultural machinery	287,5	114,3	108,4	101,3	143,6	350,2	101,1	100,2	100,3
tyres for passenger cars	156,9	104,2	108,7	109,1	128,7	325,3	110,6	100,0	100,1
film of polymers	219,2	108,5	111,8	105,6	184,8	307,1	98,7	120,7	98,5

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products									
building glass	350,2	100,0	113,3	105,3	163,1	156,6	132,8	81,5	101,6
ceramic tiles	289,2	108,2	102,9	111,4	105,9	176,4	120,5	106,3	100,4
building bricks	297,1	107,5	118,0	112,2	124,7	244,0	126,0	122,6	109,3
cement	323,9	109,5	173,6	94,6	125,0	292,7	107,7	101,7	97,6
building lime	330,3	106,2	127,2	127,1	130,7	335,6	103,3	101,9	104,7
exterior wall panels	280,9	107,7	128,7	103,1	118,7	224,7	152,9	116,5	105,4
hollow-core slabs	292,4	109,0	130,2	105,1	121,6	232,3	131,3	115,7	112,1
blocks for basements	310,4	108,4	138,7	106,4	119,8	215,7	136,9	113,8	105,0
wall blocks of cellular concrete	310,7	107,2	130,1	101,5	119,7	259,4	120,7	113,1	106,1
ready-mixed concrete	263,8	109,5	152,4	99,0	118,0	230,0	140,1	109,1	105,2
roofing slate	288,3	125,0	118,9	111,7	122,7	309,3	124,0	103,2	107,3
roofing materials	296,0	110,6	127,7	100,0	109,8	301,8	114,8	107,9	104,4
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products									
rolled metal	268,9	116,2	150,6	100,6	129,7	305,7	89,4	102,0	113,7
steel pipes	131,0	114,1	122,0	108,2	127,6	362,4	99,8	101,6	105,1
steel wire	238,6	108,5	142,5	100,0	119,5	285,4	105,1	98,7	102,2
construction metal structure	215,7	104,4	118,6	93,3	111,6	284,1	110,0	108,7	104,7
metal cord	256,1	110,5	105,1	100,0	110,0	300,4	105,0	100,0	105,3
Manufacture of machinery and equipment									
pumps for liquids; liquid elevators	262,1	109,0	111,0	132,7	88,8	291,7	127,2	121,5	123,0
vacuum and air pumps	192,3	105,7	120,5	108,1	114,3	352,8	110,6	100,4	104,1
compressors	...	103,8	109,1	117,8	106,9	308,6	105,1	102,5	108,9
ball and roller bearings	331,2	114,5	145,8	89,6	113,4	463,1	111,4	98,3	112,4
elevators	382,7	101,9	100,8	101,0	100,9	184,1	157,5	102,9	100,0
self-propelled front-end shovel loaders	156,9	124,0	103,0	109,7	110,9	229,2	124,1	111,3	109,0
tractors for agriculture and forestry	275,7	114,5	108,0	113,2	109,7	206,7	129,9	110,5	108,5
grain harvesters	252,5	107,5	111,0	111,4	111,6	187,4	150,4	107,3	105,6
seeding machines	207,4	110,1	105,2	107,1	110,6	172,6	144,8	119,0	105,8
ploughs	273,2	110,0	103,7	107,8	97,9	151,5	185,3	116,0	103,5
metal-cutting machines	251,3	116,5	117,1	109,2	111,7	238,3	131,4	110,1	109,2
wood-working machines	212,0	109,6	112,0	111,2	106,4	260,1	107,6	106,8	101,6
electric cookers	202,8	109,4	107,7	110,8	115,6	201,2	138,7	106,0	109,1
refrigerators and freezers	192,1	103,7	106,2	110,7	110,9	249,7	104,2	106,6	101,8
gas cookers	196,3	110,2	116,7	108,4	115,4	167,4	144,0	109,9	112,5

Continued

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Manufacture of electrical machinery, electronic and optical equipment									
cash machines	153,2	83,0	106,9	109,2	114,3	304,3	133,7	110,2	101,2
electric motors	216,3	106,5	107,4	105,1	123,5	305,6	106,8	105,6	104,9
power transformers	182,6	123,7	114,7	110,9	105,2	225,8	134,7	101,7	105,2
wires and cables insulated	182,8	107,7	102,2	131,5	125,1	315,7	98,9	102,4	104,2
incandescent lamps, arc discharge	355,7	100,7	106,0	106,2	104,4	268,2	111,1	107,0	119,3
color television sets	126,6	94,4	93,5	111,7	130,5	191,1	95,2	119,1	103,8
Manufacture of transport vehicles and equipment									
internal combustion engines for automobiles and motorcycles	214,8	110,7	116,2	104,4	109,6	287,2	112,9	106,1	107,6
trucks	274,2	103,0	106,1	104,3	107,4	243,6	110,0	100,9	106,0
dump trucks	327,8	110,1	110,8	132,3	109,1	295,6	108,2	99,1	106,2
trolley buses	278,1	107,3	105,2	103,6	106,3	139,6	238,1	136,5	113,9
buses	255,8	106,5	111,8	110,7	98,8	192,2	163,5	114,0	100,7
trailers and semitrailers	264,3	111,5	108,4	106,4	111,5	276,1	114,3	107,6	102,0
bicycles	240,2	115,8	117,9	119,5	112,9	372,0	90,8	110,7	107,8
motorcycles	241,0	112,4	128,4	110,9	100,6	276,5	107,1	107,9	111,2
Other manufacturing									
furniture	216,4	104,2	112,2	107,4	114,5	261,8	112,1	115,8	105,9
jewelry	141,2	101,8	126,1	143,3	126,8	322,2	122,5	124,9	99,5
games and toys	274,7	109,4	114,2	112,7	121,7	249,5	125,0	121,4	110,6
matches	311,1	111,6	108,1	123,1	120,9	249,9	146,8	109,6	122,0
Electricity, gas, steam and hot water supply									
electricity	377,3	115,2	119,5	125,8	134,9	246,5	104,4	116,0	117,3
heat energy	357,4	108,9	109,2	122,8	121,7	259,0	100,1	112,7	116,9

25.18. Freight tariff indices

(December to December of previous year; percent)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total transport	420,0	106,4	130,9	118,2	130,0	250,3	143,0	115,2	105,3
of which:									
railway	473,5	107,3	145,9	138,9	115,8	281,1	124,3	115,4	100,0
motor road	272,8	108,6	114,1	107,7	117,5	206,9	150,7	114,8	110,9
air	307,6	99,0	109,4	133,5	104,7	277,5	102,9	115,1	103,5
pipeline	...	100,0	100,4	70,0	180,1	199,3	175,9	114,7	104,6
inland water	377,4	108,7	104,8	105,6	107,9	190,0	100,0	133,0	120,7

25.19. Agricultural producer price indices¹⁾

(percent of previous year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Agriculture	279	115	135,5	103,8	117,6	185,4	191,2	112,9	120,7
Crop production	245	112	135,0	90,9	122,2	217,9	182,7	133,4	115,0
Grains	365	102	145,0	89,2	103,9	233,8	198,6	137,6	113,8
wheat	324	102	143,2	83,2	103,6	310,4	188,5	143,1	116,1
rye	397	101	146,1	91,7	99,3	137,5	180,0	143,6	124,1
buckwheat	307	101	144,3	103,1	145,1	347,0	137,7	109,1	104,3
barley	370	93	149,9	86,4	99,1	204,4	230,6	135,7	111,5
oat	347	104	152,6	96,3	95,7	153,1	239,0	147,4	117,6
Rape seeds	259	96	166,9	90,9	126,7	189,6	169,8	121,2	105,9
Sugar beet	196	100	118,7	100,8	133,8	317,6	200,8	129,8	103,7
Flax fibre	384	85	288,8	105,4	122,4	159,5	157,8	132,1	125,1
Potatoes	122	156	130,2	133,4	197,7	181,9	99,4	172,3	156,9
Vegetables, fresh or cooled	212	124	122,0	90,5	136,7	209,9	170,9	118,0	115,7
tomatoes	235	126	127,7	96,3	124,5	256,1	171,9	112,5	111,4
cucumbers	226	108	108,9	98,5	124,4	199,7	187,6	116,9	117,0
onions	99	111	113,2	74,0	233,1	151,2	101,4	143,9	144,5
cabbage	133	228	103,4	103,2	184,2	126,0	118,9	153,7	118,2
carrots, table	134	171	122,6	104,7	149,7	184,5	109,5	183,0	112,7
beet, table	137	177	137,4	108,6	146,4	160,6	123,0	170,9	115,0
Fruits and berries	106	145	112,5	93,7	116,5	230,0	151,8	99,7	119,2
Animal production	290	115	135,7	106,5	116,8	175,5	193,7	107,0	122,8
Cattle and poultry (live weight)	283	125	123,6	112,3	107,3	179,9	201,3	106,6	112,3
cattle, live	271	123	132,1	116,6	109,1	186,0	216,7	104,4	98,4
pigs, live	281	127	120,3	109,7	109,7	174,1	206,1	101,6	123,7
farm poultry, live	254	119	115,8	111,6	94,0	165,4	174,3	115,5	117,6
Cattle raw milk	346	105	155,5	96,4	134,3	174,7	186,7	107,3	135,1
Hen's eggs	260	109	123,1	110,6	111,1	167,3	179,7	119,6	120,7

¹⁾ For 2000, 2005-2010 – Price indices of agricultural products sold.

25.20. Average agricultural producer prices¹⁾

(BYR thousand per tonne)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Plant-growing									
Grains	91	174	350	313	325	708	1 575	1 973	1 993
wheat	113	230	446	371	384	718	1 344	2 089	2 095
rye	87	147	276	253	251	444	810	1 091	1 241
buckwheat	260	419	750	773	1 122	2 625	3 302	3 188	3 315
barley	82	166	349	302	299	659	1 697	1 918	2 096
oat	64	124	226	217	208	369	1 131	1 415	1 531
Rape seeds	171	369	687	625	792	2 097	3 089	3 457	3 509
Sugar beet	33	73	76	77	103	239	358	377	412
Flax fibre	394	579	1 233	1 300	1 591	1 939	3 264	4 098	5 187
Potatoes	57	206	311	415	821	974	1 043	1 920	2 493
Vegetables, fresh or cooled	188	886	1 573	1 423	1 946	4 192	6 408	7 399	8 112
tomatoes	467	1 801	2 809	2 704	3 366	6 058	9 841	10 807	12 307
cucumbers	325	1 510	2 447	2 409	2 996	5 160	9 241	10 704	12 055
onions	139	456	655	485	1 131	1 801	1 732	2 111	3 169
cabbage	59	348	478	493	909	1 231	1 543	2 285	2 680
carrots, table	72	285	466	488	731	1 457	1 524	2 500	2 592
beet, table	57	224	369	400	586	1 146	1 209	2 128	2 535
Fruits and berries	73	486	895	838	977	5 905	6 488	3 952	4 156
Animal husbandry									
Cattle and poultry (live weight)	521	2 360	3 502	3 932	4 219	7 219	15 363	15 694	16 613
cattle, live	363	1 861	3 148	3 671	4 007	8 556	19 031	19 726	19 072
pigs, live	688	3 012	4 058	4 454	4 885	8 288	17 187	17 213	21 197
farm poultry, live	718	2 512	3 341	3 728	3 503	5 858	10 296	11 710	13 024
Cattle raw milk	74	333	660	636	854	1 545	2 876	3 055	4 231
Hen's eggs, per 1 000 pieces	37	124	183	203	225	394	723	845	1 048

¹⁾ For 2000, 2005-2010 – average prices of agricultural products sold.

25.21. Price indices in construction

(percent of previous year)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Price indices in construction	283,8	116,6	115,7	111,4	110,3	151,1	177,2	124,2	114,3
of which:									
price index of building and assembly works	332,8	117,7	118,3	111,4	111,2	140,7	192,7	133,3	115,7
producer price index for equipment	262,0	114,0	108,9	107,5	108,5	170,9	166,2	110,8	109,9
price index of other works and costs	...	117,7	107,0	107,4	112,0	131,2	157,1	138,0	122,2

25.22. Tariff indices of communication services for legal and natural persons

(December to December of previous year; percent)

	Communication services	Of which			
		mail service	local telephone service	intercity and international telephone communication	wire broadcasting
For legal persons and sole proprietorships					
2000	165,5	168,4	207,7	154,0	174,7
2005	106,7	102,8	111,9	114,5	117,2
2008	103,0	102,7	108,7	100,1	110,8
2009	102,4	105,6	106,2	100,7	118,1
2010	101,8	103,5	100,9	100,2	117,6
2011	138,6	113,8	184,9	144,4	150,0
2012	131,2	116,6	119,0	141,1	120,0
2013	111,0	123,4	114,2	105,9	111,1
2014	119,3	106,4	190,9	118,0	150,0
For natural persons					
2000	186,9	233,7	211,7	159,6	175,2
2005	107,3	115,4	112,1	113,6	122,6
2008	103,4	108,8	110,3	100,1	110,2
2009	107,3	117,0	107,2	100,7	120,4
2010	101,2	110,9	106,7	100,7	123,1
2011	139,0	165,1	158,2	146,9	125,0
2012	138,5	167,9	120,0	150,9	120,0
2013	142,4	188,3	139,1	124,0	133,3
2014	122,9	147,3	205,8	120,2	150,0

26. EXTERNAL ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

The section contains data on external economic transactions of the Republic of Belarus, which are presented in systematized form in the balance of payments of the country. These transactions between residents and non-residents include transactions in goods, services, income, transfers as well as financial claims and liabilities.

Data of balance of payments provided in the section compiled by the National Bank of the Republic of Belarus in accordance with the methodology of the 6th issue of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (IMF, 2009).

Data on foreign trade in goods of the Republic of Belarus of which CIS and non-CIS countries are compiled by the National Statistical Committee on the basis of the information from the declarations on goods, statistical declarations, other customs documents, as well as state statistical reports on exports and imports of selected goods.

Summary statistical data on foreign trade also covers estimated data on the volumes of exports and imports of selected goods not included in the customs statistics, as well as data of the State Customs Committee of the Republic of Belarus on the quantity and stated customs value of the transport vehicles imported by natural person for personal use.

Foreign trade turnover in goods is defined as a sum of values of exports and imports of goods.

Exports of goods is the outflow of goods from the country that subtract from the stocks of its material resources.

Imports of goods is the inflow of goods in the Republic of Belarus which add to the stocks of its material resources.

Balance of foreign trade in goods is the difference between the values of exports and imports. Balance of foreign trade in goods is positive, when the value of exports exceeds the value of imports, otherwise it is negative.

Exports is geographically distributed by the country of destination of goods, and imports is distributed by the country of origin of goods. Imports record by the country of dispatch when the country of origin or country of dispatch is the member state of the Customs Union and of the Common economic space.

European Union (EU) member countries include: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom.

Unit value indices of exports and imports of goods characterising price-level changes on exported and imported goods in the reporting period compared with the reference.

Volume indices of exports and imports of goods – changes in the volume of exports and imports of goods provided that the rates in the reporting period have not changed compared with the reference.

For calculation of unit value indices and volume indices of exports and imports, there are formulas Laspeyres and Paasche, on the basis of which the indices are calculated according to the Fisher formula.

A service is an activity (actions) carried out for the service client based on the contractual arrangements between the service provider and the service client excluding activities performed under employment arrangements.

Exports of services means rendering services to non-residents, while **imports** means receiving services from non-residents.

More detailed information on foreign trade statistics is provided in the statistical book "Foreign Trade of the Republic of Belarus".

Balance of payments

26.1. Balance of payments of the Republic of Belarus

(data of the National Bank; USD million)

	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
I. Current account	458,6	-8 280,1	-5 052,5	-1 862,2	-7 567,3	-5 197,4
1. Goods and services	341,5	-7 500,1	-1 208,9	2 834,0	-2 340,9	-458,7
exports	17 536,2	29 301,7	46 537,1	51 886,0	44 046,1	43 299,9
imports	17 194,7	36 801,8	47 746,0	49 052,0	46 387,0	43 758,6
1.1. Goods	-859,7	-9 288,7	-3 466,8	565,4	-4 593,4	-2 635,4
exports (FOB prices)	15 194,0	24 506,1	40 927,6	45 574,3	36 540,1	35 423,3
imports (FOB prices)	16 053,7	33 794,8	44 394,4	45 008,9	41 133,5	38 058,7
1.2. Services	1 201,2	1 788,6	2 257,9	2 268,6	2 252,5	2 176,7
exports	2 342,2	4 795,6	5 609,5	6 311,7	7 506,0	7 876,6
imports	1 141,0	3 007,0	3 351,6	4 043,1	5 253,5	5 699,9
2. Primary income	-47,6	-1 096,6	-1 361,4	-1 473,2	-2 684,8	-2 414,2
credit	168,5	503,3	705,0	916,7	858,6	900,5
debit	216,1	1 599,9	2 066,4	2 389,9	3 543,4	3 314,7
3. Secondary income	164,7	316,6	-2 482,2	-3 223,0	-2 541,6	-2 324,5
credit	266,8	885,0	1 870,9	1 974,0	2 090,2	1 902,8
debit	102,1	568,4	4 353,1	5 197,0	4 631,8	4 227,3
II. Capital account	0,0	0,0	4,1	3,7	10,3	7,7
credit	0,0	0,0	4,6	6,6	11,7	10,0
debit	0,0	0,0	0,5	2,9	1,4	2,3
III. Financial account						
Net lending / net borrowing (-) (balance of financial account) ¹⁾	585,2	-7 575,0	-4 014,0	-961,2	-8 492,3	-5 670,7
3.1. Direct investment	-304,1	-1 342,8	-3 876,9	-1 308,1	-1 983,9	-1 788,6
Net acquisition of financial assets	2,5	50,6	125,5	155,5	262,2	73,4
Net incurrence of liabilities	306,6	1 393,4	4 002,4	1 463,6	2 246,1	1 862,0
3.2. Portfolio investment	41,5	-1 185,6	-854,1	191,0	59,1	19,6
Net acquisition of financial assets	2,9	59,4	10,8	-27,9	17,7	23,1
Net incurrence of liabilities	-38,6	1 245,0	864,9	-218,9	-41,4	3,5
3.3. Derivative financial instruments	0,2	0,0	594,6	-51,2	-0,8	29,6
Net acquisition of financial assets	-1,6	0,0	1,7	-51,0	-2,1	2,0
Net incurrence of liabilities	-1,8	0,0	-592,9	0,2	-1,3	-27,6
3.4. Other investment	308,4	-4 238,1	-2 668,2	126,1	-5 709,3	-2 521,0
Net acquisition of financial assets	492,2	1 178,2	2 672,9	-452,4	-332,0	-218,0
Net incurrence of liabilities	183,8	5 416,3	5 341,1	-578,5	5 377,3	2 303,0
3.5. Reserve assets	539,2	-808,5	2 790,6	81,0	-857,4	-1 410,3
IV. Statistical discrepancy and multilateral settlements	126,6	705,1	1 034,4	897,3	-935,3	-481,0

¹⁾ According to the 6th issue of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual, the increase in assets and liabilities is reflected with "+", and the attrition is reflected with "-" in financial account.

Foreign trade in goods
26.2. Main indicators of foreign trade in goods
(USD million)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Foreign trade turnover in goods of the Republic of Belarus	15 972	32 687	71 952	49 873	60 168	87 178	92 464	80 226	76 583
exports	7 326	15 979	32 571	21 304	25 284	41 419	46 060	37 203	36 081
imports	8 646	16 708	39 381	28 569	34 884	45 759	46 404	43 023	40 502
balance	-1 320	-729	-6 810	-7 265	-9 600	-4 340	-344	-5 820	-4 421
with CIS countries	10 469	18 202	40 317	27 540	34 172	48 470	53 834	48 224	45 295
exports	4 399	7 060	14 360	9 316	13 636	20 375	23 693	23 015	21 108
imports	6 070	11 142	25 957	18 224	20 536	28 095	30 141	25 209	24 187
balance	-1 671	-4 082	-11 597	-8 908	-6 900	-7 720	-6 448	-2 194	-3 079
with member states of the Customs Union and the Common economic space	9 380	16 049	34 596	23 833	28 906	40 250	44 786	40 694	38 337
exports	3 730	5 900	10 917	7 032	10 419	15 183	17 116	17 707	16 060
imports	5 650	10 149	23 679	16 801	18 487	25 067	27 670	22 987	22 277
balance	-1 920	-4 249	-12 762	-9 769	-8 068	-9 884	-10 554	-5 280	-6 217
of which with:									
Russia	9 315	15 834	34 059	23 444	28 035	39 439	43 860	39 742	37 371
exports	3 710	5 716	10 552	6 718	9 954	14 509	16 309	16 837	15 181
imports	5 605	10 118	23 507	16 726	18 081	24 930	27 551	22 905	22 190
balance	-1 895	-4 402	-12 955	-10 008	-8 127	-10 421	-11 242	-6 068	-7 009
Kazakhstan	65	215	537	389	871	811	926	952	966
exports	20	184	365	314	465	674	807	870	879
imports	45	31	172	75	406	137	119	82	87
balance	-25	153	193	239	59	537	688	788	792
with non-CIS countries	5 503	14 485	31 635	22 333	25 996	38 708	38 630	32 002	31 288
exports	2 927	8 919	18 211	11 988	11 648	21 044	22 367	14 188	14 973
imports	2 576	5 566	13 424	10 345	14 348	17 664	16 263	17 814	16 315
balance	351	3 353	4 787	1 643	-2 700	3 380	6 104	-3 626	-1 342
of which with EU member countries ¹⁾	3 938	10 736	22 711	15 847	15 150	24 382	26 809	20 970	20 117
exports	2 085	7 130	14 169	9 301	7 600	15 695	17 514	10 462	10 668
imports	1 853	3 606	8 542	6 546	7 550	8 687	9 295	10 508	9 449
balance	232	3 524	5 627	2 755	50	7 008	8 219	-46	1 219
Export-import coverage ratio, percent	84,7	95,6	82,7	74,6	72,5	90,5	99,3	86,5	89,1

¹⁾ From 2013 including Croatia.

26.3. Exports and imports of investment, intermediate and consumer goods in the Republic of Belarus

(USD million)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Investment goods								
exports	1 924,4	4 032,8	2 009,3	2 827,1	4 443,8	5 065,4	4 351,8	3 584,3
imports	1 631,5	4 183,5	2 826,5	3 463,0	3 967,0	5 074,1	5 352,8	4 921,4
balance	292,9	-150,7	-817,2	-635,9	476,8	-8,7	-1 001,0	-1 337,1
Intermediate goods								
exports	10 927,2	23 692,2	14 998,3	16 303,6	28 737,7	32 185,8	23 600,6	24 466,6
imports	12 015,4	28 902,1	20 826,9	25 433,5	34 412,6	34 664,8	29 576,3	25 942,1
balance	-1 088,2	-5 209,9	-5 829,6	-9 129,9	-5 674,9	-2 479,0	-5 975,7	-1 475,5
of which:								
energy								
exports	5 451,7	11 865,5	7 850,5	6 850,3	14 272,4	16 081,3	11 717,7	11 358,1
imports	5 462,7	13 865,4	11 220,6	11 981,7	18 615,4	17 755,6	12 446,9	11 721,5
balance	-11,0	-1 999,9	-3 370,1	-5 131,4	-4 343,0	-1 674,3	-729,2	-363,4
other intermediate goods								
exports	5 475,5	11 826,7	7 147,8	9 453,3	14 465,3	16 104,5	11 882,9	13 108,5
imports	6 552,7	15 036,7	9 606,3	13 451,8	15 797,2	16 909,2	17 129,4	14 220,6
balance	-1 077,2	-3 210,0	-2 458,5	-3 998,5	-1 331,9	-804,7	-5 246,5	-1 112,1
Consumer goods								
exports	3 043,7	4 587,8	4 049,7	5 547,9	7 844,2	8 335,5	8 756,5	7 431,7
imports	2 856,9	5 942,8	4 603,3	5 612,5	7 054,1	6 086,7	7 673,5	9 173,0
balance	186,8	-1 355,0	-553,6	-64,6	790,1	2 248,8	1 083,0	-1 741,3
of which:								
food products								
exports	1 282,3	2 186,8	2 214,7	3 185,1	3 758,3	4 453,9	5 165,9	4 523,6
imports	1 213,1	2 049,5	1 628,2	1 871,9	1 969,6	2 329,0	2 896,6	3 508,9
balance	69,2	137,3	586,5	1 313,2	1 788,7	2 124,9	2 269,3	1 014,7
non-food products								
exports	1 761,4	2 401,0	1 835,0	2 362,8	4 085,9	3 881,6	3 590,6	2 908,1
imports	1 643,8	3 893,3	2 975,1	3 740,6	5 084,5	3 757,7	4 776,9	5 664,1
balance	117,6	-1 492,3	-1 140,1	-1 377,8	-998,6	123,9	-1 186,3	-2 756,0

26.4. Share of investment, intermediate and consumer goods in total exports and imports of goods

(percent)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Investment goods								
exports	12,0	12,4	9,4	11,2	10,7	11,0	11,7	9,9
imports	9,8	10,6	9,9	9,9	8,7	10,9	12,4	12,2
Intermediate goods								
exports	68,4	72,7	70,4	64,5	69,4	69,9	63,4	67,8
imports	71,9	73,4	72,9	72,9	75,2	74,7	68,7	64,1
of which:								
energy								
exports	34,1	36,4	36,8	27,1	34,5	34,9	31,5	31,5
imports	32,7	35,2	39,3	34,3	40,7	38,3	28,9	28,9
other intermediate goods								
exports	34,3	36,3	33,6	37,4	34,9	35,0	31,9	36,3
imports	39,2	38,2	33,6	38,6	34,5	36,4	39,8	35,1
Consumer goods								
exports	19,0	14,1	19,0	21,9	18,9	18,1	23,5	20,6
imports	17,1	15,1	16,1	16,1	15,4	13,1	17,8	22,6
of which:								
food products								
exports	8,0	6,7	10,4	12,6	9,1	9,7	13,9	12,5
imports	7,3	5,2	5,7	5,4	4,3	5,0	6,7	8,7
non-food products								
exports	11,0	7,4	8,6	9,3	9,8	8,4	9,7	8,1
imports	9,8	9,9	10,4	10,7	11,1	8,1	11,1	14,0

26.5. Foreign trade in goods of the Republic of Belarus with selected countries

(USD million)

	Exports of goods					Imports of goods				
	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014
Total	7 326,4	15 979,3	25 283,5	37 203,1	36 080,5	8 646,2	16 708,1	34 884,4	43 022,7	40 502,4
Europe										
Austria	16,5	16,8	30,9	28,8	22,8	55,5	81,0	182,5	346,7	286,9
Belgium	33,0	78,7	103,8	194,9	162,3	46,9	118,4	260,7	366,0	313,3
Bulgaria	8,8	23,5	19,9	23,6	51,6	15,3	21,8	40,4	56,8	55,6
Croatia	13,8	20,7	39,0	17,0	4,9	4,1	8,9	25,8	14,9	14,5
Czech Republic	30,9	55,8	90,3	95,9	128,7	132,3	99,4	317,1	495,5	411,6
Denmark	19,5	66,6	27,7	9,2	8,4	55,4	53,9	94,5	128,0	136,4
Estonia	147,4	106,4	126,3	106,0	97,0	5,6	17,8	70,1	66,9	56,9
Finland	18,4	30,7	56,9	126,0	44,0	38,1	51,2	132,3	130,1	123,7
France	36,5	274,7	57,1	92,2	110,5	80,2	176,1	384,6	495,7	424,2
Germany	231,7	708,5	460,8	1 753,4	1 654,1	587,9	1 121,1	2 385,3	3 035,5	2 465,3
Hungary	61,7	134,6	68,4	66,0	83,2	42,6	80,1	150,7	162,9	150,5
Iceland	1,8	3,5	4,3	4,4	7,7	0,6	39,5	36,6	66,8	60,5
Italy	76,1	159,7	195,4	901,9	1 008,6	162,6	393,5	772,4	1 111,6	1 165,9
Latvia	467,3	322,6	929,5	526,7	501,5	29,7	90,6	95,8	147,4	150,3
Lithuania	348,8	351,8	450,5	1 072,6	1 038,5	69,0	134,6	247,8	466,4	365,4
Moldova, Republic of	38,4	102,2	165,2	265,1	260,9	33,6	72,3	83,9	91,8	149,6
Netherlands	130,3	2 408,3	2 845,6	3 330,4	1 708,9	79,5	161,3	316,3	443,4	482,6
Norway	21,0	38,8	123,4	169,1	145,4	22,3	43,7	93,4	177,6	188,9
Poland	276,8	847,3	885,8	781,8	843,9	223,8	578,9	1 079,8	1 581,5	1 535,0
Romania	25,7	61,5	82,1	84,4	92,5	4,4	9,9	45,7	53,5	43,2
Russia	3 710,1	5 715,8	9 953,6	16 837,5	15 181,0	5 604,7	10 118,2	18 080,6	22 904,9	22 190,2
Serbia	...	...	71,1	100,0	114,6	...	...	45,3	92,1	130,4
Slovakia	19,2	50,9	63,9	57,5	66,7	12,8	42,8	117,1	152,6	134,3
Slovenia	2,6	4,9	8,8	12,5	14,9	25,1	35,8	71,4	87,0	94,8
Spain	9,2	8,3	10,2	19,4	17,4	26,7	63,5	206,2	396,8	434,9
Sweden	13,1	262,6	77,6	49,9	51,8	35,1	89,0	175,4	195,6	125,1
Switzerland	2,2	4,1	145,3	9,9	12,4	37,1	122,6	184,4	262,0	502,3
Ukraine	559,7	907,8	2 560,1	4 195,8	4 063,7	340,6	893,9	1 879,3	2 053,5	1 688,9
United Kingdom	95,9	1 120,4	935,2	1 024,2	2 928,9	106,3	144,1	313,4	401,2	324,4
Asia										
Armenia	0,7	12,9	42,1	32,4	29,2	1,6	2,1	5,1	9,0	9,4
Azerbaijan	6,8	28,0	140,2	277,8	318,0	6,7	2,0	6,0	12,6	8,7
Bangladesh	7,5	9,6	49,8	115,4	59,6	0,4	0,8	8,0	17,9	24,7
China	136,2	430,9	475,8	460,7	640,3	47,4	284,1	1 684,1	2 829,4	2 373,2
Cyprus	6,8	16,8	65,1	22,6	3,0	1,8	5,4	22,7	22,5	14,5

Continued

	Exports of goods					Imports of goods				
	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014
Georgia	1,5	6,7	42,1	21,8	23,1	1,3	2,5	21,9	41,1	41,0
India	33,4	197,5	330,8	173,2	212,1	22,0	46,0	152,0	181,5	187,7
Indonesia	4,8	24,2	129,3	91,4	190,9	17,6	17,3	47,2	38,1	24,2
Iran, Islamic Republic of	24,5	35,8	97,2	46,2	96,9	1,4	2,8	7,6	9,6	9,8
Japan	6,1	4,5	3,6	21,5	12,5	40,6	58,2	184,8	213,3	232,2
Kazakhstan	19,6	183,5	464,8	870,4	879,4	44,9	31,1	405,8	82,4	87,4
Korea, Republic of	19,8	9,5	25,1	30,2	42,6	20,2	47,7	139,2	204,8	143,6
Kyrgyzstan	4,0	8,8	85,5	98,2	88,8	9,4	2,0	8,3	12,7	6,5
Malaysia	23,0	16,5	35,8	60,1	150,5	11,0	53,6	63,1	103,5	67,2
Mongolia	5,3	7,7	13,2	107,7	21,7	0,2	0,0	–	0,0	0,7
Pakistan	6,7	58,9	33,7	42,5	42,6	0,1	4,7	15,7	15,8	15,6
Taiwan (China)	35,6	25,8	27,7	66,7	64,9	29,3	36,2	99,5	116,0	118,7
Tajikistan	2,4	8,6	42,1	29,7	30,6	2,9	3,4	5,5	4,9	4,4
Thailand	9,0	2,0	42,3	54,3	74,6	6,1	15,4	50,4	119,0	85,1
Turkey	30,3	37,6	104,8	168,2	165,6	18,8	72,3	259,4	410,1	463,2
Turkmenistan	45,3	43,9	87,2	316,2	188,7	0,7	1,1	3,6	3,8	6,2
Uzbekistan	10,7	42,1	95,1	92,2	67,1	24,0	13,9	58,5	33,7	35,9
Viet Nam	23,4	40,0	105,5	145,4	108,5	8,0	2,5	40,4	49,6	60,8
Africa										
Cote d'Ivoire	1,6	6,2	32,8	20,6	15,8	2,6	4,2	32,3	17,5	25,7
Egypt	6,4	32,5	47,7	36,3	134,0	0,4	5,4	15,4	25,6	22,4
Ghana	0,0	0,4	16,0	11,3	1,8	9,0	10,8	35,5	23,1	25,2
Morocco	19,5	0,1	1,7	8,9	5,6	7,3	12,4	18,6	31,1	51,5
Nigeria	4,9	3,8	41,5	31,4	20,9	0,6	0,0	12,1	19,0	6,5
South Africa	2,5	2,7	16,6	27,6	40,6	1,6	3,4	8,3	14,6	17,4
Tunisia	0,1	0,7	28,8	17,9	3,8	0,0	0,2	1,3	2,7	3,6
America										
Argentina	0,1	3,4	23,0	1,0	4,8	15,4	23,2	193,4	221,4	152,7
Brazil	65,9	167,5	705,5	518,6	709,5	42,3	142,3	157,3	128,7	156,2
Canada	1,2	9,7	34,3	27,3	42,2	5,6	46,5	52,3	35,9	77,7
Colombia	4,2	0,8	45,7	12,0	1,7	0,2	2,5	17,7	8,2	8,6
Cuba	5,5	13,2	6,9	30,6	13,1	40,7	5,7	0,5	24,4	26,0
Ecuador	4,3	–	12,1	5,3	13,5	11,5	7,2	26,5	19,5	23,1
Mexico	3,5	7,6	30,3	13,9	3,1	2,6	6,0	17,0	29,7	53,7
United States	97,0	250,1	72,9	89,1	120,0	138,7	231,9	421,8	587,1	507,6
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of	1,9	15,6	302,4	83,0	99,7	0,2	0,0	1 152,3	0,3	0,0
Australia and Oceania										
Australia	2,2	5,7	2,8	12,0	2,2	3,2	3,6	4,3	8,5	7,6
New Zealand	0,2	0,1	13,3	13,5	15,9	0,1	2,5	15,1	3,5	5,8

26.6. Commodity structure of exports

	2000		2010		2013		2014	
	USD mln	percent of total	USD mln	percent of total	USD mln	percent of total	USD mln	percent of total
Total	7 326,4	100	25 283,5	100	37 203,1	100	36 080,5	100
of which:								
machinery, equipment and motor vehicles	1 847,9	25,2	4 804,6	19,0	7 146,5	19,2	5 472,4	15,2
mineral products	1 482,1	20,2	7 131,3	28,2	12 276,5	33,0	12 327,3	34,2
ferrous, non-ferrous metals and articles thereof	530,3	7,2	1 918,1	7,6	2 342,6	6,3	2 361,9	6,5
chemical products, rubber (including chemical fibres and filaments)	1 454,1	19,8	4 999,5	19,8	5 634,0	15,1	6 227,2	17,3
wood and pulp and paper articles	313,9	4,3	657,5	2,6	920,2	2,5	1 017,3	2,8
textiles and textile articles	468,9	6,4	785,7	3,1	990,3	2,7	913,7	2,5
leather raw materials, fur and articles thereof	47,8	0,7	79,7	0,3	125,2	0,3	80,8	0,2
food industry products and raw materials for their production	503,3	6,9	3 264,7	12,9	5 650,8	15,2	5 528,0	15,3
other	678,1	9,3	1 642,4	6,5	2 117,0	5,7	2 151,9	6,0

26.7. Commodity structure of imports

	2000		2010		2013		2014	
	USD mln	percent of total	USD mln	percent of total	USD mln	percent of total	USD mln	percent of total
Total	8 646,2	100	34 884,4	100	43 022,7	100	40 502,4	100
of which:								
machinery, equipment and motor vehicles	1 638,2	18,9	8 450,3	24,2	11 674,2	27,1	10 236,9	25,3
mineral products	2 650,4	30,6	12 345,7	35,4	12 956,9	30,1	12 146,9	30,0
ferrous, non-ferrous metals and articles thereof	965,8	11,2	3 897,4	11,2	4 554,7	10,6	3 703,9	9,1
chemical products, rubber (including chemical fibres and filaments)	1 302,5	15,1	4 621,9	13,3	5 915,1	13,7	5 737,5	14,2
wood and pulp and paper articles	271,7	3,1	746,6	2,1	917,9	2,1	887,3	2,2
textiles and textile articles	281,5	3,3	550,6	1,6	780,5	1,8	843,8	2,1
leather raw materials, fur and articles thereof	57,5	0,7	103,6	0,3	177,1	0,4	158,9	0,4
food industry products and raw materials for their production	1 115,9	12,9	2 855,9	8,2	4 114,2	9,6	4 788,7	11,8
other	362,7	4,2	1 312,4	3,7	1 932,1	4,6	1 998,5	4,9

26.8. Exports of major products

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Petroleum products, thous. t	7 783,1	15 162,1	15 542,4	11 202,9	15 742,8	17 493,4	13 563,7	13 761,8
CIS countries	1 969,9	1 584,5	2 080,5	2 421,4	3 343,3	4 870,8	4 565,0	5 539,8
Kazakhstan	–	7,4	1,1	0,0	0,6	13,3	69,9	144,7
Moldova, Republic of	89,3	168,3	205,7	134,4	132,3	135,7	124,4	147,0
Russia	251,9	17,0	7,7	35,2	73,1	355,5	1 388,7	1 802,1
Ukraine	1 628,6	1 389,7	1 864,6	2 202,8	3 020,1	4 358,4	2 979,9	3 443,9
non-CIS countries	5 813,2	13 577,6	13 461,9	8 781,5	12 399,4	12 622,6	8 998,8	8 222,0
Afghanistan	–	–	–	–	131,3	141,3	2,2	–
Cyprus	50,1	131,8	62,6	126,7	106,0	54,5	30,1	2,2
Czech Republic	1,2	0,9	0,9	2,1	26,9	61,7	0,6	21,9
Estonia	1 141,7	186,3	58,5	52,1	623,8	75,3	24,3	21,0
Germany	–	45,3	85,6	55,4	32,9	7,4	5,6	3,4
Hungary	202,7	83,3	57,6	4,6	11,3	20,1	8,7	7,5
Italy	12,2	239,1	283,3	182,2	653,6	913,0	1 389,5	1 554,1
Latvia	1 786,6	1 908,8	2 028,8	853,4	1 907,4	1 965,1	307,2	307,1
Lithuania	1 745,5	96,3	122,6	117,0	279,6	390,6	486,7	345,1
Netherlands	369,0	8 605,6	8 485,0	5 041,0	7 206,6	7 711,6	4 923,1	2 254,1
Poland	28,2	280,0	368,5	241,8	332,7	250,6	77,2	58,7
Romania	21,5	141,7	83,9	23,7	30,8	52,7	11,4	0,3
Slovakia	3,0	52,7	66,2	21,8	51,5	50,3	1,0	3,7
United Kingdom	356,2	1 761,6	1 672,6	1 562,2	473,0	509,2	1 317,1	3 464,4
Liquefied gas, thous. t	85,6	404,7	310,0	339,4	319,0	424,1	536,0	558,6
CIS countries	15,0	57,5	62,9	93,0	99,2	158,4	220,0	208,3
Russia	13,6	52,8	46,9	50,0	50,0	50,6	51,2	49,9
Ukraine	0,9	2,8	15,9	42,5	46,0	107,1	157,7	156,4
non-CIS countries	70,6	347,3	247,1	246,5	219,8	265,7	316,0	350,2
Hungary	–	–	–	3,1	6,5	7,0	8,1	18,4
Poland	68,5	317,6	237,7	224,0	202,7	205,6	208,3	243,1
Serbia	...	–	–	1,0	–	30,9	45,3	52,8
Nitrogenous fertilizers (in terms of 100% N content), thous. t	341,8	153,9	305,6	238,2	323,3	235,3	393,0	267,0
CIS countries	106,1	0,7	0,7	0,3	1,4	2,1	3,7	6,4
Russia	...	0,1	0,6	0,2	0,7	2,0	2,8	4,2

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
non-CIS countries	235,7	153,2	304,9	237,9	322,0	233,2	389,4	260,6
Argentina	...	15,3	4,6	23,0	58,6	8,5	–	4,2
Belgium	...	6,1	12,4	–	10,8	10,0	23,2	9,5
Brazil	...	45,8	159,4	71,5	87,1	28,5	79,3	19,7
Canada	...	–	–	33,7	8,1	32,5	34,1	46,8
France	–	13,3	11,6	–	–	49,5	62,4	76,7
Germany	...	23,2	35,2	16,0	6,6	9,2	31,9	39,3
Lithuania	...	6,0	5,0	7,4	6,8	13,7	25,8	12,8
Mexico	...	5,0	10,2	14,8	–	4,3	15,9	–
Poland	...	5,3	14,7	17,6	12,4	25,3	45,2	33,2
United Kingdom	–	3,4	3,1	–	–	5,7	20,5	7,2
Potash fertilizers (in terms of 100% K₂O content), thous. t	2 840,2	3 797,2	1 759,0	4 180,6	4 698,3	3 668,9	3 437,3	5 719,7
CIS countries	22,7	146,5	10,0	112,8	167,6	144,1	139,7	106,5
Russia	0,7	19,2	2,7	34,0	15,4	4,1	32,0	52,5
Ukraine	21,9	127,2	7,3	78,7	136,3	140,0	107,0	53,6
non-CIS countries	2 817,5	3 650,7	1 749,0	4 067,8	4 530,7	3 524,9	3 297,7	5 613,2
Bangladesh	49,4	–	30,2	85,7	169,6	78,6	191,9	128,4
Belgium	22,4	148,5	49,8	84,9	125,7	142,2	161,0	137,4
Brazil	402,5	1 016,5	462,8	1 164,8	1 461,9	988,5	740,1	1 362,0
China	632,6	534,8	–	413,3	490,0	284,5	434,0	1 137,4
Colombia	24,7	80,3	61,7	74,8	120,2	31,0	18,5	1,3
Croatia	94,0	87,4	6,0	75,3	56,6	56,8	25,9	9,7
India	234,6	433,5	590,9	596,7	434,4	325,7	242,4	408,3
Indonesia	33,2	89,2	38,4	235,7	214,2	101,8	153,1	451,4
Malaysia	155,2	92,0	56,0	49,9	84,2	173,4	111,5	382,0
Norway	121,2	204,7	116,2	217,1	208,6	230,9	214,0	224,0
Poland	335,4	228,4	64,4	234,7	236,2	212,7	184,0	109,7
Sri Lanka	6,6	69,9	12,4	31,4	59,0	45,5	43,1	55,1
Thailand	–	5,3	12,0	72,7	105,8	55,9	91,3	154,0
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of	11,1	99,4	75,3	97,1	73,0	97,1	13,2	33,0
Viet Nam	43,5	87,1	69,0	96,9	215,8	204,6	143,8	150,0
Polymers of ethylene, thous. t	80,7	87,8	92,4	82,1	81,4	115,0	104,8	112,9
CIS countries	69,6	73,9	73,4	74,2	76,0	106,6	92,9	106,2
Russia	63,3	37,0	30,8	44,7	55,8	90,6	74,4	86,3
Ukraine	6,0	33,8	40,3	27,0	17,9	14,3	16,0	18,2
non-CIS countries	11,1	13,9	19,0	7,9	5,4	8,4	11,9	6,7
Latvia	1,7	2,0	1,0	0,7	1,2	1,1	2,2	1,2
Lithuania	5,1	10,3	12,3	2,6	3,4	5,6	7,7	5,0

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Plastic packing, thous. t	23,0	40,7	47,8	60,0	61,0	71,1	78,6	73,4
CIS countries	21,4	38,2	45,8	56,9	58,4	68,6	77,4	72,1
Russia	19,7	32,4	34,9	47,4	49,0	59,9	69,8	65,9
Ukraine	1,1	2,7	7,3	5,8	5,7	5,3	4,2	2,4
non-CIS countries	1,6	2,5	2,0	3,1	2,6	2,5	1,2	1,3
Germany	0,1	0,1	0,7	1,4	1,3	1,5	0,3	0,1
Italy	0,3	0,5	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
Latvia	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3
Lithuania	0,0	0,2	0,3	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,3
Poland	0,1	0,7	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,4
Tyres, thous. units	2 007,0	3 455,7	3 808,0	3 716,1	3 715,2	4 265,6	4 307,1	3 816,1
CIS countries	1 820,6	3 357,9	3 694,5	3 384,4	3 482,7	3 974,4	4 172,7	3 663,1
Armenia	–	28,7	78,5	81,7	70,9	100,9	114,5	131,4
Kazakhstan	8,4	254,3	495,4	648,6	532,6	914,1	990,0	795,5
Kyrgyzstan	9,1	1,8	36,2	32,6	48,9	60,7	91,8	74,7
Russia	1 769,4	1 946,5	2 303,2	1 877,0	2 192,8	2 123,9	2 095,7	1 865,1
Ukraine	7,2	1 065,5	676,9	620,1	541,2	620,1	750,8	656,2
non-CIS countries	186,4	97,8	113,5	331,7	232,5	291,2	134,5	153,0
Brazil	–	5,0	6,2	146,9	74,7	92,8	4,5	0,4
Bulgaria	2,1	1,3	1,7	2,0	2,5	2,7	1,3	1,3
Cuba	55,4	0,3	10,8	6,3	30,1	87,6	34,6	9,2
Egypt	0,0	1,0	4,7	5,1	1,0	5,7	6,7	13,5
Estonia	2,9	0,5	1,9	0,2	–	2,8	9,6	24,2
Hungary	8,2	3,1	2,1	5,3	7,1	3,7	2,8	1,3
Indonesia	–	0,6	0,1	10,9	6,0	1,9	1,1	1,4
Lithuania	6,3	3,4	5,7	19,7	15,9	19,6	22,0	37,6
Pakistan	1,0	2,2	18,7	15,1	11,3	19,1	17,9	10,3
Poland	25,9	6,1	5,8	7,6	4,5	2,7	2,3	2,2
Romania	0,2	2,3	2,3	15,4	6,2	1,0	0,5	0,7
Sweden	19,4	49,3	17,5	21,7	19,9	10,3	1,7	2,6
Turkey	2,8	0,1	1,8	12,4	0,6	0,6	0,2	5,5
Viet Nam	1,0	0,4	2,1	7,2	3,9	2,7	4,4	10,8
Chemical fibres and filaments, thous. t	150,1	151,4	156,1	171,6	153,7	173,7	164,0	147,5
CIS countries	101,9	80,8	85,2	87,7	78,1	84,6	78,3	71,4
Russia	93,3	68,9	71,1	70,8	62,0	71,6	65,5	62,5
Ukraine	7,4	11,1	13,1	16,2	14,8	11,1	10,8	7,3

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
non-CIS countries	48,2	70,6	70,9	83,9	75,7	89,1	85,7	76,1
China	0,0	3,7	6,5	5,9	2,5	5,7	4,7	3,5
Czech Republic	2,3	2,2	2,7	3,3	2,4	2,8	2,5	2,2
Germany	7,9	8,2	5,9	9,5	6,6	5,8	6,0	5,0
India	0,2	1,3	0,8	3,2	3,4	4,3	3,8	4,2
Iran, Islamic Republic of	5,6	15,4	18,5	17,1	21,3	17,8	7,7	6,0
Italy	1,3	2,8	5,0	5,1	4,2	6,1	5,3	4,4
Lithuania	6,2	5,0	3,9	6,6	6,0	9,5	6,0	5,3
Netherlands	1,4	1,7	2,0	2,7	2,9	2,9	4,3	4,1
Pakistan	2,1	2,7	3,3	2,1	1,6	2,9	2,8	3,2
Poland	6,6	5,7	6,8	6,1	4,9	5,3	5,8	4,8
Serbia	...	1,6	1,3	2,3	2,2	2,0	2,2	2,5
Slovenia	0,1	0,3	0,6	1,6	1,9	3,8	4,3	5,3
Turkey	2,3	12,6	6,4	9,1	8,2	15,6	18,1	16,9
United States	0,0	2,6	2,7	2,6	2,7	1,0	0,5	0,1
Articles of cement, of concrete or of artificial stone, thous. t	400,7	1 395,4	801,6	1 155,1	1 470,5	1 997,3	2 253,9	2 426,6
CIS countries	321,4	1 344,8	772,9	1 134,9	1 446,9	1 959,4	2 232,8	2 394,9
Russia	316,7	1 277,1	736,3	1 110,2	1 412,9	1 890,3	2 159,6	2 369,8
Ukraine	3,7	50,4	33,3	23,5	29,0	64,1	69,1	18,5
non-CIS countries	79,3	50,6	28,7	20,2	23,7	37,9	21,1	31,7
Latvia	24,3	5,3	15,5	6,7	10,1	9,1	6,1	6,4
Lithuania	51,3	45,1	11,9	13,5	13,4	28,7	14,8	25,2
Semi-finished products of non-alloy steel, thous. t	295,0	635,6	584,4	645,7	573,9	681,0	368,0	541,6
CIS countries	102,6	33,0	20,2	100,3	51,4	29,1	0,9	2,1
Russia	88,2	0,7	18,1	28,3	28,1	15,0	0,8	2,1
Ukraine	14,4	32,3	2,1	72,0	23,3	14,1	0,1	–
non-CIS countries	192,4	602,6	564,2	545,4	522,6	651,9	367,1	539,5
Egypt	–	55,2	26,5	29,8	20,2	62,9	12,5	214,2
Germany	–	32,0	2,1	5,9	2,7	9,1	8,3	8,1
Italy	9,9	48,9	19,3	34,1	85,4	117,3	67,0	20,9
Jordan	–	10,2	15,8	30,5	43,1	70,7	20,7	25,3
Latvia	29,4	116,6	194,5	185,9	240,9	–	–	–
Poland	–	106,5	6,6	41,4	0,6	6,9	3,7	8,0
Romania	57,8	3,0	–	28,5	34,0	35,0	30,9	17,6
Syrian Arab Republic	–	16,2	40,3	53,4	5,1	9,9	–	42,4
Tunisia	–	10,2	35,1	30,4	10,1	55,6	35,7	6,4
Turkey	–	77,6	106,5	75,3	66,3	123,8	128,0	153,7
United Kingdom	–	15,1	15,1	–	–	–	20,2	–

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Other bars and rods of non-alloy steel, hot-rolled, thous. t	199,0	871,9	914,5	783,0	841,3	900,3	839,4	924,9
CIS countries	16,0	484,9	181,8	276,9	414,5	561,1	596,6	521,3
Russia	14,6	457,3	156,1	256,2	404,4	544,4	592,0	476,1
Ukraine	1,4	16,2	25,0	20,1	9,9	16,4	4,7	39,7
non-CIS countries	183,0	387,0	732,7	506,1	426,8	339,2	242,8	403,6
Estonia	–	2,4	0,2	1,2	0,2	4,2	14,3	11,6
Finland	–	29,6	9,2	14,3	20,2	30,0	29,5	41,0
Germany	25,4	26,1	30,1	13,6	22,1	18,3	14,7	37,9
Ghana	–	–	13,2	18,4	40,8	19,5	13,3	–
Iceland	–	17,6	1,4	1,4	3,5	0,8	7,7	13,5
Iraq	–	–	21,8	14,3	33,7	13,3	–	5,0
Jordan	–	–	8,1	26,6	18,3	9,6	5,2	–
Latvia	0,1	21,4	2,6	7,5	15,3	20,8	24,3	22,0
Lebanon	–	22,8	256,3	147,0	52,6	19,8	–	3,1
Lithuania	0,6	25,4	16,6	48,3	68,4	90,3	82,3	116,1
Norway	–	19,5	13,3	18,5	18,6	18,8	12,2	15,1
Poland	2,2	65,1	11,8	19,5	22,2	11,7	11,7	56,5
Sweden	–	12,6	12,1	16,6	15,8	23,7	5,2	3,2
Tunisia	–	–	63,8	30,8	8,2	5,1	–	–
United Kingdom	7,9	19,6	15,9	17,2	14,0	21,2	–	1,9
Stranded wire of iron, not electrically insulated (metal cord), thous. t	48,5	87,2	62,9	86,3	82,3	69,4	73,5	78,8
CIS countries	19,1	24,9	19,0	28,9	28,5	27,0	27,8	30,9
Russia	16,4	22,5	16,8	26,3	26,2	25,1	25,7	29,0
Ukraine	2,6	2,4	2,2	2,5	2,3	2,0	2,1	1,8
non-CIS countries	29,4	62,3	43,9	57,4	53,8	42,4	45,6	47,9
Austria	6,0	4,0	1,8	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3
Czech Republic	2,8	6,0	5,8	7,7	5,0	3,7	4,8	5,6
France	2,4	2,7	2,1	3,0	1,9	0,0	0,1	0,1
Germany	2,4	17,1	9,3	10,6	11,1	11,5	11,8	14,4
Italy	0,6	4,6	1,0	3,6	3,1	3,4	2,3	0,9
Mexico	1,0	1,9	1,6	0,9	3,3	2,9	1,2	1,2
Poland	2,8	7,1	6,0	9,1	6,8	4,3	3,8	3,6
Romania	–	3,9	5,2	8,7	6,8	3,1	6,6	7,5
Serbia	...	2,8	1,9	1,7	4,2	4,0	4,8	4,4
Slovakia	2,1	8,1	6,4	8,5	8,7	6,2	7,0	7,3
Slovenia	0,6	3,0	2,3	2,2	1,7	1,6	0,6	1,1

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Refrigerators, freezers and other refrigerating equipment, thous. units	610,7	946,4	816,3	989,5	941,7	1 016,8	967,2	933,3
CIS countries	437,6	921,0	784,0	955,5	911,8	992,1	939,1	907,5
Kazakhstan	6,5	15,0	19,6	37,5	48,1	53,6	57,6	37,8
Kyrgyzstan	1,3	1,7	3,4	4,8	9,9	10,4	11,4	6,7
Moldova, Republic of	4,3	5,6	5,9	7,6	8,0	7,5	6,4	6,1
Russia	350,7	729,9	580,4	633,7	606,9	687,7	641,3	756,3
Ukraine	60,8	156,0	160,8	248,9	211,0	203,9	182,9	81,3
Uzbekistan	3,9	5,0	6,2	12,0	14,5	12,4	17,2	8,0
non-CIS countries	173,1	25,4	32,3	34,0	29,9	24,7	28,1	25,8
Estonia	7,0	3,6	2,5	3,0	2,8	2,6	2,8	2,6
France	60,5	1,0	2,2	1,7	1,7	1,7	2,6	0,1
Germany	44,9	0,8	3,2	5,4	3,0	1,0	3,4	0,8
Hungary	1,9	0,1	3,6	1,7	1,7	0,6	0,2	0,9
Lithuania	6,5	3,7	5,2	5,8	6,1	7,0	6,9	3,8
Poland	1,6	1,3	0,5	1,2	0,5	1,8	4,2	9,5
Serbia	...	–	3,1	4,2	4,4	6,3	4,6	5,5
Harvesting or threshing machinery, units	6 039	17 051	15 222	11 947	17 145	18 422	18 946	15 759
CIS countries	5 763	16 886	14 830	11 403	16 140	17 528	17 733	15 216
Kazakhstan	–	503	463	715	657	2 109	2 849	2 344
Russia	5 644	14 777	13 653	9 878	13 955	14 844	14 019	12 378
Ukraine	119	1 301	392	427	1 419	313	270	184
non-CIS countries	276	165	392	544	1 005	894	1 213	543
Argentina	7	2	4	12	20	–	4	6
China	1	5	1	184	572	538	893	305
Finland	11	50	–	49	54	72	72	48
Latvia	206	31	1	2	16	12	10	11
Lithuania	21	52	21	29	98	30	33	66
Mongolia	–	–	–	37	47	94	35	9
Poland	5	1	1	46	43	50	50	12
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of	–	1	318	147	92	16	5	–
Insulated wire, cable, thous. t	14,9	33,2	24,9	33,3	40,3	42,8	44,0	48,0
CIS countries	14,7	29,3	21,2	27,9	36,1	39,3	39,6	42,6
Kazakhstan	0,0	0,3	0,4	0,8	1,5	1,9	2,4	3,1
Russia	13,6	28,2	19,6	26,1	33,3	35,6	35,6	37,0
Ukraine	0,7	0,3	0,2	0,4	0,6	0,7	0,9	0,4

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
non-CIS countries	0,2	3,9	3,7	5,4	4,2	3,5	4,4	5,3
Czech Republic	0,1	0,6	0,4	0,7	0,5	0,4	1,2	1,3
Lithuania	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,2	0,6	0,7	1,4
Poland	0,0	3,1	3,1	3,8	3,0	2,2	1,6	1,2
Tractors and truck-tractors, units	21 735	62 645	41 272	43 856	64 083	66 509	54 505	46 097
CIS countries	16 413	47 210	20 594	31 898	48 883	51 522	44 445	34 654
Azerbaijan	8	634	634	763	770	466	1 155	1 138
Kazakhstan	356	1 541	1 110	1 302	2 440	2 914	3 434	4 032
Russia	12 657	33 008	13 176	20 951	35 948	38 298	31 184	24 267
Turkmenistan	2 040	77	1 554	109	645	2 397	500	558
Ukraine	1 274	9 629	2 957	7 478	7 581	5 271	5 763	2 600
non-CIS countries	5 322	15 435	20 678	11 958	15 200	14 987	10 060	11 443
Afghanistan	2	392	536	632	319	158	54	216
Bulgaria	52	339	128	164	167	107	35	54
Egypt	329	3 063	2 208	883	1 066	1 646	589	1 480
Germany	531	431	232	198	322	261	318	219
Hungary	330	1 060	483	254	973	901	1 323	1 196
Latvia	684	399	124	408	453	352	275	58
Lithuania	481	1 890	834	1 247	1 531	1 204	1 124	823
Pakistan	–	3 576	11 667	2 384	3 273	4 101	2 967	2 889
Poland	4	781	272	1 181	1 552	377	369	189
Romania	–	412	211	389	631	451	449	518
Serbia	...	670	351	718	1 067	627	621	341
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of	–	165	1 680	1 767	598	2 265	5	1 406
Viet Nam	39	643	407	273	564	315	183	57
Trucks, units	10 011	11 536	2 976	6 871	11 786	15 158	10 933	8 787
CIS countries	9 434	10 847	2 449	6 386	11 439	14 757	10 708	8 559
Kazakhstan	23	178	87	221	177	267	397	799
Russia	8 852	8 060	1 884	5 281	9 009	12 560	8 605	6 222
Turkmenistan	279	93	18	348	1 467	1 059	1 031	1 060
Ukraine	241	2 043	224	401	685	702	599	212
non-CIS countries	577	689	527	485	347	401	225	228
Afghanistan	2	3	69	26	11	15	10	–
Angola	–	188	–	6	–	–	–	73
Bosnia and Herzegovina	–	8	2	8	2	–	11	13
China	33	79	72	29	11	17	6	–

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Equatorial Guinea	–	–	–	–	–	–	58	3
Iran, Islamic Republic of	–	44	11	52	48	71	8	16
Korea, Democratic People's Republic of	192	15	16	16	6	12	5	–
Latvia	109	17	2	1	2	1	7	5
Lithuania	46	6	19	40	3	7	15	2
Mongolia	5	10	7	13	32	31	17	12
Poland	23	23	7	10	7	7	17	21
Serbia	...	1	–	28	16	2	2	10
South Africa	–	–	–	5	6	4	17	18
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of	–	104	201	136	122	107	13	–
Parts and accessories for motor vehicles and tractors, thous. t	43,8	62,1	45,9	68,1	71,0	67,6	61,4	61,4
CIS countries	35,9	51,6	34,1	52,1	56,8	52,4	49,8	47,1
Azerbaijan	0,0	0,8	0,6	8,8	5,1	1,7	3,0	3,5
Kazakhstan	0,1	1,1	0,8	1,3	1,4	1,3	1,2	1,2
Russia	34,2	44,1	29,0	37,1	44,4	43,6	39,9	38,1
Ukraine	1,3	4,9	3,0	4,0	4,8	4,3	4,2	2,4
non-CIS countries	7,9	10,5	11,8	16,0	14,2	15,3	11,5	14,3
China	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,6	0,3	0,1	0,0
Czech Republic	0,8	1,2	1,8	1,8	1,9	1,9	1,0	1,4
Egypt	0,4	1,4	0,9	0,5	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,6
France	0,0	0,9	2,2	2,9	3,3	3,1	2,3	2,7
Germany	1,2	1,4	0,8	0,8	0,7	0,8	1,4	1,2
Hungary	0,9	0,6	0,4	0,6	0,9	0,5	0,5	0,7
Lithuania	0,6	1,6	0,5	0,7	1,1	1,0	1,0	0,8
Poland	2,1	0,6	0,3	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,4
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of	–	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,4	4,5	2,5	3,6
Viet Nam	0,1	0,1	1,9	4,5	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,8
Furniture (including medical), USD mln	130,5	467,1	271,5	321,3	393,2	451,2	500,2	505,8
CIS countries	103,6	401,1	217,9	270,1	345,2	405,3	455,1	447,3
Kazakhstan	1,4	19,5	18,8	28,6	39,0	47,2	57,1	51,8
Russia	99,8	363,1	191,6	234,1	297,6	350,2	386,4	388,3

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
non-CIS countries	26,9	66,0	53,6	51,2	48,0	45,8	45,1	58,5
Austria	1,2	4,0	3,4	1,9	2,1	2,0	1,7	2,0
Belgium	0,4	2,6	2,1	1,9	1,3	1,1	1,3	1,4
France	5,7	17,3	16,0	14,9	11,3	8,6	6,2	6,8
Germany	12,4	16,8	16,3	19,7	20,3	19,7	18,9	21,0
Lithuania	0,1	2,6	1,6	1,8	2,5	2,4	2,4	3,7
Poland	0,3	3,6	4,1	4,4	3,6	4,6	4,9	6,0
Slovakia	0,0	0,2	0,5	1,5	1,8	1,9	1,2	1,2
Meat and meat by-products, thous. t	28,6	99,8	149,5	204,9	229,7	280,1	307,8	255,4
CIS countries	28,4	99,6	149,3	204,2	229,5	280,0	307,7	255,3
Kazakhstan	–	–	–	0,1	3,0	8,2	11,4	4,2
Russia	28,4	99,3	149,3	204,1	226,5	271,8	296,2	250,8
non-CIS countries	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,7	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1
Milk and dairy products, thous. t	87,0	430,0	525,4	604,3	645,0	862,5	926,4	961,1
CIS countries	65,9	423,2	495,8	592,6	634,0	851,3	917,3	956,9
Kazakhstan	0,1	19,0	23,6	24,8	31,1	30,9	25,6	22,9
Russia	65,3	396,5	436,0	555,4	588,8	802,1	866,3	922,6
Ukraine	0,0	2,8	25,0	6,4	9,0	12,1	19,1	6,1
non-CIS countries	21,1	6,8	29,6	11,7	11,0	11,2	9,1	4,2
China	–	–	0,1	–	0,4	2,1	3,3	1,7
Georgia	–	0,8	2,8	0,8	0,5	0,3	0,5	0,4
Lithuania	6,5	0,1	2,1	0,2	–	0,6	0,4	0,2
Poland	12,9	0,2	1,1	–	–	–	–	–
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of	–	2,4	7,0	10,0	9,4	6,8	4,1	1,0
Sausages and similar products of meat, thous. t	5,4	30,6	23,1	26,2	32,5	70,5	69,7	48,3
CIS countries	5,4	30,6	23,1	26,2	32,5	70,5	69,7	48,3
Russia	5,4	18,9	22,8	25,8	29,9	69,0	68,2	47,2
Ukraine	0,0	11,5	0,2	0,4	2,5	0,7	0,1	0,0
Sugar, thous. t	256,3	323,5	439,8	493,4	396,2	451,2	516,1	400,3
CIS countries	256,3	323,1	430,0	465,4	388,0	439,2	511,4	397,2
Kazakhstan	–	41,6	56,2	62,4	52,9	59,0	46,0	59,7
Kyrgyzstan	0,5	34,5	52,2	41,7	58,4	43,0	27,3	18,0
Moldova, Republic of	–	12,1	11,0	1,0	18,4	17,9	33,9	2,5
Russia	195,7	100,0	160,2	189,5	192,9	243,6	373,6	307,9
Ukraine	59,6	56,1	77,8	95,7	37,5	0,3	0,7	0,1
Uzbekistan	–	39,6	43,0	35,4	3,5	48,6	25,2	4,1
non-CIS countries	–	0,4	9,8	28,0	8,2	12,1	4,7	3,0
Georgia	–	–	7,4	20,5	7,3	6,2	1,5	1,6
Latvia	–	–	0,4	0,0	0,3	1,0	1,0	0,6
Poland	–	–	0,3	–	–	0,5	1,2	0,5

26.9. Imports of major products

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Crude petroleum, mln t	11,9	21,5	21,5	14,7	20,4	21,6	21,1	22,5
CIS countries	11,9	21,5	21,5	13,0	19,1	21,3	21,1	22,5
Russia	11,9	21,5	21,5	13,0	18,1	21,3	21,1	22,5
non-CIS countries	–	–	–	1,8	1,3	0,3	–	–
Petroleum products, thous. t	1 075,4	2 516,8	3 795,7	1 577,7	5 731,8	8 474,2	124,9	420,5
CIS countries	1 062,1	2 492,7	3 777,7	1 555,2	5 711,6	8 442,5	94,2	391,4
Kazakhstan	–	–	–	651,2	54,7	1,6	2,0	7,9
Russia	1 062,0	2 491,1	3 776,0	898,7	5 648,5	8 433,4	86,3	378,8
non-CIS countries	13,3	24,1	18,0	22,4	20,2	31,8	30,7	29,0
Natural gas, bn m³	17,1	21,1	17,6	21,6	20,0	20,3	20,3	20,1
CIS countries	17,1	21,1	17,6	21,6	20,0	20,3	20,3	20,1
Russia	17,1	21,1	17,6	21,6	20,0	20,3	20,3	20,1
Electrical energy, mln kWh	7 220,0	2 397,0	4 478,0	2 970,9	5 735,5	7 898,9	6 715,7	3 826,0
CIS countries	6 503,2	2 169,1	4 121,6	2 970,9	5 735,5	7 749,4	6 600,5	3 826,0
Russia	6 498,4	2 168,4	2 908,0	30,3	3 173,2	3 698,1	3 596,7	1 425,0
Ukraine	4,8	0,7	1 213,6	2 940,6	2 562,3	4 051,3	3 003,7	2 401,0
non-CIS countries	716,8	227,9	356,4	–	–	149,5	115,2	–
Ferrous metals, thous. t	2 175,5	3 402,7	2 712,6	3 537,7	3 513,1	3 436,6	3 469,6	3 061,4
CIS countries	2 143,4	3 278,3	2 630,2	3 405,5	3 351,5	3 282,9	3 325,7	2 963,9
Russia	1 967,6	2 735,2	2 238,5	2 854,3	2 887,7	2 803,5	2 845,4	2 600,5
Ukraine	172,7	445,6	325,6	489,2	429,4	434,4	457,5	357,9
non-CIS countries	32,1	124,4	82,4	132,2	161,6	153,7	143,9	97,5
China	0,1	15,6	9,7	24,5	36,0	27,7	27,9	10,5
Germany	10,4	64,9	24,8	15,3	33,7	17,0	15,1	12,7
Latvia	1,1	0,1	1,9	0,3	3,2	14,4	1,0	0,5
Poland	1,3	9,6	18,0	23,4	14,0	12,4	15,8	12,3
Sweden	0,1	1,3	2,0	5,4	5,6	5,3	9,4	3,6
Tubes of ferrous metals, thous. t	165,9	312,2	244,8	330,9	277,3	316,7	320,6	278,3
CIS countries	162,2	303,8	237,5	320,0	266,5	305,0	306,4	269,5
Russia	127,5	204,7	167,7	218,9	184,5	232,8	248,2	257,1
non-CIS countries	3,7	8,4	7,3	10,9	10,8	11,7	14,2	8,8
Insulated wire, cable, thous. t	15,6	32,5	27,6	33,9	29,7	39,3	34,1	32,8
CIS countries	14,3	27,8	22,9	28,7	23,6	33,7	28,6	28,4
Russia	12,9	26,8	21,8	27,4	23,0	33,2	28,1	28,2
non-CIS countries	1,3	4,7	4,7	5,2	6,1	5,5	5,5	4,4

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Internal combustion engines, thous. units	40,8	65,2	50,6	75,8	115,7	159,8	181,3	159,1
CIS countries	36,0	28,3	11,6	17,0	22,0	26,2	20,0	19,4
Russia	35,9	28,2	11,6	16,9	22,0	26,1	20,0	19,4
non-CIS countries	4,8	36,9	39,1	58,8	93,7	133,6	161,3	139,7
China	0,0	4,0	3,1	12,4	30,8	45,8	64,6	52,7
Germany	2,1	11,8	15,5	19,1	22,2	28,7	29,7	26,1
Machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, thous. units	48,0	7,9	6,4	9,2	7,6	108,9	56,4	71,2
CIS countries	4,2	2,8	2,5	5,2	3,8	17,5	16,4	33,0
Russia	3,8	2,7	2,4	5,1	3,7	17,4	14,2	30,4
non-CIS countries	43,8	5,1	3,9	4,0	3,8	91,4	40,0	38,2
Austria	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	40,5	0,1	0,1
China	0,0	1,3	0,2	0,7	0,9	3,3	4,8	9,3
Germany	5,9	0,8	0,6	0,5	0,9	7,8	9,6	10,2
Italy	0,7	1,0	0,7	0,4	0,3	10,3	10,3	7,7
Lithuania	35,7	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,1
Poland	0,7	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,1	3,5	4,9	3,6
Communication apparatus and parts therefor, thous. units	257,8	2 158,5	2 211,2	3 967,0	3 189,9	3 978,0	4 713,7	5 105,1
CIS countries	183,7	564,8	560,2	562,2	280,9	1 420,9	1 789,8	1 864,1
Russia	183,1	563,9	559,8	562,0	280,9	1 420,8	1 788,9	1 861,3
non-CIS countries	74,1	1 593,7	1 651,0	3 404,8	2 909,0	2 557,1	2 923,9	3 241,0
China	1,1	1 008,2	1 259,1	2 618,4	2 262,0	2 248,9	1 958,7	2 968,3
Germany	29,4	47,0	14,3	20,9	21,4	35,1	51,8	34,1
Automatic data processing machines, thous. units	1 001,6	1 892,5	1 332,0	1 857,4	1 389,7	2 384,4	5 627,5	6 130,7
CIS countries	770,8	4,7	4,1	4,5	21,0	363,9	479,7	485,3
Russia	770,6	4,6	4,0	4,4	20,9	363,8	479,7	483,3
non-CIS countries	230,9	1 887,9	1 327,8	1 852,9	1 368,8	2 020,5	5 147,8	5 645,4
China	74,4	1 553,4	1 136,4	1 631,7	1 236,7	1 761,6	3 002,6	3 665,4
Malaysia	14,4	115,6	39,5	18,8	6,3	29,6	471,5	420,3
Passenger cars, thous. units	57,7	199,9	163,4	201,8	284,1	83,7	102,5	159,6
CIS countries	3,6	5,7	2,1	3,8	4,5	9,8	17,4	111,2
non-CIS countries	54,1	194,2	161,4	198,0	279,6	73,9	85,1	48,4
Trucks, units	2 709	14 531	9 729	6 040	5 372	14 510	34 340	6 589
CIS countries	1 444	4 413	1 522	3 036	1 702	3 411	3 008	3 174
Russia	1 443	4 412	1 512	2 905	1 621	3 119	2 689	2 920
non-CIS countries	1 265	10 118	8 207	3 004	3 670	11 099	31 332	3 415
Germany	936	5 233	3 940	400	1 220	4 972	13 122	783
Italy	34	1 838	1 086	249	546	1 570	3 540	309

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Parts and accessories of motor vehicles and tractors, thous. t	36,9	74,4	50,0	61,1	73,8	87,1	87,4	75,0
CIS countries	32,1	35,8	23,1	27,3	26,6	26,9	25,9	20,8
Russia	28,0	24,9	17,8	19,4	19,3	18,5	16,1	14,1
non-CIS countries	4,7	38,6	26,9	33,7	47,2	60,2	61,5	54,2
China	0,0	6,9	4,8	7,2	13,6	17,7	19,5	17,8
Germany	1,2	9,6	7,2	7,9	10,3	11,8	11,2	10,6
Medicaments put up in measured doses or in forms for retail sale, tonnes	7 650	8 564	7 997	7 387	6 402	6 721	7 766	8 134
CIS countries	4 841	3 031	2 329	2 542	2 299	2 506	2 820	2 904
Russia	3 888	851	752	853	971	1 193	1 431	1 742
Ukraine	834	1 950	1 447	1 582	1 221	1 229	1 304	1 095
non-CIS countries	2 809	5 533	5 668	4 845	4 102	4 215	4 946	5 230
Bulgaria	369	374	303	311	308	264	409	508
France	134	284	359	326	338	289	383	390
Germany	543	1 287	814	800	603	623	800	814
India	262	590	498	597	481	524	452	407
Italy	25	143	135	120	156	135	156	206
Poland	162	408	474	432	411	458	504	565
Vegetable oils, thous. t	88,3	107,6	115,2	123,2	108,1	114,9	117,2	130,9
CIS countries	64,1	92,9	104,5	116,2	103,8	110,9	113,6	126,0
Russia	35,4	51,9	43,7	29,3	31,4	54,1	54,8	67,6
Ukraine	27,5	38,4	58,2	85,8	72,1	56,3	58,6	58,3
non-CIS countries	24,2	14,7	10,7	7,0	4,4	4,0	3,6	4,9
Grain crops, thous. t	2 058,3	494,1	204,2	115,1	131,4	415,8	185,4	184,9
CIS countries	833,7	408,8	164,9	87,1	98,6	347,0	123,7	145,5
Kazakhstan	242,0	63,7	3,1	1,0	5,7	48,2	17,9	–
Russia	318,1	100,3	23,1	17,2	20,6	186,8	15,4	21,3
Ukraine	247,2	241,9	135,7	65,6	68,9	108,9	89,0	122,2
non-CIS countries	1 224,6	85,3	39,3	28,0	32,8	68,8	61,7	39,4
Czech Republic	461,8	–	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,2	0,2
Denmark	178,4	–	–	–	–	34,9	14,4	1,8
France	10,2	2,0	1,0	0,9	0,8	1,8	2,2	1,1
Germany	259,3	1,8	0,4	0,6	0,8	0,8	0,7	0,6
Lithuania	112,7	52,6	14,0	0,0	10,3	0,6	16,1	4,0
Pakistan	0,1	15,0	6,4	16,9	9,3	7,6	7,8	10,5
Viet Nam	10,9	1,0	12,7	5,3	6,4	2,0	10,9	5,8

26.10. The unit value indices and volume indices of exports of goods of the Republic of Belarus

(percent of previous year)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total								
unit value index	117,4	132,2	73,8	115,4	123,2	100,2	97,8	93,4
volume index	98,8	101,5	88,6	102,8	133,0	111,0	82,6	103,8
CIS countries								
unit value index	102,3	118,0	81,7	115,4	116,9	99,3	100,1	93,9
volume index	94,3	108,5	79,6	126,9	127,8	117,1	97,0	97,7
of which Russia								
unit value index	98,8	116,1	84,7	113,0	114,3	97,6	101,8	93,4
volume index	89,2	102,3	75,2	131,1	127,5	115,2	101,4	96,5
other CIS countries								
unit value index	117,3	124,8	74,1	120,7	123,8	103,3	95,7	95,3
volume index	137,6	130,3	92,9	117,4	128,7	121,9	87,4	100,7
non-CIS countries								
unit value index	129,5	145,7	67,9	115,0	130,5	101,1	95,1	92,7
volume index	106,7	95,7	96,8	84,5	138,4	105,1	66,7	113,8

26.11. Exports unit values of major products

(USD per tonne)

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Petroleum products	175	700	451	595	809	829	749	716
CIS countries	228	850	522	693	931	950	852	802
non-CIS countries	157	682	440	569	776	782	696	658
Nitrogenous fertilizers (in terms of 100% N content)	195	1 159	457	576	940	833	663	669
CIS countries	156	1 120	516	1 356	1 837	2 202	1 725	979
non-CIS countries	213	1 160	456	575	936	820	653	661
Potassium fertilizers (in terms of 100% K ₂ O content)	144	886	771	532	713	726	597	467
CIS countries	117	978	738	495	721	700	597	468
non-CIS countries	145	882	771	533	713	727	597	467
Polymers of ethylene	824	1 490	975	1 487	1 654	1 597	1 514	1 575
CIS countries	834	1 508	987	1 511	1 651	1 608	1 521	1 581
non-CIS countries	759	1 391	930	1 261	1 703	1 460	1 461	1 474
Tyres, per unit	57	150	91	125	171	165	142	102
CIS countries	52	96	80	111	138	139	129	95
non-CIS countries	101	2 023	457	266	655	530	540	268
Chemical fibres and filaments	1 691	2 203	1 826	2 311	2 834	2 315	2 257	2 237
CIS countries	1 689	2 005	1 656	2 111	2 696	2 361	2 284	2 157
non-CIS countries	1 690	2 430	2 030	2 521	2 976	2 272	2 233	2 311

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Ferrous metals	190	775	399	545	693	620	586	544
CIS countries	284	846	450	594	697	657	584	529
non-CIS countries	167	737	389	526	690	597	587	552
Steel pipes	328	985	711	783	863	871	907	888
CIS countries	370	1 050	633	697	762	834	987	1 001
non-CIS countries	299	940	742	833	920	903	865	844
Insulated wire, cable	2 005	6 575	5 512	5 799	6 276	5 775	5 137	4 609
CIS countries	1 995	5 499	4 153	4 839	5 433	5 181	4 535	4 420
non-CIS countries	2 647	14 654	13 282	10 802	13 548	12 413	10 616	6 123
Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atoms	1 374	2 196	1 521	2 429	3 158	2 439	2 249	2 137
CIS countries	1 205	2 401	1 917	2 861	6 650	2 913	5 069	9 776
non-CIS countries	1 388	2 195	1 520	2 428	3 147	2 419	2 232	2 088
Fibreboard, per thous. m ²	439	1 151	761	866	1 124	989	1 028	1 632
CIS countries	468	1 147	772	902	1 143	1 008	1 054	1 544
non-CIS countries	422	1 183	707	753	965	832	821	2 413
Refrigerators, freezers and other refrigerating equipment, per unit	230	376	291	288	303	287	281	252
CIS countries	268	379	294	291	305	289	283	252
non-CIS countries	135	279	234	218	236	220	217	232
Agricultural machinery, per unit	1 181	8 226	10 491	12 994	13 116	12 723	14 273	10 360
CIS countries	1 199	8 571	11 386	13 699	13 308	13 040	14 372	10 695
non-CIS countries	650	2 373	4 647	7 626	11 196	8 693	12 879	6 265
Tractors and truck-tractors, per unit	13 902	22 839	15 209	18 027	21 685	21 612	19 747	18 437
CIS countries	14 924	25 074	16 874	18 119	22 905	22 724	20 365	19 085
non-CIS countries	10 751	16 004	13 551	17 779	17 764	17 786	17 018	16 476
Trucks, per unit	34 883	86 037	138 948	118 374	116 284	106 410	101 577	106 106
CIS countries	34 411	83 495	132 470	109 843	106 487	100 246	96 101	98 030
non-CIS countries	42 593	126 042	169 051	230 713	439 241	333 242	362 188	409 254
Parts and accessories for motor vehicles and tractors	2 924	5 587	4 701	4 578	5 525	5 827	5 817	5 361
CIS countries	3 016	5 658	4 804	4 727	5 604	5 854	5 817	5 268
non-CIS countries	2 504	5 243	4 404	4 090	5 212	5 734	5 817	5 667
Furniture (including medical)	1 315	2 682	2 568	2 645	2 942	2 989	2 770	2 404
CIS countries	1 310	2 701	2 640	2 728	3 036	3 101	2 864	2 503
non-CIS countries	1 335	2 576	2 310	2 280	2 404	2 268	2 080	1 843
Meat and meat by-products	1 331	3 540	3 104	3 253	3 701	3 589	3 224	3 371
CIS countries	1 338	3 544	3 106	3 255	3 703	3 590	3 225	3 372
non-CIS countries	650	1 691	1 009	2 683	658	1 671	1 727	1 328
Milk and dairy products	1 172	2 570	1 916	2 533	2 620	2 147	2 458	2 395
CIS countries	1 168	2 555	1 911	2 515	2 593	2 134	2 455	2 396
non-CIS countries	1 186	3 463	1 999	3 424	4 164	3 091	2 765	2 189

**26.12. The unit value indices and volume indices of imports of goods
of the Republic of Belarus**
(percent of previous year)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total								
unit value index	104,5	120,0	83,0	113,1	113,2	92,7	99,9	94,5
volume index	96,9	114,3	87,4	108,0	115,9	109,4	92,8	99,6
CIS countries								
unit value index	103,7	124,9	78,1	122,7	114,1	90,3	98,5	91,3
volume index	90,5	109,3	89,9	91,8	119,9	116,7	84,9	105,1
of which Russia								
value index	103,3	124,5	78,3	124,1	113,4	89,5	98,6	91,2
volume index	87,3	109,7	90,9	87,1	121,6	120,8	84,3	106,2
other CIS countries								
unit value index	107,6	129,4	76,0	111,1	120,4	97,5	98,4	92,9
volume index	143,5	104,6	80,8	147,6	107,0	85,1	90,4	93,3
non-CIS countries								
unit value index	106,0	111,2	94,3	99,2	111,4	96,8	102,2	99,4
volume index	114,0	124,7	81,6	139,8	110,5	97,9	107,2	92,1

26.13. Imports unit values of major products
(USD per tonne)

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Crude oil	135	442	328	460	459	402	394	339
CIS countries	135	442	328	434	432	393	394	339
non-CIS countries	–	–	–	647	857	973	–	–
Petroleum products	195	607	348	574	606	590	1 228	666
CIS countries	187	589	338	549	599	583	832	545
non-CIS countries	841	2 426	2 401	2 302	2 748	2 365	2 443	2 293
Natural gas, per thous. m ³	31	127	148	188	265	168	166	170
CIS countries	31	127	148	188	265	168	166	170
Electricity, per thous. kWh	18	47	43	46	61	62	60	59
CIS countries	18	47	43	46	61	63	60	59
non-CIS countries	18	49	43	–	–	46	44	–
Ferrous metals	247	814	458	596	724	672	612	540
CIS countries	241	787	427	561	680	636	571	507
non-CIS countries	629	1 528	1 457	1 494	1 641	1 442	1 544	1 566
Tubes of ferrous metals	661	1 569	981	1 116	1 469	1 259	1 219	957
CIS countries	647	1 502	895	1 046	1 400	1 188	1 039	873
non-CIS countries	1 282	3 963	3 789	3 179	3 191	3 115	5 086	3 513
Insulated wire, cable	3 128	7 136	5 456	6 264	7 972	6 578	7 960	5 540
CIS countries	2 806	6 097	4 066	5 154	6 737	5 580	5 237	4 356
non-CIS countries	6 742	13 313	12 186	12 406	12 765	12 692	22 014	13 167

Continued

	2000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Internal combustion engines, per unit	1 869	6 322	3 923	4 781	4 155	3 028	2 428	2 021
CIS countries	1 567	9 302	8 387	9 453	10 820	9 954	11 098	7 714
non-CIS countries	4 139	4 043	2 602	3 432	2 586	1 671	1 351	1 231
Machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, per unit	495	9 948	7 776	11 792	13 525	2 689	3 093	4 873
CIS countries	328	3 817	2 808	1 223	1 321	1 143	1 043	368
non-CIS countries	511	13 309	10 931	25 621	25 759	2 985	3 934	8 773
Communication apparatus and parts therefor, per unit	71	110	71	72	76	73	105	79
CIS countries	23	19	12	18	35	69	70	62
non-CIS countries	188	143	91	81	80	75	126	89
Automatic data processing machines, per unit	56	81	92	90	108	110	75	62
CIS countries	27	1 240	1 172	610	167	142	94	83
non-CIS countries	150	78	88	89	108	104	73	61
Passenger cars, per unit	1 945	7 315	6 206	6 613	9 280	11 096	11 180	10 442
CIS countries	5 193	7 854	6 233	7 458	8 696	11 809	13 752	10 314
non-CIS countries	1 728	7 299	6 206	6 596	9 289	11 001	10 654	10 736
Trucks, per unit	10 366	11 685	8 613	15 853	21 265	16 859	13 881	21 460
CIS countries	12 125	17 525	15 326	15 456	18 562	18 522	22 361	22 107
non-CIS countries	8 357	9 139	7 368	16 254	22 518	16 347	13 067	20 859
Parts and accessories for motor vehicles and tractors	2 360	4 950	4 505	4 981	4 931	4 740	5 213	5 250
CIS countries	2 084	4 420	4 197	4 522	4 970	5 223	5 392	5 060
non-CIS countries	4 225	5 441	4 769	5 353	4 909	4 525	5 138	5 323
Medicaments put up in forms for retail sale	23 670	43 464	51 210	54 402	65 205	65 184	67 426	71 262
CIS countries	13 733	14 167	18 552	17 187	19 329	22 750	23 398	21 391
non-CIS countries	40 798	59 514	64 630	73 926	90 918	90 410	92 529	98 953
Vegetable oils	707	1 570	930	1 153	1 480	1 313	1 241	996
CIS countries	724	1 553	890	1 116	1 435	1 275	1 204	945
non-CIS countries	662	1 675	1 318	1 764	2 549	2 342	2 411	2 336
Grain crops	142	391	363	574	570	349	532	488
CIS countries	143	332	289	440	458	289	403	354
non-CIS countries	142	674	674	992	907	650	790	985

Foreign trade in services

26.14. Exports of services by type

(according to the balance of payments methodology, USD million)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	2 342,2	4 589,8	3 714,9	4 795,6	5 609,5	6 311,7	7 506,0	7 876,6
CIS countries	718,6	1 382,1	1 060,6	1 430,5	1 649,8	2 078,5	2 566,8	2 648,4
non-CIS countries	1 623,6	3 207,7	2 654,3	3 365,1	3 959,7	4 233,2	4 939,2	5 228,2
Transport services	1 341,2	2 964,8	2 251,2	2 961,5	3 498,9	3 573,0	3 792,4	3 720,9
CIS countries	184,6	510,8	355,0	519,7	569,6	646,2	716,8	667,6
non-CIS countries	1 156,6	2 454,0	1 896,2	2 441,8	2 929,3	2 926,8	3 075,6	3 053,3
of which:								
freight	1 133,1	2 542,2	1 920,0	2 580,4	3 061,0	3 082,1	3 214,0	3 139,0
CIS countries	100,4	272,4	170,5	301,4	328,8	372,5	393,1	375,9
non-CIS countries	1 032,7	2 269,8	1 749,5	2 279,0	2 732,2	2 709,6	2 820,9	2 763,1
passenger transportation	92,5	221,7	193,1	224,6	260,2	301,3	364,6	361,5
CIS countries	55,4	159,2	128,0	150,8	173,6	197,6	232,0	203,1
non-CIS countries	37,1	62,5	65,1	73,8	86,6	103,7	132,6	158,4
other transport services	111,9	195,7	132,3	150,5	170,6	181,3	203,7	208,1
CIS countries	27,2	77,1	54,3	64,7	64,1	72,5	87,5	84,4
non-CIS countries	84,7	118,6	78,0	85,8	106,5	108,8	116,2	123,7
Travels	253,1	362,9	369,8	440,4	486,7	684,7	791,4	867,6
CIS countries	125,6	199,6	198,1	231,8	276,5	421,2	540,1	583,4
non-CIS countries	127,5	163,3	171,7	208,6	210,2	263,5	251,3	284,2
Telecommunication, computer and information services	116,7	301,8	310,6	390,3	457,5	598,4	750,3	902,7
CIS countries	62,3	135,7	134,1	155,9	182,1	211,9	234,5	246,1
non-CIS countries	54,4	166,1	176,5	234,4	275,4	386,5	515,8	656,6
of which:								
telecommunication services	90,3	141,3	147,4	167,3	176,9	182,4	183,2	200,9
CIS countries	55,6	91,0	95,9	106,9	128,7	130,5	120,4	117,2
non-CIS countries	34,7	50,3	51,5	60,4	48,2	51,9	62,8	83,7
computer services	24,7	156,6	160,2	217,7	274,1	408,0	554,9	690,0
CIS countries	5,6	42,4	36,4	45,8	49,5	76,8	108,3	123,3
non-CIS countries	19,1	114,2	123,8	171,9	224,6	331,2	446,6	566,7

Continued

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Construction services	60,1	96,4	69,3	151,1	226,3	469,7	1 065,5	1 214,1
CIS countries	48,7	78,6	40,3	89,3	128,5	233,1	430,5	523,1
non-CIS countries	11,4	17,8	29,0	61,8	97,8	236,6	635,0	691,0
Material resources processing services	237,2	263,5	178,0	191,6	217,8	209,9	219,9	210,6
CIS countries	104,9	148,1	89,3	111,1	127,5	138,0	150,5	142,0
non-CIS countries	132,3	115,4	88,7	80,5	90,3	71,9	69,4	68,6
Repair and maintenance services	71,8	93,7	66,8	107,1	101,1	127,5	130,9	132,4
CIS countries	28,3	64,5	31,8	86,3	83,5	115,1	114,6	117,3
non-CIS countries	43,5	29,2	35,0	20,8	17,6	12,4	16,3	15,1
Personal services and cultural services	2,4	12,7	14,8	15,4	20,0	11,2	12,8	19,1
CIS countries	1,6	8,2	12,6	11,3	16,6	9,6	9,6	14,2
non-CIS countries	0,8	4,5	2,2	4,1	3,4	1,6	3,2	4,9
Government goods and services	17,5	36,4	31,5	34,4	36,5	36,0	40,2	36,1
CIS countries	2,1	2,2	2,3	2,7	2,7	2,9	3,5	3,2
non-CIS countries	15,4	34,2	29,2	31,7	33,8	33,1	36,7	32,9
Financial services	2,8	16,1	9,0	11,2	15,1	24,8	24,0	37,6
CIS countries	0,7	2,5	1,9	2,4	4,0	3,7	8,2	17,4
non-CIS countries	2,1	13,6	7,1	8,8	11,1	21,1	15,8	20,2
Payment for intellectual property use	3,1	4,7	9,5	8,5	22,8	22,9	27,7	39,0
CIS countries	1,1	4,0	3,2	5,7	11,6	12,1	11,6	9,6
non-CIS countries	2,0	0,7	6,3	2,8	11,2	10,8	16,1	29,4
Insurance and pension services	1,1	2,5	1,8	17,0	15,9	19,8	23,6	23,0
CIS countries	0,3	0,7	0,1	4,5	5,8	6,9	10,3	9,8
non-CIS countries	0,8	1,8	1,7	12,5	10,1	12,9	13,3	13,2
Other business services	235,2	434,3	402,6	467,1	510,9	533,8	627,3	673,5
CIS countries	158,4	227,2	191,9	209,8	241,4	277,8	336,6	314,7
non-CIS countries	76,8	207,1	210,7	257,3	269,5	256,0	290,7	358,8

26.15. Imports of services by type

(according to the balance of payments methodology, USD million)

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total	1 141,0	2 748,0	2 218,0	3 007,0	3 351,6	4 043,1	5 253,5	5 699,9
CIS countries	515,7	1 010,1	814,5	986,2	1 050,9	1 266,7	1 995,2	1 781,1
non-CIS countries	625,3	1 737,9	1 403,5	2 020,8	2 300,7	2 776,4	3 258,3	3 918,8
Transport services	310,4	1 236,0	798,6	1 361,5	1 491,7	1 475,4	1 397,7	1 524,9
CIS countries	108,5	241,5	171,5	288,8	309,0	305,8	341,8	336,3
non-CIS countries	201,9	994,5	627,1	1 072,7	1 182,7	1 169,6	1 055,9	1 188,6
of which:								
freight	185,2	953,1	599,9	1 088,7	1 181,9	1 153,2	1 065,5	1 182,4
CIS countries	46,6	105,6	70,8	172,6	162,8	157,7	176,7	195,3
non-CIS countries	138,6	847,5	529,1	916,1	1 019,1	995,5	888,8	987,1
passenger transportation	68,3	143,8	113,4	126,4	141,4	159,1	180,2	148,5
CIS countries	42,7	97,7	73,7	81,5	92,9	109,3	120,1	95,3
non-CIS countries	25,6	46,1	39,7	44,9	48,5	49,8	60,1	53,2
other transport services	55,3	137,5	83,8	144,7	165,0	156,9	148,6	190,2
CIS countries	18,4	37,4	26,3	33,7	51,0	37,1	43,0	43,5
non-CIS countries	36,9	100,1	57,5	111,0	114,0	119,8	105,6	146,7
Travels	447,5	716,4	638,5	621,5	588,2	788,6	1 153,3	1 158,7
CIS countries	194,8	355,7	303,5	285,4	260,3	352,0	515,1	381,6
non-CIS countries	252,7	360,7	335,0	336,1	327,9	436,6	638,2	777,1
Telecommunication, computer and information services	82,6	119,8	118,1	155,4	184,9	207,9	196,4	226,2
CIS countries	49,6	63,8	51,6	83,6	104,2	112,2	86,7	90,9
non-CIS countries	33,0	56,0	66,5	71,8	80,7	95,7	109,7	135,3
of which:								
telecommunication services	70,1	84,3	74,1	102,1	132,6	143,5	114,1	123,9
CIS countries	42,5	47,8	36,7	65,4	85,7	86,4	55,2	55,7
non-CIS countries	27,6	36,5	37,4	36,7	46,9	57,1	58,9	68,2
computer services	9,0	29,2	38,7	45,6	46,5	55,9	72,4	92,2
CIS countries	4,7	14,3	12,8	16,9	17,6	23,7	28,4	33,2
non-CIS countries	4,3	14,9	25,9	28,7	28,9	32,2	44,0	59,0

Continued

	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Construction services	19,9	41,0	84,6	163,2	319,5	637,0	1 258,2	1 516,7
CIS countries	13,9	21,8	14,0	21,0	36,8	73,6	362,5	386,0
non-CIS countries	6,0	19,2	70,6	142,2	282,7	563,4	895,7	1 130,7
Material resources processing services	3,0	6,6	5,2	6,9	13,1	15,0	46,9	23,6
CIS countries	0,5	0,8	0,9	2,8	7,9	9,2	41,2	19,1
non-CIS countries	2,5	5,8	4,3	4,1	5,2	5,8	5,7	4,5
Repair and maintenance services	32,8	66,8	50,8	65,6	83,3	60,3	110,8	135,5
CIS countries	24,2	54,0	43,4	53,0	57,6	31,3	73,9	85,5
non-CIS countries	8,6	12,8	7,4	12,6	25,7	29,0	36,9	50,0
Personal services and cultural services	11,2	26,8	18,5	25,8	22,9	28,4	61,0	43,4
CIS countries	8,8	18,8	16,6	22,3	18,9	23,2	52,2	33,9
non-CIS countries	2,4	8,0	1,9	3,5	4,0	5,2	8,8	9,5
Government goods and services	36,8	12,9	9,7	6,9	5,1	5,1	8,6	7,3
CIS countries	15,4	9,8	8,0	5,2	3,9	3,8	7,4	6,2
non-CIS countries	21,4	3,1	1,7	1,7	1,2	1,3	1,2	1,1
Financial services	41,6	143,9	146,0	149,3	172,9	203,1	231,4	336,0
CIS countries	4,0	32,7	40,5	38,2	52,9	90,4	100,3	141,8
non-CIS countries	37,6	111,2	105,5	111,1	120,0	112,7	131,1	194,2
Payment for intellectual property use	19,5	75,2	76,0	102,7	89,2	106,8	145,1	207,4
CIS countries	3,6	18,8	17,1	21,2	19,2	20,5	24,8	36,9
non-CIS countries	15,9	56,4	58,9	81,5	70,0	86,3	120,3	170,5
Insurance and pension services	5,3	5,2	2,6	9,2	11,4	51,4	17,9	23,4
CIS countries	3,4	4,3	1,8	2,3	4,1	8,0	10,8	11,3
non-CIS countries	1,9	0,9	0,8	6,9	7,3	43,4	7,1	12,1
Other business services	130,4	297,4	269,4	339,0	369,4	464,1	626,2	496,8
CIS countries	89,0	188,1	145,6	162,4	176,1	236,7	378,5	251,6
non-CIS countries	41,4	109,3	123,8	176,6	193,3	227,4	247,7	245,2

27. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

The section presents the data on socio-economic development of Belarus in comparison with other countries of the world.

The databases and publications of International Organizations and National Statistical Institutions foreign countries are the sources of the information. The data on CIS countries is provided according to the Interstate Statistical Committee of the Commonwealth of Independent States.

More detailed statistical information by CIS-countries and other countries is provided in the statistical book of Belstat "Belarus and other countries, 2014".

27.1. Territory and population in selected countries

	Territory, thous. km ²	Average annual population, mln persons									
		2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Persons per 1 km ² , 2013
CIS countries											
Armenia	29,8	3,2	3,1	3,1	3,1	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	101
Azerbaijan	86,6	8,1	8,5	8,8	8,9	9,1	9,2	9,3	9,4	9,5	111
Belarus	207,6	10,0	9,7	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,5	46
Kazakhstan	2 724,9	15,0	15,1	15,8	16,1	16,3	16,6	16,8	17,0	17,3	6
Kyrgyzstan	199,9	4,9	5,1	5,3	5,4	5,4	5,4	5,5	5,7	5,8	28
Moldova, Republic of ¹⁾	33,8	4,4	3,6	3,6	3,6	3,6	3,6	3,6	3,6	3,6	12
Russia	17 075,4	146,6	143,1	142,0	141,9	142,4	143,0	143,2	143,5	146,1	8
Tajikistan	143,1	6,2	6,9	7,2	7,5	7,6	7,8	8,0	8,1	8,3	57
Ukraine	603,5	49,2	47,1	46,1	46,1	45,9	45,7	45,6	45,5	42,8	75
Uzbekistan	448,9	24,7	26,2	27,3	27,8	28,9	29,3	29,8	30,2	30,8	67

Continued

	Territory, thous. km ²	Average annual population, mln persons									
		2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
										total	persons per 1 km ²
Non-CIS countries											
Austria	82,4	8,0	8,2	8,3	8,3	8,3	8,4	8,4	8,4	8,5	103
Belgium	30,3	10,3	10,5	10,6	10,7	10,8	10,9	11,0	11,1	11,2	369
Bulgaria	108,6	8,2	7,7	7,5	7,5	7,4	7,4	7,3	7,3	7,3	67
Canada	9 093,5	30,8	32,3	32,9	33,2	33,6	34,0	34,3	34,8	35,2	4
China ²⁾	9 388,2	1 262,6	1 303,7	1 317,9	1 324,7	1 331,3	1 337,7	1 344,1	1 350,7	1 357,4	145
Czech Republic	77,2	10,3	10,2	10,3	10,4	10,4	10,5	10,5	10,5	10,5	136
Denmark	42,4	5,3	5,4	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,6	5,6	5,6	132
Estonia	42,4	1,4	1,4	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	31
Finland	303,9	5,2	5,2	5,3	5,3	5,3	5,4	5,4	5,4	5,4	18
France	547,6	60,9	63,2	64,0	64,4	64,7	65,0	65,3	65,6	65,9	120
Georgia ³⁾	69,5	4,4	4,4	4,4	4,4	4,4	4,5	4,5	4,5	4,5	65
Germany	348,5	82,2	82,5	82,3	82,1	81,9	81,8	81,8	80,4	80,7	231
Hungary	90,5	10,2	10,1	10,1	10,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	9,9	9,9	109
Italy	294,1	56,9	58,0	58,4	58,8	59,1	59,3	59,4	59,5	60,2	205
Japan	364,6	126,8	127,8	128,0	128,1	128,0	128,1	127,8	127,6	127,3	349
Latvia	62,2	2,4	2,2	2,2	2,2	2,1	2,1	2,1	2,0	2,0	32
Lithuania	62,7	3,5	3,3	3,2	3,2	3,2	3,1	3,0	3,0	3,0	47
Poland	306,2	38,3	38,2	38,1	38,1	38,2	38,2	38,5	38,5	38,5	126
Romania	230,0	22,4	21,3	20,9	20,5	20,4	20,2	20,1	20,1	20,0	87
Slovakia	48,1	5,4	5,4	5,4	5,4	5,4	5,4	5,4	5,4	5,4	113
Sweden	407,3	8,9	9,0	9,1	9,2	9,3	9,4	9,4	9,5	9,6	24
Turkey	769,6	63,2	67,7	69,5	70,4	71,2	72,1	73,1	74,0	74,9	97
United Kingdom	241,9	58,9	60,4	61,3	61,8	62,3	62,8	63,3	63,7	64,1	265
United States	9 147,4	282,2	295,5	301,2	304,1	306,8	309,3	311,6	313,9	316,1	35

¹⁾ Excluding data on territory of left bank of the Dnestr river and Bendery city.

²⁾ Excluding data on Hong-Kong, Taiwan and Macao.

³⁾ Excluding data on Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

27.2. Share of people 65 years old and over in total population

(percent)

	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
CIS countries							
Armenia	10,0	11,6	10,8	10,5	10,4	10,3	10,3
Azerbaijan	5,6	6,4	6,1	5,9	5,8	5,7	5,6
Belarus	13,5	14,7	14,1	13,9	13,7	13,8	13,9
Kazakhstan	6,8	7,6	6,8	6,7	6,6	6,6	6,7
Kyrgyzstan	5,5	5,6	4,6	4,4	4,3	4,2	4,2
Moldova, Republic of ¹⁾	10,0	11,2	11,2	11,2	11,2	11,2	11,4
Russia	12,4	13,8	13,3	13,1	13,0	13,0	13,0
Tajikistan	3,5	3,7	3,4	3,3	3,2	3,2	3,2
Turkmenistan	4,3	4,6	4,2	4,1	4,1	4,1	4,1
Ukraine	13,8	15,8	15,9	15,8	15,6	15,3	15,1
Uzbekistan	4,3	4,7	4,5	4,4	4,3	4,3	4,3
Non-CIS countries							
Australia	12,4	12,9	13,3	13,4	13,7	14,0	14,3
Austria	15,5	16,1	17,5	17,8	18,1	18,2	18,4
Belgium	16,9	17,3	17,1	17,2	17,4	17,6	18,0
Bulgaria	16,6	17,4	18,1	18,3	18,6	18,9	19,3
Canada	12,5	13,1	13,9	14,2	14,5	14,8	15,2
China ²⁾	6,9	7,7	8,2	8,4	8,5	8,7	8,9
Czech Republic	13,8	14,1	15,0	15,4	15,8	16,2	16,7
Denmark	14,9	15,1	16,3	16,7	17,1	17,5	17,9
Estonia	15,2	16,8	17,4	17,5	17,6	17,8	18,0
Finland	14,9	15,9	16,7	17,1	17,7	18,3	19,0
France	16,0	16,4	16,6	16,8	17,1	17,5	17,9
Georgia ³⁾	12,5	14,6	14,3	14,2	14,2	14,3	14,4
Germany	16,3	18,9	20,6	20,8	21,0	21,1	21,1
Hungary	15,1	15,7	16,5	16,7	16,9	17,0	17,2
Ireland	11,2	11,1	11,2	11,3	11,5	11,8	12,1
Italy	18,3	19,6	20,1	20,3	20,5	20,8	21,1
Japan	17,2	19,8	22,3	23,0	23,7	24,4	25,1
Latvia	15,0	17,2	18,2	18,4	18,5	18,5	18,6
Lithuania	13,9	15,1	15,5	15,5	15,5	15,6	15,7
Mexico	4,9	5,3	5,8	6,0	6,1	6,3	6,4
Netherlands	13,6	14,0	15,0	15,4	15,9	16,4	17,0
Norway	15,2	14,7	14,9	15,0	15,2	15,5	15,8
Poland	12,3	13,3	13,4	13,5	13,7	14,0	14,4
Portugal	16,2	17,1	17,8	18,0	18,2	18,5	18,8
Romania	13,4	14,8	14,8	14,8	14,9	15,0	15,1
Slovakia	11,4	11,7	12,1	12,3	12,5	12,7	13,0
Spain	16,9	16,8	17,0	17,1	17,3	17,5	17,8
Sweden	17,3	17,3	17,9	18,2	18,5	18,9	19,3
Switzerland	15,3	15,8	16,7	16,9	17,2	17,4	17,7
Turkey	6,0	6,6	6,9	7,1	7,2	7,3	7,4
United Kingdom	15,8	16,0	16,4	16,6	16,9	17,2	17,5
United States	12,4	12,3	12,8	13,1	13,3	13,6	14,0

¹⁾ Excluding data on territory of left bank of the Dnestr river and Bendery city.

²⁾ Excluding data on Hong-Kong, Taiwan and Macao.

³⁾ Excluding data on Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

27.3. Crude rates of births, deaths, and natural increase

(per 1 000 population)

	Births					Deaths					Natural increase, decrease (-)				
	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014
CIS countries															
Armenia	10,6	11,9	14,7	13,8	14,3	7,5	8,4	9,2	9,0	9,2	3,1	3,5	5,5	4,8	5,1
Azerbaijan	14,7	16,9	18,5	18,6	18,1	5,9	6,2	6,0	5,8	5,9	8,8	10,7	12,5	12,8	12,2
Belarus	9,4	9,4	11,4	12,5	12,5	13,5	14,7	14,4	13,2	12,8	-4,1	-5,3	-3,0	-0,7	-0,3
Kazakhstan	14,9	18,4	22,5	22,7	23,1	10,1	10,4	9,0	8,0	7,6	4,8	8,0	13,5	14,7	15,5
Kyrgyzstan	19,8	21,4	26,8	27,2	27,7	7,0	7,2	6,6	6,1	6,1	12,8	14,2	20,2	21,1	21,6
Moldova, Republic of ¹⁾	10,2	10,5	11,4	10,6	10,9	11,3	12,4	12,3	10,7	11,1	-1,1	-1,9	-0,9	-0,1	-0,2
Russia	8,7	10,2	12,5	13,2	13,3	15,3	16,1	14,2	13,0	13,1	-6,6	-5,9	-1,7	0,2	0,2
Tajikistan	27,0	26,4	29,4	25,9	...	4,7	4,6	4,4	3,9	...	22,3	21,8	25,0	22,0	...
Ukraine	7,8	9,0	10,8	11,1	10,8	15,4	16,6	15,2	14,6	14,7	-7,6	-7,6	-4,4	-3,5	-3,9
Uzbekistan	21,4	20,4	22,7	22,5	23,3	5,5	5,4	4,9	4,8	4,9	15,9	15,0	17,8	17,7	18,5

Continued

	Births					Deaths					Natural increase, decrease (-)				
	2000	2005	2010	2012	2013	2000	2005	2010	2012	2013	2000	2005	2010	2012	2013
Non-CIS countries															
Austria	9,8	9,5	9,4	9,4	9,4	9,6	9,1	9,2	9,4	9,4	0,2	0,4	0,2	–	–
Belgium	11,4	11,4	11,9	11,5	11,2	10,2	9,9	9,6	9,8	9,8	1,2	1,5	2,3	1,7	1,4
Bulgaria	9,0	9,2	10,2	9,5	9,2	14,1	14,6	14,9	15,0	14,4	-5,1	-5,4	-4,7	-5,5	-5,2
Canada	10,9	10,7	11,1	11,0	10,9	7,1	7,1	7,1	7,1	7,2	3,8	3,6	4,0	3,9	3,7
China ²⁾	14,0	12,4	11,9	12,1	12,1	6,5	6,5	7,1	7,2	7,2	7,5	5,9	4,8	4,9	4,9
Czech Republic	8,9	10,0	11,2	10,3	10,2	10,6	10,6	10,2	10,3	10,4	-1,7	-0,6	1,0	–	-0,2
Denmark	12,6	11,9	11,4	10,4	10,0	10,9	10,1	9,8	9,4	9,3	1,7	1,8	1,6	1,0	0,7
Estonia	9,4	10,6	11,9	10,6	10,3	13,2	12,8	11,9	11,7	11,6	-3,8	-2,2	–	-1,1	-1,3
Finland	11,0	11,0	11,4	11,0	10,7	9,5	9,1	9,5	9,6	9,5	1,5	1,9	1,9	1,4	1,2
France	13,3	12,8	12,9	12,6	12,3	8,9	8,5	8,5	8,7	8,7	4,4	4,3	4,4	3,9	3,6
Georgia ³⁾	12,0	12,8	13,8	13,5	13,3	10,0	10,5	11,2	11,5	11,5	2,0	2,3	2,6	2,0	1,8
Germany	9,3	8,3	8,3	8,4	8,5	10,2	10,1	10,5	10,8	11,1	-0,9	-1,8	-2,2	-2,4	-2,6
Hungary	9,6	9,7	9,0	9,1	9,2	13,3	13,5	13,0	13,0	12,8	-3,7	-3,8	-4,0	-3,9	-3,6
Italy	9,5	9,6	9,5	9,0	8,5	9,8	9,8	9,9	10,3	10,0	-0,3	-0,2	-0,4	-1,3	-1,5
Japan	9,4	8,4	8,5	8,2	8,2	7,7	8,5	9,5	10,0	10,1	1,7	-0,1	-1,0	-1,8	-1,9
Latvia	8,6	9,8	9,4	9,8	10,2	13,6	14,6	14,3	14,3	14,3	-5,0	-4,8	-4,9	-4,5	-4,1
Lithuania	9,8	8,9	9,9	10,2	10,1	11,1	13,2	13,6	13,7	14,0	-1,3	-4,3	-3,7	-3,5	-3,9
Netherlands	13,0	11,5	11,1	10,5	10,2	8,8	8,4	8,2	8,4	8,4	4,2	3,1	2,9	2,1	1,8
Norway	13,2	12,3	12,6	12,0	11,6	9,8	8,9	8,5	8,4	8,1	3,4	3,4	4,1	3,6	3,5
Poland	9,9	9,5	10,8	10,0	9,6	9,6	9,6	9,9	10,0	10,1	0,3	-0,1	0,9	–	-0,5
Romania	10,4	10,4	10,5	10,0	8,8	11,4	12,3	12,8	12,7	12,4	-1,0	-1,9	-2,3	-2,7	-3,6
Slovakia	10,2	10,1	11,2	10,3	10,1	9,8	10,0	9,9	9,7	9,6	0,4	0,1	1,3	0,6	0,5
Sweden	10,2	11,2	12,3	11,9	11,8	10,5	10,2	9,6	9,7	9,4	-0,3	1,0	2,7	2,2	2,4
Switzerland	10,9	9,8	10,3	10,3	10,2	8,7	8,2	8,0	8,0	8,0	2,2	1,6	2,3	2,3	2,2
United States	14,4	14,0	13,0	12,6	12,5	8,7	8,3	8,0	8,1	8,2	5,7	5,7	5,0	4,5	4,3
United Kingdom	11,5	12,0	12,9	12,8	12,2	10,3	9,6	8,9	8,9	9,0	1,2	2,4	4,0	3,9	3,2

¹⁾ Excluding data on territory of left bank of the Dnestr river and Bendery city.

²⁾ Excluding data on Hong-Kong, Taiwan and Macao.

³⁾ Excluding data on Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

27.4. Infant mortality rates

(number of infant deaths under 1 year per 1 000 births)

	2000	2005	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
CIS countries								
Armenia	15,6	12,3	10,8	10,4	11,4	11,6	10,8	9,7
Azerbaijan	16,4	12,7	11,4	11,3	11,2	11,0	10,8	10,8
Belarus	9,3	7,1	4,5	4,7	4,0	3,9	3,4	3,5
Kazakhstan	18,8	15,2	20,8	18,3	16,6	14,9	13,5	11,3
Kyrgyzstan	22,6	29,7	27,1	25,0	22,8	21,1	20,0	19,9
Moldova, Republic of ¹⁾	18,3	12,4	12,2	12,1	11,7	10,9	9,8	9,4
Russia	15,3	11,0	8,5	8,1	7,5	7,4	8,6	8,2
Ukraine	11,9	10,0	10,0	9,4	9,1	9,0	8,4	8,0
Non-CIS countries								
Austria	4,6	4,0	3,8	3,7	3,6	3,4	3,3	3,2
Belgium	4,8	4,1	3,8	3,7	3,6	3,6	3,6	3,5
Bulgaria	17,9	13,6	11,8	11,5	11,3	10,9	10,5	10,1
Canada	5,2	5,3	5,0	5,0	4,9	4,7	4,7	4,6
Czech Republic	5,6	4,4	3,7	3,6	3,4	3,2	3,1	2,9
Denmark	4,6	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,3	3,1	3,0	2,9
Estonia	8,8	5,8	4,4	4,0	3,6	3,2	2,9	2,7
Finland	3,5	3,1	2,7	2,6	2,5	2,4	2,2	2,1
France	4,4	3,8	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5
Georgia ²⁾	31,2	21,8	17,1	15,8	14,6	13,5	12,5	11,7
Germany	4,4	3,9	3,6	3,6	3,5	3,4	3,3	3,2
Hungary	9,7	7,2	6,2	5,9	5,7	5,5	5,3	5,2
Italy	4,7	3,7	3,5	3,5	3,4	3,3	3,1	3,0
Japan	3,3	2,7	2,5	2,4	2,4	2,3	2,2	2,1
Latvia	14,5	10,8	9,1	8,6	8,2	7,8	7,6	7,4
Lithuania	9,6	8,1	6,7	6,1	5,5	5,0	4,5	4,0
Netherlands	5,1	4,5	4,0	3,8	3,7	3,6	3,5	3,3
Norway	3,9	3,2	2,9	2,7	2,6	2,5	2,3	2,3
Poland	8,1	6,6	5,8	5,3	5,0	4,7	4,5	4,5
Romania	23,3	18,2	14,0	13,0	12,1	11,5	10,9	10,5
Slovakia	10,2	8,3	7,4	7,1	6,8	6,5	6,3	6,0
Sweden	3,4	3,0	2,6	2,5	2,5	2,4	2,4	2,4
Switzerland	4,6	4,3	4,0	3,9	3,8	3,8	3,7	3,6
United Kingdom	5,6	5,1	4,7	4,6	4,4	4,2	4,0	3,9
United States	7,1	6,8	6,5	6,4	6,3	6,1	6,1	5,9

¹⁾ Excluding data on territory of left bank of the Dnestr river and Bendery city.

²⁾ Excluding data on Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

27.5. Life expectancy at birth in 2013

(years)

	Total population	Men	Women
CIS countries			
Armenia	74,8	71,5	77,9
Azerbaijan	74,2	71,6	76,8
Belarus	72,6	67,3	77,9
Kazakhstan	70,5	65,8	75,1
Kyrgyzstan	70,2	66,3	74,3
Moldova, Republic of ¹⁾	71,9	68,1	75,6
Russia	70,8	65,1	76,3
Tajikistan	73,4	71,6	75,3
Ukraine	71,4	66,3	76,2
Uzbekistan	68,2	65,0	71,7
Non-CIS countries			
Austria	80,9	78,5	83,4
Belgium	80,4	77,8	83,1
Bulgaria	74,5	71,1	78,0
Canada	81,4	79,3	83,6
China ²⁾	75,4	74,1	76,7
Czech Republic	78,3	75,4	81,3
Denmark	80,3	78,4	82,3
Estonia	76,4	71,4	81,7
Finland	80,8	78,1	83,7
France	82,0	78,7	85,4
Georgia ³⁾	74,1	70,5	77,8
Germany	81,0	78,8	83,4
Hungary	75,3	72,0	78,7
Italy	82,3	79,9	84,8
Japan	83,3	80,2	86,6
Latvia	74,0	69,2	79,0
Lithuania	74,2	68,7	79,9
Netherlands	81,1	79,3	83,0
Norway	81,5	79,5	83,5
Poland	76,8	72,8	81,1
Romania	74,5	71,0	78,1
Slovakia	76,3	72,7	80,0
Sweden	81,7	79,9	83,6
Switzerland	82,7	80,7	84,9
Turkey	75,2	71,8	78,7
United Kingdom	81,0	79,2	82,8
United States	78,8	76,5	81,3

¹⁾ Excluding data on territory of left bank of the Dnestr river and Bendery city.²⁾ Excluding data on Hong-Kong, Taiwan and Macao.³⁾ Excluding data on Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

27.6. Number of employed

(average of year; according to labour force survey; mln persons)

	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CIS countries								
Armenia	1,3 ¹⁾	1,1 ¹⁾	1,2	1,2	1,2	1,2	1,2	1,1
Azerbaijan	3,9	4,1	4,3	4,3	4,4	4,4	4,5	4,6
Belarus¹⁾	4,4	4,4	4,6	4,7	4,7	4,6	4,6	4,6
Kazakhstan	6,2	7,3	7,9	8,1	8,3	8,5	8,6	8,5
Kyrgyzstan	1,8	2,1	2,2	2,2	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3
Moldova, Republic of	1,5	1,3	1,2	1,1	1,2	1,1	1,2	1,2
Russia	65,1	68,3	69,4	69,9	70,9	71,5	71,4	71,5
Tajikistan ¹⁾	1,7	2,1	2,2	2,2	2,2	2,3	2,3	2,3
Ukraine	20,2	20,7	20,2	20,3	20,3	20,4	20,4	18,1
Uzbekistan	9,0 ¹⁾	10,2 ¹⁾	11,3	11,6	11,9	12,2	12,5	...
Non-CIS countries								
Australia	8,9	9,9	10,8	11,0	11,2	11,3	11,5	...
Austria	3,7	3,7	4,0	4,0	4,1	4,1	4,1	4,1
Belgium	4,1	4,2	4,4	4,5	4,5	4,5	4,5	4,5
Bulgaria	2,9	3,0	3,3	3,1	3,0	2,9	2,9	3,0
Canada	14,8	16,1	16,7	17,0	17,2	17,4	17,7	...
China	720,9	746,5	758,3	761,1	764,2	767,0	769,8	...
Czech Republic	4,7	4,8	4,9	4,9	4,9	4,9	4,9	5,0
Denmark	2,7	2,8	2,8	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7
Estonia	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6
Finland	2,4	2,4	2,5	2,4	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,4
France	23,1	25,0	25,6	25,7	25,8	25,7	25,7	25,8
Georgia	1,8	1,7	1,7	1,6	1,7	1,7	1,7	...
Germany	36,3	36,4	38,5	38,7	38,8	39,1	39,5	39,9
Hungary	3,8	3,9	3,7	3,7	3,8	3,8	3,9	4,1
Ireland	1,7	2,0	2,0	1,9	1,8	1,8	1,9	1,9
Italy	20,9	22,4	22,7	22,5	22,6	22,6	22,2	22,3
Japan	64,5	63,6	62,8	62,6	62,9	62,7	63,1	...
Latvia	0,9	1,0	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,9
Lithuania	1,4	1,4	1,3	1,2	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3
Mexico	38,0	40,8	43,4	45,3	46,9	49,0	49,3	...
Netherlands	7,9	8,1	8,6	8,4	8,4	8,4	8,4	8,3
Norway	2,3	2,3	2,5	2,5	2,5	2,6	2,6	2,6
Poland	14,5	14,1	15,9	15,5	15,6	15,6	15,6	15,9
Portugal	5,0	5,0	5,0	4,9	4,7	4,5	4,4	4,5
Romania	10,9	9,1	9,2	8,7	8,5	8,6	8,5	8,6
Slovakia	2,1	2,2	2,4	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,4
Spain	15,4	19,2	19,1	18,7	18,4	17,6	17,1	17,3
Sweden	4,1	4,3	4,5	4,5	4,6	4,7	4,7	4,8
Switzerland	3,9	4,0	4,3	4,3	4,4	4,4	4,5	4,5
Turkey	21,6	22,0	21,3	22,6	24,1	24,8	25,5	25,9
United Kingdom	27,3	28,7	29,1	29,1	29,3	29,6	30,0	30,6
United States	136,9	141,7	139,9	139,1	139,9	142,5	143,9	...

¹⁾ According to labour resources balance sheet.

27.7. Unemployment rate

(percent of economically active population)

	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CIS countries¹⁾								
Armenia	10,7	7,6	7,1	6,8	5,9	...	...	...
Azerbaijan	1,2	1,3	0,9	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,6
Belarus	2,1	1,5	0,9	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,5
Kazakhstan	3,7	1,2	0,6	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,4
Kyrgyzstan	3,1	3,3	2,6	2,6	2,5	2,4	2,3	2,3
Moldova, Republic of	1,8	1,6	3,2	3,5	3,2	2,2	1,7	1,8
Russia	1,4	2,5	2,8	2,1	1,7	1,4	1,2	1,2
Tajikistan	2,6	2,1	2,1	2,2	2,5	2,4	2,4	2,4
Ukraine	5,5	4,3	2,6	2,7	2,4	2,5	2,4	...
Non-CIS countries								
Australia	6,3	5,0	5,6	5,2	5,1	5,2	5,6	6,1
Austria	4,7	5,6	5,3	4,8	4,6	4,9	5,3	5,6
Belgium	6,6	8,4	7,9	8,3	7,1	7,5	8,4	8,5
Bulgaria	16,2	10,1	6,8	10,2	11,3	12,3	12,9	11,4
Canada	6,8	6,8	8,3	8,1	7,5	7,3	7,1	6,9
China ¹⁾	3,1	4,2	4,3	4,1	4,1	4,1	4,0	...
Czech Republic	8,8	7,9	6,7	7,3	6,7	7,0	7,0	6,1
Denmark	4,5	4,8	6,0	7,5	7,6	7,5	7,0	6,6
Estonia	13,4	8,0	13,5	16,7	12,3	10,0	8,6	7,4
Finland	11,1	8,4	8,2	8,4	7,8	7,7	8,2	8,7
France	10,2	8,9	9,1	9,3	9,2	9,8	9,9	9,9
Georgia	10,8	13,8	16,8	16,3	15,1	15,0	14,6	...
Germany	7,9	11,2	7,7	7,1	5,8	5,4	5,2	5,0
Hungary	6,6	7,2	10,0	11,2	11,0	11,0	10,2	7,7
Ireland	4,3	4,3	12,0	13,9	14,6	14,7	13,0	11,3
Italy	10,8	7,7	7,7	8,4	8,4	10,7	12,1	12,7
Japan	4,8	4,4	5,0	5,0	4,6	4,4	4,0	3,6
Latvia	14,2	10,0	17,5	19,5	16,2	15,0	11,9	10,8
Lithuania	15,9	8,3	13,8	17,8	15,4	13,4	11,8	10,7
Mexico	2,6	3,5	5,5	5,4	5,2	4,8	5,0	4,8
Netherlands	2,7	4,7	3,4	4,5	4,4	5,3	6,7	6,8
Norway	3,5	4,4	3,1	3,5	3,2	3,1	3,4	3,5
Poland	16,3	17,7	8,2	9,6	9,6	10,1	10,3	9,0
Portugal	3,8	7,6	9,4	10,8	12,7	15,5	16,2	13,9
Romania	7,0	7,2	6,9	7,0	7,2	6,8	7,1	6,8
Slovakia	19,1	16,3	12,0	14,4	13,6	14,0	14,2	13,2
Spain	13,8	9,1	17,9	19,9	21,4	24,8	26,1	24,4
Sweden	5,5	7,5	8,4	8,6	7,8	8,0	8,1	8,0
Switzerland	2,7	4,4	4,1	4,5	4,0	4,2	4,4	4,5
Turkey	6,5	10,3	12,6	10,7	8,8	8,1	8,7	9,9
United Kingdom	5,6	4,8	7,5	7,8	8,0	7,9	7,5	6,1
United States	4,0	5,1	9,2	9,6	9,0	8,1	7,4	6,2

¹⁾ Officially registered unemployment rate.

27.8. Nominal gross average monthly wages and salaries

(USD)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CIS countries							
Armenia	42,1	113,7	274,7	290,2	281,7	357,6	411,9
Azerbaijan	49,5	130,7	413,0	461,2	507,1	541,8	566,1
Belarus	73,6	215,2	406,6	338,9	439,2	564,2	589,9
Kazakhstan	101,1	256,3	526,7	614,0	679,1	717,4	675,4
Kyrgyzstan	25,7	63,7	156,4	201,8	228,2	234,1	231,8
Moldova, Republic of	32,8	104,7	239,7	259,4	279,6	299,1	299,7
Russia	79,0	302,5	681,6	796,2	857,1	936,3	858,9
Tajikistan	8,5	26,8	80,9	95,9	116,6	145,8	165,4
Turkmenistan	114,8	484,6	260,6	297,9	331,0	367,4	404,5
Ukraine	42,3	157,3	282,2	330,5	378,7	408,5	293,3
Non-CIS countries							
Australia	5 386,9	5 760,5	6 185,6	6 313,5	6 158,7	6 086,3	
Austria	2 188,6	3 331,4	4 060,6	4 360,1	4 101,5	4 335,5	
Belgium	2 458,8	3 740,9	4 460,2	4 842,6	4 478,9	4 715,8	
Bulgaria	107,2	207,8	437,2	496,1	483,4	542,7	
Canada	2 304,5	3 251,1	4 413,5	4 746,1	4 894,1	4 905,1	
Czech Republic	371,3	847,8	1 301,1	1 438,4	1 315,6	1 287,4	
Denmark	2 828,6	4 516,3	5 649,3	6 043,6	5 795,2	6 057,1	
Estonia	290,0	642,0	1 050,0	1 167,9	1 139,6	1 260,4	
Finland	2 013,3	3 222,5	4 122,6	4 474,1	4 199,2	4 437,2	
France	1 980,3	3 102,3	3 749,4	4 029,3	3 752,6	3 937,2	
Georgia	36,8	112,9	334,8	377,9	430,9	464,1	
Germany	2 173,1	3 179,9	3 653,2	3 982,5	3 759,0	3 978,0	
Hungary	380,5	946,9	1 124,2	1 207,4	1 065,0	1 121,8	
Ireland	2 419,9	4 374,9	5 353,8	5 611,4	5 161,0	5 244,3	
Italy	1 673,9	2 607,4	3 091,4	3 289,2	3 041,0	3 200,6	
Japan	3 415,3	3 376,0	3 347,2	3 431,8	3 376,9	3 399,8	
Latvia	248,8	435,4	839,2	918,7	880,1	950,9	
Lithuania	242,7	459,8	763,3	824,8	790,5	858,0	
Netherlands	2 338,6	3 668,4	4 384,8	4 661,4	4 439,4	4 702,7	
Norway	2 561,3	4 441,0	5 935,2	6 695,6	6 789,1	6 986,2	
Poland	494,2	790,8	1 068,6	1 148,2	1 094,9	1 148,5	
Portugal	944,0	1 485,0	1 851,5	1 897,4	1 720,7	1 828,0	
Romania	133,4	331,9	609,5	667,2	614,8	673,5	
Slovakia	428,3	907,8	1 276,2	1 356,3	1 229,8	1 287,0	
Spain	1 431,0	2 226,3	2 915,9	3 111,9	2 845,4	2 962,8	
Sweden	2 279,4	3 237,0	3 973,2	4 536,6	4 490,6	4 751,3	
Switzerland	3 433,1	5 060,4	6 559,2	7 759,6	7 467,6	7 584,4	
United Kingdom	2 818,6	3 986,6	3 940,4	4 173,2	4 188,7	4 194,7	
United States	3 251,7	3 794,8	4 398,6	4 517,8	4 619,8	4 695,0	

27.9. Consumer price indices

	Percent of previous year							
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CIS countries								
Armenia	104,4	109,0	103,4	108,2	107,7	102,6	105,8	103,0
Azerbaijan	116,7	120,8	101,5	105,7	107,9	101,1	102,4	101,4
Belarus	108,4	114,8	113,0	107,8	153,2	159,2	118,3	118,1
Kazakhstan	110,8	117,0	107,3	107,1	108,3	105,1	105,8	106,7
Kyrgyzstan	110,2	124,5	106,8	108,0	116,6	102,8	106,6	107,5
Moldova, Republic of	112,3	112,7	100,0	107,4	107,6	104,6	104,6	105,1
Russia	109,0	114,1	111,7	106,9	108,4	105,1	106,8	107,8
Tajikistan	113,2	120,4	106,5	106,5	112,4	105,8	103,7	106,4
Ukraine	112,8	125,2	115,9	109,4	108,0	100,6	99,7	112,1
Non-CIS countries								
Australia	102,3	104,4	101,8	102,8	103,4	101,7	102,4	102,5
Austria	102,2	103,2	100,5	101,9	103,3	102,4	102,0	101,7
Belgium	101,8	104,5	99,95	102,2	103,5	102,9	101,1	100,3
Bulgaria	108,4	112,3	102,8	102,4	104,2	103,0	100,9	98,6
Canada	102,2	102,3	100,3	101,8	102,9	101,5	100,9	101,9
China	104,8	105,9	99,3	103,3	105,4	102,6	102,6	102,0
Czech Republic	102,8	106,3	101,0	101,5	101,9	103,3	101,4	100,4
Denmark	101,7	103,4	101,3	102,3	102,8	102,4	100,8	100,6
Estonia	106,6	110,4	99,9	103,0	105,0	103,9	102,8	99,9
Finland	102,5	104,1	100,0	101,2	103,4	102,8	101,5	101,0
France	101,5	102,8	100,1	101,5	102,1	102,0	100,9	100,5
Georgia	109,2	110,0	101,7	107,1	108,5	99,1	99,5	103,1
Germany	102,3	102,6	100,3	101,1	102,1	102,0	101,5	100,9
Hungary	108,0	106,1	104,2	104,9	103,9	105,7	101,7	99,8
Ireland	104,9	104,1	95,5	99,0	102,6	101,7	100,5	100,2
Italy	101,8	103,3	100,8	101,5	102,8	103,0	101,2	100,2
Japan	100,0	101,4	98,6	99,3	99,7	100,0	100,4	102,7
Latvia	110,1	115,4	103,5	98,9	104,4	102,3	100,0	100,6
Lithuania	105,7	110,9	104,5	101,3	104,1	103,1	101,0	100,1
Mexico	104,0	105,1	105,3	104,2	103,4	104,1	103,8	104,0
Netherlands	101,6	102,5	101,2	101,3	102,3	102,5	102,5	101,0
Norway	100,8	103,8	102,1	102,5	101,2	100,8	102,1	102,0
Poland	102,5	104,2	103,5	102,6	104,3	103,7	100,9	100,0
Portugal	102,8	102,6	99,2	101,4	103,7	102,8	100,3	99,7
Romania	104,8	107,9	105,6	106,1	105,8	103,3	104,0	101,1
Slovakia	102,8	104,6	101,6	101,0	103,9	103,6	101,4	99,9
Spain	102,8	104,1	99,7	101,8	103,2	102,4	101,4	99,8
Sweden	102,2	103,4	99,7	101,3	102,6	100,9	100,0	99,8
Switzerland	100,7	102,4	99,5	100,7	100,2	99,3	99,8	100,0
Turkey	108,8	110,4	106,3	108,6	106,5	108,9	107,5	108,9
United Kingdom	102,3	103,6	102,2	103,3	104,5	102,8	102,6	101,5
United States	102,8	103,8	99,6	101,6	103,2	102,1	101,5	101,6

	December to December of previous year							
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CIS countries								
Armenia	106,6	105,2	106,5	109,4	104,7	103,2	105,6	104,6
Azerbaijan	119,6	115,4	100,7	107,9	105,5	99,7	103,5	99,9
Belarus	112,1	113,3	110,1	109,9	208,7	121,8	116,5	116,2
Kazakhstan	118,8	109,5	106,2	107,8	107,4	106,0	104,8	107,4
Kyrgyzstan	120,1	120,0	100,0	119,2	105,7	107,5	104,0	110,5
Moldova, Republic of	113,1	107,3	100,4	108,1	107,8	104,1	105,2	104,7
Russia	111,9	113,3	108,8	108,8	106,1	106,6	106,5	111,4
Tajikistan	119,7	111,8	105,0	109,8	109,4	106,5	103,7	107,4
Ukraine	116,6	122,3	112,3	109,1	104,6	99,8	100,5	124,9
Non-CIS countries								
Australia	103,0	103,7	102,1	102,7	103,1	102,2	102,7	...
Austria	103,6	101,3	101,0	102,3	103,2	102,8	101,9	101,0
Belgium	103,1	102,6	100,3	103,1	103,5	102,2	101,0	99,6
Bulgaria	112,5	107,8	100,6	104,5	102,8	104,2	98,4	99,1
Canada	102,4	101,2	101,3	102,4	102,3	100,8	101,2	101,5
China	106,5	101,2	101,9	104,6	104,1	102,5	102,5	101,5
Czech Republic	105,6	103,6	101,0	102,3	102,4	102,4	101,4	100,1
Denmark	102,3	102,4	101,4	102,8	102,5	102,0	100,8	100,3
Estonia	109,6	107,0	98,3	105,7	103,7	103,5	101,4	99,5
Finland	102,6	103,5	99,5	102,9	102,9	102,4	101,6	100,5
France	102,6	101,0	100,9	101,8	102,5	101,3	100,7	100,1
Georgia	111,0	105,5	103,0	111,2	102,0	98,6	102,4	102,0
Germany	103,1	101,1	100,8	101,3	102,0	102,0	101,4	100,2
Hungary	107,4	103,5	105,6	104,7	104,1	105,0	100,4	99,1
Ireland	104,7	101,1	95,0	101,3	102,5	101,2	100,2	99,7
Italy	102,6	102,2	101,0	101,9	103,3	102,3	100,7	100,0
Japan	100,7	100,4	98,3	99,6	99,8	99,9	101,6	102,4
Latvia	114,1	110,5	98,8	102,5	104,0	101,6	99,6	100,2
Lithuania	108,1	108,5	101,3	103,8	103,4	102,8	100,4	99,7
Mexico	103,8	106,5	103,6	104,4	103,8	103,6	104,0	104,1
Netherlands	101,9	101,9	101,1	101,9	102,4	102,9	101,7	100,7
Norway	102,8	102,1	102,0	102,8	100,2	101,4	102,0	102,1
Poland	103,9	103,3	103,5	103,1	104,6	102,4	100,7	99,0
Portugal	102,7	100,8	99,9	102,5	103,6	101,9	100,2	99,6
Romania	106,6	106,3	104,7	108,0	103,1	105,0	101,6	100,8
Slovakia	103,4	104,4	100,5	101,3	104,4	103,2	100,4	99,9
Spain	104,2	101,4	100,8	103,0	102,4	102,9	100,3	99,0
Sweden	103,4	100,9	100,6	102,3	102,3	99,9	100,1	99,7
Switzerland	102,0	100,7	100,3	100,5	99,3	99,6	100,1	99,7
Turkey	108,4	110,1	106,5	106,4	110,5	106,2	107,4	108,2
United Kingdom	102,1	103,1	102,9	103,7	104,2	102,7	102,0	100,5
United States	104,1	100,1	102,7	101,5	103,0	101,7	101,5	100,8

27.10. Indices of Gross Domestic Product

(percent of previous year)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CIS countries							
Armenia	105,9	113,9	102,2	104,7	107,2	103,5	103,4
Azerbaijan	111,1	126,4	105,0	100,1	102,2	105,8	102,8
Belarus	105,8	109,4	107,7	105,5	101,7	101,0	101,6
Kazakhstan	109,8	109,7	107,3	107,5	105,0	106,0	104,3
Kyrgyzstan	105,4	99,8	99,5	106,0	99,9	110,5	103,6
Moldova, Republic of	102,1	107,5	107,1	106,8	99,3	108,9	104,6
Russia	110,0	106,4	104,5	104,3	103,4	101,3	100,6
Tajikistan	108,3	106,7	106,5	107,4	107,5	107,4	106,7
Turkmenistan	105,5	113,3	109,2	114,7	111,1	110,2	110,3
Ukraine	105,9	102,7	104,1	105,2	100,3	100,0	93,2
Uzbekistan	103,8	107,0	108,5	108,3	108,2	108,0	108,1
Non-CIS countries							
Austria	103,4	102,1	101,9	102,8	100,8	100,3	100,4
Belgium	103,6	101,9	102,5	101,6	100,1	100,3	101,1
Bulgaria	106,0	106,0	100,7	102,0	100,5	101,1	101,7
Canada	105,4	103,2	103,3	102,9	101,8	101,6	102,6
Czech Republic	104,3	106,4	102,3	102,0	99,1	99,5	102,0
Denmark	103,7	102,4	101,6	101,2	99,3	99,5	101,1
Estonia	109,7	109,5	102,5	108,3	104,6	101,6	102,1
Finland	105,6	102,8	103,0	102,6	98,6	98,9	99,6
France	103,9	101,6	102,0	102,1	100,2	100,7	100,2
Georgia	101,8	109,6	106,2	107,2	106,4	103,3	104,7
Germany	103,0	100,7	104,1	103,6	100,4	100,1	101,6
Hungary	104,2	104,3	100,8	101,8	98,5	101,5	103,6
Italy	103,7	101,0	101,7	100,6	97,2	98,3	99,6
Latvia	105,4	110,2	97,1	105,0	104,8	104,2	102,4
Lithuania	103,3	107,8	101,6	106,1	103,8	103,3	103,0
Netherlands	104,2	102,2	101,4	101,7	98,9	99,5	101,0
Norway	103,2	102,6	100,6	101,0	102,7	100,7	102,2
Poland	104,3	103,5	103,7	104,8	101,8	101,7	103,4
Romania	102,4	104,2	99,2	101,1	100,6	103,4	102,8
Slovakia	101,2	106,5	104,8	102,7	101,6	101,4	102,4
Sweden	104,7	102,8	106,0	102,7	99,7	101,3	102,3
Switzerland	103,7	102,7	103,0	101,8	101,0	101,9	...
Turkey	106,8	108,4	109,2	108,8	102,1	104,0	...
United Kingdom	103,8	102,8	101,9	101,6	100,7	101,7	103,0
United States	104,1	103,3	102,5	101,6	102,3	102,2	102,4

27.11. Indices of industrial production

(percent of previous year)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CIS countries							
Armenia	106,4	107,6	109,7	113,9	108,8	106,8	102,7
Azerbaijan	106,9	133,5	102,6	95,0	97,7	101,8	99,3
Belarus	107,5	110,0	111,7	109,1	105,8	95,1	102,0
Kazakhstan	115,5	103,1	109,6	103,8	100,7	102,3	100,2
Kyrgyzstan	106,0	87,9	109,8	111,9	86,1	128,6	98,4
Moldova, Republic of	107,7	107,0	109,3	109,5	98,1	106,8	107,3
Russia	108,7	105,1	107,3	105,0	103,4	100,4	101,7
Tajikistan	109,9	109,7	109,2	105,7	110,4	103,8	105,1
Ukraine	112,4	103,1	111,0	107,6	99,5	95,7	89,9
Uzbekistan	105,9	107,2	108,3	106,3	107,9	109,6	108,3
Non-CIS countries							
Austria	108,7	104,0	107,1	106,2	99,9	100,7	100,8
Belgium	...	103,2	115,1	104,0	97,8	100,8	100,8
Bulgaria	...	106,9	102,0	105,8	99,6	99,9	101,8
Canada	108,6	102,0	104,8	104,0	101,6	101,4	104,0
Czech Republic	...	103,9	108,6	105,9	99,2	99,9	104,8
Denmark	106,6	102,8	102,0	101,8	100,2	100,4	100,8
Estonia	114,5	111,0	123,5	119,9	101,1	104,1	102,0
Finland	108,4	99,0	105,7	101,7	97,8	96,9	98,9
France	103,1	100,1	105,4	102,2	97,3	99,0	98,9
Georgia	110,8	130,6	114,7	121,5	105,6	100,6	102,6
Germany	105,0	103,0	111,2	107,0	99,2	99,8	101,3
Hungary	116,6	106,7	110,5	105,6	98,2	101,1	107,5
Italy	103,1	98,2	106,9	100,4	94,0	96,8	99,0
Latvia	...	107,1	114,8	106,2	106,1	99,1	98,9
Lithuania	99,1	106,9	106,3	106,4	103,7	103,3	100,0
Netherlands	...	100,4	107,8	99,3	99,5	100,6	97,1
Norway	103,1	100,0	94,4	95,0	101,7	97,3	97,9
Poland	106,7	104,3	111,1	106,8	101,3	102,3	103,4
Romania	...	96,9	105,5	107,5	102,4	107,8	106,1
Slovakia	...	99,2	108,2	105,3	107,9	104,9	103,8
Sweden	105,3	102,5	109,4	102,7	97,8	95,3	98,2
Switzerland	...	102,7	107,2	102,7	102,3	100,8	101,6
Turkey	...	...	112,8	110,1	102,5	103,0	103,6
United Kingdom	101,8	99,3	103,1	99,2	97,3	99,5	101,5
United States	104,0	103,2	105,7	103,3	103,8	102,9	104,1

27.12. Volume indices of agricultural production

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CIS countries							
(constant prices; percent of previous year)							
Armenia	97,5	111,2	86,4	113,9	109,5	107,1	107,2
Azerbaijan	112,1	107,5	97,8	105,8	106,6	104,9	97,4
Belarus	109,5	101,7	102,5	106,6	106,6	95,8	102,9
Kazakhstan	95,6	107,1	88,3	126,8	82,2	111,7	100,8
Kyrgyzstan	102,6	95,8	97,4	102,0	101,2	102,7	99,4
Moldova, Republic of	96,7	100,8	107,9	105,0	77,7	139,1	108,2
Russia	106,2	101,6	88,7	123,0	95,2	105,8	103,7
Tajikistan	112,6	101,6	106,8	107,9	110,4	107,6	104,5
Ukraine	109,8	100,1	98,5	119,9	95,5	113,6	102,8
Uzbekistan	103,1	105,4	106,9	106,6	107,0	106,8	106,9
	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	
Non-CIS countries¹⁾							
(constant prices; percent of 2004-2006)							
Austria	98,2	100,3	103,1	108,3	100,9		100,6
Belgium	106,7	99,6	99,9	102,4	97,0		101,4
Bulgaria	109,4	91,3	106,1	106,7	99,4		115,8
Czech Republic	102,6	99,9	90,7	96,4	88,8		92,6
Denmark	97,5	100,8	101,5	102,8	102,8		100,3
Estonia	101,5	102,9	110,2	118,4	122,7		127,2
Finland	98,6	102,1	93,9	97,9	94,2		99,0
France	103,9	100,0	97,4	99,4	98,3		96,9
Germany	102,0	99,9	102,5	104,0	104,7		105,3
Hungary	92,5	96,5	80,1	87,3	78,7		87,8
Ireland	104,8	98,9	100,1	101,5	95,2		99,3
Italy	100,1	100,5	96,7	95,5	88,4		90,3
Latvia	89,3	104,9	109,2	110,2	125,2		117,5
Lithuania	101,6	106,0	98,9	107,1	121,8		117,6
Netherlands	106,5	99,6	111,5	113,5	110,5		112,9
Poland	102,0	98,5	101,1	102,6	107,1		106,1
Portugal	101,3	96,6	104,3	100,3	99,9		103,9
Romania	78,5	94,9	91,1	100,4	79,1		96,6
Slovakia	91,9	101,6	82,3	90,1	82,0		88,6
Spain	99,8	94,6	103,2	106,6	91,8		109,5
Sweden	104,2	100,3	94,1	96,3	95,9		96,1
United Kingdom	103,4	100,3	101,7	104,0	98,1		99,5

¹⁾ According to the FAO methodology – the relative level of the aggregate volume of agricultural production for each year in comparison with the base period 2004-2006.

27.13. Per capita production of selected agricultural products (kilograms)

	Grains					Potatoes				
	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014
CIS countries										
Armenia	70	123	100	182	196	90	175	148	219	243
Azerbaijan	190	248	218	310	...	59	129	107	107	...
Belarus	487	664	736	803	1 009	874	847	825	624	663
Kazakhstan	777	910	747	1 070	993	114	166	157	196	197
Kyrgyzstan	320	323	305	332	227	213	221	258	244	226
Moldova, Republic of	531	789	680	753	818	91	105	79	67	75
Russia	449	544	427	644	716	202	197	148	210	215
Tajikistan	88	135	166	169	159	49	81	101	138	103
Turkmenistan	...	461	451	...	...	...	27	34	...	...
Ukraine	497	807	856	1 386	1 449	403	413	408	489	538
Uzbekistan	159	245	259	257	...	29	35	59	73	...
CIS countries										
	Meat (slaughter weight)					Milk				
	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014	2000	2005	2010	2013	2014
CIS countries										
Armenia	15	17	22	28	...	140	185	185	217	232
Azerbaijan	19	24	28	32	...	130	149	172	196	...
Belarus	60	72	102	124	113	450	587	698	701	708
Kazakhstan	38	45	51	51	52	251	314	330	289	290
Kyrgyzstan	40	35	36	35	34	226	232	262	258	248
Moldova, Republic of	24	24	31	32	...	158	183	166	148	147
Russia	31	35	50	60	62	222	217	223	213	211
Tajikistan	5	8	10	11	12	50	78	88	103	103
Turkmenistan	...	33	43	...	...	...	283	299	...	...
Ukraine	34	34	45	53	...	257	291	245	253	255
Uzbekistan	20	24	29	33	...	147	174	216	261	...

Continued

	Grains (excluding legumes)					Potatoes				
	2000	2005	2010	2012	2013	2000	2005	2010	2012	2013
Non-CIS countries¹⁾										
Austria	590	633	636	614	571	87	93	80	79	71
Belgium	244	265	279	266	277	284	265	317	264	311
Bulgaria	535	758	964	957	1 146	48	49	34	27	23
Canada	1 659	1 578	1 343	1 488	1 886	148	137	130	132	131
China	323	329	373	401	407	53	54	61	65	66
Czech Republic	628	753	655	629	716	143	99	63	63	51
Denmark	1 776	1 719	1 611	1 694	1 626	310	292	247	297	284
Estonia	498	543	522	762	749	337	150	126	107	98
Finland	789	781	554	678	756	151	143	122	91	115
France	1 079	1 014	1 010	1 080	1 025	106	105	102	97	106
Georgia	95	155	49	84	108	69	98	51	56	66
Germany	551	557	542	559	592	167	141	125	133	120
Hungary	984	1 605	1 227	1 017	1 376	85	65	44	52	45
Italy	363	366	306	320	270	36	30	26	27	22
Japan	101	97	89	92	93	23	22	18	20	20
Latvia	385	597	705	1 056	974	311	299	230	270	113
Lithuania	759	852	902	1 552	1 486	512	271	154	191	140
Netherlands	109	109	109	103	108	517	416	412	403	405
Norway	289	282	246	217	177	70	69	68	61	63
Poland	580	705	698	734	738	629	271	229	236	165
Romania	469	908	827	638	1 047	155	176	163	123	164
Slovakia	408	664	473	563	632	78	56	23	31	30
Sweden	630	561	457	532	519	110	105	87	85	84
Switzerland	167	143	118	115	104	83	66	54	56	42
Turkey	510	539	454	451	500	85	60	63	65	53
United Kingdom	407	348	334	307	313	113	99	97	72	87
United States	1 214	1 240	1 299	1 137	1 381	83	65	59	67	63

¹⁾ Calculation of Belstat according to FAO data.

Continued

	Meat (slaughter weight)					Milk				
	2000	2005	2010	2012	2013	2000	2005	2010	2012	2013
Non-CIS countries¹⁾										
Austria	119	120	125	107	106	421	382	391	406	403
Belgium	169	166	167	161	159	358	289	282	278	311
Bulgaria	59	30	30	31	29	208	196	173	170	179
Canada	130	142	131	129	123	265	242	242	246	238
China	44	50	58	60	61	9	24	31	31	30
Czech Republic	76	73	57	49	48	272	277	257	269	272
Denmark	375	393	363	356	338	891	849	893	892	912
Estonia	38	48	58	60	61	450	479	520	555	594
Finland	65	76	72	71	72	471	468	433	425	431
France	107	91	89	87	84	423	407	373	379	373
Georgia	25	25	13	9	11	141	179	135	135	139
Germany	76	83	100	102	102	345	345	362	380	386
Hungary	115	93	87	87	82	211	192	169	184	178
Italy	72	68	71	71	67	234	202	184	188	183
Japan	24	24	25	26	26	67	65	61	60	59
Latvia	26	35	38	39	40	344	368	397	437	458
Lithuania	53	74	63	69	73	493	564	560	593	574
Netherlands	181	148	154	160	159	702	665	711	708	740
Norway	60	63	67	66	70	388	345	322	321	313
Poland	75	83	94	99	99	309	313	322	329	331
Romania	44	47	50	50	45	206	261	251	248	251
Slovakia	52	48	33	28	28	202	207	173	183	181
Sweden	61	59	57	52	52	376	356	309	305	303
Switzerland	57	60	60	59	58	543	535	526	514	498
Turkey	22	24	33	39	40	155	164	188	235	243
United Kingdom	60	56	56	57	57	246	240	224	218	217
United States	134	134	136	135	135	269	272	283	289	289

¹⁾ Calculation of Belstat according to FAO data.

27.14. Passenger cars per 1 000 population

(end of year; units)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013
CIS countries						
Azerbaijan	41	56	91	96	104	112
Belarus	143	184	274	291	290	293
Kazakhstan	67	93	189	215	217	...
Kyrgyzstan	39	39	61	64	68	74
Moldova, Republic of	66	81	113	120	128	...
Russia	...	177	240	255	271	...
Ukraine	...	118	148	152	...	...
Non-CIS countries						
Austria	511	505	531	538	544	...
Belgium	457	470	485	493	492	495
Bulgaria	249	329	345	367	384	400
Canada	450	458	596	862	594	...
Czech Republic	335	387	427	437	448	450
Denmark	347	354	...	...	...	...
Estonia	338	366	412	428	449	469
Finland	412	463	536	553	561	...
France	462	478	489	488	491	...
Germany	533	559	517	525	530	...
Hungary	234	286	298	298	301	307
Ireland	347	400	...	429	425	...
Italy	572	592	608	611	609	...
Latvia	235	332	304	297	304	...
Lithuania	335	438	546	566	587	612
Netherlands	411	435	466	471	...	...
Norway	412	439	472	480	487	...
Poland	261	323	448	470	486	504
Portugal	514	...	441	444	403	413
Romania	139	158	213	215	224	...
Slovakia	236	242	307	324	337	347
Spain	433	467	481	483	482	...
Sweden	451	460	462	466	467	468
Switzerland	492	515	523	529	537	...
Turkey	69	84	103	110	116	121
United Kingdom	426	470	456	454	...	...
United States	753	783	...	...	...	...

27.15. Number of mobile cellular telecommunication subscribers per 100 population

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CIS countries							
Armenia	0,6	10,6	130,4	108,3	111,9	112,4	115,9
Azerbaijan	5,2	26,2	100,1	110,0	108,8	107,6	110,9
Belarus	0,5	42,4	108,9	113,2	113,5	118,8	122,5
Kazakhstan	1,4	35,8	121,9	156,8	185,8	184,7	168,6
Kyrgyzstan	0,2	10,7	98,9	116,2	124,2	121,5	134,5
Moldova, Republic of	3,4	28,9	71,4	90,8	102,0	106,0	108,0
Russia	2,2	83,4	165,5	142,1	145,3	152,8	155,1
Tajikistan	0,0	3,9	77,9	80,9	81,5	91,8	95,1
Turkmenistan	0,2	2,2	63,4	103,8	114,1	116,9	135,8
Ukraine	1,7	63,7	117,1	121,3	130,3	138,1	144,1
Uzbekistan	0,2	2,8	75,5	90,4	71,0	74,3	73,8
Non-CIS countries							
Austria	76,3	105,2	145,7	154,4	160,5	156,2	151,9
Belgium	54,8	91,4	111,1	113,5	111,3	110,9	114,3
Bulgaria	9,2	81,3	138,0	142,9	148,1	145,2	137,7
Canada	28,4	52,8	75,7	77,8	79,6	80,6	83,0
Czech Republic	42,4	115,1	122,6	124,1	126,9	127,7	130,0
Denmark	63,0	100,6	115,7	128,7	130,3	127,1	126,0
Estonia	40,8	109,1	127,3	143,9	160,4	159,7	160,7
Finland	72,0	100,5	156,3	165,9	172,3	136,6	139,7
France	49,1	78,3	91,4	94,1	97,4	98,5	100,4
Georgia	4,1	26,2	90,7	101,3	107,8	115,0	124,9
Germany	57,7	94,6	106,5	109,7	111,6	120,9	120,4
Hungary	30,1	92,3	119,9	116,9	116,1	116,4	118,1
Italy	74,1	121,9	154,8	158,2	159,6	158,8	154,3
Latvia	16,9	84,0	110,3	111,4	127,7	124,8	124,2
Lithuania	15,0	132,5	159,4	162,2	165,1	151,3	147,0
Netherlands	67,8	97,1	115,4	119,0	118,0	116,2	116,4
Norway	71,8	102,8	114,5	115,8	116,1	116,3	116,5
Poland	17,6	76,3	122,9	131,3	141,6	149,1	156,5
Romania	11,2	60,4	111,4	107,4	105,0	105,6	105,9
Slovakia	23,1	84,2	109,1	110,0	111,9	113,9	116,9
Sweden	71,8	100,8	117,2	121,2	124,6	125,5	127,8
Switzerland	64,7	92,3	123,2	127,4	132,1	136,8	140,5
Turkey	25,5	64,4	85,6	89,4	91,5	93,0	94,8
United Kingdom	73,7	108,6	123,6	123,6	124,8	124,6	123,6
United States	38,5	68,3	91,3	94,4	96,0	97,1	98,4

27.16. Number of apartments built per 10 000 population

(units)

	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013
CIS countries						
Armenia	5	5	11	11	11	7
Azerbaijan	7	19	20	18	22	23
Belarus	39	45	89	74	60	67
Kazakhstan	7	29	34	33	35	34
Kyrgyzstan	10	10	14	16	16	16
Moldova, Republic of	6	11	14	14	14	15
Russia	25	36	50	55	59	65
Tajikistan	9	12	25	23	16	...
Ukraine	13	16	17	18	20	...
Uzbekistan	...	21	27	25	28	...
Non-CIS countries						
Bulgaria	11	16	21	19	14	14
Czech Republic	25	32	35	27	28	28
Denmark	31	52	20	22	30	30
Estonia	5	29	...	14	...	...
Finland	63	65	49	59	58	58
France ¹⁾	60	73	55	67	55	55
Germany	52	29	20	22	25	25
Hungary	22	41	21	13	11	11
Japan ¹⁾	97	97	64	65	...	...
Latvia	4	17	9	13	10	10
Lithuania	13	17	11	17	17	17
Netherlands	44	41	34	35	22	22
Norway	44 ²⁾	64	37	41	53	53
Poland	23	30	35	34	40	40
Romania	12	15	23	21	21	21
Slovakia	24	28	31	27	28	28
Spain	91	121	56	36	26	26
Sweden	15	25	18	16	20	20
United Kingdom	30 ¹⁾	35	22	23	23	23

¹⁾ Initiated construction.

²⁾ Including capital repair.

27.17. Deficit (-) / surplus of general government sector
(percent of GDP)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
CIS countries					
Armenia	-5,0	-2,9	-1,6	-1,7	-2,1
Azerbaijan	14,0	11,6	3,8	1,4	0,4
Belarus	-0,5	4,2	1,7	-0,9	0,1
Kazakhstan	1,5	6,0	4,5	5,0	1,9
Kyrgyzstan	-5,8	-4,6	-5,7	-3,7	0,2
Moldova, Republic of	-2,5	-2,4	-2,2	-1,8	-1,7
Russia	-3,4	1,5	0,4	-1,3	-1,2
Tajikistan	-3,0	-2,1	0,6	-0,8	0,1
Turkmenistan	2,0	3,6	6,3	1,3	0,8
Ukraine	-5,8	-2,8	-4,3	-4,8	-4,5
Uzbekistan	4,9	8,8	8,5	2,9	1,7
Non-CIS countries					
Australia	-5,1	-4,5	-3,4	-3,0	-3,6
Austria	-4,5	-2,6	-2,3	-1,5	-3,3
Belgium	-4,0	-3,9	-4,1	-2,9	-3,2
Bulgaria	-3,9	-1,9	-0,4	-1,8	-3,7
Canada	-4,9	-3,7	-3,1	-2,8	-1,8
China	-1,2	0,6	0,02	-1,1	-1,1
Czech Republic	-4,5	-3,0	-4,0	-1,4	-1,0
Denmark	-2,7	-2,1	-3,7	-1,1	1,8
Estonia	0,2	1,0	-0,3	-0,5	0,4
Finland	-2,5	-1,0	-2,1	-2,3	2,7
France	-6,8	-5,1	-4,9	-4,1	-4,2
Georgia	-4,8	-0,9	-0,8	-1,2	-1,8
Germany	-4,0	-0,8	0,1	0,1	0,6
Hungary	-4,5	-5,2	-2,3	-2,4	-2,6
Ireland	-32,4	-12,6	-8,0	-5,7	-3,9
Italy	-4,2	-3,5	-3,0	-2,9	-3,0
Japan	-9,3	-9,8	-8,8	-8,5	-7,7
Latvia	-7,3	-3,2	0,1	-1,2	-1,7
Lithuania	-6,9	-9,0	-3,2	-2,6	-0,7
Mexico	-4,3	-3,3	-3,7	-3,8	-4,6
Netherlands	-5,0	-4,3	-4,0	-2,3	-2,3
Norway	10,9	13,2	13,5	11,0	8,8
Poland	-7,6	-4,9	-3,7	-4,0	-3,5
Portugal	-11,2	-7,4	-5,6	-4,8	-4,5
Romania	-6,3	-4,2	-2,5	-2,5	-1,9
Slovakia	-7,5	-4,1	-4,2	-2,6	-3,0
Spain	-9,4	-9,4	-10,3	-6,8	-5,8
Sweden	-0,01	0,03	-0,7	-1,4	-2,1
Switzerland	0,1	0,3	-0,1	0,1	0,2
Turkey	-3,4	-0,6	-1,7	-1,3	-1,5
United Kingdom	-9,7	-7,6	-7,8	-5,7	-5,7
United States	-11,3	-9,9	-8,6	-5,8	-5,3